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THE WORKING WOMAN

The Voice of Women Workers

Official Organ of the National Woman's Department Communist Party of the U.S.A.

FIGHT

Against Racial Discrimination

Against Imperialist Wars

For the Defense of the Soviet

For a Workers' and Farmers' Government:

VOL. I, No. 3

NEW YORK, DECEMBER, 1929

5 cents a copy

ELLA MAY SENT A LETTER TO THE **WORKING WOMAN**

That Ella May Wiggins followed an unfaltering course of sacrifice and struggle for the upbuilding up of the National Textile Workers Union in the South and never lost an opportunity to use every available means to plead for support of the Southern strikers, was revealed in an unexpected way this week by the finding of a bit of workers correspondence, dated August 23, addressed to the "Editor of the Working of the Working of the South and th addressed to the "Editor of the Working-Woman," and signed "A STRIKER, ELLA MAY."

To the deep regret of the editor, this is the first issue of the Working Woman to be printed since June. Since Ella May wrote the brief story of her life, first, as mother of a mountaineer's family of five, and later as an impassioned pleader in action and in writings for the organization of the textile mill "hands" against the bosses' MELBOURNE, Australia—A shoe facexploitation—her heroic part in the class tory here employs 150 girls, which the labor struggle was cut short by a company gun-fakers of the Australian Trade Union Coun-

When Ella May wrote her worker-corre- that they more or less believe it. ing death in prison for defending the rights But she knew at least this: that it was a Of course the girls have other things they life-and-death battle between workers and need, like higher wages, and when they find the hour was for labor solidarity. So she try a wage strike, wrote her message, "And I hope whoever reads this story will lend us a helping hand in our struggle."

Ella May's Letter

Following is Ella May's story, written from Bessemer City, N. C., August 23, with no alterations whatsoever by the editor:

years. I was raised in the mountains and in 1921 they come out to the mountains getting hands to work in the Loray mill in Gastonia, and my husband give what we had away, and come there to live. They promised \$7.70 a week to learn and a raise when we learned our jobs.

PROMISE: When I could run four slides of Marie Reese and Marie Roepert. spinning, they cut me down to five dollars a week! Then when they had got all the new hands learned up, they had more help than they could work, so they would send up out to rest and that way we only got in two or time days a week. I had to buy furniture on time and they took it from se, and I had to go somewhere else.

and I have tried with all my might to make a living for them. The wages I got in the mill at the most is from six dollars to nine dollars a week. I can't live on that, I have to keep my children out of school because I don't make enough to keep them in bread and have no way in the world to clothe them at the wage I make.

In January, my children was all down in children. bed with the influence and I was working AND In January, my children was all down in bed with the influenza and I was working at night. I asked my boss to give me day work so I could be with my children at night. His reply was for me to get some one to stay with them. I asked him how. I could pay some ere to take care of my children when I was only making seven dollars a week and having to pay two dollars a week for my house rent.

THEY FLEW THE RED FLAG IN CALIFORNIA



Six Communist women leaders of the California working class, who defied the terror of the capitalists and their state by flying the Red Flag over a Pioneer's Camp. In the top row, left to right, are Sara Cutler, Bella Mintz, and Esther Carpiloff. In the lower row, left to right are Yetta Stromberg, Emma Schneidermann, and Jennie Wolfson.
All received sentences of from 6 months to 5 years, except Yetta Stromberg, who got
from one year to 10 years, and Sara Cutler who was dismissed.

SHOE WORKERS STRIKE

man in the mob of mill hirelings who shot cil have never attempted to organize. But

These girls, some of them, like to chew chew gum, they protested. The boss got of workers to build a union—the same cause hard-boiled and insisted, so these girls for which she herself was to lose her life, walked out on strike. "No gum no shoes!" mill-bosses, and that the burning need of that it's easy to win a gum strike, they may

TWO WOMEN MEMBERS OF GERMAN REICHSTAG JOIN COMMUNISTS

which the Communist Party ticket gave a lows: considerable allotment of candidacies to factory working women, while the socialist as well as every trade and national com-party had no factory working women as mittee must immediately organize a wom-THIS IS HOW THEY KEPT THEIR members now with the Communists are supervision of a responsible assessment of Marie Reese and Marie Property of Supervision of a responsible assessment of the supervision of th

FINNISH WOMEN PRISONERS ON HUNGER STRIKE

HELSINGFORS, Finland.—Ten women processes in the coman's prison here began a hunger strike in sympathy with the I am now left a widow with five children, men who have gone on a aunger strike. All

Finnish workers have declared a general strike of 12 hours in sympathy with the prisoners on hunger strike.

ing and always will, but we must have pay for our work so we can feed and clothe our

AND I HOPE WHOEVER READS THIS STORY WILL LEND US A HELPING HAND IN OUR STRUGGLE. THERE HAND IN OUR STRUGGLE. THERE ARE MANY MORE IN JUST AS BAD COULD Pay some one to take care of my ildren when I was only making seven dolors a week and having to pay two dollars week for my house rent.

I hope whoever reads my story will unrestand I have always worked for my liveraged I ha AND I HOPE WHOEVER READS THIS

AUSTRALIAN GIRL WOMEN MUST BE OR-GANIZED FOR CLASS STRUGGLE

Carry Out Decisions of Cleveland Convention

The Cleveland Convention of the T. U. into a truckload of strikers going to a pro- these unorganized girl workers are really U. L. decided that one of the most importest meeting in Gastonia, N. C., to demon- more radical in their simple way than a lot tant tasks confronting us in the building of strate their allegiance to the imprisoned of organized but dumbbell men who have a strong and powerful labor movement in been told they can't do this or that so long this country is the organization of the U. L. decided that one of the most impormass of the working women.

The rationalization of industry, the simthese strikers were to be sentenced to a liv- gum. When the boss told them they mustn't ever larger number of woman many death in prison for defending the sight. only into the light industries but the heavy industries as well. Recent statistics show that there are today eight and one-half million women workers employed in industry who are subjected to the most fierce speedup system and are used by the bosses as a tool to undermine the wages of the male workers.

In accordance with the decision of the convention, a National Women's Department has been organized. Similar depart-Two women members of the German ments will be established amongst women Reichstag, who were elected by the work- in the various local leagues, unions, and ers following the socialist party, have quit national T. U. U. L. committees. The plan the socialists and joined the Communist for the organization of these committees "I have been working in the mills eight Party. This occurred just before the Berlin and their functions as worked out by the party. I was raised in the mountains and municipal elections of November 17, in National Women's Committee is as fol-

1, Every district and local T. U. U. L.

resented on the various sub-committees of the union and particularly on the Organi-(Continued on page 3)

DO YOU KNOW THAT-

In the last world war 10,000,000 work for Rockefellers and Morgania

e fake slogan of

Today the United States is spending \$741,000,000 on armaments more than any other country.

The United States has spent over \$620,000,000 a year on armaments for the past two years.

Great Britain and France each spend over \$560,000,000 a year in war prepara-

The cost of war preparations by five leading capitalist countries totals over \$2,290,000,000 a year.

The capitalist nations are actively pre-

They have followed a policy of sur-rounding and isolating the Soviet Union by freaties among themselves.

HARLEM TENANTS LEAGUE CALLS FOR ORGAIZATION

The Appellate Term of the Supreme Court scrapped the citp's emergency rent laws in a ruling handed down, November 19, just fourteen days after the election. The matter had been in the hands of the courts for several months, and weeks age the militant leaders of the Harlem Tenants League predicted before membership meetings of the organization at the Public Library, 105 West 135 Street, that the capitalist courts were soft-pedaling on the life. and death question of rents and merely waiting for the election to be over to scrap the emergency rent laws.

Negro Harlem and the East Side were panic-stricken at the news of the decision Scores of Negre tenants rushed to the Seventh District Municipal Court at 320 West 125 Street to see whether they had any legal chance in the capitalist courts against the extortions of the landlordcapitalist class. They were told to ge demanded.

The capitalist courts are preparing their machinery to help the landlords in speeding up evictions of working-class tenants. There are already 2,000 dispossess cases a capital to improve the country of the capital to improve the country of the capital to improve the capital month, and the number is expected to jump to 4,500 and more. The emergency laws affected flats renting at \$15 or less. The revoking of these rent laws strikes at the very poorest and most oppressed of the working class, the Negro workers who are forced to live in congested, unsanitary tenements and suffer from an appalling high death rate, Negro babies, for instance dying twice as fast as white babies.

"Immediate struggle against the raising of rents will be started by the Harlem Tenants League," Richard B. Moore, president of the League, stated yesterday,

"The masses of the tenants, particularly the bitterly exploited Negro workers, are now completely at the mercy of the rentgouging landlords who have been awaiting this decision. At this time when wages are constantly being cut and memployment (Continued on page 3)

BERMUDA WOMEEN DENIED VOTE

HAMILTON, Bermuda (By Mail)-The capitalist government of Bermuda has again denied women the right to vote. The bill introduced in the Colonial House of Assembly asked that women owning property in Bermuda be granted the right to vote at parish vestry elections, but even this small favor was frowned upon by the as-

When the bill was introduced, the capitalist legislators, representing business interests, received it with shouts of laugh-ter. A prominent member of the House remarked, "Bermuda women need not ex-The last world war was fought under present House of Assembly as the right to vote as long as the right to vote as long as the right to vote as long as the present House of Assembly as the second respective for the right to vote as long as the righ

t until working women of Bermuda of ganize to demard the vote, not for prop ertied women, but for workers, not unti the present capitalist government of Bermuda is overthrown will real suffrage in

WOMEN WORKERS CAN'T LIVE

While thousands of women workers in New York City carn only \$10-\$15 a week a bourgeois reformist organization an nounces that a girl in New York City can't possibly support herself on less than \$25 a week.

