

JOIN THE UNION OF YOUR CRAFT.

# THE TOILER.

JOIN THE PARTY OF YOUR CLASS.

VOL. 6—NO 34.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1904.

SIXTH YEAR

**SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE**  
ALSO  
**OLD BURGUNDY WINE**  
And \*\*\* Climax Brandy.



**SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE**  
NINE YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards, and left hanging until they shrink and partly raisin before gathering. It is invaluable as a Tonic and Strengthening Properties are unsurpassed by any other wines in the world, being produced under Mr. Speer's personal supervision, at his own vineyards, the past forty years. Its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. It is particularly beneficial to the aged, debilitated and the weaker sex. In every respect it is a WINE TO BE RELIED ON. (See first signature of Albrecht Speer, D.D., M.D., in over the neck of each bottle.)  
**Speer's (Socialite) Claret**  
Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, especially suited for dinner use.  
**Speer's P. J. Sherry**  
Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.  
**Speer's \*\*\* Climax Brandy**  
IS A PURE distillation of the grape, and stands unrivaled in this country for medicinal purposes, and also in every respect to the high price Old Cognac, imported from France, from which it cannot be distinguished.  
**SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS WHO KEEP FIRST CLASS WINES.**

**How Are You Going to Vote?**  
We elect a president next November. Are you going to vote with the Democrats, the party of the little capitalists, and try to put things back where they used to be? Or are you going to vote with the Republicans, the party of the big capitalists, and help keep things as they are? Or will you vote with the Socialist Party, the party of the workers, and help change things so that those who do the work will own what they produce? But possibly you do not know about the Socialist Party. They send four cents in stamps, and receive by return mail three books, **Easy Lessons in Socialism**, **The Socialist Party**, and **What to Read on Socialism**. Address  
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56 Fifth Avenue, CHICAGO, ILL.

**God's Children**  
A Modern Allegory  
THIS new book by JAMES ALLMAN will delight every socialist reader and will jar the non-socialist reader into doing some thinking for himself. It is by all odds the cleverest socialist novel ever published in America. Read it and laugh over it, then lend it and see the converts it will make. There is no socialist label on it (only a union label), and you can get a man to read it who would turn up his nose at anything marked socialist. Extra cloth binding, handsomely printed in large type—  
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## NOTES BY THE OFFICE BOY.

BY W. L. OURY.

I seldom care to mention the same incident twice, but several of the boys have had their ire aroused over the remarks I made concerning Miss Gould. Why, God bless their souls, they did not have the opportunity to read what I wanted to say. The old man would not stand for it. Said it was too strong, and when the old man says too strong, you can bet it's a corker. Now, dear boys, don't get on your ears. The facts are as I said. Miss Gould is a splendid woman, spending her money freely to alleviate the conditions of the working class as she see it, but, heavens above, she don't understand the conditions nor the cause. The giving of a library, the founding of a Y. M. C. A., the endowment of a college does not reach the cause of the suffering of the millions of toilers. While she gives a thousand with one hand, the other is collecting a million from the unrequired toil of the workers. Her giving is like pumping morphine into a man with a broken leg. It's at best only a poor temporary relief. What you need is, not more Y. M. C. As., or colleges, but you need time enough to visit those you have. You need more comforts in the home. More safeguards thrown around your daily labor. Say, you need everything that you lack and all the comforts and luxuries that your labor now provides for strangers, Miss Gould among them. She, nor her class, can give you this. You must get it yourself, and there is but one way, and that is through the use of the ballot. That's what I have been trying to pump into your hat rack for years, and the only way to success in this line is via the Socialist party.

Say, I met a man who said he never will be a Socialist. He had on a pair of jeans pants several times half-soled. One gallus and a pair of \$1.15 shoes. No coat and a 69 cent hat. Inquiry revealed the fact that he was almost contented, saying that "I don't own nothing, I don't owe nothing, I don't know nothing, and I don't want nothing." He was howling for Parker, too. The good Lord knows that he is voting the right ticket. Are you like him?

A few years ago some of you had the pleasure (?) of serving your country in the capacity of hired murderers. I had the pleasure of visiting the camp grounds and of seeing the thousands of soldiers march and countermarch at the whim and dictation of one man. It was a great sight, but I saw one the other day that made the evolutions of the soldiers look like thirty cents.

It was in a large city in the north, where the smoke from countless stacks blacken the skies. It was about five o'clock and the shoppers had gone home. The streets were comparatively deserted. Suddenly the shrill blast of a whistle split the air and then hundreds joined in. It was six o'clock. Doors were opened and an army greater than that commanded by Grant or Shafter appeared from the doors. On the sidewalk they formed going north, south, east and west, taking form and marching away, vanishing from my sight. It was an army more marvelous and more mysterious than ever commanded by any general on the field of battle. It was an army that answered not the call of bugle, fife or drum, but moves at the shriek of the factory whistle. An army that enlisted without conscription, each answering the imperative voice of necessity. An army that marches forth not to destroy, but to create. An army that in creating destroys itself. An army that in producing the means of life loses its own. The great army of wage slaves under the command of the captains of industry. The great army of producers under the control of the non-producers.

Many in this army were old and worn. A few were young and fresh, but they were recruits. A few weeks or months at the outside, and they will be stooped, weary like the veterans. Now, this army was not composed entirely of men. No, in their ranks were women, girls and even little children, forced by necessity to produce that a few may live in luxury.

Strange to say, the men of this great gigantic army have the power to free themselves and their co-workers without striking one blow, without shedding one drop of blood, yet they have not the intelligence to do so. Rather they march on and ever on toward the grave, drawing into their ranks their own flesh and blood.

As I watched I could scarce refrain from crying aloud as I thought that even I may some day be forced to join them. Why? Because as yet they haven't sense enough to free themselves. I have been doing all I could; have you? I have talked it (you know what I mean, Socialism,) early and late; have you? I vote her straight; do you? If you don't, you may expect to continue to march with the vast army that makes and has it not—that creates, and in creating dies.

