

The Socialist

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The Workingman's Paper -- To Organize the Slaves of Capital to Vote Their Own Emancipation

No. 300--Sixth Year

This is where the Union Label would be if there was a Union in Caldwell

Caldwell, Idaho, Saturday, July 21, 1906

Price Two Cents

CALL TO BATTLE

Ringling Resolutions of the Socialist Party of Idaho

The Socialist party is the political organization of the working class, pledged to all its struggles and working ceaselessly for its emancipation. It declares itself against the brutality of capitalistic rule and suppression of popular rights and liberties which attends it, and calls upon the workers of the country to unite with it in the struggle for the overthrow of capitalist domination and the establishment of economic equality and freedom.

Time after time the workers have been imprisoned and otherwise maltreated for no other reason than that they were struggling for some measure of that comfort and decency of existence to which as the producers of wealth they are entitled.

The Master class has, in various states and cities, organized Citizens' Alliances, Manufacturers' associations, and the like, which, in order to disrupt and crush out the economic organizations of the workers, have assailed all fundamental principles and most cherished institutions of personal and collective freedom. The startling revelations and disclosures made during the past three years in financial circles, show the utter unreliability of the Capitalist class and that they will not hesitate to consummate the most heinous crimes when they conceive such to be to their interests.

Whereas, the great fight between capital and labor as illustrated by the Moyer-Haywood-Pettibone case is today centered in the state of Idaho, where capitalistic rule, through the Republican party, has defied the United States constitution and the laws of the state in the arrest of these comrades and in pronouncing them guilty before trial; and

Whereas, the governor of this state has again and again declared Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone guilty of the murder of Governor Steunenberg and thereby violated the law of the state which he has taken his official oath to uphold, which says "a defendant in criminal action is presumed innocent until the contrary is proved;" and

Whereas, the judge of the Seventh judicial district has refused to try the case at a second term of court, which is contrary to the law which allows the defendants "speedy trial"; and

Whereas, bail has been refused these comrades, though the law holds that persons accused of capital offenses may be released on bail unless the presumption as to their guilt is great; and

Whereas, the evidence in this case is that of self confessed criminals, which no right minded man should consider, and is therefore insufficient to make the presumption of guilt great; and

Whereas, the Republican party has stood for this condition of lawlessness and anarchy through its officials and its press; and

Whereas, the Democratic party by silence in one of the greatest struggles between capital and labor in the country's history, has allied itself with the capitalist class and against the working class; and

Whereas, while greatly deploring the assassination of ex-Governor Steunenberg, and declaring it one of the most heinous crimes of the present day, and desiring that the man or men who perpetrated it should suffer for their crime; yet, the Socialist party is the only party that has stood by the working class and has insisted that the laws of the state and of the United States should be obeyed; therefore be it

Resolved, that the Socialist party of the state of Idaho in convention assembled, reaffirms the principles of the International Socialist movement; that the supreme issue is the conquest by the working class, the wealth producers, of all the powers of government, which alone can abolish class rule and emancipate the producing class, and be it further

Resolved, that in view of the fact that the Socialist party confronts a

campaign, the results of which will be significant all over the world, that we call upon the working class to unite at the ballot box and cast a vote which will effect their own

emancipation and give economic and individual freedom to all.

We believe at all times the rights of the citizens should be safeguarded as promised in the constitution; therefore we demand that our comrades be released on bonds as provided by their constitutional rights. We denounce all those who have defied the laws of state and nation,

In order to bring about the complete domination of the capitalist class over the working class.

We recognize that these conditions in Idaho are the logical results of the prevailing economic system which permits the private ownership in the means of life and renders the working class dependent for life itself upon the owners of the means of production and distribution. Between these two classes there is an irrepressible conflict which will never end until the producing class is victorious and receives the full value of its toil.

WILL JUDGE SMITH BE RENOMINATED?

Frank J. Smith was not chosen to his present position of judge in the Seventh judicial district of the state of Idaho. He owes his place to Governor Gooding who appointed him to act in a new district created by the last legislature. All the distinction thrust upon him in the Steunenberg case, he owes to Governor Gooding's selection.

The judge is quite a politician. He served a few years ago as county attorney and looks after his political fences fairly well.

But it is not at all certain that he will secure the Republican nomination to succeed himself. There are others who want this plum and who are working for it.

There are two chief candidates who will come before the state convention at Pocatello to secure the nomination. One of these is Lot Feltham, of Washington county, who, it is said, will have the support of his entire county delegation.

The other is Lawyer Hayes, of Owyhee county, who also claims to have his county delegation solid.

If these two aspirants can join forces at Pocatello, the Canyon county delegation must stand unbroken if Judge Smith is to succeed, for the two smaller counties together come within one vote of equalling the Canyon county vote.

Judge Smith may yet be robbed of the glory of conducting the great murder trial.

Can Canyon county solid for Smith? That is the question which the judge lies awake nights to answer.

There are rumors that so influential and powerful a factor in county politics as Banker Moss, of Payette, is not to be counted on quite as surely for Smith as Smith could desire.

