rkingmai

Eleventh Year-No. 485

Seattle, Washington, Saturday, September 10, 1910

Price Five Cents

THE DAILIES DIDN'T SEE THEM

A Hundred Inscriptions on Banners in Labor Day Parade, Seattle, 1910

The most remarkable thing about the Labor Day parade | one of them was in sentiment equally applicable to the Union particular day. For no other parade in the country did the when they have instructions, and even without instructions a good reporter knows what to omit.

For the first time in the history of Union Labor in this city, the great parade bore throughout its length banners bearing such inscriptions as we reproduce on this page. We print the photograph of one of them, to show exactly how they all looked, and place alongside the entire list of nearly one hundred political mottos carried in that procession.

in Seattle was overlooked completely by the "P.I." and "The Star" and only got a very little notice from the Star and t stimulating them with a sense of power and a spirit of en- Wage Class. Theodore Roosevelt would never have taken

a mile long, which might easily have been strung out to three this political handwriting on the wall, announcing the adtimes that length, taking a full hour to pass one point, and vent of "Labor for Labor," as another of these Seattle banall symbolizing the sentiment found on a conspicuous ban-ners had it. Contrast with his present solicitude for Labor ner, "We are coming, Millions strong," might well make the the action of Roosevelt when he was President, calling Moyer Capitalist Dailies sit up and take notice to such an extent and Haywood "undesirable citizens" at the very time when In one sense these banners were not political, for every as to forego the best news story in the United States on that Haywood was on trial for his life.

the stand in favor of remedial measures for Labor which he Eight thousand men and women forming a line more than did in his address at Fargo on Labor Day, if he had not seen

Why, even Injunction Taft, in his Labor Day address, had something nice to advocate for "the dear workingman. He went to the length of assuring him the Sherman Law would probably not be enforced against combinations of labor.

All this attention and all this promising are due directly to the prospect that Labor for Labor is advancing to the political field at last. If Teddy and Bill could have seen these Seattle banners, while they were speaking they would have made their promises twice as big. And for fear the rest of the Unions in the United States would hear of what Seattle is doing, that is why the Seattle News Agencies skipped the most sensational "story" of the day in their despatches, and allowed "The Workingman's Paper" to scoop them out of their boots, as it does on this page.

OUR "FRIENDS" BECOME OUR ENEMIES AFTER

OUR REPRESENTATIVES DARE NOT SELL US OUT.

ELECTION.

CAST A UNION VOTE.

LABOR MUST SET LABOR FREE.

VOTING TOGETHER, WE ARE INVINCIBLE.

WE'LL VOTE AS WE MARCH-TOGETHER.

NO LABOR INJUNCTIONS WHEN WE WIN.

WE WALK NOW-BUT NOT ALWAYS

WE ARE COMING MILLIONS STRONG.

VOTE FOR THE EIGHT HOUR DAY.

SHOW YOUR COLORS, WORKINGMAN.

WE WILL MAKE OUR OWN LAWS.

NO OLD PARTY PROMISES GO WITH US.

WORKERS POLITICS, CLEAN POLITICS.

BOODLERS AND GRAFTERS KEEP OUT.

LABOR PRODUCES ALL WEALTH.

RESPONSIBLE TO NONE BUT LABOR.

The words "LABOR PARTY" were placed across the top of one side of every banner.

ORGANIZATION MEANS LIFE

DISORGANIZATION MEANS DEATH.

WE PRODUCE EVERYTHING, WE HAVE NOTHING.

STRIKE AT THE BALLOT BOX

RULE OR BE RULED.

THOSE NOT WITH US ARE AGAINST US.

ORGANIZED BY ORGANIZED LABOR.

CAPITALISTS VOTE FOR CAPITALISTS.

LABOR MUST VOTE FOR LABOR.

THE WORKING CLASS, THE WORLD'S HOPE

NO RIGHTS WITHOUT POWER.

LABOR IS LABOR'S REAL FRIEND

WE'LL GET WHAT WE FIGHT FOR.

EARNESTNESS INSPIRES CONFIDENCE

LABOR PARTY IS IN EARNEST.

TRAMP, TRAMP, TRAMP, YOU HEAR US MARCHING

DON'T SCAB AT ELECTION.

VOTE FOR LABOR

SOLIDARITY BRINGS EQUALITY.

SOLIDARITY BRINGS LIBERTY.

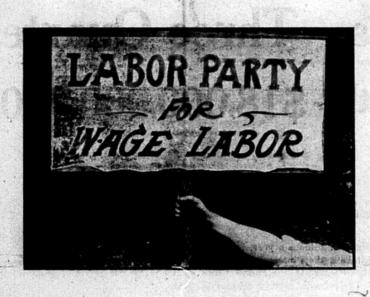
SOLIDARITY BRINGS FRATERNITY.

LABOR FOR LABOR.

LABOR PARTY IS LABOR'S PARTY.

BE A UNION MAN ON ELECTION DAY.

BEWARE OF LABOR'S "FRIENDS."



VOTE FOR SHORTER HOURS.

VOTE FOR HIGHER WAGES

WE PAY OUR OWN EXPENSES

ORGANIZATION MEANS POW-

DISORGANIZATION HELPLESSNESS. MEANS

LABOR PARTY ORGANIZED MEANS PROGRESS.

ORGANIZATION MEANS LEI-SURE.

DISORGANIZATION MEANS

GOOD BYE. OLD PARTIES.

LONG HOURS.

VOTE FOR BETTER CONDI. LABOR PARTY FOR WAGE LA. THE FRUITS OF LABOR FOR

NONE BUT WAGE WORKERS WE ARE MANY.

NO OLD PARTY POLITICS IN

UNION AT THE BALLOT BOX.

NO ISSUE BUT THE LABOR IS

25,000 LABOR VOTES IN SEAT-TLE. GET TOGETHER.

UNITED WE STAND, DIVIDED WE FALL.

TOGETHER.

FOR POLITICS, NOT POLITI- NO

YE ARE FEW.

LABOR PARTY UNITES US.

LABOR ITSELF.

OLD PARTIES DIVIDE US.

WE HAVE QUIT THROWING AWAY OUR VOTES.

FOR THE CLOSED SHOP IN POLITICS.

WORKINGMAN FOR PRESI

DENT. WHY NOT?

STAND TOGETHER—OR HANG AN INJUR

JURY TO ALL.

HERE

CAPITALIST BARREL

WE HAVE NO CORRUPTION FUND.

OUR INTERESTS UNITE US.

WE WILL INTERPRET THE LAW IN LABOR'S INTER-INTERESTS.

STICK TOGETHER BOYS.

FOR AN UNRESTRICTED BALLOT

FREE NOMINATIONS. NO FILING FEES.

WE WANT THE GOODS.

WE WANT ALL WE PRODUCE.

Economic Power of the Middle Class

We welcome a letter like this from our old friend and correspondent, of the South was forced to yield to the Capitalist Class of the North because William E. Foster, better known by our readers as William Z. Foster. When he started for Spokane to represent this paper in the Fight for Free Speech in that city, it was thought his mail might go to some other man by the rather common name of William E., so it was agreed that his pen name for this paper should be William Z., and so by that initial he is known from the

Foster is now in Europe, this letter bearing a Paris postmark. He wants to study "Direct Action" in its home, France. He promises to write us occasionally and give the results of his investigations,

This letter shows once again what an able man Foster is. He is or se wage-workers who put to shame the cavils of the so-called Intellectuals who imagine the working class is incapable of doing its own thinking.

The issues which Foster takes with the position of "The Workingman" Paper" are (1) whether the Middle Class has sufficient "Economic Power" to resist the Trust Class, and (2), whether the Ballot can be used by the Working Class for its own emancipation.

First, as to Economic Power. That is an expression frequently employe without analysis to discover its actual meaning. It is often associated in thought with that similar expression, Economic Determinism. Both sound large and impressive and may be used to overwhelm an unsophisticated antagonist. It does one good to see a Capitalist adversary appear stupidly wise at the mention of one of these phrases by a really wise Proletarian

But the wisest sometimes employ terms which have a profound sig especially if they have won a vogue for themselves, in a loose and indefinite manner. Therefore it is always healthy for any thinker to analyze his most commonly used generalizations.