Say, they are having a bully time in Houston, Texas. You see, the street car boys went on a strike. They boycotted the line and some of the merchants who patronized it. The strike was lost and now the dear boys are under arrest for violating the anti-trust law. Well, the boys are out of a job, and some are in jail. A case of out, yet in. I found some of them yelling like thunder for Parker, while some of the others were equally as busy extolling the virtues (?) of Roosevelt.

The election is a thing of the past and Roosevelt is to be your political master for the next four years. So far as I am concerned, I would as soon it would be he as another. Now for the open shop, more bull pens, more injunctions and more militia to hold you in subjection.

As for the Socialist, the campaign has just commenced. We know that to succeed people must be educated, and that is what we are doing. Whenever you have sufficient intelligence you can be free. For the love of humanity, try and get sense enough to free yourself.

Twenty-six maids who had served their mistresses faithfully for two years were rewarded with \$10 gold pieces by the German Housewives' Society in New York. Afterwards, so the paper states, "the happy maids enjoyed a supper." Ye gods, not satisfied with enslaving your kids the rich parade your abasement before the eyes of the world. Was your girl in the bunch? Never mind, as you have also supported the old parties so faithfully, perhaps she may be in the next crowd, who knows?

## THE OFFICE BOY.

Little Rock, Ark.

Secretary Maily estimates the socialist vote in the United States at something over 500,000. His estimate by states is as follows:

Alabama	2,000
Arizona	1,000
Arkansas	1,500
California	35,000
Colorado	2,500
Connecticut	4,500
Delaware	200
Florida	1,500
Georgia	600
Idaho	5,000
Illinois	100,000
Indiana	11,000
Iowa	13,000
Kansas	15,000
Kentucky	4,500
Louisiana	1,000
Maine	2,000
Maryland	3,000
Massachusetts	13,000
Michigan	10,000
Minnesota	2,000
Mississippi	250
Missouri	15,000
Montana	5,000
Nebraska	10,000
Nevada	750
New Hampshire	1,000
New Jersey	10,000
New Mexico	500
New York	40,000
North Carolina	250
North Dakota	3,000
Ohio	35,000
Oklahoma	3,000
Oregon	12,000
Pennsylvania	25,000
Rhode Island	789
South Carolina	36
South Dakota	3,000
Tennessee	2,000
Texas	10,000
Utah	6,000
Vermont	1,000
Virginia	500
Washington	15,000
West Virginia	3,000
Wisconsin	45,000
Wyoming	1,500

## GLEANINGS.

The great strike in New York garment workers is over, and the attempt of the clothing manufacturers to disrupt the organization has resulted in a disastrous rout. The manufacturers claim they have won, and many of the capitalist papers profess to believe that the garment workers have had to go back at the bosses' terms. The executive committee of the garment workers, however, believe and claim they have won the greatest victory ever gained in the clothing trade. The strikers go back strengthened by thousands of non-union garment workers, who have joined the union. Establishments that formerly would not allow a union employe in their factory now find that their whole working staff carry union cards. The Garments Workers carried on a battle in which they not only kept their own ranks intact throughout, but daily gained large accessions from the non-unionist element. In many cases the employes of non-union factories, who had never been expected to strike, marched out voluntarily and joined the union. It was a strike in which the manufacturing clothiers were allowed to save their face, but the executive committee of Garment Workers claimed that in less than two months the open shop question would be so dead that it would be impossible to resurrect it.

An interesting experiment is being made at Wolstanton, North Staffershire, by the British Steel Smelters' and Tinsplate Workers' Association in the direction of housing its members. Formed in 1886, the association has now over 12,000 members, and its property and funds amount to \$275,000. In order to invest the funds in a way most calculated to benefit the members, the executive committee has decided to build model cottages of different centres. Already about fifty have been erected at Froddingham, Lincolnshire, twenty-five at Newburn-on-Tyne, and now twenty-one in three blocks of seven each have been erected overlooking Walstanton Common. Including the purchase of land, the cottages will cost \$40,000. They will be let to the members of the two local branches of the society, and it is stated that the executive will not require a greater return on the outlay than four per cent—in fact, they will be satisfied with three and a half per cent. It is hoped by the erection of the cottages to demonstrate to the landlords the kind of dwellings required by working men, and further, if the society ever had to engage in industrial warfare, the employers would not be able to evict the workmen from their homes.

The operative millers of Goldbach, County St. Gallen, Switzerland, voted last year to inaugurate a strike, and to assure the unbroken solidarity of all, they had signed a legal voucher of mutual responsibility, by which every one pledged himself not to go back to work until the strike would be declared off officially. One of the contestants, by name of Gerlach, violated this mutual agreement. Preferring to be a strike breaker, he went back on his comrades and his word. Now the union of operative millers of Rohrbach, of which Gerlach was a member, brought a suit against him before the circuit court, and this court ruled that the defendant must pay the conventional fine of 100 francs to the union, and apart from that bear the cost of the legal procedure, amounting to 200 francs.

A new wire nail machine said to be three times as fast as the productive speed of the best machines used in the United States is about to be placed in the market by a concern in Birmingham, England. Its capacity is rated from 90,000 to 100,000 finished wire nails per hour.

The 15th annual report of the Asylums Committee of the I. C. C. shows that insanity is on the increase. The total number of pauper lunatics in asylums, licensed houses, workhouses, and with relatives and friends on January 1, 1904, was 7,555 males and 10,037 females, making a total of 17,592; in other words, an increase of 3270 the previous year. There were also 6,356 patients accommodated in the imbecile asylums of the

Metropolitan Asylums Board, making a total of 23,948, this showing an increase of 996 on the figures of January, 1903.

A tailor named Goldstein has procured an injunction against Baltimore garment workers and also a damage suit. In his bill Goldstein says he was discharged from his place of eight months' employment because the union threatened his employer that unless he did so, he, the employer, would be deprived of a large amount of work. Goldstein claims damages at the rate of \$21 per week for what he declared was forced idleness.

In the grievance of the miners of the Northern Anthracite Coal Company, of Bernice, Pa., Umpire Wright has decided that the company was not a party to the agreement settling the 1902 strike, and that the miners have no cause for complaint. President Connell, of the conciliation board, is at the head of the company interested.