A room renting at \$6 a week is hard to find, but a girl earning even \$20 a week can't pay more. What about the girls who earn only \$11-\$12 a week? The westure

CLEVELAND—A MASS

to back of the contract of the contract

By MYRA PAGE

This is the story of the six hundred and ninety delegates who made labor history at the Trade Union Unity League Congress, which met in Cleveland on August 31-September 2, 1929. It is their story, jotted down as they told of it, of their working class experience which had forced them and their fellow workers into struggle against the bosses, and roused them to send their representatives here to organize a revolutionary trade union center in the United

This mass story should be written down, as far as possible, so that American werkers who could not attend will know how genuine an outgrowth of themselves their new union center is, and how it marks the beginning of a new era for American working class. As one high point in labor's epic of struggle from slavery to freedom, Cleveits roots run far into the past, and its triumphant climax remains for us to write in the years which lie ahead

I am giving the story as it came to me, in fragments from workers' lives and flashes on to labor scenes which, when brought together, form a massive, stirring whole.

The first session of the convention I sat between a miner's wife from Superior, Pennsylvania, and a young Negre auto worker, from Detroit. She was a dark little woman with a baby in her lap which alternately threw itself bedily to and fro, up and forward, gurgling at the ceiling, and then, tiring of this game, whimpered and fumbled for its mother's breast or pulled her hair. The woman bounced and whispered to it, and gave it the breast, meanwhile attempting to take notes and hear all that was being said. Those fifty miners' wives up-had sent her here as their corresponding from their woman's auxiliary of the National Minera Union would want to know every, thing that had happened. She and her husband and baby had traveled all night in a truck with fifteen other miners and their wives and small children.

Kids Cry for Bread

Conditions back there were something awwith two or three days a week, and that not regular. Her man had been luckier than some. But most, their kids were wanting for shoes and coats and crying for bread. The U.M.W. had gone to pieces, since Lewis sold out the strike and men were nigh desperate when the new National Miners Union and Workers International Relief came. Now they were pulling themselves together and with everybody jes' sticking, and other workers backing them up, the miners and their wives would fight these bosses to a

Louise, an auto worker from Detroit. A little firebrand, carrying on effective work, especially among the women. Angelo and Mary, needle pushers from Philadelphia, whom I had not seen in seven years. And many others. These were the type of porkwho had been chosen by their shop mates to represent them at this convention. Close to the rank and file, coming right from the job and class struggie.

Never had I seen so many young faces at a labor convention, or so many women and Negroes. And so many cotten dresses and work shirts! It was going to be different, all right, from an A. F. of L. or Amal-DAILY WORKER gamated Convention, where middle aged men, in new suits and stiff collars—fatbellied officials and skilled we kmen Ir labor's aristocratic upper-tenth pretended to legislate for American labor. Here at Cleveland was American labor, straight from shop, mine and field. No longer were the officials to be allowed to speak for labor, it would speak for itself. What would it say, what action would it take?

(To be continued)

WORKING WOMEN!

WORK FOR YOUR CLASS.

Join The

ELLA MAY WIGGINS



Murdered Sept. 14, 1929, by hired thugs el the Manville-Jenckes Co., mill-owners.

Women Active in N.T.W.U.

Women textile workers in the South are taking an active part in union work. In land is a story without beginning or end. the present Leaksville strike in North Caroline, under the leadership of the National Textile Workers Union, women are on the picket line, women take a leading part at the meetings, women are showing that they can and will fight along with the men for a union and for better economic conditions.

> said that it would be impossible to organize of the permanently unemployed.
> the Negro workers alongside of the white workers. It has been said that the southern workers would never strike. Chambers of Commerce in North and South Carolina, Virginia, Alabama and Georgia, the chief textile states of the south, have for years advertised and boasted about the "cheap, docile American labor." Well, these myths are being smashed so quickly and force-fully that you can almost hear the crack.

Women on the picket line, fighting the cops. Women in the tent colony sitting up all night to guard against the armed attacks of the bosses' Committe of 160. Women making militant speeches at meetings, against speed-up, against wage-cuts, for shorter hours, for a union. In Relief Work

And the women are not only active in the union. A committee, composed largel ful, she said. Men with big families to of women, was in charge of relief, thousupport and no work for months. Others sands of dollars worth of food going to sands of dollars worth of food going to the Loray mill strikers in Gastonia. the Bessemer City conference of the Na-tional Textile Workers Union, a large part of the arrangements was taken care of by the women textile workers in Bessemer City. Throughout the South, the Workers International Relief and the International Labor Defense, have been largely built up through the efforts of the women workers in the South.

It was not an accident that on September 14, when one of the militant union members was murdered, it was a woman, Ella May Wiggins, Ella May, who fought for the union, who fought for the working-class, will long be remembered by the workers in America.

Read the paper of the work ing class The

CLEVELAND, OHIO

Working Women Progressive League

SPECIAL CONFERENCE

Problems of Women Workers and fight or better conditions.

Elect your shop committees and sen our delegates to this conference

MONDAY, DECEMBER 16, 8 P. M. 1426 W. 3rd STREET, CLEVELAND, O

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS MINING FIELDS

WEST PRANKFORT, Ill. (by mail). New machinery and speed of the other sections of the mining industry of America. The average miner's working week has been reduced to three days or less. and thousands of miners have been permanently thrown out of work-displaced. Detroit and other industrial centers in the vicinity overflow with miners seeking work outside the mines. Many of the pretty little houses which the miners bought during the boom times are deserted. Families are broken up with father working in one city (if lucky), the mother in another and the children scattered wherever they can find food and shelter. Last year the miners could still buy groceries on credit, wor or no work. Today there is no more credit. Families take loans on their furniture to pay for food. Inside the "pretty little houses," hunger and cold prevail.

The wives and children of these unemployed miners are a source of cheap labor. And the bosses have seized the opportunity to get workers who are forced by hunger to work for unbelievably low wages, by setting up factories of all kinds in these mining towns. At an average of \$8 to \$10 a week, the women are subjected to intense speed-up which saps their strength in a few years. At the age of 35, these There have been many myths about the women can no longer get work, are thrown penetrated into the homes of the workers by South. The corrupt A. F. of L. leadership on the scrap heap and thrust into the ranks organizing councils, laying the basis for a

But hand-in-hand with this rationalization of industry comes the radicalization of struggle on the part of the American workthe working class. The activities of the ers creates great tasks for the U.C.W.W. miners' wives in the strikes-leading picket lines, etc. and their response to the militant, class conscious program of the Na-tional Miners Union, prove that the women will fight militantly under the banner of W.C.W. to organize the proletarian workers' the National Miners Union against the wives, and assume leadership in all their bosses. The miles came into the union struggles. The revolutionary wave of class and are coming into the union almost too battles in America will find the councils fast for the organizers to handle.

The old A. F. of L. Union, the United Mine Workers of America, had become a U.C.W.C.W. must have its correct political milk cow for the officialdom. It always paid them to sell out the miners' strikes to the bosses. The check-off system was taking food from the mouths of the miners' children to feed John L. Lewis and his A. F. of L. lackeys. Through bitter experiences, the miners and their wives have learned to fight the bosses and their willing tool, the A. F. of L. Thousands of miners in these centers have left the A. F. of L. fake union (the U.M.W.A.) and are joining the militant National Miners Union, section of the Trade Union Unity League. More and more, they are coming to understand the program of the new union, its class conscious militancy, its recognition of the necessity for the abolition of capitalist exploitation as the only way to the emancipation of the working class. The extreme exploitation imposed by the capitalists has taught the miners' women to work hand-in-hand with husbands and brothers as one family of labor. This is shown by the organization of a Ladies Auxiliary which is to function on the same basis as the local union and is to exchange delegates with the N.M.U.

Importance of Women

Women play an important role in the struggle in the mining territroy. Women can break the strike through lack of understanding of the class struggle, or they can help win the strike by fighting shoulder to shoulder with the miners. They are welcoming the decision to organize the auxili-They are eager to see this work a more active interest in the miners union, but they are beginning to become interest in the political aspect of the class struggle. The Communist Party in its organizational work among these women is drawing them closer to revolutionary movement, drawing more and more of them into the ranks of the Party and teaching them the role of the working class woman in the class

FIGHT "SOCIALIST" TERROR

MILWAUKEE, Wis .- Milwaukee working class women are continuing the fight for the Pioneer suspended and transferred from his school for his activity as a Pioneer. The persecution of members of the Young Pioneers comes at the hands of a "socialist" school board.

WOMEN OBGANIZE IN WORKING WOMEN AN-SWER CALL OF UCWW

The United Countil of Walling Women, came into existence after the war on the wave of increased cost of siving, high rents, insufficient school facilities, shrinking pay envelopes and general worsening of the conditions of the working class.