Taking this out of the region of the clouds, what can it mean but the Power of Bread and Butter? That class has the greatest Economic Power which holds the purse strings; or, if all have purses, the one which has the deepest and fullest purse, has the Power. This assumes that the Purse can purchase. If money cannot buy the necessities of life, the Purse is powerless Economic Power, in that case, rests with that class which commands the Means of Production, the land and machinery by which necessaries ar produced through labor.

Take a strike for example. The strikers can last as long as they can feed. When they can no longer get a meal or provide a roof, they die; their omic Power was lost and life with it. The old South yielded and Lee surrendered because there was nothing left in the treasury at Richmond. the soldlers were ragged and starving, no guns and no powder could be obtained, no cotton could be raised or sold, nobody could pay taxes; in a word, their Economic Power was exhausted; while yet the North had

Now, have the Middle Class sufficient Economic Power left? Can the Trust Class starve them out? For the Middle Class are certainly on strike against the Trusts. Listen to their world-famous champion. Roosevelt's words at Minneapolis form a call to battle: "The supreme politica ask of our day, the indispensable condition of national efficiency and national

Compare the relative wealth of the three classes. According to the maus of 1900, the last reliable figures, the Trust Class, with some quarter illion members, owned 67 Billion Dollars worth of the wealth of the United tates. The Middle Class, some 81/2 millions of them, owned 24 Billion ollars; while the Wage Class, over 20 Millions of them, had 4 Billions.

elfare, is to drive the Special Corporate interests out of our public life."

For instance, it is a commonplace for Socialist writers to say the Feudal

The question is, Can 67 Billion Dollars starve out 24 Billions? And is a barrier to the formation of any call, imperative Mandate, against us.

Class passed off the stage because Economic Power was captured in the course of development by the Capitalist Class; or that the Slave-owning Class against the combined Ninety-one Billion Dollar Capitalist Class?

The question is, Can 67 Billion Dollar Wage Class Labor Party. There is no doubt the Capitalist Class; or that the Slave-owning Class against the combined Ninety-one Billion Dollar Capitalist Class?

There is a good filustration of the Capitalist Class.

But that bald statement of the case does not cover all the ground. For working of this principle in the histhen the Wage Class would be utterly helpless, forever enslaved. And that tory of the Socialist Party in this is precisely the conclusion which some theorists, who follow their theories state. As everybody knows, there if they lead even into the ditch, have arrived at. The Proletarians have no were two factions or elements in the omic Power because they have no wealth. No historic class ever membership of the Party. At the achieved its freedom without first achieving Economic Power, that is, Wealth. time of which I speak there were The modern Wage Class can get no wealth, therefore there is no hope members of both elements on the

has real Economic Power, though it has not wealth. Its Power lies in its the majority of the committee, kept

DIRECT LEGISLATION ANALYZED

Editor's Note.-The tendency of the Middle Class craze for Direct Legislation now so much in evidence. exposure of the dangers to the La- ty, to elect our own representatives, bor Parties which lie in this appar if, when they get together, they will quorum of the State Committee, I ently democratic proposition. "Be be unable to do anything but sit realized that things could not go on ware of the Greeks bringing gifts" around and look wise? is a good motto for workingmen to

For that is what would happen if
any progress. So, at the first meetadopt in respect to all Middle Class Direct Legislation is adopted. Laing of the State Committee, I got a programs. For instance, it is now seen that the Direct Primary, tending, as it does, to break down Party tines, and to make nominations dependent upon publicity and expense, Labor would use the Referendum, Relia a barrier to the formation of any call, imperative Mandate, against us.

Class. But in exactly the same way, orkingmen to let their enemies se- as Downie points out in this article, disposition of many to hurran for legislation of the Working Class.

What is the use of building up a ohn Downie continues this week his political organization, or a Labor Par-

For instance, it is now bor's representatives, even if in a ma-

State Committee, with the Proletarian element in control. The result was, The reply made by some Proletarians is that the present Proletariat the element in the Party hostile to the committee powerless to do anything of any benefit to the organization; for, if they did, the opposition would initiate Referendums and Recalls to the State Memebrship, with Legislation, being enabled thereby to the result that the whole membership hold up the schemes of the Trust was bewildered and demoralized, and our organization over head and ears in debt. Nothing was accomplished. lect their issues for them is seen in they will be able to hold up the Delay after delay occurred, while awaiting the result of each new Referendum. The expenses of these Referendums swamped the state treas-

When I was elected on the Local realized that things could not go on "

Of course there was a great howl

Continued n Page Four

PRODUCT LABOR'S

Labor Produces Twenty-Four Billion Dollars Worth of Goods per Year (See U. S. Census Reports for 1900)

\$24,000,000,000

Enough to give every person, man, woman and child, in all our Seventy-five Millions of Population \$300 apiece. Every family of five-father, mother and 3 children-would have \$1,500 a year. into cations

What Labor Gets -- One Quarter

Six Billions Worth - \$6,000,000,000

Twenty Million Productive Laborers (with one or more others, children or aged, dependent on each) average \$300 a year, \$6 a week. Barely enough

This is all the laborers can get because they compete with one another for the chance to work.

The Law of Wages works incessantly to keep their pay close down to the existence line. High prices or low prices make no difference. They get a living-no more, no less.

What Capital Gets -- Three Quarters

Eighteen Billions Worth - \$18,000,000,000

Ten Million Capitalists, who do no productive labor, get this threequarters of Labor's Product for nothing. It is Unpaid Labor, the Surplus over the laborer's necessities of life.

This Surplus of Unpaid Labor, Eighteen Billions a year, is what all the world is fighting over. The Big Capitalists, the Plutocrats, a million or so of them, get the most of it. The Little Capitalists, the Middle Class, eight to ten millions of them, are fighting hard to get more of it for themselves. The "Insurgents" represent the Little Capitalists. The "Standpatters" represent the Big Capitalists.

But the Working Class, who produce all this wealth, have no interest in "Insurgents" or "Standpatters," Republicans or Democrats, or any other Capitalist Class struggles over this mass of Unpaid Labor.

The only interest of the Working Class is to keep the Wealth they create, to perform no Unpaid Labor, to save themselves being robbed of this vast Surplus of Eighteen Billions a year.

This is the one Great Red Fact for the Workingman to learn.

No other issue counts.

The Tariff, high or low, will not prevent Unpaid Labor.

Direct Legislation will not stop Unpaid Labor.

Co-operative Stores will not abolish Unpaid Labor.

Postal Savings Banks will not touch Unpaid Labor.

Conservation will not reach Unpaid Labor.

No Capitalist platform will ever mention Unpaid Labor; for without Unpaid Labor there would be no Capitalist Class.

No one but the Working Class, those whose labor goes unpaid, will ever stop this stupendous robbery.

Workingmen, you millions on millions of workingmen, how long will you go unpaid? Stand up together and take your own. The world waits for your united strength. You can do what you will, if you only recognize your

Old Crow Saloon

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS Sunset M 5435; Ind. 1132

114 PIKE STREET

Under New Management

WORK

"Ye are many. They are few."

ALL THE YEAR 'ROUND

Regal

Are Worn because they Wear the Year 'Round

THEHUB

On the Square

Opposite Totem Pole

LONDON'S STORE-

1107 - 1109 - 1111 SECOND AVENUE, near SPRING Seattle's Real Bargain Center

Merchandise sold always at everlastingly lowest prices Watch the evening papers for daily specials

National Bank of Commerce

sphone or Telegraph Orders Fromptly Attended To Bonney - Watson Company

Funeral Directors

NOTICE :: THE K. & P. MARKET

has changed hands and is now run under the name of THE KENNEDY MARKET. We solicit your trade and guarantee satisfaction. We handle the best in Fresh and Smoked Meats, Butter and Eggs.

NOS. 42 AND 43 PUBLIC MARKET, North End Downstairs.