Moss was foreman of the grand jury which indicted Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, and thus might be counted on to stand for Smith's nomination. But Moss and Smith have not always agreed and Moss may easily find it to his interest to support Hayes or Feltham, both popular and capable men.

Feltham used to be a member of the Socialist party in early days and Hayes comes from the mining district of Silver City where Haywood lived for many years. Both are counted as naturally favorable to a fair trial for the accused miners, so that, if Smith is beaten for the nomination, the result will be looked upon as a victory for the miners.

It seems certain that Smith's nomination hangs on one vote in Canyon county.

"There's many a slip," etc.

"The Socialist," Caldwell, Idaho.

Comrades: You will find inclosed \$1.25 for five subs for your paper for the campaign. As I am a shoe-string rancher, I don't have time to hustle for your paper but I will nail one every time I can for "The Socialist." Fraternally, T. E. FILES. Cambridge, Idaho. 6-16-'06.

A Capitalist Trick Exposed



"The Anarchists have started a paper in Caldwell called 'The Socialist.'--Boise "Statesman," July 9.

Where is Orchard?

Has Left the Idaho State Penitentiary, so the Guards Say. Will the Prosecution Be Dropped Altogether, if Their Chief Witness Has Disappeared?

Visitors at the Idaho state penitentiary cannot find Harry Orchard there.

When they inquire of the guards, they are assured that Orchard is no longer there.

There seems to be no reason for any falsehood in the matter. If the warden does not wish visitors to see Orchard, he has only to instruct the guards to say so.

On Tuesday, July 10, two workingmen visiting the "pen" were distinctly told by the guard showing them about that Orchard was not in the establishment.

This confirms some rumors from other sources to the effect that the prosecution would not be sorry if the famous confessor was off their hands for good. Then they would have no case and they could drop the whole thing with good grace.

If Orchard has escaped, or been spirited away, or allowed to escape, the whole world will shrug its shoulders, indeed, but the Gooding-McParland-Borah cabal will be out of a hard fix and well rid of a bad job. But if Orchard is still in the battle, why should the guards deny the fact?

Borah Agrees With McParland

The following information is vouched for by James Smith, of St. Anthony, the Socialist party candidate for state treasurer.

Mr. Borah uses almost the exact language quoted from McParland's latest interview in a Salt Lake paper. McParland, too, talked about "more necks."

Are we to have other arrests, Mr. Borah?

But it's a pretty straight tip from the prosecution that its objective point is the disruption of the Western Federation of Miners.

That disruption is worth about ten million dollars a year to the great Standard Oil System without whose consent, Mr. Borah can never enter the United States senate.

If Mr. Borah wishes exact proof of the following statement, Mr. Smith stands ready to furnish it.

A week or two since, Mr. Borah visited Fremont county, presumably to fix up his political fences.

While in St. Anthony, his opinion was asked of the impending dynamite cases. He expressed the opinion that "more necks" would be "stretched" than people now dreamed; and that undoubtedly it would result in the disruption of the Western Federation of Miners.

Gooding and Smith Read This

Clear Cut Resolution From Iowa.

Whereas, our comrades, Charles H. Moyer, William D. Haywood and George F. Pettibone, were kidnapped and hurried from Colorado to Idaho, in base violation of the law, as the very evident result of a conspiracy on the part of the capitalist mine owners to judicially assassinate these splendid organizers of the working class and thus get them out of the way; and

Whereas, the capitalist mine owners have been guilty of so many brutal crimes in the past that we are justified in believing them guilty of any villainy; and

Whereas, the accused men had no reason to commit the crime with which they are charged, but had every reason not to commit it; and

Whereas, the mere fact that these men accept the philosophy of Socialism, which is opposed to the bloodshed so prevalent under the present

system, is sufficient to make us confident of their innocence; and

Whereas, these men, conscious of their innocence, demanded an early trial, and the court not only denied them an early trial, but also denied them the right of bail; and

Whereas, President Roosevelt, instead of denouncing the illegal and outrageous treatment of these men, made an unmanly thrust at them, in his "muck rake" speech; and

Whereas, the only reason why the capitalists had the power to perpetrate this outrage, is because the workingmen, by voting the capitalist ticket (Republican and Democratic) have placed their enemies, the capitalists and their satellites, in possession of the powers of the government, national and state; therefore, be it

Resolved, that we, the accredited delegates of the Socialist party in Iowa, in state convention assembled, this fourth day of July, 1906, do hereby denounce the mine owners, the governor of Colorado, the governor of Idaho, and the Pinkerton actives, for this infamous outrage against these workingmen in particular and the working class in general;

Resolved, further, that we denounce the court for its refusal to liberate our comrades on bail;

Resolved, further, that we denounce President Roosevelt for his brutal thrust at these men and their brother toilers who are attempting to save them from the clutches of their would be assassins;