Within a few years time it developed into a strong revolutionary organization of working class women. The growth of the Women's council is synonymous with the growth of the class consciousness of the working class women.

The heroic battles of Passaic, New Bedford, Miners Strike, Food Workers, Furriers, Cloakmakers, Gastonia, etc., have found housewives battling side by side with the working men, where they participated on the picket lines, were clubbed, arrested, jailed, etc. This has also been the lot of working class women. They have encouraged and inspired the strikers by their activity, and have won their place in the ranks of class conscious fighters.

The U.C.W.W. have to a certain extent penetrated into the homes of the workers by broad movement among the working class

The ushering in of a greater period of The lowering of the standard of living of the working class will draw thousands of women, white and colored into the class struggle. It will be the task of the U.C.

In order to fulfill its great tasks, the view. The Democratic and Republican parties are for the domination of the capitalist class. In the struggles of the workers against capitalist oppression, they find the capitalist parties fighting the working class and the working class loing the bidding of their Wall Street masters.

Struggle Against Bourgeois Parties

The Democratic and Republican administration uses the police to club in strikes and all struggles of the workers. The so-called Socialist Party liquidated their Socialism long ago and became a third capitalist party. Where they have come to power, in Germany, England, they help to oppress the masses by aiding the capitalists. The shooting of workers in Berlin on May 1st:-the subjection of India and breaking of strikes by MacDonald, Socialist Premier, are indications of the policies of the Hillquits and Thomases of America.

Only by a determined struggle against these traitors within the ranks of the working class can the workers carry out a clear path to victory.

The councils are being developed politically and reacting with class-consciousness to all situations concerning the militant working class. This was especially shown in the attitude taken towards Kate Gitlow's resignation, former secretary, who allied herself with the renegades of Communism, Lovestone and Gitlow group. Those who are now waging an open campaign against carried through. Not only are they taking the policies of the Soviet Union and in this way aiding all enemies of the working class.

The membership signified the determination to fight and sweep away any obstacles in their way of mobilizing the proletarian workers, wives for the class struggle.

The increased oppression of American capitalism and the growing militant struggles, which is resulting from this oppression offers us a good opportunity to reach the great masses of proletarian workers wives. Every member of the U.C.W.C.W., must acquaint herself with the tasks before us. Every member must become more active than ever before. Each member must reinstatement of Joel Schneider, Young help to get new members, must participate in all activities of the councils. We must increase our activities in all labor problems

on a clear class-cut policy. FORWARD TO A MASS MOVEMENT OF WORKING CLASS WOMEN REGARD-LESS OF RACE, COLOR OR CREED.

BISCUIT WORKERS ASKFORUNION

For several years I have been working in the packing department of the National Biscuit Company, where the majority of the workers are women. We have to stand square foot of space without doving hi all. In the summer time it is worst of all just like an oven. The temperature goes up as high as a hundred. Hot pans of crackers are spread all over the floor. From our sweat, our clothes look as if we had just come out of a swimming pool.

Comparing the wages with what work we do - they are miserable, from \$14 to \$24 a week. Women who have spent their lives here may get \$30, but it's the new efficiency system not to let any one stay here very long any more. We have a new manager now, and about the first thing he did was to lay off a bunch of the older girls. Then he hired a lot of young girls at \$14 a week. He took away our "rest" We used to be allowed to periods too. We used to be allowed to run out for fifteen minutes morning and afternoon - to the toilet or just to sit down. But we can't any more.

The new manager has given orders to all the straw bosses to make us work faster. The foreman or forelady stands behind us most of the time, yelling "make it snap-Every two or three months, as soon as they produce forty-five to fifty barrels, no girl can complain without being jumped on by the foreman. He says "Well, if you don't like it, you know where you can go." If we only had a union, then we'd know where we could go!

Organize Women for Class Struggle

(Continued from page 1)

tasks will be work amongst unorganized

- to be used as a basis for our propaganda member that only the organized might National Women's Department.
- 4. Every official publication or bulleting is to have a special Women's section, to be in charge of a press committed whose duty it shall be to encourage workers' corres-
- for active work these comrades to be planted in the important shop and factories employing women workers in large num-
- 6. The Women's Department of every industry and locality to draw up an economic program in line with the general program of demands of the T. U. U. L. to be adjusted to the specific conditions in the par-

men, who because of racial prejudices are kind, training them in fascist methods of dends last year on common stock-while even more ruthlessly exploited and are dis- Leating up and killing militant workers. the workers tried to exist on weekly wages criminated against not only by the employers but also by the existing reformist anions to a much greater extent than the LENIN SAID: "THE WORKING WOMEN white women.

UNITED FRONT OF WORKING MEN AND WORKING WOMEN AGAINST CAPITALISM

MOTHER OF FIVE, STRIKE MURDER VICTIM, BURRIED



ORPHANS OF STRIKE MURDER-The five children left homeless and destitute by the killing of their mother, Mes. Ella May Wiggins are shown beside her grave after funeral services in Gastonia, N. C. Mrs. Wiggins was murdered during the anti-Red riot

Calls for Organization

(Continued from page 1)

is growing, this decision is simply an edict of the landlords to put tenants into the streets to starve and freeze. The Harlem Tenants League has all along exposed the trickery of the politicians who passed the (Continued from page 1) rent laws simply as a gesture to eatch votes, and planned this decision to come zation Committee, since one of the chief after the elections, when the tenants are in the particular industry and locality, this have no illusions, however, but must reand to be compiled and forwarded to the of the workers and tenants can effectively italist class.

FASCISTI RECRUIT WOMEN FOR WAR ers lay dead, shot through the back.

carry on general agitation amongst the wothe bosses are sharpening their weapons for
men workers, to penetrate the unorganized fascist violence against the working class.

shops and to bring the various issues of The capitalist class, looking ahead to the
the T. U. U. L. into their respective shops the T. U. U. L. into their respective shops. coming world war and planning its attack In all these activities particular stress on the Soviet Union, is recruiting women must be laid on work amongst Negro we-into military, fascist organizations of every Manville-Janckes paid \$12,000,000 in divi- The Communist Party leads the way.

> MUST BE TAUGHT TO FIGHT TO-GETHER WITH THE MEN AGAINST THE TYRANNY OF THE CAPITAL-ISTS TO FIGHT FOR SOCIAL LEGIS-LATION. FOR SHORTER WORKING DAY, FOR BETTER WAGES."

Harlem Tenant's League GASTONIA STRIKES-A BLOW FOR FREEDOM

While Sheriff Adkins who superintended men. Militant leadership will win these the shooting down in cold blood of strikers workers into the ranks for class struggle on the picket line at Marion, N. C., goes The livet round of the bettle in Clastonia on the picket line at Marion, N. C., goes The first round of the bettle in Gastonia free, and his ten deputies as well as the has aroused the South has struck the first murderers of Ella May in Gastonia are real blow against the bosses rule. Never whitewashed by the bosses capitalist court, before in the history of the South has there women.

3. A special research bureau to be or they will held protest meetings and put face 17 to 20 years in jail! The president unite for struggle against the common formation with regard to women workers in the interests of the tenants. We must as mill owners in Gastonia, one better, not state, of which it is a part. only in the way he openly praised the work member that only the organized might of the hired guimen, but in carrying out the workers and tenants can effectively mill barons murder plans under the cloak and never before have the workers limit barons murder plans under the cloak of bona fide, A. F. of L. reactionary craft tened so eagerly and followed the leadersh. bankers, courts, police and the entire cap- unionism. The A. F. of L. officials aided of the Communist Party—the only party by the Socialists, Mr. Muste and Company, the working class. Driven by the madde "The Harlem Tenants League calls upon the church and the capitalist state, sold out ing stretch-out speed-up system to great all tenants to organize house and block the strike at Marion-sending the workers and greater production, driven by the way committees and to prepare not only for a back to the mill with a fake agreement slashing to greater and greater starvature men's section.

5. Special educational activities to be organized for the purpose of training women for active work — these contrades to be ner's tools: Judge N. A. Townsend and a forces—begin to understand the relently banker from Asheville. When the workers opposition of the Communist Party again. struck again in protest against the violation the boss class-begin to recognize and folof the fake agreement, the bosses' bullets low the fighting leadership of the Commun-finished the job for the A. F. of L.—6 strik- ist Party accepting its program in spite of

izing women into its ranks and training Textile Workers Union, is a splendid extitute press. The Communist Party, seizticular industry and locality.

7. The Women's Department to arrange sticks, these women, side by side with faspecial women's conferences for the purpose of stimulating organization work amongst women and drawing them more actively into the work.