The master bakers of Porto Rico have started a war of extermination of the unions. They have even gone so far as to subsidize bosses to keep their shops closed. In Mayaguez a general shut down of the bakeries with the exception of one that furnishes all bread for the city and which employs non-union men only.

Not contented with helping the members of every trade on strike or in trouble in the vicinity of Boston, Mass., Cigarmakers Union No. 97 recently appropriated \$400 and decided to assess themselves 25 cents a week for the support of the Landon, England, cigarmakers, who are on strike.

Over one hundred colliers, working in the Cawdor colliery, Carmarthenshire, were summoned at dilo recently with breach of contract, having ceased work in consequence of a dispute regarding prices. Damages were claimed amounting to \$1,835.00, and the bench ordered the majority of the men to pay \$15.00 and a few others \$10.00 fines.

The Nashville Banner, a daily paper, hears that the iron and steel workers are going to vote the straight Socialist ticket this fall because the plutocrats are not satisfied with having become rich but want to destroy the unions as well.

Among the successful candidates in Milwaukee elected on the Socialist ticket three are cigarmakers.

Canadian unions have decided to send agents to Great Britain and other parts of Europe to discourage emigration to Canada.

A shoe factory in Philadelphia, employing 300 men and women, has secured the union label by unionizing.

The International Union of Flour and Cereal Mill Employes is still harrassing the non-union Washburn-Crosby flour.

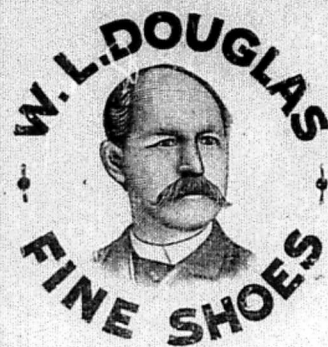
The operative potters of Trenton N. J. have introduced a uniform scale which is said to benefit 90 per cent of the general workers.

The I. T. U. is now located on the sixth floor of the Newton Claypool building at Indianapolis.

**WHY MUST IT BE?**  
Oh! why must we part with the souls that we love  
And wander so far away,  
While hearts will be aching with grief and pain,  
And life seems a sad, sad day?  
Ah! life is so short, need we separate  
From those whom we hold so dear?  
Can life not be so that we may remain  
And be to our loved ones near?  
The world spins around in its rapid flight,  
Need man be e'er rushing, too?  
Not taking the time to his life enjoy,  
And find all its pleasures true!  
As though he were meant to but live for greed,  
Within this cold world of ours.  
Oh! will he e'er learn how to understand  
The spiritual, higher powers?  
Oh! may we not be enjoying life  
As God would desire us to?  
If we would but fill all our hearts with love  
And live in a way so true  
That life would be filled with a sweet content,  
Much happier we would be,  
And earth would grow more like a paradise,  
Its beauty we'd learn to see.  
—Martha Shepard Lippincott,  
Moorestown, N. J.



# MYERS BROS. Fourth & Main



W. L. DOUGLAS is loyal to unions and union men are loyal to W. L. Douglas.

That's one reason there are more of his SHOES sold than any other three makes of shoes in the world.

Another reason is that he makes the BEST \$3, \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shoe ever sold in the country.

We are exclusive selling agents for this wonderful Shoe. Come in and let us fit you in a pair of Douglas Shoes Every pair warranted.



# MYERS BROS.

LEADING ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS. FOURTH AND MAIN.

**D**RINK the beer that is making Terre Haute famous and distributing \$125,000.00 a year in wages to union workingmen . . . . .

TERRE HAUTE BREWING CO.



## SOCIALIST TICKET.

For President, EUGENE V. DEBS, of Indiana.  
For Vice-President, BEN HANFORD, of New York.  
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.  
At Large—Robert H. Jackson, Indianapolis; James Oneal, Terre Haute.  
First District—C. E. Bristow, Evansville.  
Second District—John Gray, Switz City.  
Third District—John Barsha, Jeffersonville.  
Fourth District—John O. Cooper, Columbus.  
Fifth District—John H. Adams, Brazil.  
Sixth District—Otto A. Lauck, Richmond.  
Seventh District—Gus Hoffman, Indianapolis.  
Eighth District—John Armstrong, Alexandria.  
Ninth District—Wm. Blenko, Kokomo.  
Tenth District—Fred S. Rolt, Lafayette.  
Eleventh District—Ed G. Nix, Huntington.  
Twelfth District—Peter C. Keely, Garrett.  
Thirteenth District—Wm. J. Walters, Elkhart.

## STATE TICKET.

For Governor—Matthew Ballenbarger, Evansville; carpenter.  
For Lieutenant-Governor—Harry H. Hart, Indianapolis; metal worker.  
For Reporter of Supreme Court—Wm. Barrett, Indianapolis; clerk.  
For Secretary of State—Elliott T. Anderson, South Bend; printer.  
For State Auditor—Winfield S. Silvers, Bluffton; farmer.  
For Attorney-General—Peter LaBelle, Anderson; merchant.  
For Superintendent Public Instruction—John W. Newburn, Richmond; teacher.

## VIGO COUNTY TICKET.

For Congressman, Fifth District, William Mahoney, Terre Haute.  
For Joint Representatives, Vigo and Ver-  
non Counties.  
Clarence E. Kingery; Terre Haute.  
For State Senator, Arthur Shellhouse.  
For Representatives, Wm. W. Anstead and Everett Kibley.  
For Sheriff, Richard J. Barrett.  
For Treasurer, Samuel H. Harris.  
For Prosecuting Attorney, Charles E. Abel.  
For Coroner, William Parker.  
For County Surveyor, James U. Thompson.  
For Commissioner, Second District—Glas W. Smith.  
For County Councilmen, at Large, John J. Davis, John F. Shepherd and Tillman Sheward.  
Harrison Tp.—Councilman, John C. Hoogland.  
Sugar Creek Tp.—Councilman, James Steele.

## HARRISON TOWNSHIP TICKET.

For Trustee, John S. Kingery.  
For Assessor, Leo Wall.

## FRED W. BEAL

Attorney at Law.

Citizens Phone 1166. 1194 Wabash Ave.

## GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Saturday Night FRANK DANIELS  
—in—  
THE OFFICE BOY

—Monday—  
TRIED FOR HER LIFE

Tuesday and Wednesday  
ONLY A SHOP GIRL

Thursday  
INNOCENT MAIDS

Friday  
A HOT OLD TIME

**Alexander's Horse.**  
Bucephalus, the horse of Alexander the Great, was in all probability the most celebrated horse of which we have any knowledge. He was bought for the sum of 16 talents from Philonicus out of his breeding pastures of Pharsalia, and it is known that he was skewsided, or, in other words, white, clouded with large deep bay spots, this peculiar breed being valued by the Parthians above all others, but being disliked by the Romans because so easily seen in the dark.  
Bucephalus was ridden by Alexander at the battle of the Hydaspes and there received his death wound. Disobedient for once to the command of his master, he galloped from the heat of the battle, brought Alexander to a place of safety, knelt, as was his custom, for him to alight and, having thus performed his duty, trembled, dropped down and died.

**A Good Rule of Life.**  
A man cannot afford to have an enemy, even a humble enemy. The shabby fellow who storms your office today may be a power in the community next year. Therefore speak to him gently, send him away with a smile. Never affect a contemptuous manner. That is the way of the fool. In the day of small things plan patiently for the day of great things. A polite word costs nothing. It may turn out to be a good investment. As a spark of fire may turn a city into ashes, so an impatient gesture or irritable word may kindle a hatred great enough to destroy a career.

## THOMPSON & CAVANAUGH

The Strictly Union Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters.

It being essential to our success as unionists to foster and encourage to the fullest extent those concerns favorable to our cause, we take pleasure in calling attention to this popular plumbing firm, which is located at 307 Ohio street, and which is a splendid example of home enterprise, and one which should receive the hearty support and encouragement of all loyal unionists.

This concern is established upon a most solid and substantial basis, and has grown in prestige and popularity since the date of its inception.

The members of this firm can always be depended upon to be absolutely fair and reasonable in their attitude toward labor and the cause of labor. Both were active and consistent union men before engaging in business and their work is first class and guaranteed. They make a specialty of repair work.

These gentlemen are excellent men, and have shown their interest in our cause in the past.

## A SOCIALIST CAMPAIGN SONG.

Composed and Published at Terre Haute, Ind., The Home of Eugene V. Debs.

"The Dawning Day" is the title of a Socialist campaign song. The words of which were written by Frank Sence and the music by Thos. G. Fudge a prominent music teacher of this city the words are replete with a true class conscious ring. The music is imbued with the same spirit, having a rousing chorus harmonized for male voices. A quartette from this city sang the piece at Debs' meeting Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 1, 1904 on which occasion 300 copies were sold. The title page, embellished with portraits of Debs and Hanford, is well worth the price to any Socialist whether musician or not. "Music hath charms to soothe a savage" and has its place in the Socialist movement. The Socialists of America should encourage our comrades in this venture, this being (to the best of our knowledge) the first Socialist song ever published in sheet music form. Considering the quality of paper used and the excellency of the printer's work the price of the piece is remarkably low, 10c per copy, or 3 for 25c. Order of the composer, Thos. G. Fudge, Terre Haute, Ind.

## Not Fatal.

No Matter What Doctors Say—We Know That Heart Trouble in Many Cases Can Be Cured.

There are seven main features of heart disease, viz.: (1) Weakness or Debility; (2) Rheumatism or Neuralgia; (3) Valvular Disorder; (4) Dilation; (5) Enlargement; (6) Fatty Degeneration; (7) Dropsy.

Documentary evidence will prove thousands of so-called "incurables" have been absolutely cured by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure.

Patients often have no idea their disease is heart trouble, but ascribe it to indigestion, liver complaint, etc.

Here are some of the symptoms: Shortness of breath after exercise. Smothering Spells. Pain in Chest, left Shoulder and arm. Discomfort in Lying on one side. Fainting Spells. Nervous Cough. Swelling of Feet and Ankles. Paleness of Face and Lips. Palpitation. Nightmare. Irregular Pulse.

"I have great faith in Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and speak of its merits whenever opportunity presents. I can now go up and down stairs with ease, where three weeks ago I could hardly walk one block." One year later—"I am still in good health; the heart cure did so much for me, that I find it a far greater medicine than you claimed it to be."—S. D. YOUNG, D. D., 677 North Pine St., Natchez, Miss.

Money back if first bottle fails to benefit. FREE Write us and we will mail you a Free Trial Package. Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, The New Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Symp-  
tom Blank for our Specialist to diagnose your case and tell you what to do. Free  
trial package sent to you on receipt of 10c  
in stamps or cash. Write to Dr. Miles,  
Little Rock, Ark.

## FARMERS' MONTH AT WORLD'S FAIR

Biggest Department of the Great Exposition Ready For the Inspection of the Army of Men Who Made Its Creation Possible.

Now that crops have been or are being laid by, the farmer prepares for his trip to the World's Fair, a treat that has long been promised him and for which he has patiently waited. No exposition has offered so many inducements for the farmer's presence as this one at St. Louis, nor has any previous exposition given the prominence and space to the subject of agriculture.

August and September are ostensibly the farmer's months at the Exposition, for it is at this season that the agriculture exhibits are the freshest and best. Products of the new crops are pouring into the booths from every state in the Union, and additions are constantly being made to the gorgeous display.

Headquarters for visiting farmers may be found in every state section of the great Agriculture Palace, but for their special convenience there has just been completed a Grange House, situated in the south end of the building. It is equipped with a reception room, ladies' retiring rooms and check rooms, where parcels may be left free of charge. Here will be kept a list of moderate priced rooms to aid visiting farmers and their families in procuring accommodations.

The largest building on the grounds is the Palace of Agriculture, covering twenty acres, while the Palace of Horticulture near by covers about a third as much space. These two immense structures are filled with exhibits of the farm, garden and orchard of the most extensive and elaborate character, every state in the Union and most of the principal countries of the world being represented.

Agriculture is given more prominence than any other department at the Exposition, the paramount importance of this great industry having been fully appreciated from the very beginning of the World's Fair movement.