KODAKS :: PHOTO SUPPLIES

DEVELOPING AND PRINTING FOR AMATEURS

at Wilson's

Books Artists' Materials

Stationery

Goods 104 OCCIDENTAL AV.

WALLIN & NORDSTROM

Well Known Shoe Dealers

New Location Arcade Building, 1327 Second Avenue.

J. H. SHREWSBURY GROCER

Largest Grocery House in North Seattle.

2323 First Avenue.

Phones: Main 1455; Ind X14

Drugs Help Vou Me'll D

Give us your trade, we will treat you right Both Phones, 982 - - Free Delivery

Swift's Pharmacy

Second Avenue and Pike Street - - Seattle, Wash.

Sour-Dough

Agnes Thecla Fair

Now ready for delivery-64 pages, by mail, postpaid

Trustee Printing Co., Box 1908, Seattle, Wash.

City Waffle and Coffee House

165 WASHINGTON STREET

Independent Laundry Company

ONLY UNION LAUNDRY IN CITY

Phones: Queen Anne 409, Independent 7425

Calhoun, Denny & fi.40; week-day issue only, \$2.25; Sunday and week-day issue, \$3.00.
For three months—Sunday issue only, \$1.15; Sunday and week-day issue only, \$1.15; Sunday and week-day issue, \$1.50.
For one month—Sunday issue only, \$1.50, Sunday and week-day issue, \$1.50.

To one month—Sunday issue only, \$1.50, Sunday and week-day issue, \$1.50. Corner Roy Street and Taylor Avenue

Seattle

Phone, Ind. 3239

The Mansfield Buffet

153 Washington Street

SHOES Raymond & Hoyt 1406 Third Avenue

Socialist exchange books of all kinds, take subscriptions for mag-arines and papers at club rates, etc., etc. Raymer's Old Book Store

1522 First Avenue -

28 CLEANERS TAILORS.

Boulevard Cafe





Green Lake Drug Co



The New York Call

THE PROLETARIAN

By Friedrich Engels

"Far more demoralizing than even poverty in its influence upon the workingman, is the insecurity of his position, the necessity of living upon wages from hand to mouth,, that in short which makes a proletarian

"The smaller peasants are usually poor and often suffer want, but they are less at the mercy of accident; they have at least so The proletarian, who has nothing but his two hands, who con sumes today what he earned yesterday, who is subject to every possible chance, and has not the slightest guarantee for being able to earn the barest necessities of life, whom every crisis, every whim of his employer may deprive of bread, this proletarian is placed in the most revolting inhuman position conceivable for a human being.

The slave is assured of a bare livelihood by the self-interest of master, the serf has at least a scrap of land on which to live; each has, at worst, a guarantee for life itself. But the proletarian must depend upon himself alone, and is yet prevented from so applying his

abilities as to be able to rely upon them.

"Everything that the proletarian can do to improve his position is but a drop in the ocean compared with the floods of varying chances to which he is exposed, over which he has not the slightest control. He is the passive subject of all possible combinations of circumstances, and must count himself fortunate when he has saved his life even for a short time; and his character and way of living are naturally shaped

Either he seeks to keep his head above water in this whiripool, to rescue his manhood, and this he can do solely in rebellion against the class which plunders him and then abandons him to his fate, which strives to hold him in this position so demoralizing to a human being; or he gives up the struggle against his fate as hopeless, and strives to profit, so far as he can, by the most favorable moment.

To save is unavailing, for at the utmost he cannot save more than suffices to sustain life for a short time, while if he falls out of work, it is for no brief period. To accumulate lasting property for himself is impossible; and, if it were not, he would only cease to be a workingman, and another would take his place. What better thing can he do,

then, when he gets high wages, than live well upon them?
"The bourgeoisie is violently scandalized at the extravagant living of the workers when the wages are high; yet it is not only very natu ral but very sensible of them to enjoy life when they can, instead of laying up treasures which are of no lasting use to them, and which in the end moth and rust (that is, the bourgeoisie) get possession of."-From "Condition of the Working Class in England in 1844," three years before Engels and Mark together wrote the "Communist Manifesto

The Eclipse of Marx

The modern Christian declares Jesus his master and model, yet in practice of the practice of t tice ignores the ethics of Jesus. The modern Socialist accepts Marx as his onomic Master, but ignores the central teaching of Marx.

That Jesus was an altruist it did not need Tolstol to show. His "Turn the other Cheek," and his "Love your Neighbor," were embodied in his life and pre-eminently in his death. He was a real miracle of sympathy, if historic, and an equally miraculous ideal, if literary only. In either case, those who believe in him profess to follow him. He is their great exemplar.

What a miracle of inconsistency is John D. Rockefeller as a disciple of the meek and lowly Nazarene; or Archbishop Ireland; or the ordinary business man, let alone the soldier or policeman. It actually seems inconceivable, this acceptance of the ideals of morality contained in the Sermon on the Mount and this practice of Jungle morality in the flerce competition of the commercial world. Yet the Christians seem unconscious of the hideous incongruity. Rockefeller continues to "love Jesus" and kill his competitors. Millions go to church every Sunday, and practice "The Devil take the hind-

In a precisely similar way, the professed followers of Karl Marx treat their master's main idea. They praise Marx to the skies as the greatest of all scientific economists, as the only man who has revealed the true secret of Capitalist society. They rejoice at the translation of the last volumes of his masterpiece, "Capital," into English, and hasten to put all his works on their bookshelves. Socialists are just as proud to be Marxians as churchmen are to be Christians.

Now, what is the main idea from end to end of Marx's "Capital"? In single phrase, it is Unpaid Labor. That is his own favorite expres much as Love is the keynote of Jesus. According to Marx, Capital itself is produced and reproduced in continuous cycle from Unpaid Labor. According to Marx, when a man is paid his wages, a surplus product of his labor, over and above his wages, is withheld from him by his employer without any compensation, taken from the wage-worker for nothing. In simplest form, if you are paid Two Dollars for your day's work, your employer retains a surplus for himself out of your day's product equal to another Two Dollars, more or less. This Surplus Product, this Unpaid Labor of the immense number of Proletarians, or Wage-Workers, is the very source and secret of Capitalist accumulation. Here is the real confiscation, the real robbery, compared with which all the so-called graft and thievery and corruption are the merest drops in the bucket. In fact, all these other forms of graft are only subdivisions of this one original graft.

All that seems simple enough. There is nothing mysterious or recondite, profound, philosophical, learned, in that plain proposition, that the surplus a laborer produces above his wages is captured by his employer without the payment of a cent. That is indeed the very proposition which every wage worker will understand most naturally. For it is more and more of his get, and that all Unions fight to obtain. Unconscious of the Great Economic Fact that Marx wrote his masterpiece to elucidate, and which he In truth, there is no better confirmation of the Marxian economic analysis of society, than this agreement of his theory with the actual development of the Proletarian tactics.

Why, then, is not this Prime Economic Fact, which is the pivot of all the scientific achievement of Karl Marx, pushed to the front by his pro-fessed followers? Why, for instance, in the Platform of the Socialist Party of the U.S. in 1904, was there only a single reference to the fact of Unpaid Labor, and this reference dragged in as a subordinate clause, "above its subsistence wage"? And it may be said here, that this clause was only inserted at the instance of the writer of the present editorial. The on whole fundamental Theory of Socialism was entirely and quite unconsciously overlooked by all the rest of the Platform Committee, consisting of such representative Socialists as Debs, Mailly, Herron, Hillquitt and Berger. Precisely as an Ecclesiastical Conference or Synod will pass through a sessions and omit all reference to the Essentialness of Love to the Christian Community, so the Conventions of political Socialists gather and debate and adjourn without once mentioning the foundation principle of Proletarian Emancipation, namely, the Abolition of Unpaid Labor.

We call this the Eclipse of Marx, as we might call the practice of the modern church the Eclipse of Jesus. Of course the reason the church ignores Jesus and his ethics is that the theory of non-resistance can not be practiced in modern society without killing that society; the two are incompatible. The same reason holds for the Socialist Parties, who hide Marx in their own shadow. For, to bring forward the Fact of Unpaid Labor, and to make the battle rage around that Fact of Facts, would be incompatible with the interests of the Middle Class which composes the active majority of

Import- Grocer Adolf Anderson

Phones; Main 9528, Ind. 1634 — Buy your Groceries here Always Reliable — Prompt Delivery

Fifth Avenue and Pine St.