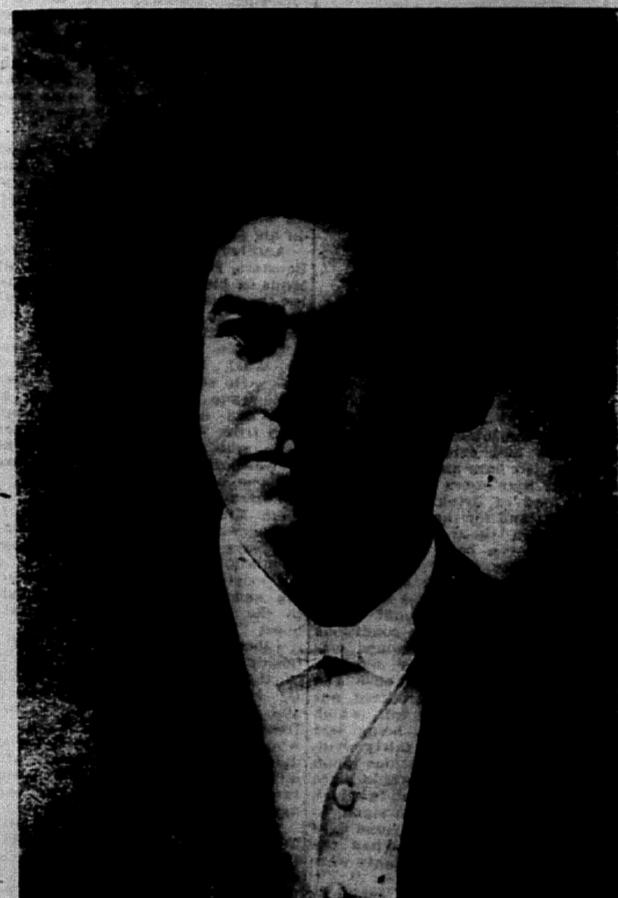
Resolved, further, that we demand a fair and impartial trial for our comrades;

Resolved, further, that we call upon the workingmen everywhere to vote the working class ticket, the Socialist ticket, and thus gain control of the powers of government and thereby make such outrages impossible in the future.

The Seattle "Times" says: "The Socialists of Washington have put up a state ticket, and the beauty of it is that as no one has

ever heard of their candidates before, it is impossible to criticize them."

Yes, and it would be far better for the reputation of the Republican and Democratic parties if the bulk of their candidates had never been heard of either before or after.-- "Western Clarion," Vancouver, B. C.



JUDGE FRANK J. SMITH.

DOCTOR "HUGE FRAUD"

Chief Candidate for the Republican Nomination Opposing Governor Gooding--Strong Probability that He Will Pick the Plum--A "Friend of Labor"

Hugh France is out for the Republican nomination for governor of Idaho, and in order to get it he is posing as the "workingman's friend." The Republican delegation from Shoshone county is pledged to insert an 8-hour plank in the state platform, with Hugh France as the standard-bearer in place of Gooding. The following extracts will show just what and just who Hugh France is. Later on we will give a searching analysis of France's past history with regard to the workers, together with a portrait of that gentleman.

"To this shrewd plotter, who owes his education to charity, the workingmen owe this pernicious 'permit system' in Idaho, and to his willing tool, Dr. 'Huge Fraud,' they must humble their manhood to ask for permission to earn their daily bread for themselves and their families in the Coeur d'Alene mining country. Here is the verbatim copy of this odious application to enter modern slavery:

Application for leave to seek employment in the mines of Shoshone County.

To Dr. Hugh France, State Representative:

Sir:—I hereby make application for

insurance to me of a permit allowing

me to seek employment in the mines

of Shoshone County.

I am a by occupation.

I am a native of

and am citizen of the United States.

I worked at the mine in

My shift boss was

Heretofore I have been a member

of Miners' Union.

I did not partake actively or otherwise

in the riots which took place at

Wardner on the 29th of April, 1899.

Believing that the crimes committed

at Wardner on said date were actively

incited, encouraged and perpetrated

through and by means of the influence

and direction of the Miners' Union in

the Coeur d'Alenes, I hereby express my

unqualified disapproval of said acts, and

hereby renounce and forever abjure all

allegiance to said Miners' Union, of

which I was a former member, and I

solemnly pledge myself to obey the law

and not to seek membership again in

any society which will encourage or

tolerate any violation of law.

Dated this day of

1899.

The application which non-union men

must sign is as follows:

Application to seek employment in

the mines of Shoshone County.

To Dr. Hugh France, State Representative:

Sir:—I hereby make application for

insurance to me of a permit, allowing

me to seek employment in the mines

of Shoshone County.

I am a by occupation.

I am a native of

and am citizen of the United States.

I last worked at the mine in

My shift boss was

I have not been for years

a member of any Miners' Union.

I took no part, either actively or

passively, in aiding, assisting or

encouraging the perpetration of the

crimes committed at Wardner on the

29th of April, 1899.

Dated this day of

1899.

"Had the Encyclopaedia Britannica

been searched, there could not have

been found a word more objectionable

to the working men than 'permit,'

for they had been taught it was

their honor to seek employment

without begging permission.

"Besides, it admitted that the orga-

nization to which they belonged was

a criminal order.