8. These conferences are to work outplans for the organization of shop circles both in the organized shops, whose aim it shall be to carry on general agitation amongst the workers are standing terms of the scient terror against the work ample of workers' resistance in the face of murderous fascist terror, of militant struggle without compromise, to organize the call organization of the workers. Nothing gle without compromise, to organize the call organization of the workers in the 2,000 enslaved and starving workers in the 2,000 enslaved and starving workers in the Loray textile mill. Half of these workers who stood in the front line of fit are women. The greater 1 umber worked are women. The greater 1 umber worked are women. The greater 1 umber worked are women. The seven military workers who stood in the front line of fit are women. The greater 1 umber workers who stood in the front line of fit are women. The greater 1 umber workers who stood in the front line of fit are undersonated as workers of household drudgery by day—the only relief—a few hours of household drudgery by day—the only relief—a few hours of by day—the only relief—a few hours of line—long hours of household drudgery by day—the only relief—a few hours of by day—the only relief—a few hours of line—long hours of household drudgery by day—the only relief—a few hours of by day—the only relief—a few hours of line—long hours of household drudgery by day—the only relief—a few hours of line—long hours of household drudgery by day—the only relief—a few hours of line—long hours of household drudgery by day—the only relief—a few hours of line—long hours of household drudgery by day—the only relief—a few hours of line—long hours of household drudgery by day—the only relief—a few hours of line—long hours of hous them for fascist terror against the work- ample of workers' resistance in the face of

Bosses' Big Profits

that did not average \$10. Binnie Green, 15 year old spinner at the Loray slave-pen, earned a maximum of \$4.95 a week for 60child worker in the children's section of the against the revolutionary strike leaders. Communist Party.

300,000 textile mill slaves in the South are waiting to be organized-60% of them wo-

Workers Ready

tall the efforts made to intimidate the work-The fascist heimwehr of Austria is organers under the leadership of the National the Ku Klux Klan, the churches, the proling women into its ranks and training Textile Workers Union is a splendid exing the right of way in the South, has driven capitalist exploitation in the American enpire. Gastonia is the opening gun in the war to a finish against the whole tottering.

DUTCH REFORMISTS BREAK STRIKE

AMSTERDAM (By Mail)-The strike of the land workers in Groningen has been de-72 hours of body-crushing toil. Binnie Green feated in consequence of the treachery of among many others learned the lesson of the social democrats. Wynkoop and his Gastonia and became a Pioneer-a fighting friends supported the reformists and fought

> JOIN AND BUILD THE COMMUNIST PARTY!

Working Women Mobilize for Struggle

THE WORKING WOMAN

December, 1929

OUR AIM

Page Four

American capitalism increases the productive capacity of its industries in the unprecedented manner it does by means of a systematic division and simplification of labor. With the aid of machinery, the complicated operations of the skilled workers are subdivided into many simple oper-ations of unskilled workers. This process has opened the industries for a more extensive use of women workers than ever before. As presumably more docile objects of exploitation, the women workers are put into the places of the men at a much lower average of wages than those paid for the same work to men.

The ever greater influx of working women into the industries is having its deof which the wemen's trade union league is a part. Most of these organizations have in the past been dominated by feminist, pacifist, and other petty bourgeois ideologies. They have been dominated by petty bourgeois individuals as leaders. These organizations are the agencies of the capitalist class, whose aim is to dampen the rising discontent of the working women and to divert them from the class-struggle, make them willing tools in the coming imperialist war. But the daily difficulty with which the working woman is con-fronted in the shop, the problem that arises out of the economic relationship of the working woman to her boss, the thousands of little and big miseries and indignities which the woman worker has to suffer in the shop by virtue of her function as a wage slave, are more and more dominating the minds of the masses of working women Since these problems do not and cannot find any consideration in these fundamentally petty hears and feminist woman's organizations, there arises a conflict in all these organizations where women workers are found. The working woman learns by bitter experience that her problem is not a feminist but a worker problem. She learns that the correct slogan for her is not women of the world, unite," but Workers of the World, Unite.

Our Task

The learning of the truth means the growth of an ideological and organizational division between the working women and the petty and big bourgeois club-women and feminists. It means that the working women learn that the decisive problem of the workingwomen is not a "woman's organization" but a workers' organization for the purpose of defending the interests of the workers in general and the workingwomen in particular. "The Working Wom-an" will be guided by this decisive necessity of the hour. It will endeavor to agitate among the women workers in industry for industrial unionism for the women and men in industry. These industrial unions must provide the organizational force without which the solution of the immediate problems of the masses of working women cannot be tackled.

"The Working Woman," at the same time realizes that these immediate economic struggles need political guidance. These struggles will tend to solve the problem of the working women only if they are grad-ually revolutionized. It will be the task of "The Working Woman" to give political guidance to the activities of the working women in these class struggle organizations with a view of revolutionary determination which, eventually, will make them fight side by side with the working men for the overthrow of the political rule of the capitalist class and for the establishment of a workers' dictator-

The leadership of the American Federation of Labor and of the Socialist Party can contribute just as little to the solution of the problems of the working women as the bourgeois and petty bourgeois leadership of the women's clubs and women's organizations does. Only the other day the leadership of the A. F. of L. agreed not to lead the workers into, or organize them for, struggles for increased wages. That promise a the A. F. of L. suonds very nice in the ears of bourgeois minded women club-lead-The words "industrial peace" in the

simply means slow starvation. The only correct slogan for them is war-class war. No argument of the beauties of "peace" can impress them because to them "industrial peace" means a continuation of the misery from which they are suffering. A leadership such as the A. F. of L. and the socialist party which operates with such a slogan and with such pacts as the one just entered into in Washington, does not stand for industrial peace but, in reality, it stands for a one-sided industrial war. It simply de-clares that the bosses shall have an unrestricted right of way in their endeavor to grush more profits out of the lifeblood and happiness of the masses of working women, while it stigmatizes it as a crime for these workingwomen to organize and to fight against the perpetrators of this misery and against the capitalist system which makes possible this misery.

"The Working Woman" is an organ of the Communist Party. Communism is equivalent to bolshevism. The bosses and their agents in the A. F. of L. and socialist party have spent the past twelve years in picturing bolshevism and the bolsheviks as the most terrible things and creatures. They have attempted to utilize bolshevism as a bugaboo. They have maligned the Soviet Union to such a degree that they hope to influence the workers in the United States against the Communists by merely telling these workers that the Communists stand for "Russian conditions."

"The Working Woman" is proud to state that it not only stands for "Russian conditions" but is fighting for the same conditions in the United States. It believes that the American working women must unite with the working men to fight as a first sim, for such "Russian conditions" as the e, 5-day week; a month's vacation with pay every year; maternity insurance for working women; two months leave of abnce with full pay before and after childbirth; special protection of the woman, in industry; absolute and unqualified prohibi-tion of child labor, etc. "The Working Woman" is of the opinion that these "Russian conditions" are worth fighting for and that the care which capitalist "civilization" of capitalist America grants the working woman is incomparably below that granted to the working women in the "barbarous" Soviet Union. The "barbarity" of the Soviet rule is seen by capitalist America in the fact that the workers rule in Soviet Union and that the laws of the land, therefore, are adapted to the needs and problems of the workers and do not favor the bosses.

Organize!

"The Working Woman" believes that the American working women have no reason to shed tears about the disregard with which the Soviet rule considers the interests of the bosses. The American working women need not be concerned with the interests of the bosses. The whole government machinery in America takes care of these interests. But if the working woman wants to have her interests taken care of she has only one effective method, and that is organization and struggle. Organize together with the mases employed in industry! Organization in industrial unions and working class action in the political battles.

The same forces which drive ever greater masses of working class women into the army of workers in order to make up for treadmill of capitalism, into the mills and the low wages of the men workers. factories, are also driving toward a new world war. The bosses' governments are confronted with the problem of providing markets for the rapidly increasing output of industrial products. Capitalism also needs new markets for the capital which is accumulating out of the sweat and blood of the workers, their wives and their children. This quest for new markets drives the different capitalist governments to encroach upon the markets of their competitors. The result is a struggle for these markets by force of arms-a war. Such war has again become inevitable, and feverish prepara-tions are being made for it by the capitalup its war preparations with pacifist propaabout the tens of thousands of women who but it cannot meet the danger of a capitalist ter conditions.

slave in the southern textile mills for \$5, war with pacifism; it must fight against \$6, \$7 and \$8 a week? What good is "industrial peace" for them? To them it their share in the prevention of war by becoming a part of an organized struggle on the part of the whole working class against capitalist war, against war preparation, and against capitalism itself.

As expart of this struggle against cap- the Socialist Party, the A. F. of L. and italist war, the working women must solid- the W.T.U. Lague have all joined forces arize themselves with the movement for the defense of the Soviet Union. All wars are directed against the working class. They are sufficiently conscious forces in the working class everywhere that know that and that will put up a fight against war. Partly as a struggle against this conscious element in the working class everywhere, and partly as a life and death struggle against the workers' government in the Soviet Union, the capitalist governments are organizing for an armed attack against the Soviet Union. The defense of the Soviet Union is the defense of the interests of the workers in every country. The defense of the interests of the working women in the United States, therefore, demands their participation in the defense of the Soviet

To win the working women for this program, to organize them to lead them in their economic and political struggles will be the program of "The Working Woman."

YOUNG WOMEN, ORGANIZE!

girls have entered into every important industry of the United States. In the auto mills, in the rubber speed-up factories, in the steel and machine factories, thousands of young girls have been hired to displace adult workers. The desire for greater profits on the part of the bosses has resulted in the employment of cheap labor young girls form one of the lowest paid sections of the working class.

ime was a highly skilled trade, employing only skilled mechanics, we find today young girls are employed to work on the automatic screw and press machines, receiving wages as low as 20c an hour.