Good Health Assured if You Eat at the VEGETARIAN CAFE 214 UNION ST.

the modern Socialist organizations. Such a battle would necessarily be a Wage Workers' battle; for the Middle Class, including Business Men and Farmers, are not robbed as Producers, but as Consumers. The Wage Class never even gets its hands on its own product, but passes it in the very process of production into the possession of the Capitalist employer. Marx knew all this perfectly, and therefore he had no time to spend on any but the Proletarian Class. All other classes may be disregarded in comparison with Projetarian Class. All other classes may be disregarded in comparison with this Class of Wage Workers, particularly in view of its recent amazing

No political organisation dares to take the Marrian position. Therefore we are saying in another article this week that, until a Wage Workers Party appears, there is nothing for Proletarians to do but to join such Prole-tarian bodies as already exist to fight with them for such temporary advan-tages as are obtainable from the Capitalist Class at present, and more espe-cially to force to the front of the battle-line that tremendous issue, The Abolition of Unpaid Labor, the Total Abolition of Unpaid Labor.

Thus, too, will Karl Marx come into his own and no longer be betrayed.

The Middle Class Rebellion

Aside from the Trusts themselves, the most conspicuous phenomenon in the United States today is the Rebellion of Small Business against Big Busi-

Pinchot versus Ballinger is at bottom Small Business rebelling ainst its exclusion by Big Business from all business. Gifford Pinchot him self said last Christmas: "For whose benefit shall the national resources be conserved, for the benefit of the many or for the use and profit of the few? The great conflict now being faught will decide."

Ballinger and Taft have Big Business behind them. There is no practical doubt Ballinger was selected for his cabinet position by and for the enormou Capital invested in Metal Mines, in order to insure to the Guggenheims and their associates the possession of the Alaskan treasures of copper and coal. Pinchot's contention is that these treasures should be retained by the Government so as to give equal opportunity for their use to the "American People;" that is, to the small investor and prospector. He inveighs against "Excessive Profits from the Control of Natural Resources Monopolized by a Few.'

There are many theorisers who, following Marx slavishly, claim the Middle Class is too timid to put up a fight for itself, that it is disintegrating and nas no future. But the American Middle Class has different traditions and training from the "Petty Bourgeoisle" and small traders referred to by Marx The best representative of this American Middle Class is Theodore Roosevelt, the Strenuous. No one will deny that he is a good fighter. Other words of Gifford Pinchot have the ring of battle in them, as follows: "We have allowed the great corporations to occupy with their own men the strategic points in business, in social and in political life." "The only thing to do with them is to fight them and to beat them." That does not sound like timidity and in-

The "Insurgents" among the Republicans, like La Folistte and Cummin the Senate and Norris and Poindexter in the House, with their Small Business backing of Farmers and Merchants in the West, are only another mani testation of this Middle Class Rebellion

The Bryan Democrats are another branch, though less capable and mor

Ine vast growth and success of the cheaper Magazines in the last five years is directly due to the fact that they voice the popular discontent with the unparalleled development of the monopolistic trusts. "Everybody's jumped to a half-million circulation on the strength of Tom Lawson's flerce attacks on "Standard Oil." The swarm of "Muck-Rakers," like Charles Edward Russell, Judge Lindsey and Stannard Baker, are paid for and inspired by the militant hosts of these Middle Class Rebels.

What will be the result? Is it possible for the Rebellion to become a Revolution? Will this American Middle Class, consisting of millions of men who have hitherto been successful in business; men selected and hardened for conflict by their two centuries of experience as Pioneers; will they win this battle against the comparatively small Army of Monopoly, Special Privilege, Incorporated Wealth?

Those who glibly say they have no chance, because the Laws of Combina tion will defeat them inevitably, may have miscalculated social forces. For the next step in the evolution of American society may be Government Ownership in the interest of the Middle Class. "Conservation" means, as Pincho says, that "our natural resources must be conserved for the benefit of the many." The Government, by this plan, shall retain its ownership of the coal fields of Alaska and of the power sites on streams, so as to forestall private ownership and monopoly and to insure "Equal Opportunity."

Suppose Roosevelt, on his return, with his immense popularity and genius for forceful leadership, shall openly defy "Cannonism" and "Aldrichism" and Taftism, there is no doubt he can be re-elected as the Napoleon of the Middle Class Rebellion. He will have behind him a Congress overwhelmingly Middle Class and Anti-Monopoly. What is to prevent comprehensive legislation in the direction of Middle Class Socialism? Gifford Pinchot is now on his way across the Atlantic to be the first to consult with the returning Roosevelt on

Bear in mind again what Pinchot said in that remarkable interview of his last December: "The Conservation issue is a great moral issue. When a few men get possession of one of the necessaries of life, either through ownership of a natural resource or through unfair business methods, and use that centrol to extort undue profits, as in the recent cases of the Sugar Trust and Beef Packers, they injure the average man without good reason, and they are guilty of a moral wrong." Such a call, addressed to the expropriated masses of the Middle Class

appealing to their interests and conscience alike, is certain to be received with militant fervor. What right, it will be demanded, have the Morgans, the Rockefellers, the Guggenheims, the Armours, to segregate the vast wealth produced by this Industrial Age and to use it to debauch municipal councils, product, higher wages and less hours of labor, that every worker is con- state legislatures and courts, and even national officials, creating a Reign of

To this national question, put in the name of "The Common People," and spent his life to get the Working Class to understand, the Working Class of "The Right to Life, Liberty and the Pursuit of Happiness," may arise an itself has organized its industrial armies to attack this Citadel of Capital. instantaneous and overwhelming Middle Class vote in favor of the Restraint of Monopoly by means of Government Ownership of the Monopolistic Trusts including the Reliroads, the Alaskan and other Coal Mines, the Oil Trust, the Meat Trust, the Sugar Trust, the Copper Syndicate, and all other "Bad"

This will be "Bourgeois Socialism," the kind that has for its battle cry, "Let the Nation Own the Trusts," the kind of Socialism that Bryan was charged with in the last Campaign, the kind of Socialism that is growing popular, the kind of Socialism that Victor Berger and Samuel Gompers represent, and that the Socialist Parties of both Europe and America are coming

Undoubtedly, such a Socialism is reactionary both in itself and as com pared with the uninterrupted development of Monopoly.

It aims to preserve the present system of Capital and Wage Labo There is no suggestion in the program of Roosevelt or Bryan or Hearst or e any other of these "Radical" spokesmen of "The Common People," that the appropriation of profit from the employment of wage workers shall cease that the competitive wage system shall be abolished or that there shall no longer be a Proletariat.

Rather, their ideal is a Middle Class, capitalistic, free-for-all Paradise like the present, only the tyranny of Monopoly and of the Industrial Giants shall be prevented by Public Ownership of those which have already attained uncontrollable dimensions.

We call this reactionary, because it practically preserves the Status Que of Wage Exploitation and puts off to some distant future the Emancipation o the Wage Class from its compulsory service to the Capitalist Class. A large competitive Middle Class, based on Capitalist Profit as at present, might naintain itself indefinitely in power, because fortified by the enormous incom to be derived from the National Industries taken over from the Trusts, thus relieving the Government from all necessity of dependence on Taxation and egislative Budgets; a condition which now exists in a modified form in Rus sia, Prussia, Japan and in all countres where Public Ownership already finds a partial exemplification. Tear Nicholas and Kaiser William are both enabled to sustain their oligarchies, in spite of popular dissatisfaction, because of the oney obtained by their governments from the administration of the State wned Railways, Telegraphs and other "Natural Monopolies."