About seventy acres of ground are covered by the agriculture and horticulture department at the Fair, large outdoor spaces being devoted to this industry. Outside there are growing crops, trees and flowers, an instructive six acre farm maintained by the United States Government Plant Industry, and gardens in all parts of the grounds.

There are more exhibits in the Agriculture building than in any other section of the Exposition. This building is considered by many people the most interesting part of the World's Fair. The exhibits in the palaces of Agriculture and Horticulture constitute a display vast enough and instructive



LOUISIANA PURCHASE MONUMENT, WORLD'S FAIR.

enough to occupy the attention of visitors for many days. Nothing to compare with them was ever attempted before. They are the climax of several decades of educational work which is placing farming on a high plane and is making scientific agriculture a pleasing reality.

The conspicuous role played by agriculture at the World's Fair should bring untold benefits and wealth to the farming community of the world and impress all farmers with the importance and dignity of their calling.

Passing through these colossal buildings, studying the attractive exhibits and fascinated by the bewildering encyclopaedia of rural life which is spread out before his eyes, the World's Fair visitor is impressed with the important part the farmer plays in the great world of industry, and every farmer who views these interesting exhibits is given a new pride in his vocation if filled with inspiration and impressed with new ideas in harmony with the progressive strides that farming has been making for the past few years. The visit will give an insight into up to date farming on the most approved plan and will bring new hope and blessings to the farm.

How properly to rotate crops, how to get the best results from fertilizing and irrigation, how to protect crops and fruit from the ravages of insects—all these and many more things of vital importance to the farmer and fruit grower are to be seen at the World's Fair.

## The Happy Home

Is the one furnished from

**FOSTER'S** Carpet and Furniture House.

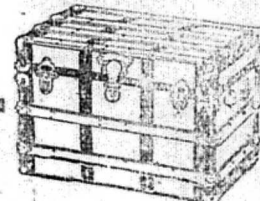
Fall stock is now in, and many are the exclamations of delight as the ladies look it over.

Everything is new. One price to everybody.

You're safe at

**FOSTER'S.**

SEE OUR \$10, \$12 and \$15 BUGGY HARNESS.



You Can Put Your Clothes in Our Trunks

with the assurance that you are getting the best that man can make or your money can buy.

**OUR \$3 TRUNK**

exceptionally good value for the money—better ones, \$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$11 up to \$25. People who know how and where to buy Trunks, Bags, Suit Cases, Telescopes, etc., come to us. We have never disappointed them.

**PETER MILLER,**

No. 22 South Sixth Street.

Sign of Dapple Gray Horse.

CITIZENS PHONE 218

## BUY THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE



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### AN APPEAL TO PREJUDICE AND TO IGNORANCE

The Socialist Party Attacked by Scurrilous and Lying  
Circulars Sent Through the Mails to Those Who  
Are Favorable to Socialist Principles.

In order to divert attention from himself, a thief and a scoundrel will often point the finger of suspicion to another and to an innocent party. There is no baser nor more contemptible act than to libel or traduce the character of another, and it is always the resort of a depraved and despicable mind.

The Socialist party has been making giant strides in growth, and thousands of the more intelligent workers among the organized and unorganized are embracing the socialist principles and are supporting the party with word and action as well as money. The most wonderful and inspiring activity is noticeable.

This zeal and determination of the Socialists is bearing fruit in the accession of thousands of members, and promises to multiply the vote for the Socialist party nominees many fold. This is alarming to the capitalist class; and their slimy and ignorant lickspittles, unable to meet the socialist advocates in a fair discussion of the economic principles upon which socialism alone stands, have resorted to vile misrepresentation and misstatements so that the working class would become prejudiced and blinded to their own economic interests.

Prejudice is the barrier through which the light of reason and common sense does not penetrate and the unconscionable hirelings of capitalism know that the surest way to keep the workingman in bondage is to cast over him the blight of prejudice and ignorance. By conjuring up hideous and phantastic bugbears the workers' attention is diverted from his present misery and degradation to that of fighting these imaginary foes.

A number of socialist sympathizers have received through the mails a bunch of literary garbage that is a worthy offspring of the vile supporters of capitalist morality and the misery capitalism breeds. Of all the things with which the Socialist party is accused by these circulars, the capitalist parties—Republican and Democratic and the whole brood of reform parties—are already indisputably guilty. There now exists in the worst form all the evils predicted by these circulars. In this way these character assassins seek to besmirch and defame this great working class political movement and save their own scalps from the rising wrath of the working class.

Three matters are dealt with in these circulars—socialism and the trades union, socialism and the home, and socialism and race equality.

It is charged that the socialists are seeking to destroy the trade unions by attacking the so-called leaders and by belittling the victories of the union and by aiding the organization of rival unions. A number of false and foolish charges are made and it would require more space than is available to touch on all the points, so the subject can be treated only in a general way at this time.

The Socialist party is a political organization and has never endorsed any specific labor body and has not taken sides in trade union controversies, but it expressed sympathy with the trade union movement and has furnished substantial proof of its interest by raising over ten thousand dollars for the anthracite coal miners during their great strike, which is more than the Republican and Democratic parties have ever done. On the other hand, a resolution was passed by the party membership declaring that the party had no right to organize trade unions or meddle in trade union questions.

The Socialist trade and labor alliance was the result of the intolerance and disgust of a few intellectual doctinaires who got control of the socialist movement in America at its inception and could not bear patiently with the stupidity of the labor leaders and thought the surest way to enlighten the workers was to reorganize the trades unions.

But the Socialist party is not the Socialist Labor party and its policies are controlled by a different set of men. The Socialist party is made up of trades unionists or trades union sympathizers and they know that industrial conditions will ultimately force the trades unionists to vote as they strike—for working class interests.

The struggle is not between the Socialist party and the trades unions, but between the trades unionists who are socialists and believe the worker ought to have a free and equal opportunity to work and get the entire product of his labor; and the trades unionists who are demorepublicans and believe in the worker begging a boss for a job, or tramping the highway or eating at "free soup houses," and in seeing our women going into the factories and into the dens of prostitution and our children growing up in ignorance and condemned to toil and degradation.

