

KWEICHOW RED GUARD CONGRESS  
Peking, Jen-min Jih-pao, 6 May 1967

[Full text]

At a crucial moment when the several hundred million people in the country are mounting a general offensive against the top Party person in authority taking the capitalist road, a meeting of Red Guards of the Thought of Mao Tse-tung in universities and middle schools in Kweichow province has just been held in Kweiyang.

The meeting declared the formal establishment of the Congress of Red Guards of the Thought of Mao Tse-tung (the unified title of Red Guards in the whole province) in Kweichow province.

The meeting unanimously adopted a telegram of greetings to Chairman Mao, the reddest red sun in our hearts, which expressed a wish for a long, long life to our great leader Chairman Mao.

The meeting was attended by nearly 3,000 revolutionary young fighters coming from all directions, from Tsunyi, the red town in the history of the revolution, the Miaoling mountain region which the Red Army traversed during its long march, and from the highland of Kweichow.

The meeting was a meeting where pledges were made to defend to death Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line and to resolutely criticize the top Party person in authority taking the capitalist road. It was a combat meeting of grand alliance and great unity among revolutionary young fighters of various nationalities in the province.

During the course of the meeting, representatives of Red Guards from various places, taking the thought of Mao Tse-tung as the weapon, displayed the fearless proletarian rebel spirit of daring to think, speak, act, break through, and make revolution and of "daring to suffer a thousand cuts and unhorse the emperor." They fiercely attacked the top Party person in authority taking the capitalist road.

At oath-taking sessions, criticism sessions, and discussion sessions held during the course of the meeting, revolutionary young fighters indignantly exposed the towering crimes of the top Party person in authority taking the capitalist road in opposing the Party, socialism, and the thought of Mao Tse-tung.

Representatives of Red Guards of such nationalities as the Han, Miao, Puyi, Tung, and Shui, in their speeches, unanimously stressed: The current decisive battle with the top Party person in authority taking the capitalist road and the bourgeois reactionary line which he represents is a gigantic class battle of life and death. It is an important matter bearing on the future and destiny of the people of all China and those of the revolutionary people of the whole world. We revolutionary young fighters must be firm in stand and clearcut in orientation. Closely united with the broad masses of proletarian revolutionaries, we must organize a mighty revolutionary great army to criticize and repudiate the top Party person in authority taking the capitalist road and the bourgeois reactionary line which he represents and thoroughly uproot his big poisonous weed "On Self-Cultivation" and wipe out its poison. At the same time, we must, in coordination with the task of struggle, criticism and reform in universities and middle schools, chop off his black hands in various spheres and seize greater victories in the great proletarian cultural revolution in Kweichow!

The representatives, in their speeches, pointed out: We must in this revolutionary large-scale criticism and great struggle hold high the great red banner of the thought of Mao Tse-tung, tightly grasp the general orientation of struggle, further promote the great alliance and great unity of

revolutionary Red Guard young fighters, realize revolutionary "triple combination," victoriously fulfill the great task of struggle, criticism and reform in universities and middle schools, and carry the great proletarian cultural revolution through to the end.

At the meeting, the representatives expressed determination to make great effort at creative study and application of Chairman Mao's works, to destroy "self-interest," set up devotion to "public interest," oppose anarchism with vigor, and firmly overcome such non-proletarian ideas as the limelight mentality, liberalism, and the small-group mentality. They will strengthen their revolutionary character, scientific character, and sense of organization and discipline. They will operate the Red Guard organizations as big schools of the thought of Mao Tse-tung. They will cultivate themselves into reliable successors to the proletarian revolutionary cause and insure that their socialist country will never change color.

During the meeting, representatives of Red Guards from various places also extensively exchanged their experiences in creative study and application of Chairman Mao's works and in the great cultural revolution.

This meeting was held under the direct leadership of the Kweichow Provincial Revolutionary Committee and the PLA Kweichow Provincial Military Area. It was attended by the responsible comrades of both. Addressing the meeting, they warmly praised the immortal deeds of the broad masses of revolutionary Red Guard young fighters in the course of the great proletarian cultural revolution. They called on the revolutionary young fighters to positively throw themselves into the mass movement to criticize and struggle in a big way against the top Party person in authority taking the capitalist road and to bring the great proletarian cultural revolution to a new stage.

Amid enthusiastic applause, the meeting adopted a resolution of the Congress of Red Guards of the Thought of Mao Tse-tung in universities and middle schools in Kweichow province. The meeting, commenced on 10 April, closed triumphantly on 20 April amid the solemn music "East Is Red" and cheers of "Long live Chairman Mao! A long, long life to him!"