On the other hand, if the Trusts are allowed to proceed to their "natural On the other hand, if the Trusts are allowed to proceed to their natural conclusion, then the organisation of industry into larger and larger units, completely eliminating the "Little Fellow" by precipitating him into the Proletariat, will go on space, with accelerating speed. At the present rate, how long will it take for the Harriman and cill systems of Railways to effect a combination which will be able to crush and absorb all the other Railroads in the United States? Attorney F. B. Kellogg, arguing for the Government

before the U. S. Supreme Court, stated recently: "The Standard Oil Co., if permitted to go on undissolved, will own the business of the Nation in five

It may be that even now their economic power is so great that no possible union of Middle Class elements in society can be effected strong enough to withstand the purchasing and disintegrating influences of wholesale bribery. The well known alliance of Big Capital and the Slum in our cities, like New York and San Francisco, point in this direction.

If such an economic supremacy of Great Capital has already been achieved, and hence, if the Middle Class Rebellion shall prove abortive, then Aldrich and Cannon and Taft and Ballinger, and all the rest of the tools of Great Capital in the State, are indeed the servants of Progress, unconsciously hastening the industrial organization of American society under the lead of the Captains of

To be sure, such a progress is won at the expense of personal liberty and the extension of wage slavery, and the utter extinction of the entire class of splendid fighters who have built America out of the wilderness.

Yet it is better that one Middle Class generation should perish than that ten generations of Proletarians should live and die in slavery.

When the Trusts have developed into The Trust, when all productive industry in the United States has been unified under one management, and the Government is nothing but the repressive power of this centralized, syndicated Oligarchy of Wealth, then the "Common People" and the exploited Proletarial will be identical and have identical interests, and consequently will form a vast and irresistible Revolutionary Class.

The sooner this centralization of economic and political power is account plished, the better the prospect for such an exploited class being competent for united and revolutionary action: for the present American Middle Class or their children will make poor slaves and rebellious subjects.

Consequently, we regard it as desirable and progressive that the Preser Middle Class Rebellion should not succeed, that Bourgeois Socialism should be exposed for what it is, an attempt to help the Class of Little Business to 318 Union St. - - Seattle perpetuate itself and to postpone indefinitely the day of Wage Labor's Emand

The key to the immediate situation lies with the American Working

The Middle Class Rebellion depends for its success on the co-operation o the Wage Class.

.The victory of Big Business and the abolition of Little Business also deends upon the action of the Proletarians.

It is announced that Gompers is contemplating the formation of a political party to be composed of the Unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, in combination with certain Farmers' organizatons, alleged to numper some three million voters. If this be true and such a party is formed, it will be in direct line with the Middle Class Rebellion outlined in this article For these Farmers' Unions are not organizations of the Farm Laborers, but of the Small Farm owners. Their program goes no further than Public Ownership of Public Utilities, combined with the Utopian demand for the Initiative and Referendum, as if this method of voting were not more susceptible to control by Big Capital than the present representative system.

The reactionary character of a Gompers political party, composed of Proetarian Labor and Agrarian Small Capital, is sufficiently obvious. It would easily form a basis for the Middle Class Rebels to build their political rebellion on. If the American Working Class is so little enlightened as to its own interests and so lacking initiative as to follow such alien proposals, then indeed the Middle Class may succeed in saving itself and in prolonging Wage Slavery It were far better to have the combination existing in San Francisco made national in scope, namely, that Labor should unite with Big Capital and the Slum to win political power; in which case, the Middle Class will go to the wall, the Trusts will complete their efficient organization of society and the Wage Class will be consolidated into a mighty, revolutionary and irresistible

And there you are. It is up to the Proletariat.

If it follows the reactionary lead of Gompers and unites its forces with the Middle Class Rebels, it may delay for many years the abolition of Class Rule in society and its own elevation to equal participation in the benefits of human invention.

But if it works with Big Capital to destroy the Middle Class, root and branch, with the greatest possible celerity; or if, better still, the Proletariat shall act together as one man, both industrially and politically, for its own class interests exclusively, then it will display an historic initiative and militant hegemony, which will make for the most rapid evolution out of society burdened with Class Antagonism into that association, sure to come some time, "in which the free development of each is the condition for the free development of all."

Get Another Workingman Subscribe

Union Bakery and Restaurant

Good Things to Eat 217 Pike Street

Clean Baths 9 Chairs

Antlers Barber Shop

James G. Hazlett, Prop.

MAKER . GRANT-Dental Special ists. They do the High Class work that you have been looking for at a price that is reasonable. Office in Pantages Theatre Bidg., Second Avenue and Seneca Street.

A. F. Schacht L. Sannwald Phone, Ind. 1975

Commercial Bar

Leading Brands of

WHISKIES, WINES AND CIGARS 301 FIRST AVENUE SOUTH Cor. First Avenue and Main St.

FREE SIXTY SOCIALIST

By Deba, London, Marz, Lafargue, Herron, Spara and other socialist writers. No two alike, Expanse ach. We will mail the full set in a strong paper be free to anyone sending \$1.00 for a new yearly suscription to the International Socialist Review the only illustrated magazine that is of, for and be the control of the con

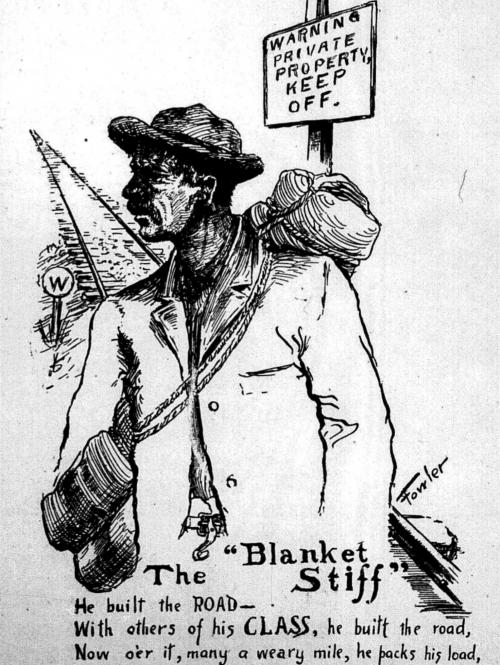
LOU M. PALMER, DAVE BLAKE

The Colonnade

Headquarters for Alaskans. Tele-hones: Main 560, Ind. 560. All outside rooms. Fine marine view. Cen traily located. Strictly modern. FIRST AVE & PINE ST.

Dr. Titus, on account of impaired health, has removed his office to a quieter location, 602 Bellevue Ave. North, corner of Mercer St., where he will be glad to meet his patients. He will confine himself mainly to consultation and office practice, giv-ing special attention to Diseases of Women. Hours, 1 to 6 p. m. daily. Take Bellevue-Summit car on Secat Mercer street, and walk one block down hill; 10 minutes ride from Pike street and Second ave. Phone, Ind. A2187.

Advice given by mail.



Chasing a JOB, spurred on by HUNGERS good

He walks and walks, and wonders why

In H-L, he built the road.

THE WORKINGMAN'S PAPER is very like the anarchist's horror of "The State;" they would not touch

Application for entry as second-class matter made at the postoffice at Seattle, Wesh., August 27, 1910.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

United States and Mexico.-One year, \$1.00; six months, 50c; three months, 25c; single copies, 5c.

To Canada and Foreign Countries.—One year, \$1.50; six months, 75c. Weekly Bundles -- 5 for three months for \$1.00; for six months, \$2.00;

Special Bundles.-2 cents each in any quantity.

All remittances should be made payable to TRUSTEE PRINTING COM PANY.

All business communications should be addressed to TRUSTEE PRINT ING COMPANY, Box 1908, Seattle, Wash.

Communications intended for the Editor should be addressed to the Editor Communications intended for publication should be mailed in time to reach

HERMON F. TITUS	Editor
ERWIN B. AULT	
ARTHUR JENSEN	
BESSY FISET	Assistant Editor
HATTIE W. TITUS	Business Manager

Contributors. RYAN WALKER, New York Cartoonist

A. B. CALLAHANJuneau, Alaska

Economic Power of the Middle Class

Continued from Page One

control of its own Labor Force, without which no wealth can be produced They urge the argument that a United Proletariat, withholding its Labor Power from the Capitalist Class, would be able to paralyze that class. They could starve out the world by such "Direct Action."