It is not the Socialist party that is fighting to have the trades unions go into independent political action, but it is the trades unionists who see and feel the impotency of the trades unions. Why should

not Gompers and every other one whose ignorance or cupidity stands in the way of emancipation be assailed? Hundreds of thousands of the workers are out of work to-day in this land of plenty; millions of our women and children are at work in factory and store. Poverty and crime and dependency stalk abroad in the nation. We trades unionists know the unions have done good, just as the old bow and arrow and the flintlock gun did; but this is a new age and the unions must adopt a new weapon besides the antiquated strike and boycott. We must use the ballot.

The Socialist party advocates the organization of all who work for a living into a political party to get control of the government and use its powers to make the land, machinery, factories and the opportunity to labor public property, and to give every person an opportunity to work and gives each the full value of his product. That is just what we trades unionists want and we are going to work among the rank and file until the trades union movement will have the same goal.

What does the Republican and Democratic parties stand for? Ye gods! What laws have been passed and enforced in labor's interest that will give the workers a free opportunity by the capitalist parties and have they favored the unions? The men who control these parties are organizing with Parry—manufacturing associations and citizens' alliances, etc., and democratic and republican governors and judges do their bidding and they are making short work of the unions. With boycotts and strikes outlawed and the blacklist legal, with the omnibus injunction and the damage liability, the unions are in a nice plight.

Is it any wonder that some of us trades unionists have had a little sense knocked into our heads and are trying to arouse our sleepy brothers to the desperate situation? And then because some great labor (mis) leader tells us to adhere to the old weapons of defence while our enemies have gone into politics and have seized every power of government to subjugate us it is treason to denounce such. Bah!

The capitalists and politicians and the labor fakirs all know that their soft-calling will be at an end when trades unions go into politics on working class lines, and they are trying to keep us divided. The time for a change in trades union tactics is here and to vote for a capitalist party is nothing else than political scabbery.

Every trade unionist with an atom of sense knows the shortcomings of organized labor. We cannot compel the capitalist to give us steady employment and when he cannot dispose of the products he takes from us he shuts up shop and lays us off. On the other hand we have no control over the price of the things we must buy with the miserable wage we get. With those two things in control of the masters and they are getting fewer and more powerful every day, our position is a helpless one. The trade unions cannot and do not control labor-replacing machinery that is each year introduced and is destroying all skill and all union.

The capitalists themselves are no longer able to conduct the business of the country and as a result a couple of millions of workers are idle and wages are coming down. The miners, the steel workers and members of others have felt the axe.

Oh, yes! The bad Socialists are going to wreck the unions. No danger. Just let Open Shop Teddy Roosevelt and Parry and Bull Run Peabody and Bell of Republican stripe, and "Unconstitutional" Parker, Injunction Davis, Garaishee Hanley, and the white anti-labor politicians of the south have got in their work and there will not be much of organized labor left.

The trade unionists who recognize independent working class political action as the only escape from inevitable ruin are trying to save the unions, or rather the freedom and manhood of the working class. Beware of the capitalist politician and the labor leader who advocates capitalism which is confiscate of your body and soul by a few lazy and useless individuals. The goal of the trade union is a government of, by, and for the working class, and that can be attained only through socialism.

The two other circulars do not merit a very lengthy discussion. One of them charges that Socialists and Socialism stand for free love, and to prove this a number of garbled quotations are taken from various writers—some socialist and some otherwise. The socialists have no "program" or plan in regard to the mar-

ital relations of men and women. Socialism deals mainly and primarily with the production and distribution of wealth, and if some men who believe in socialism have ideas as to the proper relation of the sex, it is no part of the socialistic philosophy.

This much, however, all socialists and other students of sociology recognize, that the present condition of society relative to the sex relation is revolting in the extreme, and the Socialists maintain that the evils are wholly due to economic causes. Break up the home! If capitalism has not done that all things are false. In Indiana one out of every seven marriages result in a divorce, and thousands of men will not marry because they cannot maintain a home. Already the birth rate is beginning to decline among the knowing ones and the abortionist is doing a thriving business. Prostitution, adultery and fornication are the boldest and most disgusting vices of today. With the rotten social and sexual condition prevalent today when the rich exchange wives every fortnight and scandalize the rules of common decency and where the poor cannot have a legal wife, the hypocritical and loathsome politician essays to give the good people a preachment on the dangers to the home through socialism.

The socialists maintain that with equal and ample opportunities for both sexes to make a living and a good living, too, that it would put both on a basis to properly contract the marriage relation and there could be no such thing as marrying for a home. This would remove every motive but the highest and purest and we would have real and enduring marriages.

As to society or the state first giving consent to the birth of a child the charge is so preposterous that no sane person could give the statement serious thought. Socialists believe with proper economic conditions parents can have children that will not be martyrs; that will not be doomed to the factory, mine and perhaps spend the best part of their lives in prison or in a house of prostitution. Society should see that the children are well cared for and properly educated. If the ignoramus who wrote the libelous circulars knew a little of our capitalist law he would know that even to-day children may be taken away from incompetent parents. Socialists know that the parents and home must always remain the basis of civilized society and it is an infamous falsehood to charge that so-called free love and promiscuous sexual relations are advocated by the leading socialists. Because the marriage and sexual relations—with divorces, adultery, prostitution, seduction, desertion and all other deplorable phases of the question are criticized and condemned it does not follow that socialists are opposed to all marriage; on the contrary the socialists aim at a sacred and enduring marriage relation.

The Republican and Democratic parties stand for all the hideousness of the existing sexual relations.

The other circular sounds a note of alarm on the race question by charging that the socialists are seeking to establish social equality between the white and negro races. Social equality cannot be established by law or by governmental regulation. The socialists believe that the colored man has no more cause to be despised as a wage slave than he was as a chattel slave so they advocate equality of opportunity. The Negro and all other races are invited to join us not as Negroes, Japanese or any other race, but as workingmen whose interest as such is the same as the white workingman—to get a free opportunity to work and get the full proceeds of his labor, and not be robbed by the capitalist class, be such class made up of white, black, brown or yellow men.