"This permit was an insult to every

workingman that was asked to sign

it, and a slap in the face to labor

organizations everywhere." From

"The Coeur d'Alenes, a Tale of the

Modern inquisition in Idaho," by

May Arkwright Hutton.

"On the arrival of troops, Sheriff

Young and the commissioners were

deposed. Dr. France was installed

as sheriff and also new commissioners

were appointed. Immediately there-

after eight hundred men were taken

from the mines in their working

clothes and driven like sheep into

into a few box cars and an old barn.

For twenty four hours they remained

without food or drink or a change

of clothing; and for three weeks they

were kept in these places, where

there was not a bed, and not sufficient

room for all of them to lie down

at the same time; and during these

three weeks the food was nauseating,

and altogether unfit to be eaten.

These outrageous conditions

resulted in typhoid, pneumonia, ma-

laria, dysentery and other diseases.

There being but one outhouse and

only one man being permitted out

at a time, and the barn loft, which

was crowded with men, being laid

with loose boards, was fairly drip-

ping with human excretions upon

the men below, and the whole place

became a veritable cesspool, in which

the men were compelled to stand, to

sleep and to eat, for twenty-one

days and nights, without fire when

the days were chilly and the nights

were cold and crisp.

"From this inhuman treatment

several of the men died, and many

contracted diseases which still linger

with them. This outrage upon these

men was inflicted by the State offi-

cials, their political opponents, and

by the mine owners, their industrial

masters. At the same time that this brutal act was being executed the State officials and the mine owners, through their press, were leading the public to believe that the men were a gang of desperadoes, while they themselves were exemplary and law-abiding citizens of America. These mine owners and officials who have shown themselves capable of creating such horrible conditions and unjustly inflicting cruel punishment as to result in disease and death, would have us believe that they were too honorable and respectable to conceive, and by their hirelings to execute the plot of blowing up a mill and killing a man.

"Many men who are publicly known to have been armed and masked and at Wardner on April 29, and who were not members of the union, have never been arrested and have remained in Wallace since that date.

"It was very necessary that this should be done, for if the spies and tools of the mine owners were punished, what assurance was there that they would not turn state's evidence? It was partly for this that no charges were made against any one at first, for had charges been made the mine owners' tools might have been caught. It was for this reason that Sheriff Young was thrown out of office, for he would not share in such culpable deeds; and it was for this reason that Dr. France, the employee of the B. H. & S. was made sheriff.

The public indignation forced the authorities to build better apartments, and after the expiration of the first three weeks the men were taken to better quarters, but they were still held as prisoners, and yet no charges were brought against them.

"The authorities were pressed either to prefer charges, try them, and punish them, or to release them. The local officials insisted that as long as martial law prevailed, they

had no power to act; while the State and Federal authorities insisted that they were only to preserve peace, and had no other power over the men. Thus they held them, for months, with these evasive excuses. The public was becoming indignant and some further excuse must be offered or demand would be made for the release of the men, and there must also be shown a reason for retaining them for such a long period.

"To satisfy the public that the men were vicious, the officers ordered the men to dig a trench. The men, knowing that they were innocent refused to do such work. It was at once proclaimed to the world that the men were unruly. They were ordered to toe a line, to stand erect, and not to move head, body or limb for seven hours each day—on penalty of death. This was continued for eight days in the hot sun—for summer had come.

"This awful nervous strain changed one man into a raving maniac, and many showed signs of insanity. After this man was adjudged insane by the court, Dr. France, with guards started with him to the asylum. Not knowing what he was doing, the insane man broke the cords with which they had foolishly tied him, and ran away. He was told to halt, as though he knew enough to halt, and when he ran, the men were ordered by Dr. France to shoot. They obeyed, and this so frightened the poor fellow that he jumped into the creek and was drowned. I submit that an order given to shoot an insane man, given by the sheriff, under such circumstances, is not only cause for his removal from office, but is a crime against the State for which he should be imprisoned. Yet he is still acting as sheriff, executing other crimes, at the command of his superiors in office and in crime. Not any officer was arrested for committing these crimes. Men who were guilty of absolutely no offense were thrown into the bull pen and kept there for months."—From "The Class War in Idaho," written by Job Harriman, whom the Social Democratic Party commissioned to investigate the Coeur d'Alene troubles of 1892 and 1898.

Move Along, Boys. Get Busy

Encouraging response has been received from all over the state and nation on our special campaign rate. Clubs of four, accompanied by the requisite dollar, have come in so fast that it has not been possible to personally acknowledge half of them. The Circulation Man, hopes, however, that this failure to answer letters will not cause any falling off in the rush of clubs, for we want to do things in Idaho this fall, and we need your help to do them. File in on those "10-centers," you fellows who rustled them, and get a quarter from each one. We are cutting off a whole lot of them this week, and when they miss an issue of the paper, they'll want it bad. Get out after them. Use the blank in this paper—it won't hurt to cut it out—and boost the circulation to 10,000 next week. You can do it. Boost!