But they would also starve out themselves meanwhile. The Capitalists, few in number, would be in possession of all the storehouses filled with provisions and could stand a long seige, while the workers would be without anything and millions of them. To this, the Direct Actionists reply: We will take and hold the Instruments of Production, the land, the factories, the railroads, where we are daily employed; we will continue to produce wealth, only now for ourselves, no longer for the Capitalists. We will then have instituted the Cooperative Commonwealth. The Capitalists, who thought to starve us out, will be obliged to come to us at last and solicit us for a chance to live.

That sounds goods. But what would the Capitalists be doing while you are taking and holding? There are millions of them and they will fight for thier property. Don't imagine that Teddy Roosevelt and General Wood and Admiral Dewey and Post and Heney and Hill and Gaynor and La Follette and the rest of their kind, are going to lie down and die like trapped rabbits. They are not made that way.

And they have the guns never forget that. They have the guns. And modern guns are terribly deadly things. One man can hold up a thousand with one of these modern instruments of warfare. A hundred thousand men with Machine Guns can dislodge a million workmen, helpless, defenceless, at their industrial machines, in their factories which they are taking and

The Economic Power of simple, unassisted, unarmed Labor Force, even if it could be united in a far greater degree than would ever be practicable, would be as unavailing against that vast development of power, called the Government, as hand labor has proved unavailing in its conflict with machine labor. The mere possession of Labor Power is obviously not the possession of Economic Power. It cannot produce the necessaries of life while excluded from the Means of Production.

But is it true, on the other hand, that the possession of mere wealth, including the Means of Production, is the sure possession of Economic Power Suppose Morgan held the entire wealth of America. Could he starve out all the rest of us? Ownership must be accompanied with power to maintain ownership. Could one man maintain possession against all the rest of mankind and compel them to starve because he would not admit them to the sources of life? If, then, one man would fall through weakness, how many men would be essential, with all the power of Government and Guns, to dispossess the rest of men and hold them dispossessed?

Could, for instance, the Trust Class, with its present numerical strength of, say, 250,000, forbid all the rest of the nation to touch the Means of Production which belong to that Class? They have the Economic Power, as defined above, but have they the physical power? Can 250,000 subdue 30, 000,000? Can such a handful, even with the Gun Government, coerce a hundred times their number and starve them into submission?

Granting that a whole nation could hardly be held up by a mere fraction of its number, like the Trust Class in America, how about such a large proportion as the Middle Class of some Ten Millions? Could they hold up the rest and compel them to deliver the goods?

That is the intensely practical question which faces the American nation Theodore Roosevelt is engaged in no child's play. He is in dead earnest to dethrone the "Predatory Interests," the Trusts, from their domination of the State. The Middle Class Rebellion has found a leader, as I judge from the style of it that Dr. predicted in our editorial of April 10th, reprinted on our inside pages. He openly proposes Government Control of the Trusts, which can have no practical realization short of Government Ownership, as he plainly hints. This means the Railroads first, and then the Electric Trust and the Oil
Trust and the Meat Trust and the Steel Trust, would be bought with Gov.

Trust and the Meat Trust and the Steel Trust, would be bought with Gov.

Trust and the Meat Trust and the Steel Trust, would be bought with Gov.

Trust and the Meat Trust and the Steel Trust, would be bought with Gov.

Trust and the Meat Trust and the Steel Trust, would be bought with Gov. ernment bonds and hereafter conducted by the Government in such manner as to allow the small Business Man and the Farmer to live untroubled by high prices, high rates and high taxes; while the Wage Man would continue ork for wages as at present, provide a Surplus as at present and pay the interest on the bonds held by the Rockefellers, the Morgans and the

Can the Middle Class accomplish this program? Have they sufficient power, sufficient Economic Power, if you like?

The real question is, Can this Middle Class of Ten Millions, with its wealth of Twenty-four Billions, defeat the Trust Class of Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand with its wealth of Sixty-seven Billions, including most of the Means of Production?

(The Wage Class is not yet politically organized, and therefore is negligible quantity in formulating a reply to this question. For a while, at any rate, it will divide its votes between the Trust Class Party, promising Prosperity and good wages, and the Middle Class, promising steady on Government Jobs. Gradually, we hope and believe, the Proletariat will perceive that neither Big Business nor Small Business, Trust Class nor Middle Class, has any intention to abolish wages and unpaid labor and the consequent poverty of the Proletarian, and will proceed to fight its own battle for its own emancipation.)

But let us essay a reply to the main question as to the ability of the Middle Class, under Roosevelt's leadership, to force the Corporations out of the control of the Government.

And here we come to Foster's second difficulty, the Ballot. For it is by means of the Ballot, that the Middle Class Rebellion expects to succeed in displacing the Trust. A number of Wage Workers, including quite a section of the I. W. W., agree with Foster, when he says, "The Ballot is on th Bum," meaning that nothing can be accomplished by means of the Ballot, which is regarded by them as a Capitalis: institution and a snare and a writers and speakers to almost com-

Their contention is, that Economic Power is the only thing that counts So, if the Middle Class wins at the Ballot Box, it will be defeated in the slur at its weakness and backward- of the Middle Class means the de stature itself and on the Judge's Bench and in the Executive's Chair, to the universal prevalence of Graft as proof. They would not trust their class society, with two economically own representatives, if elected, to prove inaccessible to the temptations of inferior classes—Working Class and intrigue and bribery. In a word, they abjure Politics as a Device of the Middle Class-desperately resisting ideals, without which the labor move

It is a fad among these workers to greet the mention of political action meric Laughter and to consign the victim of political notions for the Working Class to the limbo of the totally ignorant and depraved. Even dle Class we consider that it is allowner of a lucrative business he is has combined, the trusts have arisen, gons who are exempt from the first every advantage and us every disadto discuss the matter, as we are doing now, will seem to these men as little ready eliminated as an important facabsolutely unfit to be organized; but and the owners, though few in numlaw of nature, the Working Class is vantage—the very opposite of democwhen that hope is removed and he bers are able to easily thwart the also to be lined up and such a countracy.

But nothing, not even the Law of Gravitation, is beyond discuss ould the intolerance of its adherents lead us to refuse to consider any

posal which concerns the Workingclass. Let us see. The Middle Class proposes to down the Trust Class by ans of the Ballot, notwithstanding the alleged superior Economic Power of the Trusts. Are they foredoomed to failure?

Let us say at the outset that all this chesp ridicule of the Ballot as "a piece of white paper" cannot pass with the thoughtful. You might as well ridicule all voting, as the anarchists do—in theory; that is, Never try in any nanner to ascertain the will of the majority.

It is just as stupid to take a vote in an assembly by show of hands, or

by ayes and noes, as it is to do it by means of the ballot The "Piece of Paper" is nothing in itself, but as indicating the will and opinion of a man or woman, a unit in a given society, whose decision is to this possibility that one would be led use the modern capitalist class has with real Working Class weapons that be ascertained, it is a very potent fact.

It is no modern invention. It is as old as the ancient Commune. existed long before Capitalism, Feudalism or Slavery was known on the earth. You might as well decry the wearing of Cotton Clothes as a device of Capital, or the use of Petroleum or the Steamboat or the study of Chemis Because Capitalists employ Robert's Rules of Order does not prove that they are not good rules for any assembly.

A fact is a fact, and the Ballot is a very prominent fact in the modern economy. By means of the Ballot this week, the Trust Senator Burrows of Michigan has been retired from the U. S. Senate, and La Follette has been re-nominated in Wisconsin. "Insurgent" victories are recorded all over the country—by means of the Ballot.

Why this tremendous struggle between the Standpatters and Insurgent now going on in every state, if the Ballot is not a powerful factor in deciding events? It seems absurd to have to prove so obvious an assertion as that the Ballot is a tremendous fact.

The Ballot certainly changes the Government. By means of it the Middle Class can achieve power. It is altogether likely they will win the elections this fall.