We socialists have nothing to do with making the negro socially equal. He will have to do that by his own intellectual effort. We know one thing, wherever the Negro and Mongolian are organized they make good union men and help white wage slaves to retain their manhood.

It is not a question of one race against another or one nationality opposed to others; it is the working class, or the despoiled class, against the capitalist, or despoiling class. Socialists know distinction of race, creed or nationality. These have always been the subtle devices of tyrants to divide the workers and give the idlers a soft berth.

Terribly afraid of social equality these unctuous rascals are and they admit if you give men industrial equality you will give social equality! This is why the rich claim they are our social superiors—because they enjoy superior industrial advantages. It is not Negro equality, workingmen, that they fear, it is the equality with you they fear. They know under socialism they would have to do some useful work, so they want to alarm you lest the Negro might become your equal.

Dear workingmen, in the eyes of the rich you are not as good as a Negro. You are a cheap and common wage slave.

As to admixture of races, the socialists do not advocate any such doctrine and it is a base lie. But if you want to see mulattoes you do not have to wait for socialism. In every Negro settlement are living and hideous marks of the white men's lust, and the blood of ye Southern planter and other good demorepublicans courses in the veins of many a poor mulatto.

In many states to-day there are no laws preventing the amalgamation of the races, but they do not mix. But you may go down South where there are laws against intermarriage yet you will find mulattoes of all ages and sizes and shades and every one knows such to be illegitimate children. The poverty, the ignorance and the degradation of the poor Negro woman makes her an easy victim of the white men's viciousness.

Under socialism the Negro would have a free and equal opportunity to make an honest living. He would develop racial pride and a spirit of independence and he would not look up to the white man as one whom he should try to mix with in order to elevate himself as some poor fool workingman nor try to hobnob with the rich to improve his social standing. In all likelihood the Negroes and whites would be more segregated than now and each would be more self-sufficient and independent. The socialists demand equality of opportunity for all mankind—a free field and no favors. Wm. MAHONEY.

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## CONCERTS BY MASSES BANDS

Prizes Aggregating \$30,000 to Be Distributed at the World's Fair.

Never were musical events in America planned upon such an elaborate scale as those of the World's Fair. A series of concerts will be given by competing bands in contest for prizes offered by the World's Fair. These contests will take place in Festival Hall, Sept. 12 to 17.

Nine cash prizes, aggregating \$30,000, are offered for the successful bands. The prizes are divided so as to give to the organization scoring the highest number of points \$3,250; \$2,500 will be given to the band scoring the second highest number of points and \$1,500 to the one getting the third highest number.

The above division is made for bands in Class A, which consist of twenty members. In the B class \$10,000 will be given in prizes—first, \$4,500; second, \$3,500; third, \$2,000.

Class C, which includes bands of thirty-five members, will enjoy the division of \$12,750. For the organization scoring the highest number of points a prize of \$6,000 has been named. The second prize is \$4,000 and the third \$2,700.

Bands employed by the Exposition are not permitted to contest. All players must be bona fide members, and each musician must have been enrolled at least three months prior to the date of the contest. Each band must send to the bureau the name of its members and a nominal entrance fee.

Festival Hall concerts by massed bands will be given at 7:30 each day during the contest, in which all contesting bands will take part under the direction of a distinguished conductor. All bands entering must agree to play one concert in addition to the competing concert and massed concerts.

A separate programme has been prepared by the Bureau of Music for each class, and each band will play through the full programme of its class. The numbers in all three programmes are by eminent composers and are chosen with the view of bringing out the qualities of the bands performing them. The list of composers includes Wagner, Gounod, Offenbach, Verdi, Saint-Saens, Bizet, Strauss and Leoncavallo.

## EUROPEAN TRIPS.

Some Points For the Traveler Who Would Be Economical.

The apparent cheapness of cab fares in Europe will at first lead one into unnecessary extravagance, which can easily be avoided. In every large city and many smaller ones little handbooks of the tramway lines can be had, and the cars are so plainly marked that the intelligent traveler soon learns to use them. You do not really know a city or its people until you have studied both at close range in the street cars; you are too far away from them in a cab.

Museums, galleries and palaces are always open one day at least in each week free of charge. To arrange for a visit on this day will save quite a tidy little sum in entrance fees when the expenses are counted up at last.

To sum up, \$2 a day is a liberal allowance for living expenses, for they will not rise to this sum in cities where a long sojourn is made, and so the greater cost of short stands will be equalized to this one average. Almost all European countries offer special cut railroad rates for a number of tours during the summer months. Information as to this is obtainable in the bureau of information in every city railway station, where officials speaking English can always be found. These round trip tickets cover about everything to be seen in the country in question, and international routes can also be covered by their help at a cost less than that offered by the tourist agencies. Steamer travel is cheaper than rail, but the great time demanded makes the question of meals a serious one, as there is no helping yourself out with a sandwich bought at a station.

To be able to avail oneself of all these possibilities for saving money and really getting the most out of one's trip a good guidebook is absolutely necessary.—Pilgrim.

"Do you know," remarked the pessimist, "I think that I have experienced every kind of misfortune except hanging."

"Well, you shouldn't be discouraged," rejoined the optimist. "It is always desirable, you know, to remember the old adage, 'While there's life there's hope.'"

**A Part Never Is the Whole.**  
"Most divorces are caused by a very common mistake."  
"What is it?"  
"Many a man in love only with a glimpse or a curl makes the mistake of marrying the whole girl."—Life.

Better be unborn than untaught, for ignorance is the root of misfortune.  
Plato.

## REPRESENTATIVE MEN ON THE WORLD'S FAIR

What Distinguished Statesmen and Others Say of the Educational and Inspiring Exposition at St. Louis.

The public utterances of distinguished men who have visited the world's fair have but one note, and that of emphatic praise. Here are some of their comments:

Hon. John Hay, secretary of state: "I have never seen nor heard of anything so fine."

Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury: "Any father of a bright boy can afford to send him to the Fair simply to study any one of at least a thousand exhibits."

Hon. Charles H. Grosvenor of Ohio: "A visit of ten days by a man of ordinary aptness and appreciative capacity to the Fair is almost equal to a postgraduate course in a university."