In the steel mills, particularly in the finished products of the steel industry, girls Cleveland, work 12 and 14 hours a day averaging about \$15 a week.

In the textile mills of the South and North, young girls are forced to work in un- the I.L.G.W.U., which is a company union. healthy and unsanitary conditions for wages which barely keep them alive. Particularly bad are the working conditions and wages What then shall the needle workers do to high wage).

As the conditions of the working class become steadily worse, the young girls entering the industries in ever increasing numbers are rapidly realizing that they have become a permanent section of the working class. / The illusion that they can escape from the factory through marriage has been shattered by facts. Millions of married women have become a part of the exploited

war industries, such as automobile, aircraft,

Organization is an immediate need for the women workers. Betrayed by the Wom-Knowing that the masses don't want en's Trade Union League and the A. F. of war, the American government is covering L., which are now only the tools of the bosses, they turn to the Trade Unior Unity ganda. The bourgeois and petty bourgeois League, the militant revolutionary trade leadership of the feminist and pacifist-so- union center. Only through fighting for UP, WAGE CUTS, DRIVE SHLESINGER cialist movement are part and parcel of the the demands of the Trade Union Unity eyes of petty bourgeois housewives and capitalist war mongers. The working class League in a united struggle with the adult THE DRESS INDUSTRY. busy "club women" look so nice. But what is only the sufferer in a capitalist war; workers can the women workers gain bet-

DRESSMAKERS, JOIN THE NEEDLE TRADES WORKERS IND. UNION

The New York bosses of the dress trade. the Socialist Party, the A. F. of L. and to crush the rising wave of militancy of the Needle Trades workers, and to crush the revolutionary Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union.

At the expense of the workers the laternational Garment Workers officials got the bosses to agree to a "general strike" in the early part of December. It is harticularly important that the workers examine and fully understand this so-called 'strike."

No demands were advanced by the A. F. of L. fakers which would tend to improve the conditions of the workers, which would abolish the sweat-shop piece work system. The reasons for it are plain. Shlesinger & Co., true disciples of the A. F. of 1. labor traitors are not interested in improving the conditions of the workers, they are interested in and represent the welfare of the bosses. They are part of the labor traitor group that promised Hoover not to permit the workers to strike for better conditions, thereby making possible greater In recent years a large number of young attacks and exploitation of the workers by the bosses and the government.

In order to break the militant spirit of the Needle Trades workers, to worsen their already miserable conditions and to destroy the Needle Trades Industrial Union, which - and fights militantly for improving the conditions of the workers, the bosses have agreed to this gesture of a "strike." The In the machine industry, which at one scheduled strike of the dressmakers is heither a strike nor a "lockout." It is a scheme of the bosses to use the reformist trade union of the A. F. of L. to fool the workers to organize and control them. The whole business has been cut and dried by the bosses and their tools, the Socialist are employed in large numbers getting half betrayers, the Schlesinger gang. The A. F. and sometimes even less wages than the of L. officials have promised not to demand male workers. These girls, as for instance better conditions for the workers to hold in the Thompson Products Company of them back from struggle against extreme exploitation and the bosses have agreed to force the needle trades workers to join

Must Mobilize

of the Negro women, some working for \$2 throw back the offensive of the bosses and and \$5 a week (\$5.00 being considered a the social fascist Shlesinger Union? The needle trades workers must mobilize for battle—carry on a relentless struggle to win the workers for the Needle Trades Workers Industrial Union. To increase tenfold their activities to build shop delegates to start real organization activities in the unorganized shops were 15,000 Negro women and thousands of white dressmakers are extremely exploited. To mobilize their shops for a real fight by forming RANK AND FILE UNITED COMMITTEES from the workers at the bench, irrespective of their affiliations, to strike the shops where event the mobiliza low wages, many strikes have taken place and organization of the workers or where in recent months (Gastonia, Elizabethton, the bosses refuse to enforce the agreement New York, Philadelphia), everywhere the of the Needle Trades Workers Industrial women workers fought as militantly and as Union. The Needle Trades workers must fearlessly as the men workers. These young rally to the Needle Trades Workers Indusgirls not only play an important role today, trial Union and supply them with militant but will play an even far greater role in leaders, to strengthen the committees of the working class struggles of the coming the Needle Trades Workers Industrial war, particularly those workers employed in Union, to mobilize and prepare the dressmakers for a real general strike with demands for: 7-hour day, 5-day week, equal pay for equal work for Negro and white working men and women. For social in-surance, unemployment, sickness and old age, Annual monthly holiday with pay For protection during child-birth periods.

DRESSMAKERS! FIGHT THE SPEED. AND HIS COMPANY UNION OUT OF

JOIN THE NEEDLE TRADES WORK FRS INDUSTRIAL UNION!

Policeman Blows Whistle, **Boss Fires Counter Girl**

Last spring the cafeteria workers went on strike, and the policemen showed how "true blue" they are. They rode their horses on the sidewalk to break up the picket lines, and it made no difference to them whether it was man or woman who felt the horse-shoes. Girls who had been serving the police "coffee and" for years, found out how a policeman's club tastes.

Sylvia W. is one little striker who was wise enough not to expect any more from a policeman than from a boss. So she decided not to look for an open-shop job around the garment section, where she had been very active in the strike. She hid herself on the water-front for a while in the hopes of building up a shop committee and unionizing one of the South Street cafeterias when the next organization drive

But Sylvia had under-estimated the vindictiveness of cops. She hadn't been working three hours behind the counter, when one of these worthies appeared, spied her and called out, "Hugh, we've got a union house, have we?" After a short consultation between boss and policeman, Sylvia was told to take her red, curly head, with its red ideas, somewhere else. So it be-came clear to Sylvia how close is the alliance between police and bosses against

Wages in 5 and 10c Stores

The slave conditions of the New York 5 and 10c store sales-girls can only be compared to the conditions in the South:

A beginner's wage in the Woolworth and McCrory stores is about \$8.00 in the smaller amounted to \$36-\$40 for ten days' pay. towns, sometimes even less—reaching after amounted to \$36-\$40 for ten days' pay. many years of "service" the maximum of Everything has changed for the worse. for Thanksgiving dinners only the lien can \$15.00. One sales-girl employed by Wool- Now we have been cut to 31 cents per hour afford! Young children and women, scratch-\$10 or \$12.

When it comes to keeping down the wages of the workers the various chain companies for ten days' pay, or in other words for breaking toil. Such are the working concertainly know how. A Woolworth clerk two weeks' pay. The health conditions are gives an example of cooperation between rotten. There is no ventilation, the fumes two of the largest chain store companies, traveling throughout the floor causing us In a certain Brooklyn Woolworth store the to get sore throats and often tuberculosis. girls were paid \$12. A McCrory store opened across the street and offered its ten hours, and now we are expected to turn workers \$13. The Woolworth girls com- out 9,000 pieces in nine hours. We cannot ers are forced to live with their families, week is not up, though my hand is all heal-plained. The Woolworth manager, a loyal help ourselves. Many of the firls are com- are not fit to house cattle. Flimsy boxes ed yet! tool of the bosses, spoke to the McCrory pelled to support families, because their manager and almost immediately after the husbands are laid off. We are hoping that McCrory workers' wage was cut to \$12. | the Auto Workers' Union will grow power-

For these low wages the sales-girls in the ful enough to include us and protect our 5 and 10c stores must work from 9 a.m. lives and better our conditions. to 6 p.m. every week-day and from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m. on Saturdays a 54 hour week (at the rate of 23c an hour). They actually work even longer—it takes each salesgirl at least 30 minutes after working hours to straighten the stock, close the accounts, and for this no extra pay.

Although the girls are provided with allowed to use them. Special permission is required to leave the floor for the washroom, and the girls are expected to return in five minutes. Sometimes the girls must apply to the floor-walker and sign a slip stating the cause and the time of leaving.

The girls working in the 5 and 10c stores, and in all department stores, are beginning to recognize that only thru organization can they get better conditions, higher wages and better hours. The only organization that fights for the interests of the store workers and all workers is the Trade Union Unity League, which recently held its conference in Cleveland and laid plans, for carrying on a sharp fight against the bosses and demanding:



Their mother was murdered by Manville-Jenckes thugs at Gastonia, N. C. on her way to a meeting the National Textile Workers' Union





Girls Slave for Starvation More Work But Less Wages | Cranberry Picking and | Candy Worker Learns of For McCord Workers

SPEED UP THE RADIATOR WORKERS

I am a woman worker who has been work-Working 51 hours a week, not including ing in the McCord Auto saulator and manufacturing Company plant for a number of lunch hours, for the "grand" sum of \$12 years. When I started to work I received a week, these young girls form a miserably forty cents per hour and bonus. Those of ing in the McCord Auto Radiator and Man-country exist in the cranberry bogs where years. When I started to work I received us working on machines made up to fortyfive cents per hour and bonus. Our wages

Everything has changed for the worse. worth for eleven years today gets the un. and bonus, the latter hardly ever amounting usual sum of \$18. Ordinarily the girls do to anything. The forelady's favorites make not work long enough to make more than from 36-38 cents per hour, while new girls are hired at 30 cents an hour and bonus.