But will Government make up for lack of Economic Power? Will not the superior wealth of the Trust Class enable them to defeat the Government in the hands of the Middle Class? Just as the Capitalist Class might defeat the Wage Class, even after its victory at the polls?

We admit we cannot understand how it will be possible for a quarter of a million people, though they may be in possession of 67 Billion Dollars of Property, to prevent ten million people who have won the powers of Government, from passing and enforcing any legislation they please. The only way we can see for the Trust Class to maintain itself under those condiwould be to fight, to engage in actual war in defence of their property. In which event, they would stand no show against the Ten Million who were in possession of the mighty machine of repression known as the

For the Government, the State, the thing which is changed by means of the Ballot at Elections, is an almost superhuman engine of power. For generations it has been trained in the exercise of power. It is a vast social machine for applying coercion. It is itself an Economic Power, a physical power which, in the hands of a large minority, like the ten million of the Middle Class, might be able to coerce and conquer the twenty million Proletarians. By means of the Ballot, the Middle Class can capture this Economi-Power, the Instrument of Physical Control, the Means of Producing Death, the historically developed Machine of Government, and thereby prolong its own existence as a Capitalist Class. Then it will be far more likely to defer the Emancipation of the Wage Class indefinitely than the numerically and physically weak Trust Class.

Therefore we regard the Middle Class Rebellion as a thing to be com batted unremittingly by the Wage Class. We can see no possible way in which the Proletarian can be benefitted by the victory of Roosevelt and Pinchot. It is better that Taft and Hill and Morgan and Guggenheim should carry on their Trust Organization to the limit, wiping out the Middle Class completely. Meanwhile, the Wage Class is just as well off, certainly, during the progress of the Battle between Big Capital and Little Capital, under the management of Big Capital as it would be under Little Capital.

Any kind of Capital is the Foe of Labor. Any kind of Capital, big or little, is the robber of Wage Labor. It is the very nature of Capital to live off the Surplus of Labor's product over its subsistence wage. Abolish that Surplus abolish the Law of Wages, and you abolish Capital. Nothing short of that will emancipate Wage Labor. And we have no consideration what oever for any other class in society but the Wage Class. Their battle is the Battle for Freedom, for Democracy, for Progress, for a New Race. Prole tarianism is the only Nationalism worth fighting for.

W. Z. Foster's Letter

On Board North German-Lloyd Steam- er. All political activity we attribute er Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, bound to the Capitalist Class; the violen for Cherbourg, France.

Aug. 6, 1910.

Mr. E. B. Ault. Dear Friend and Fellow Worker:-For the past few months I have been ing-the Working Class. Roosevelt. knocking around so much that I have Taft, Aldrich, Cannon, Pinchot, etc., had very little time for reading, and are just so many capitalist politicians many of the articles in my old friend, A favorite expression is, "There are is one kind of power recognized in the notice. In New York, however, I was handed a late issue and during a few spare moments I read the article entitled "The Middle Class Rebellion." Titus is the author.

. . . The American political situation believe "The Middle Class Rebellion" is by far the best, and, barring a few conclusions as to the part to be played by the workers and the possible outcome of the fight I agree with it. In it the leading political figures of the as their own. day, such as Roosevelt, Taft, Ballinger, Pinchot, etc., are properly pigeon holed in the economic classer they represent, and the class nature of the struggle now going on is clearly exposed.

The current explanations that the muck raking graft exposures, etc. now filling our popular magazines, are due to a moral wave that is ly responds, naturally supposing it is sweeping over the country, or to the re-awakening of the "inherant" sense which has hibernated for the past two decades, are absurb, and unworthy of the serious consideration of any ty for all." As proof that this aid is student of sociology. As, Dr. Ttius says these phenomena are the result of "the revolt of Little Business against Big Business.'

In the I. W. W. it is customary for pletely ignore the Middle Class. Any ce made to it is usually as a ness. No attempt is made to point out that present society is a three the inroads of the Master or Capi-talist Class. With a sublime contempt for the great, reactionary, Mid-

political quarrels, of late agitating the country, are but so many subterfuges and schemes to divide and bewilder the only other class worth mention robbed."

proper for mastery. This warfare, of these efforts that I have seen I American labor movement, in that the Middle Class, although possessing no italists who loan the necessary funds. interests in common with the Working Class, represents all the historic ideals the raw and undeveloped Work ing Class have been bred to consider

> The American ideal has been to evolve to affluence through the medium of the Middle Class by first becoming a small farmer, storekeeper or manufacturer, etc. Now, when the Middle Class, figuratively the second rung on the ladder to success, finds itself being strangled by the Capitalist Class it makes a desperate appeal for aid to the Working Class, which readiinterested in the "square deal," "anti-"conservation," etc., policies rebate." sent the last remnant of the histor American slogan of "Equal opportuni being extended to the Middle Class the late victories of the insurgents may be cited, to say nothing of the hopelessly Middle Class character of the so-called "Socialist" party.

> the better it will be for the Working Class, as the economic subjugation -with which the Working Class is now obsessed, and the development of the new Working Class Collectivist ment is almost useless. So long as a worker believes that by "saving up"

on only by acting in cor with his fellow workers, then the days on. Nor of Capitalism are numbered.

> Dr. Titus points out the hastiness of considering as a cancelled econo mic factor such a good fighting class as the American Middle Class has proved itself to be, and suggests the of the fire eating Roosevelt and efinitely postpone" the overthrow of capitalism government ownership of railroads telegraphs, coal mines, express companies and other monopolies that par icularly harass the Middle Class.

Does modern American history jus tify any such faith in the power of check the concentration of capital? Does it not, on the other hand, clearly prove that the Middle Class is doom of industry are obsolete, and that it is incapable of developing any new intellectual following and its p sion of the historic American idealsan invaluable asset to a ruling classit is about to be obliterated?

This "Middle Class Rebellion,"-the endered acute by the Pinchot-Ballinger controversy and the rebuke dministered to Cannon recently—has been going on with increasing vigor for the past ten years. We have seen the trusts increase their power continually in spite of all opposition until today they are almost all powerful. It is folly to say the Middle Class hasn't disputed this advance; but it has always been defeated. Several times running victories have been won but only for a time, the Capitalist Class has always emerged the victor.

The Northern Securities case is simple expedient of keeping three sets Oil Co. \$29,000,000 fine was another great victory for the Common People At the time of the imposition of the fine any newsboy could have told us any sane person who believes the rebate and graft prosecutions have decreased the practices? The railroad officials and legislators have simply become more expert in cover ing up their trails.

Once in a while a trust gets so bad" that the "people" decide to buy it-for instance the Chicago City Railrefuse to sell. Instead of selling public utilities to the state or municithe municipalities now own. The sion at the previous election that it ing of noses, or voting. should not be sold. Even the public ownership of the post office is now

The cause for the uniform lack of success on the part of the Middle Class through its government is clearly because it is lacking in economic power, the it has time and again demonstrated the fact that it has an abundance of the obsolete "political power." There "The Socialist," have escaped my but two 'nations"—the robber and the world today, and that is the ability to control industry. This is an economic power. This power is shared by This position is manifestly wrong, the capitalists and the workers aland misleading, as the Middle Class most entirely, the former thru their is yet to be reckoned with, and all capital, the latter thru the monopoly of indications point to a great struggle their labor power. In these later days between it and the Capitalist Class armaments are more and more dependent upon capital owing to the increased pending upon the goodwill of the cap-

> The Middle Class although posses sing a vast amount of wealth is unable to use it effectively owing to its being divided among so many individuals. As for controlling industry by its labor power, such a thing is absurd, as they are not in a position to

It can't command the armed forces of the nation, as that too has paid homage to the all conquering capital. The Middle Class thus stands stripped of all economic power.

Until quite recently the small capi talists, or Middle Class, controlled in dustry through their "democratic" govof justice of the American people of the Middle Class, as they repre- with them. Being economic equals ment of the majority by an election, and then to coerce the minority into obedience. No small set of the capitalists at that time could pit their capital, or economic strength against the rest, and as a consequence, the wish of the majority was law, and no mercy was shown the violator.