"Daily" Boosts

Comrade Fred Strickland, of Cincinnati, O., sending in his sub. for the daily says, "Strengh to your good right arm! I've greatly enjoyed your Idaho correspondence." And later he tells us to apply his six bits to "The Socialist" turns out.

Comrade C. L. Furman of Brooklyn, N. Y., sends his own sub. and another and says, "Wish I could make it 2000 instead of only two, and so help to overthrow this present hellish system." Just wait till that daily gets started and watch the fur fly, boys.

Comrade Louis Goazios, editor of "L'Union Travailleurs," of Charleroi, Pa., the only French Socialist paper in America, says, "I glory in your pluck and enterprise in behalf of our comrades. Publicity will do more than any other agency to save them and condemn those guilty of the conspiracy. Success to you." And he accompanies the good word with the ever-needed dollar, even though his own paper is having the same trouble as all other Socialist papers—lack of cash.

Tom J. Bannion is a new Booster. He lives in Oregon, at St. Johns. Sends two for the daily and hopes we succeed in our enterprise. We will, for we can always depend on Tom to do his part.

Another one of the Washington Boosters, E. C. Johnson, of Puyallup, sends in his and says use the money for the cause in any way if the daily does not go. It will be used for the daily, all right, comrade.

Comrade J. E. Rimbold of Seattle, Wash., was one of the first arrivals. He sent two besides his own. Comrade Alex. Bliden sends his own and one other for a month each from Woonsocket, R. I. Harry Lehr, who gave that monkey dinner at Newport, in the same state, was not one of them.

Comrade F. A. Webster of St. Paul, Minn., sends his own sub. together with two others for a month and says, "I hope you get a good circulation. Capitalist papers do not exist for the purpose of gathering and circulating news favorable to the working class." Moral—boost "The Daily Socialist."

Liberty, that's the name of a postoffice, sounds good. It's in Washington and is the home of H. D. Harkness, "Socialist" Booster, and we'll do the rest. Let us hear from all of you next week.

Who sent in a couple of subs for the daily and almost immediately after a bunch of seven on that special rate for the weekly. And he'll come again.

Comrade J. Hilton, of Seattle, Wash., sends a dollar and says, "Keep the balance and if you don't get out a paper use it in the cause." We could do it, comrade, but just now we are going to get out a paper.

Some more from St. Paul Minn.—Sure, this is Guy Williams getting in his load. He brought two for a month each.

Comrade W. J. Robinson sends two

from Tacoma, Wash., and says: "If you fail to make the daily a go, send the weekly instead." We'll do both the thing right. Here's Comrade Theo. Richter of Minneapolis, dragging another alongside his own sub-poem one time dedicated to the inscription for a month.

And Sam Smith, of Bellevue, O., sends a dollar "for the daily or anyway you see fit." Sam's somewhat of a Booster. You know he wrote a cleat Order of Boosters.

Comrade L. Zakashevsky of Brooklyn, N. Y., who is a druggist, sends his own subscription and that of one of his doctor customers. This isn't the first time he's done things like that.

"I'm already taking two Socialist papers and a magazine, but I want a good, true report of the Moyer-Haywood trial," writes Comrade Margaret V. Longley, of South Pasadena, California, so she sends her own subscription and another for a month.

Comrade Jacob Bull Fredericks says that Trail, B. C. is a small town, but he succeeded in getting at least one subscription besides his own, and he says he'll get more as soon as the daily appears. That's the way to talk; but don't forget that special rate for the weekly; maybe you can do something with that.

Ohio took her place in the front rank when it came to getting 'em in for the daily. Comrade W. C. Edwards of Portsmouth, sent in five in a bunch and a renewal for the weekly and says there are more to follow as soon as the trial begins.

Comrade M. L. Klaubner, of Hoffman, Mo., was bound to be satisfied with the daily for he says, "don't be modest with display headings. Make them bold and glaring." That's our strong point, comrade. We set the precedent in the Socialist press for the new journalism. Incidentally, Comrade Klaubner sends in his subscription and says we can call on him for a donation if it is necessary.

That charter member of the Ancient Order of Boosters, Austin Boudreau, of Pawtucket, R. I., sends in ten in a bunch, saying they hadn't all paid him, but he knew we needed the money. And he was right. That money order helped wonderfully to make the daily possible.

"I saw your announcement to hustle 3,000 for that daily, so I took off my coat and went after them—secured ten in a few hours. This is a brand new place, and has some very hard nuts to crack, but they'll come to it when 'The Socialist' gets in its work on them for a month. This money order may apply on either the daily or the weekly," writes Comrade J. M. Toney, of Alder, Wash. He's wise, all right. "The Socialist" is the paper that cracks the hard nuts, and its good for the half-cracked ones too. Try it, you.

Jud O'Neal, of Terre Haute, Ind., joined the Ancient Order of Boosters in its incipency and he has been at work ever since. The latest result of his labors is a bunch of three for a month.

And the very first man to get his subscription for the daily in Caldwell, was Comrade C. S. Barn, of

Tish, O., who sent a dollar and didn't seem to care what became of the change.