Now most of us make from \$25 to \$30

Formerly we turned out 8,000 pieces in husbands are laid off. We are hoping that

In the Far East

The Far East! How many beautiful illusions are fostered in its name! The reader may have seen pictures of the professional gay girls of Japan, the "geisha" girls, seats behind the counters, they are not intellectuals (some), or heard of the sweet the proud brown beauties of Manila. But-- laid the foundation for the National Texthere is another side to the picture.

loading ships with coal at Nagasaki? Do radium poisoning in painting watch dials, you know something about the splendid dar- New Jersey, the state of Standard Oil, with ing and sacrifice of the revolutionary wom- uncounted numbers of workers killed by en of the Chinese trade unions? Have you heard of the conditions of women tobacco workers in the Manila factories, or those shawls ("mantons")?

These things no capitalist paper or magazine will tell you. You must read the "Pan-Pacific Monthly," the organ of the Pan-Pacific Trade Union Secretariat of HIGHER WAGES, UNEMPLOYMENT AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE, A 7- wou can buy here at bookstores that obtain state, the church, the school—preach about the "sanctity of the home and childhood," Organization is the only way to fight effectively for better conditions, shorter hours and higher vages. Exploitation of the Pacific Universecent conference on Woman Labor, its desition in the tories and on the land. Child labor, child workers, Negro and white, can only be slavery, can only be abolished by destroying abolished by changing the present capitalist class and its agents—the state, the church, the school—preach about the "sanctity of the home and childhood," Organization is the only way to fight effectively for better conditions, shorter hours and higher vages. Exploitation of the workers, Negro and white, can only be slavery, can only be abolished by destroying abolished by changing the present capitalist tions of oppressed working women. H. G. must organize! Shanghai. In its November issue, which tions of oppressed working women. H. G. must organize!

Child Slavery in Prosperous

"Conditions unbelievable in a civilized 2,000 school children work each Fall under a relentless padrone system." Children, seven years old, work in the cranberry bogs standing all day in wet, swampy ground, or down on their knees, picking cranberries for Thanksgiving dinners only the rich can ed by the brambles and thorns, their swollen bleeding arms and hands tied up in filthy rags, slave from daybreak until night falls and are paid 15 cents a peck for this backat work on the Pemberton, N. J., cranberry ; pay. bog, one of the largest producers.

The miserable shacks in which the workare not fit to house cattle. Flimsy boxes ed yet! with no sanitary arrangements, no water, one pump for three shacks, no stoves, no

Children Kept From School

The cranberry bogs of New Jersey, saptile Workers Union; New Jersey, where Have you seen Japanese working women bave died a horrible death from Negro Domestic Worker "looney" gas, out of which the oil trust To the Editor made added millions.

The cranberry growers of New Jersey who embroider those beautiful Manila know well how to take full advantage of the child labor law special clause, permitting children of ten to work outside of school hours-the bosses just keep the children out of school by working them 12-14 hours a day picking cranberries!

The capitalist class and its agents-the

Boss "Insurance"

Let me tell you about how good the bosses are to us workers when we get hurt. I work in a candy factory where the boss has an accident insurance policy. My job is to pick out the burnt pieces from the tray. Right above me is an electric fan. The other day, in reaching to the end of my tray, my hand got caught in the fan and my finger was hadly cut.

I had to go home and go to the doctor to have it bandaged. I telephoned the boss about it, and he said that I would get "insurance." When I went to the factory to see about it, the boss sain that if my hand still was hurt after two weeks, then I would get one week's pay, which was \$14. ditions in New Jersey, a leading cranberry For every week afterwards that I was disgrowing center. 2,000 children alone are abled, I would get two-thirds of a neek's

> So I don't know yet if I am going to get anything at all because the first two

In our factory, four other girls besides me get \$14 a week, working nine and oneconvenience of any kind, a real slave pen half hours at day. One girl who has been out of which the bosses make extra profits here five years had "worked herself up" to \$16. Eight boys get \$18; while the 25 men get from \$28 to \$36.

Between now and Christmas, we all have ping the life out of small children, represent to work twelve hours a day because of the only one more black spot in the record of holiday rush. Of course, we get a little capitalist greed and exploitation. New extra money for overtime, but it is not Jersey, where the great strike of the Pas. enough to pay the doctor's bill when we saic textile workers made a record fight, get hurt; and we're always getting hurt and pitiful "sing-song girls" of China, or against the mill barons' exploitation and around holiday-time - we have to harry

Slaves 14 Hours a Day

I work 14 hours a day including Sunday, just a few hours off in the whole weekfor the grand sum of \$18.00. Out of this money I pay \$6.00 a week for room rent. My husband vorks but his pay and mine is hardly enough to support us and our 6 children. wonder what can be done to better our condition.

A Negro domestic worker.

WORKING WOMAN TAKES HER PLACE IN CLASS STRUGGLE

The victorious Russian Revolution has a particular significance for the working women of the world. It has torn away the bourgeois mask of hypocrisy regarding woman's position in society, where on the one hand the rich women live in luxury and idleness, while the women of the working class bear a twofold burden of slavery both in the homes and in the factories. The Russian revolution has placed woman in a new role shorn of all bourgeois sentimentality, a proud and independent worker, the builder of a new life and a new society, woman with a broader vision who is just ready to take up a rifle in defense of the revolution and to devote her time and energy to the daily task of reconstruction work in the Soviet Union.

The emancipation of the Russian woman from her age-long slavery has had a profound effect on the working women the world over, and has given rise to a new trend in the movement for the freedom of women. Inspired by the accomplishments of the working women in the Soviet Union, to whom the proletarian revolution meant not only economic but also social emancipation, the working women in the capitalist countries are gradually realizing that not in allying themselves with the women of the master class can they gain their emancipation; that their problems are identical with that of the men of their class, and can only be solved to the extent that the problems of the working class as a whole can be solved.

tering the ranks of the militant working class side by side with the men workers. Here too we have our women labor heroines, who, like the women of the Russian Revolu-tion risk their all in defense of their class. A recent striking example of our women. martyrs in the class war war Ella May

(Continued on page 7)

FAMILY OF TEXTILE WORKER, MURDERE D IN MARION N. C.



Luther Bryson, young textile worker, was one of 6 strikers shot down by sheriffs on the picket line during the strike at Marion, N. C. To the right are seen his three brothers and his mother. This is how capitalist America deals with workers who fight for better conditions.







By HARRISON GEORGE

In Japan, 42 per cent of the factory worktile workers, live under the dormitory system. Wages are only 30-60 cents a day, hours are 11-12 out of the 24. In spite of these "attractions" it seems that Japanese The women of the United States are en- girls do not flock into the factories.

> So the bosses recruit them from rural districts with promises and advance payments and then lock them into the factory compound where rival companies cannot steal them. In one plant, 2,600 girl operin the company's dormitories and were confined to the mill premises.

Japanese Women Workers A Little Story from Australia

women in far off Australia, notable McConnville, a Communist, led in the for-chiefly for kangargos and a funny bird call mation of the "Militant Women's Group" ed the "laughing Jackass." But just the in the New South Wales Trade Council, But

knowing about. Like many other countries, the bosses take advantage of the inexperience of womatives, 15 to 16 years of age, were living en, and the reformist negligence of the Australian unions in organizing women. Women workers are rapidly increasing in proportion to the men-but that's because the bosses hope to pay them less wages. The so-called "Labor Party" really helps the bosses, with its jingoistic race prejudice favoring a "White Australia" and its teachings of class collaboration. Altogether Australia's working women had to be heroic class fighters to pull themselves out of the mire of miserable petty bourgeois ideas. There is still in Australia the ancient max-

im: "Woman's place is in the home." Why Women Leave Home

Until recently, while industry was developing, labor was relatively scarce and well But things are changing rapidly. Industry is meeting difficulties. Bosses are replacing men with low paid women. In 1886, the proportion of women to men in the factories was one to seven; in 1903, one to four; in 1928, one to three-in New South Wales. In Victoria, the second important industrial region, the proportion is now one to two. In 1926, the average wage for one man was \$1,175 a year, for women, \$530 a year. No wonder the bosses bring in women to factories! This is in unionized industry. As for the unorganized, the department stores. . . ! Much worse.

South Wales trades council.

allow to think above the dishpan.

The Great Awakening

working women into the class struggle. A South Pole.

same, in Australia, way down under the the first group was organized in the minend of the world, the island continent has ing fields, where bitter conditions wereworking women who have an organized and are—found, at Cessnock, N. S. W. At fighting class movement that is worth Melbourne and at Brisbane groups were also formed, which did good work in the waterside strike, organizing and gathering relief. getting workers' wives together in struggle for the first time.

The Cessnock local was rather paralyzed by bourgeois notions of what was "proper or "not proper" for women to do. In Melbourne the Militant Women's Group got into things deeper than relief work. They joined the men on the picket line and went to jail rather than pay fines - quite horrifying to all respectable (that is to saybourgeois) opinion. The M. W. G. worked in complete harmony with the Strike Committee.