> Not being exposed to so many rupting influences the courts and legislatures could be depended upon to pointed them and the will of the ma be found in the halls of Congress.

understands that he can better his wishes of the small capitalists by a ing of noses made as never occurred ital is in such shape that they can make it count in a fight-witness how easily they suppress Trade Unions that were the terror of the small cap-

italists. No longer do they oboy the wishes of the majority. As Lawson says, "They buy legislators like fish in the marpossibility that under the leadership ket." They have corrupted the courts, will never take any very serious part the very soul of Middle Class govern-Pinchot, it may severely check the ment, until they are a byword even to growth of the monopolies, and "in the Middle Class. The government effective ballot-in this Middle Class has become a joke and is composed So strong does he word of a lot of nobodies. The only real they will ever fight another's battles to believe that he expects events to for it is to use it to exploit the "comtake such a course. This would mean mon people" of their rapidly dwindling possessions, such as franchises, water power, coal lands, etc.

italist Class needs no vast executive committee or "government" such asthe Middle Class, to, in any way, even the Middle Class does, but transacts its business privately, behind closed higher price. doors. If the Beef Trust wishes to arrange for railroad rates, a meeting ed, that its old means for the control in Morgan's private office settles the capital, and if this could be done, matter- satisfactorily. Why allow a lot of Kansas farmers to interfere ones, that in spite of its vast numeri- thru their busybody "government?" cal strength and seeming virility, its It is a very significant fact that when a kick is made about unfair rates it is always by the Middle Class and to its government. The Trusts settle their disputes privately, except in going to experiment with the ballot rare cases, when they make open economic war upon each other. treat the laws of the Middle Class government with contempt whenever it suits their convenience.

> The Baseball syndicate is in exist ence in flagrant violation of many of the most fundamental laws upon the statute books.

This syndicate has absolutely banished business competition from baseball and each club is "in its narrow cell forever laid." It forces contract labor upon its employees and woe unto the ball player who is hardy enough to violate his contract. He is openly good example. Here was a trust that blacklisted by every club in the coun-

three men who try owners, managers, of books instead of one. The Standard and players alike, dealing out severe punishments when they deem it neces-The magnates argue expedsary. iency, they rightly argue that shopkeepers should not be allowed to inthat it would never be paid. Is there terfere with baseball. The only power at hand. they will ever recognize will be the organized labor power of the ball players, or a rival aggregation of capital. Many similar instances can be given of this evidence of each industry transacting its business regardless as easily ignored as the majority vote of the howls of the smaller fry.

The modern Capitalist Class absolutely refuses to obey any "law" detri-owing to inability to develop effective ways—but somehow the capitalists mental to its interest that is not enforced by economic power. The so-called labor laws, such as "8 hour palities the tendency is to buy up laws," "child labor laws," etc., are what few gas works, water-works, etc., treated the same as are the "pure and laws," "child labor laws," etc., are get next to the ballot—its on the bum treated the same as are the "pure and entirely. I don't propose to know a Phila Gas Works was sold to the U. it realizes they have nothing behind simple" Middle Class measures, as G. I. Co. in spite of the express deci- them but the old Middle Class count-

. . .

There are many ways of side-tracking the wishes of the "common people," but they are all based on capital. Courts and legislatures have always proved purchasable and investigating committees are easily disposed of. Even in the sacred rnaks of the ultra holy insurgents the power of capital is evident. Garfield several years ago, reported that the Beef Trus,t one of the "very bad" ones paid but 2 per cent interest on the money invested and the Roosevelt-Morton rebate scandal stunk to the high heavens.

"majority" made law, tho a pro- that those two years were the brightnounced characteristic of the revolu- est in the history of the Socialist Parliar to it alone. The revolutionary Working Class also ignores obnoxious "majority" made laws wherever ciple of Direct Legislation in force, conspiracy laws until now they have the means and ability to do things the "legal" right to organize. Need on the outside? They could paralyze less to say this "legal" right is worth our every effort by starting Referennothing if the Capitalist Class has the dums to recall our members. By infthe labor unions of Europe are in Mandates, they could, with their conflagrant violation of the "law." Even trol of the Press and Pulpit, keep our own Spokane fight may serve to the voters bewildered and demoralthat was successfully carried on in And you may depend upon it they open violation of "law."

ernment, which came into existence ary classes have thrown aside the old have papers and churches in most and very numerous their method of a lack of organization, the Working you may depend they would use them procedure was to ascertain the senti- Class hasn't repudiated it to the ex. in every possible way. tent that the Capitalist Class has-and settle their quarrels between themselves and the reactionary class, the Middle Class, buffeted from pillar to post, and gradually being squeezed to they are to us. death between the upper and the nether millstone, can only defend itself with its old obsolete weapon-Government, which its real enemy, the Capitalist Class ignores,

The Middle Class can't understand this phenomenum of a few men handling its government and proposes changers by electing "good" and "hon es have changed; capital cure as many of these virtuous para

Herein lies the chief fault of Dr. Titus' article. He seems to think such reactionary program can be effective in checking economic development.

The key to the situation does not lie with the workers. It is not a working class fight and the workers in it. They will probably use the Middle Class weapon-the weak and infight but it is extremely unlikely that are revolutionary such as the strike sabotage, etc. Far from being an important factor they will be but an imposing array of dead timber and the Capitalist Class will ignore even the Being few in numbers this new Cap- greatly increased number of opposing noses and buy up the legislators and judges of this unholy alliance the same as before, the perhaps at a slightly

> The only hope the Middle Class has is to defeat the Capitalist Class with dmply the personel of the Capitalist Class would be changed and there would be a still greater concentration of capital.

The danger of this fight to the workers is that they are certainly to the neglect of their revolutionary economic organizations. These latter however, can never die, the their immediate development may be seriously interfered with, because while the workers are flirting with the seductive and barren ballot, they will be forced to retain some sort of bread and butter organization, or accept a greatly lowered standard of living.

When the ineffectiveness of the ballot has finally been demonstrated so clearly that even the workers can see it, then they will repudiate it entirely, and adopt Working Class tactics, even as the tendency seems to be in the vanguard of the labor movewas legally busted and yet today the try.

This syndicate has a high court of weakened Middle Class and the opening of the real "direct action" fight between the Capitalist Class and the Working Class. For the first time in capitalist history the issue will be clear and then the Revolution will be

Thus it will be seen that the Middle Class can look for no real aid from the Working Class. Tho the latter will undoubtedly vote as the former directs, the combined vote will be just of today. The Working Class will have its direct action tactics to turn to after learning this lesson, but the Middle Class must go down and out weapons of offense and defense.

Harry, I think you fellows should great deal about direct action but at present writing. I am on my way to a country where I should learn a little namely, France.

But I have made this letter so long that I have left no room for news. I'll write you occasionally, however, and give you what little news there is when I get settled.

Yours for the Working Class, Per the I. W. W., WM. "Z." FOSTER

Direct Legislation

Continued from Page One

from the faction hostile to my faction, but the Quorum, during the two years I was its Chairman, adhered This disregard and contempt for to those instructions, with the result

Would Paralyze Us.

Can not you see that with the prinit has the power to do so. The when we get control of the city govworkers have organized in restraint ernment, we will have a strongly orof trade in spite of Middle Class ganized master-class minority, having economic power to forbid it. Many of tiating constant Referendums and "adorn a moral or point a tale" as ized by all manner of statements. would do it, too.

The same would be true, even to In the three cornered fight now go a far greater extent, if we got coning on in society, the two revolution- trol of the county or state. For they Middle Class government-owing to every community in the state. And

Power the One Thing.

The value of the legislative bodies lies in their power to do things. The more power they have, the more value

Why take away from the legislative bodies the only thing that makes them useful to Labor?

No, we want to preserve their power, so when we get control of them, we can use them to do our bidding What we do want, is to constitute

our own organization so democraticaljority was respected. Then was the to cleanse the temple of the money ly that the membership will have perfect control over its representatives. the brilliant men of the period could est" men into office, who will make Let the Capitalist Class do the same. their good "ship of state" answer the But to have democracy, social democracy, between the two opposing interests and classes, would