"Dear Comrades Titus and Ault: So long as the policy of 'The Socialist' is as it is, and was in the past, you will receive all the support we can give it. With best wishes for the future of that paper we remain, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Kesler, Fortoria, O. And they send a dollar subscription to attest their report. We'll have your support, Comrades, till the revolution.

Comrade J. F. Burkhardt of Riverside, Calif., sends four for a month each, and says if the daily does not appear, or if the trial is postponed, use the money for the weekly. He's ready, too, to get more daily subscriptions when the trial comes up.

Another one of those boosters who do not say much, but who get in the subscriptions, is Comrade Eugene Feighery of Newport, Ky. He got in six for the daily, and I'll bet he has another bunch up his sleeve now.

Comrade A. L. Morrow, Sellman, Ariz., sends 3 for the daily, closely followed by another, and says use the money for the weekly if the daily doesn't go.

Another one of the Ohio boosters gets in. This time its D. Lewis Davis from Byesville. He sends three, and will come again.

Newsy Notes

The Socialist Party State Convention of Iowa did business on July 4. John E. Shank, of Sioux City, was nominated for governor, and a wide awake platform was adopted. An admirable printed report of proceedings was issued, but oddly omitting to say where the convention was held.

The Socialist party of Washington has chosen Hulda Anderson to act as Finnish secretary to the party in that state. It looks as if all the Finns in the United States were coming into the Socialist party.

D. Burgess, one of the best known comrades in the American movement, is now acting as state secretary of Washington. He is the author of "Slave Market Reports," which were highly prized in "The Socialist" when published in Seattle.

Socialists of Buffalo, N. Y., are also up against the free speech suppression. A number of both Socialist Party and S. L. P. comrades have been arrested and the cases are to be fought to a finish, as the authorities refuse to back down.

Local St. Louis wants a blank line left on the application cards for party membership on which to reply to the question: "What Socialist paper do you read?"

E. E. Martin resigns from state secretaryship of Washington, after several years of faithful service. No more devoted man ever served the party in that state.

The executive board of the Social Democratic Party of Germany has the intention of creating a party war school for the exclusive benefit of the younger generation. It is proposed to hold lectures on economy, Socialism, the judiciary, history, general science, literature and philosophy. There will also be evenings reserved for debates. "Vorwarts" says no expense should be spared to carry out that plan. A school of that kind would turn out excellent agitators besides creating an immense interest in Socialism among the youth of Germany. The party will save 80,000 marks (\$20,000) per annum on salaries to the deputies in the Reichstag, since the deputies will be paid by the people at large hereafter and this sum will be used to maintain the proposed school.

Out of 310 workmen of Dresden, Saxony, 165 were found to be readers of the Socialist party paper 28 readers of bourgeois papers, 36 who had no choice and 53 who refused to answer the questions of the canvasser. Saxony is called "red" with good reason.

Jules Guesde said in a recent interview: "The French laboring people may look forward to a solution of the social problem not later than 1910. Three million of French votes will be behind the program of capitalist expropriation by that time, if not earlier. The continuation of middle-class government of whatever kind will no longer be permitted." These are stirring words, and comrade Guesde is no leader in the fight against Jaures Utopian, either, having been the and the opportunists.

The parliamentary group of the Italian Socialist party some time ago joined in a vote of confidence in the reactionary Sonnino ministry against the express command of the party executive and the convention. Shortly after a resolution presented by them calling for legal steps to be taken to stop the use of the military in strikes was voted down and they were left no alternative but to resign their seats in parliament. At the by-election held to fill their seats, only 22 of the 24 were returned to parliament. Perhaps this result may assist the representatives of the party to abide by the party will hereafter.

"The Hikaru," central organ of the Japanese Socialists, says in its latest issue that Japan is becoming a center for revolutionists. A daily Russian paper is issued at Nagasaki for distribution in Siberia and a Chinese monthly magazine called the "People's Herald" is being issued at Tokyo. "Volla," the Russian daily proclaims the overthrow of the government of Russia and the establishment of a democratic republic by revolutionary means. At the same time the socialist movement is rapidly growing and is growing right. Several of our comrades who have been resident in San Francisco have recently sailed for Japan, and took with them large quantities of American Socialist literature. It is worthy of note that they took only the best, Marx, Leibknecht, Labriola and Kautsky being the favorites.

The question is frequently asked us whether the I. W. W. is a Socialist organization. We wish to say that

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To Work! To Work! Now Is Our Opportunity

Comrades and Friends:

At its meeting held July 8, two days after the State Convention adjourned, the State Executive Committee discussed plans for the campaign. Comrade Kelly, candidate for governor, and Comrade Chenoweth, candidate for lieutenant governor, will start work immediately. Comrade Kelly going first to the chief cities of the state and Comrade Chenoweth beginning a school-house campaign in Cassia county. All the other candidates on the state ticket have been requested to put themselves at the disposal of the committee immediately, and they will be put to work in various parts of the state.