But in Sydney the Militant Women's Group was a dandy. The Timber Workers Union struck (lumber mill men and planing mills) and at once the militant women were on the job. Leaflets were out. Meetings of the strikers' wives were called. The men, as usual, had to be educated to the need for their wives getting active in class struggle. A lot of prejudices were fought and whipped. The Militant Women's Group became extremely popular even in the union where grumpy officials were at first very indifferent, or even hostile.

Women-The Best Class Fighters

When the leading reformist bureaucrats of the Australian unions wanted to surrender and go into a class collaboration agreement with bosses, and some experts in "industrial peace" were imported fron England to lend an air of high approval, the Yet even Australian women are better Militant Women of Melbourne busted up the organized than American working women, game by staging a regular row in the pub-But the yellow union leaders discourage lic meeting where the labor fakers headed women unionists. Only recently did one by a Mr. Duggan, were "thanking and conwoman delegate get a seat on the New gratulating" the bosses' agents. Nine women were forcibly thrown out by the police, But the Australian bosses have opened something that never happened before in an offensive, lengthening hours, cutting Australia. Then when the fakers and bosses wages, anti-trade union laws, one making staged a joint and private meeting in Sydit a crime to strike, and there is a big un-ney, the Militant Women just naturally employed army utterly unable to find work, raided the place, exposed the whole affair This makes everybody think, even the in the press when arrested, and generally housewives, whom, bourgeois notions don't raised such a noise that the conference fell through

Many things may be better than the Militant Women's Groups of Australia, but Great misery has brought great activity, there are a few things American working The Communist Party helped and led the women can learn from them, down by the

Working Women

THIS IS YOUR PAPER — WRITE TO IT

us about your conditions. Let it isn't. other working women know how workers and our children.

write to the Working Woman. ors, the bosses, the imperialists. Working class women often do not have an elementary school education, let alone college learning-but this is a working class women's paper read by working women who will understand 125th Street, New York City.

Working women in the fac-| what you are trying to say, even tory, in the mill, in store, on the if it is not written in a literary farm, wherever you are, write fashion and perhaps just because

A new or rather a continuayou live and work, what you tion of the last world war is bettering those conditions, what looming. One of the first steps think, what your ideas are about in fighting this war which the you think about kicking the boss bosses will try to force upon us out altogether and running in- is to have a newspaper or magadustry for yourselves, for us zine where we can talk things over so that we might organize mothers, sisters, our forces for a mighty blow daughters of working men, against wars and their instigat-

> WRITE! WRITE! WRITE! WRITE!

The address is:

Working Woman, 43 East

Working Women! Demand Equal Pay For Equal Work; Higher Wages, Shorter Hours-For Negro and White Women.

THE UNION COMES TO MARTHA

By MYRA PAGE

Martha, a small figure in a faded apron, stood in the doorway of the Hawthorne's shack and watched through swimming eyes the other children passing by on their way to school. Some reluctant, some eager, all shabby, strolling or jumping along up the dirt street to the small grammar school. A tow-headed, blue-eyed and scrawny little crew, offspring of Carolina millhands.

Spying Martha, Lizzie called out, "Ain't you a-comin', Marthy?" Martha could only shake her head! "Naw," a small boy spoke up. "Doan you know, Marthy's Ma's going into the mill now?"

Martha turned back into the house and set to work, making beds, straightening the two bare rooms the Hawthornes called home, washing the breakfast dishes, and in between jobs keeping an eye out for her baby sister and two small brothers who werre playing by the kitchen stove. Before Martha'd be ready, it'd be noon-time, and the mill whistle'd blow, and she and the kids would run out to meet Ma and Pal you helpen me?" on their way some. And there'd be more dishes to wash

It was January but Martha and her brothers were barefoot. Flossie, the little sister helpen you. What you who was still at school, had on shoes, tho. was Ma's other name. The shoes were two-sizes too big for Flossie, but then this was a conven when occasion demanded, Martha could wear them instead.

Martha was eleven years old, and had stood at the head of her class until she had to quit. Ma thought it was fine to have somebody in the family who could read. There were no schools when she and Pa Besides, kids went into the mills in those an extra hand at the mill now." days at the age of eight. But now there looked at Martha and away. Seems like the mill company had found that mill hands that could read and figure a little made better mill Les hang on awhile, as it is." hands. So a grammar school had been built in the village.

One night, after Martha had finished reading and the kids looked at all the pictures, and ha had played on the mouth. harp, Pa took Martha on his knees and

"You like school, eh, littl'un?"

"Oh, Pa, yes. I doan wonna leave school." Martha smiled up to Pa, but she noticed Pa and Ma looked at each other, and Martha thought they looked troubled.

Women Workers! SUBSCRIBE

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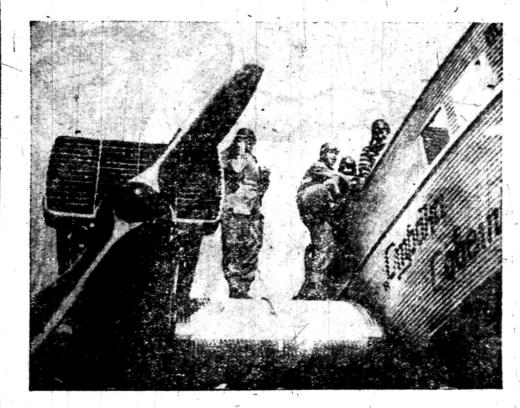
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SOVIET FLYERS WITH THEIR PLANE





The four Soviet flyers, on the plane, "Land of the Soviets," were welcomed by thousands of workers in every city on heir flight across the U. S.



"Can't I, Pa," she asked anxiously. "Woan"

"That's right, honey," Pa said, putting his long arms around her. "Me and your Ma'll work our fingers to the bone to Brothers of the Soviet Lanu, helpen you. What you say, Bess?"

sighed, so that Martha wanted to cry, for somehow that sigh made Martha remember that there was only one pair of shoes for Flossie and her, so somebody had to go to school barefoot and be shamed, and may. This achievement in the air be catch cold besides, for stay at home, Is only part of what you've done, which Martha thought far worse.

This great storm that you have for

"Sam, the boss spinner was by here were kids, for mill hands' kids to go to. today," Ma was saying. "They're needing

But as weeks passed, the kids' clothes grew scantier, and the baby fell sickdoctor said for lack of milk,-and there was doctor's bills to pay out of Pa's twelve dollars-a-week wages. And Ma couldn't get no more credit ahead at the company store. So as soon as the baby was better Ma and Pa called Martha and broke the TRADE UNION UNITY news. Ma must go into the mill, to spin from seven to six, because they had to have that six dollars. That meant Martha'd have to look after the housework and kids, while Ma was gone. Ma would help all she could, and so would Pa. It was hard Ma said, twisting her apron, but what else could they do?

"Oh, Ma—oh, Ma—I jes' can't leave Fight against the capitalist speed-school. Please, Ma." Muffled sobs came the 7-hour day, 5-day week, and for from Bessie's apron. "Pa, doan make me provisions for the working women! leave school."

"Mathy, honey, doan carry on like that. It's only fer a little while. Soon's Pa gits on his feet, and th' bills are paid, you kin go back. Can't she, Pa?"

"You know, Marthy, there ain't nuthin' in th' world your Ma and me wouldn't do to give you an ejication and a chance, what your Ma and me never had. Maybe you kin go back soon."

there wasn't much chance of Martha ever getting back to school again. She had come home to stay. Look at Sally and May and Lizzie who'd left school to keep house so their Mas could work, had they ever gone back? Martha knew she'd keep house and tend babies until she was old enough to go into the mill.

So Martha washed and scrubbed and cooked until her small back ached, and Ma sewed far into the night, and Pa helped out with the ironing and sweeping. No time for stories now, or playing on the over to herself and looked at her mother. mouth harp. All they did was work, sleep It was the first time she'd seen Ma so and eat, and work some more. Even Flossic and the little brothers had to do their share. She smiled, yes, she'd help-she'd get all And something angry and rebellious began to grow in Martha's breast. She remembered what Pa had said about poor folks kids not having any chance. She thought of her Ma and Pa easier, and send her back Sally, Joan and Lizzie, and herself, and all to school.

To the Soviet Flyers

You have braved the Northern Storms, And we with eager hearts and warm Are proud to shake your mighty hand. "Well, Hinry, if we only kin!" And Ma Through lonely days and darkest nights, Wiggins, a victim of the Fascist tenrorism You have roamed the cloud-filled skies, Within you burning the Soviet flame; That vivid flame that never dies. This great storm that you have fought Is only part of what you've wen.

When I see your banners waving, It means: "Toilers of the World, Unite." "Oh, it ain't as bad as that yit, Bess. Join hands, all Workers of the World And form a Union with labor's might.

-Shirley.

Join the LEAGUE

Organize into the new revolutionary unions and Trade Union Unity League tire capitalist state machinery in these Groups!

Build shop committees in the factory!

the 7-hour day, 5-day week, and for special

For equal pay for equal work and against race discrimination!

Join the Trade Union Unity League!

the other little friends on Arlington Hill.