Hon. Benjamin B. Odell, governor of New York: "St. Louis has been badly misrepresented by accounts which say that her weather is unbearable. The Fair is wonderful."

Hon. George C. Pardee, governor of California: "The governor of the Golden State, who has spent all his life within her borders, finds that he knew only a little about his state until he came to the Fair and saw all her varied products assembled together."

Hon. Albert E. Cummins, governor of Iowa: "The Louisiana Purchase Exposition is on the grandest scale of any exposition the world has ever seen."

Hon. Richard Yates, governor of Illinois: "The more I see of the Exposition the more I enjoy it."

Hon. Fenimore Chatterton, governor of Wyoming: "I wish the Fair the greatest success. It certainly deserves it."

Hon. Franklin Murphy, governor of New Jersey: "It is well worth coming from New Jersey to see even a small part of this Fair."

Hon. A. B. White, governor of West Virginia: "I cannot speak too strongly of the greatness of this Fair."

Hon. William J. Bryan: "The Exposition is an unparalleled wonder."

Hon. John Sharp Williams, member of congress from Mississippi: "The most wonderful thing of its kind."

Hon. Hoke Smith of Georgia, formerly secretary of interior under President Cleveland: "I am highly pleased with the Exposition and believe it to be one of the triumphs of modern civilization."

Hon. Perry Belmont of New York: "In magnitude and beauty the Fair is wonderful. It is worth coming a long distance to see."

Hon. Daniel J. Campau, chairman of the Michigan delegation to the Democratic national convention at St. Louis: "It is positively sinful for parents to fail to bring their children to see the Fair."

M. Paul Dupuy, editor of Le Petit Parisien of Paris, France: "I admire the Exposition for its immensity, its spirit of the sublime, its general beauty and its completeness."

Prince George of Bavaria: "I have never seen anything prettier than the St. Louis World's Fair buildings when outlined at night with their millions of electric lights."

Hon. Louis E. McComas of Maryland: "The greatest Fair in the world."

Hon. John F. Dryden of New Jersey: "The people have no idea of the greatness of the Exposition. Every American should see it."

T. J. Shants, president of the Clover Leaf route of Chicago: "The Fair is a big success and will continue to become a greater success as it progresses."

## WAGE EARNERS AT THE FAIR

Prominent Men Planning to Help Workers See the Great Exposition.

Wage earners of America are to see the World's Fair by tens of thousands under the auspices of the National Civic Federation. A new bureau of the Federation has just been established at St. Louis upon the World's Fair grounds. Back of the movement are Grover Cleveland, David R. Francis, Andrew Carnegie, Cornelius N. Bliss and others. Plans are making to have a vast number of the wage earners of the United States see the World's Fair, the most glorious spectacle of the age and the most influential factor in the education of the American citizen.

The bureau is in charge of Miss Gertrude Beeks, secretary of the Federation's welfare department, of which Mr. H. H. Vreeland, head of the street railway system of New York city, is chairman. The bureau headquarters is in the east end of the Palace of Transportation, on the ground floor. The Exposition management is in hearty accord with this movement on the part of the Federation to induce the large manufacturers and other employers of labor to provide ways and means for the wage earners of America to visit the Exposition. President Francis is displaying personal interest in the undertaking by affording the Federation every facility for the consummation of its efforts, and in this connection he has directed Theodore Hardee, assistant to the secretary, to co-operate with Miss Beeks and Ralph M. Easley, chairman of the Federation's executive council, in every possible way.

The Exposition management has also equipped this bureau with clerical assistance and a full supply of World's Fair literature. The bureau will be used as headquarters for all wage earners coming to the Exposition under its auspices. The aim of the Federation is to make it feasible for the largest possible proportion of wage earners to visit St. Louis and see the World's Fair. It will see that they are met at the depot by responsible persons and conducted to suitable lodgings, where they will be treated fairly.

There will also be furnished, free of charge, appropriate itineraries indicating the points of interest to be seen within a limit of one week, which is about the average time each party will spend here. It will also indicate the objects of special interest to various craftsmen in their particular lines, so that they may devote as much time as possible to the objects of peculiar interest to them. These and many other efforts will be made to help all wage earners to enjoy the benefits of this great Exposition comfortably and at an expense within their means.

## LABOR CO-OPERATING.

How Denver Unions Will Fight the Citizens' Alliance.

The labor unions of Denver have at last come together in a solid body and have put their shoulders to the wheel to push the co-operative store. The conditions that are being created are forcing the various labor unions to bury their personal differences and come together in one movement to establish a mercantile institution that will shatter into fragments the Citizens' alliance. The co-operative store is the weapon which organized labor is forced to pick up to wage a successful war against the mercenary combination

that oppresses the daily wage earner. The mining corporations of Colorado, the members of the committee, who have been working night and day, are now beholding their efforts crowned with success, and nearly \$20,000 is now available to launch the enterprise, which means so much to organized labor in the city of Denver. When the business men of Denver behold their commercial realm invaded by organized labor, when they behold their patrons, who poured money into their coffers in the past, crowding into the co-operative store, then will they realize that the Citizens' alliance, which was brought into existence to destroy organized labor, is a miserable failure, and the men who are responsible for arousing prejudice and bitterness will be covered with the odium and maledictions of merchants who are destined to be crucified on the cross of bankruptcy. The co-operative store, after being in successful operation, will teach the laboring man to take another advanced step, and we will soon find unionism throughout the country advocating the operation of co-operative industries, and these object lessons in the school of experience will establish a confidence in the ability of workingmen that will bring the people of this nation closer to the dawn of the co-operative commonwealth.—Miners' Magazine, Denver.

## Scottish Coal Miners.

The Scottish coal miners have been notified by the Employers' federation that on the 1st of September the present wage agreement would cease. This intimation the miners regard as a notice of reduction of their minimum wage of \$1.32 per day. Delegates from the various districts have been in conference and have decided to offer the strongest possible resistance to any reduction in wages. The Scotch miners are federated with the Miners' Federation of Great Britain, which embraces all the miners in the country except the north of England miners, who differ from the federation on the desirability of securing an eight hour working day by legal enactment, which is one of the principal points in the programme of the federation.

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