We must cover the state before the old parties begin their campaign. Our speakers will have twice the effect now that they will have later in the campaign. We ought to reach every one of the 1000 or more school houses in the state by September 1. Perhaps we can not. We will do what we can. But we must act quickly. We must get there first in order to win out. If we can do this, we can make Idaho the first Socialist State.

In order to do this work we must have money. Lots of money. At least \$5,000.00. Some comrades estimate we can get more than that, but we can do great work on half as much. But it must come quickly. With this letter we are enclosing a number of subscription lists. Pass them out among your members, and get them to working. As soon as a list is full send it in with the money. Show what we can do by the time the committee meets again, July 25. Let us have \$1000 in the treasury by that time. Make your friends and all sympathizers do their part. Act quickly.

Yours for the Revolution,
STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Address all communications to Thos. J. Coonrod, State Secretary, R. F. D. Emmett, Idaho.

Idaho June Financial Report

Emmett, Idaho, June, 1906.

Receipts—

Local Boise	\$12.00
Local Caldwell	5.60
Local Emmett	1.60
Local Fairview	2.15
Local Farnum	.75
Local Fall River	3.00
Local Falk's Store	2.50
Local Glenns Ferry	13.00
Local Grant	.75
Local Hagerman	2.75
Local Lewiston	1.10
Local Melrose	4.00
Local Newman	3.25
Local Non Perce	1.00
Local Pearl	1.50
Local Rathdrum	.60
Local Russell	1.35
Local Wallace	5.45
Local Woodland	1.00

Applications for charters:

Atlanta	\$ 1.35
Bellevue	1.80
Council	1.50
Middletown	.90
Salmon	.90

A. W. Judd, state organizer:

Literature (books)	\$ 4.30
Donations for horse	18.50
Balance June 1	\$ 4.60

Total receipts—

Total receipts	\$92.20
Total expended	\$2.95
Balance July 1	\$ 4.25

Expended—

Postage	\$ 4.97
M. O. and exchange	.33
Literature (books)	4.00
Supplies	5.75
Due stamps	10.00
A. W. Judd, expenses	25.00
Asst. state organizer's salary	24.00
Asst. state secy-treas's salary	10.00
Total	\$92.95

Summary of receipts—

Days	\$52.70
Organizing funds	12.45
Supplies	4.40
Literature (books)	4.30
Campaign fund	15.25
Donations for horse	18.50
Total	\$92.60

Summary of balance—

General funds	\$1.75
Nat'l funds and dues	\$2.50 \$4.25

Liabilities—

Asst. salary state secy-treas.	\$20.00
Fraternally submitted,	
Thos. J. Coonrod,	
State Secy-Treas.	

If you can use more of the "day wage" blanks, write for them. No comrade should shirk his duty. See all sympathizers. Have them sign.

SOCIALIST CONVENTION FOR KOOTENAI COUNTY.

Notice is hereby given that a mass convention of the Socialist Party is and for Kootenai County, will be held at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, on Saturday, August 25, 1906, for the purpose of nominating a legislative and county ticket to be voted for at the next general election, to be held on the 6th day of November, 1906 and to transact such other business as may come before said convention. All Socialists, residents of Ko-

ingham's pure democracy and very much more. We know of at least one local that officially commented against the scheme. We ask—Is this the way it's going to be done? Why did not Local Lake Washington's "say so" appear in your sample, Local Bellingham?

Michigan State Convention

By Louis Kopella

The Socialist Party of Michigan held its annual convention at Grand Rapids on July 4th and 5th. Strong resolutions on the Moyer and Haywood case were adopted, also resolutions in favor of a party press, unity with the S. L. P., and endorsing the principles of Industrial Unionism without officially endorsing the I. W. W.

The state platform of last year was adopted and a new constitution badly in need of, was adopted after much discussion.

The feature of the convention was the adoption of a temperance resolution which rivals the orthodox prohibitionist. It reads: "Resolved, that the liquor traffic is a menace to the laboring class. Therefore, we advocate the restriction of the manufacture and prohibition of the sale of liquor except for industrial and medical purposes."

The resolution was introduced by Tom. William Wilen, delegate and interpreter of the Finnish Comrades of the upper Peninsula, he being instructed by them, through a referendum taken a couple of months previous, to use the 294 proxies he carried, in favor of the temperance resolution.

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Comrade Wilen held the majority vote and the resolution was adopted, in spite of the strong opposition of all the forty delegates of the lower Peninsula, and Comrades Lockwood of Kalamazoo and Engle of Detroit, who in eloquent speeches also opposed the temperance resolution, but it was in vain.

Comrade Mrs. Lockwood, the state secretary, called attention three months ago to the antiquated proxy system and asked the Michigan comrades to take some action so as to have proportional representation at the following convention, but none was taken.

The Grand Rapids paper called the convention a "machine" and "one man" affair.

The following state ticket was nominated: Governor, James E. Walker; Lieutenant governor, Philip Engle; secretary of state, William Wilen; treasurer, Edwin Ruthven; auditor general, W. E. Best; attorney general, James H. McFarlane; superintendent of public instruction, Elta Menton; member state board of education, J. E. Andrews; commissioner of land office, H. A. Hedden.