Some day, she made up her mind, things would be different. She was a-goin' to help make 'em different. Only she diden know But Pa knew, and Martha and Ma knew, the house and talked in low tones to Ma and Pa about something he called a "union." And Pa said he was a-feart, he might git fired, and then how would he feed his littl' uns? And Ma looked excited and kept asking questions of the strange man. And then she began to argue with Pa not to be a-scairt, but to join up. She was a-joinin'. Everything'd be all right, if all would stick together. 'N how could things be any worse, anyways, weren't they nigh starv-

> "Union-Union," Martha said over and over to herself and looked at her mother. brightened up since Martha'd quit school. the children on Arlington Hill to help-to U. S. A. build the Union, which would make life for

ing?

WORKING WOMAN TAKES HER PLACE IN CLASS STRUGGLE

(Continued from page 6)

During the past year the most bitter struggles waged by the working class of the United States against the speed-up system, low wages and long hours, have been

in those industries employing women in vast numbers. In the strikes of the textile workers in Passaic, New Bedford, Little Falls, and the present gigantic struggle in the south the women workers have fough. in the frost ranks with the men workers.

These revolts of the women workers in

every part of the country have been carried thru against the will and over the heads of the official trade union bureaucracy, whose (Millinery Union Local 43.) strike-breaking role has opened the eyes of the women workers to the effect that their only hope for organization lies with the militant trade union movement of the country-in the new industrial unions based on the class struggle. The splendid representation of 72 women delegates at the Trade Union Unity Conference in Cleveland is a convincing demonstration that the worren workers are ready for organization.

The strike-breaking brutal role of the erastruggles waged by women workers has not only opened the eyes of these women to the need for militant action on the economic Fight against the capitalist speed-up, for field, but has also served to awaken their political consciousness. They have come to recognize the role of the capitalist parties thru their state state administrations. They have also become acquainted with the role played by the socialist party, as expressed by its majority candidate, Norman Thomas, who, while the Gastonia leaders were on trail solidified himself with all the enemies of the workers.

> These women have also learned that in all their struggle the Communist Party and its press has championed their interests, has helped to organize the defense of their prisoners, has guided and encouraged them. They have come to learn that not only in their struggles, but in every fight of the workers against the bosses the Communist Party fights for the interests of the workers. They have come to know that the Communist Party is the only political party of the working class that is really fighting against capitalism, that is unmasking the pacifist propaganda of the tapitalists and their lackeys of the Socialist Party.

> The time is fast approaching when the women workers, who have been used by the bosses as an instrument against the men workers, will assert themselves, and just as the women of Russia will take their place in the struggle to overthrow capitalism in

WORKING WOMEN!

DEFEND THE SHOVIET UNION!



The National Women's Trade Union League, meeting at their National Convention at Washington, D. C., followers the treacherous A. F. of L. policy of betraying the work-

ers and refuses to listen to a delegation of striking textile working women and children from Gastonia. (Reprinted from Daily Worker)

IATIONAL CONGRESS OF WORKING WOMEN HELD IN GERMANY

BERLIN (by mail).—The National Con- proletariat strikes in the shops is at the held in Berlin, was attended by 408 dele-in the defense of the Soviet Union. But gates, representing over 209 factories. all struggles against the bourgeoisie and Housewives, home workers and agricultural their social-fascist agents can only be carternational solidarity of working women revolutionary trade unions and by mobilfound expression in the attendance of eight izing the working women in the revolutionforeign delegates.

Workers came from textile, cigarette and stores. Many sections of the German Reich Rhineland and the Ruhr.

capitalism. The example of the Russian proletariat, which 12 years ago established the proletarian dictatorship, must be an inspiration to all proletarian women.

The main report was given by Comrade matses of working women more than ever, the cheapest and most willing objects of exploitation. With the aid of speed-up, the conveyor, which is to be moved faster and faster, the international pact of exploitation shall be carried through. She gave many examples of the methods which the capitalists use to secure their profits. She showed how the reformist trade union bureaucrats together with the socialist shop councils attempt to suppress all fights of capital must be answered by the organization of mass strikes for higher wages, the view of mass strikes for higher wages, the seven lour day, against the government of the construction of a Communist seven lour day, against the government of the seven lour day, against the government of the seven lour day. stunge und war. Every blow which the Society."

ess of the Working Women of Germany, same time a blow against the preparations workers were also represented. The in- ried on successfully with the help of the ary class front.

In the discussion many women workers spoke about their difficulties, their fights shoe factories, from the large electrical in the shops, about the treason of the rework of Siemens and of A.E.G.—the Ger- formist trade union leaders and the socialan General Electric-from metal work democrats. All laid stress on the necessity destories, telephone works and department of carrying through the line of work proposed to the Congress.

were represented, including the important The political and international imporindustrial centers of Saxony, the Saar, the the presence of delegates from England, France, Norway, Czechoslovakia, Austria. Comrade Thaelmann greeted the Congress The Russian delegate was permitted to where the white terror prevails, either in the name of the Communist Party and cross the frontier only on the Monday after openly or under the cloak of a fascist reof the prohibited Red Front Fighters the conference. Nevertheless, a delegate of the Soviet Russian women workers was pricking with red hot needles, etc.

League. He pointed out that the German bourgeoisie wants to throw the burden of her speech many times interrupted by Besides this garment willer the women the Young Plan onto the shoulders of the tremendous applause, she brought the greet-German workers and line up Germany in ings of the Russian proletariat. She called the textile worker, Anka Grzetitch and her the anti-Soviet front. The organizing and lining up of the working women in the red class front is absolutely necessary to successfully carry through the fight against the German working working and constitution of the working and lining up of the working women in the red class front is absolutely necessary to successfully carry through the fight against the German working women to successfully carry through the fight against the German working women to successfully carry through the fight against the German working women to successfully carry through the fight against the German working women to successfully carry through the fight against the German working women to successfully carry through the fight against the German working women to successfully carry through the fight against the fight the German working women have still to bear," she stated. "When I compare the bear," she stated. "When I compare the privations of the German working women high the conditions in the Soviet Union, I recognize how much progress we have Lene Overlach. She pointed out that it made... The wish of your Russian working is the aim of the capitalists to make the sisters is that you should follow the path along which Lenin led us."

The fighting call of the Congress, resolutions of protest against fascism, fighting greetings to the Russian women workers, to all political prisoners, were adopted unanimously. At the end of the Congress, a working women's delegation to the Soviet Union was elected.

LENIN SAID: "Without having the milthe projetariat. The sharpened attack of tions of women on their side, the workers

WOMEN WORKERS TORTUTED IN YUGO-SLAVIAN PRISONS

(A Letter from Yugoslavia)

The prisons and jails of Yugoslavia are Capitalist industry is a battlefield strewn filled to overflowing with class conscious with dead and maimed workers. Radium, to inhuman torture in the prisons.

is accused of distributing illegal literature pensation! and has been in Zagreb prison since April | Three children of two other women work-

become the uniform system in all countries

prisoners in the police jail of Zagreb, are Hermine Galogaza, Blau and Wirth.

All these have been pining for months in the police jail without proceedings having as yet been instituted against them. Only Katica, a printer, arrested last February, was handed over to the court after having been subjected to a long cross-examination and dragged about by the hair; she is still awaiting trial.

We working women of Yugoslavia expect in school. and demand of our foreign sisters that they will support our fight by a mass protest against all the attacks of the hirelings of the Yugoslavian bourgeoisic. The women workers of Yugoslavia will not cease to fight against the military-fascist regime of tyranny and for their emancipation in the ranks of the revolutionary proletariat.

READ THE PAPER OF THE WORKING WOMEN!

RADIUM POISONING **KILLS WORKERS**

workers. Many of the prisoners are mur- the new industrial poison, adds its toll to dered without trial. The rest are subjected the list. Radium poisoning has an even more terrible effect on women than on men. Many women workers employed at the U. One of the many women among them is S. radium plant at Newark and Orange, Anka Buturatz, a 25-year-old garment N. J., have died a horrible death from this worker from Zagreb. When she entered the cause. The tissues and bones rot away ranks of the class conscious workers, it became her life work to rouse her class sister that the corporation without even a warning as tess and to draw them into the class fight to the danger. Five women workers are and into the organization. For this "great now doomed to slow, death, there is no crime" the hangmen in Yugoslavia have cure. When the victims came before the called this working girl to account. She capitalist courts to fight their cases, \$800

ers of the same plant are also doomed to For many months she has been subjected suffer the same horrible torture. Employed to all the methods of torture which have at painting watch dials, all these workers were poisoned by touching the brush to their lips. The poisoning was passed on to their children before birth.

In Soviet Russia such things could not happen - workers are protected in all dangerous employment - women and children would not be permitted to work where there is risk to health and life - young workers especially are not employed where there is danger of disease or injury from the work. Big Business demands more and greater profits - it matters not how many workers are maimed or killed.

Bosses' America a Contrast

IN AMBRICA

1. There are 31/2 million child laborers. Thousands of New York children working as bootblacks and newsboys after and during school hours.

2. Workers and their children have nothing to say about the control and conditions

3. Our parents slave 8 to 12 hours a day making bigger profits for the bosses.
IN SOVIET UNION

1. No children are allowed to work.

All children whose parents don't earn enough are supported by the government and so can attend school,

2. Workers and their children have full

control of their schools.

3. Workers only work a 2-hour day for thembelves, for a workers government. There are no bosses in Soviet Russia.

and the second s