A state platform introduced by the Benton Harbor delegates containing twenty-eight immediate demands, ranging from low interest on money loaned to anti-free-love clauses, was turned down almost unanimously.

The following telegrams were exchanged with the Idaho state convention that met on the same date in Caldwell:

Socialist State Convention, Caldwell, Idaho.
Greeting: Your fight is our fight. Wage-slavery must go!

Michigan Convention, Grand Rapids, Mich.
Greeting: The good work moves on. We are one!

Idaho Convention.

Ohio

The Local has been re-organized at Wellston, O.

A Finnish branch has been organized at Ashtabula by Comrades A. L. Strickland and J. H. Sinclair.

Nominations for Congress have been made as follows: First District, A. S. Matter of Norwood; Second District, Nicholas Klein of Cincinnati; Nineteenth District, Everett St. John of Warren.

Comrade Nicholas Klein has been appointed Acting State Secretary until such time as a regular election can take place. Address all communications to him at 70 Perin Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Comrade James O'Neal of Indiana is touring the state and those desiring his services should write to the State Secretary at once. His dates are as follows: July 21, 22, Findlay; 23, Lima; 24, Continental; 25, Bryan; 26, Edgerton; 27, 28, 29, Toledo; 30, Sandusky; 31, Lorain; August 1, Elyria.

From National Headquarters

A charter has been granted to Local Indian Springs, Mississippi. Eleven members.

A charter has been granted to the re-organized local at Carlos, Md. with 17 members.

Five speakers are now in active service in the state of Montana, besides a solicitor being maintained to secure subscriptions for the Montana News, located at Helena.

The nomination of Comrade William D. Halwood for governor of Colorado, by the Socialists has given an impetus to the movement, the extent of which can only be appreciated by the knowledge of the correspondence which is now reaching the National office from the divisions of the party and new territory within that state. The organization is a unit as a whole and the State Committee is enthusiastic and active in the extreme. This nomination is recognized everywhere at the revolutionists' challenge to capitalism.

ACTION ON RESOLUTIONS.

Since the last report the Seattle resolution relating to the establishment of an official paper of the Socialist Party has been endorsed by Local Ballard, Wash.

The resolutions by Local Schenectady, N. Y., relating to the unifica-

tion of the Socialist parties, has been endorsed by local Holland, Mich.

The resolutions by Local Milwaukee, relating to the abolition of the monthly Bulletin have been endorsed by Local Kiel, Wis.

The resolution by Local Lake Washington, Wash., relating to the reduction of the National Secretary's salary has been endorsed by Local Harriman, Tenn.

THE ONE DAY WAGE FUND.

Local secretaries in organized states should return the subscription amount collected to their respective state secretaries, on or before the 15th day of August. These lists should not be sent to the National office.

CONVENTION.

The National Convention of the Finnish Socialists will be held at Hibbing, Minn., August 1st to 5th.

The Socialist State Convention of California will be held Monday, Sept. 3rd, beginning at 10 A. M. at Oakland.

The State Convention of the Socialist Party of Utah will be held in Salt Lake City, July 24th, in Federation Hall. The convention will be called to order at 2:00 P. M.

Under the operations of the primary law of the state of Texas, it is required that representatives of the Socialist Party meet in mass convention on the 2nd Tuesday in August, the 14th, for the purpose of nominating or completing the nomination of candidates for state political offices, and adopting a platform, etc. Arrangements for the same are being made by the Socialist organization. The place of meeting is yet to be determined.

Members of the Party in Salt Lake City were arrested recently for selling Socialist literature at a meeting addressed by National Organizer Lena Morrow Lewis. After an attempt by the police authorities to scare our comrades out of selling the books failed, they were not further molested. It's just another bluff that didn't work.

Upton Sinclair is out with a courageous pamphlet entitled "A Home Colony," wherein he proposes a solution of the "servant problem" for the "people of plain living and high thinking." It is not wholly Utopian, being a plain business proposition. The pamphlet is instructive reading and can be had of P. O. Box 2064, New York City.

Alfred Wagenknecht, chairman state committee in Washington, resigns in order to settle "technical differences" as to whether or not he is still a member of state committee. This was a manly act, like everything "Wag" does. Emil Herman has been chosen State Chairman in his place.

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..... Foreman Patternmaker Mine Foreman Sign Painter
..... Foreman Blacksmith Cotton Mill Supt. Letterer
..... Foreman Molder Woolen Mill Supt. Chemist
..... Gas Engineer Textile Designer Sheet-Metal Draftsman
..... Refrigeration Engineer Electrician Ornamental Draftsman
..... Traction Engineer Electric Lighting Superintendent Perspective Draftsman
..... Electrical Engineer Electric Railway Superintendent Navigator
..... Electric Machine Designer Telephone Engineer Bookkeeper
..... Hydraulic Engineer Wireman Strengthening Teacher
..... Municipal Engineer Dynamo Tender Architect
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