

MISSOULA POLICE WAGE BRUTAL WAR ON FREE SPEECH.

I. W. W. Organizers Arrested, Jailed and Viciously Beaten by 200-Pound Republican Sheriff in Home of Senator Dixon—Elizabeth Gurley Flynn of New York Dragged to Bastille for Selling Union Papers on Street.

Democratic Institutions Are Assailed.

Police Use Hose to Silence Voice of the Workers—Populace is Indig- nant and Attack Officer.

The city government of Missoula, the police authorities, are making first-class fools of themselves in their efforts to violate the United States constitution, turn the American government upside down, become censors of public speech and keep the I. W. W. doctrines from being proclaimed.

In other words, the capitalist government of Missoula has plunged into the trap of forcibly controlling the protest and activity of the workers, and of upsetting all the guarantees of democracy to do so.

Campaign for Industrialism.

The Industrial Workers of the World brought their speaker into Missoula and began a campaign for the industrial form of unionism, such as they have been pushing with much vigor in various parts of the country. Elizabeth Gurley Flynn of New York, a most devoted promoter of this cause, has been touring the north-west all summer, pushing the I. W. W. doctrines with great vigor. Miss Flynn is an able speaker, has good organizing ability and an immense amount of determination. Her husband, J. A. Jones, and other organizers and workers are with her.

The Industrial Workers do not mince words. They say what they have to say, and they say it on the street, and they keep on saying it. They talk the language of revolt against capitalism, they urge consolidation of the workers in order to get hold of all the means of industry, push the dromes out of the way and have the product of their toil for themselves.

Free Speech Constitutional.

They know that the American constitution gives them the right to talk on the street. Free speech is one of the rocks on which the American government is founded. People have a right to express what opinions they please. If anyone feels injured by the opinions that another expresses he has the right to appeal to a court of adjudication, but he has no right to take the law into his own hands.

The police of Missoula are not law-makers, neither are the gentry of the police court, or the petty politicians that hold office. These would-be arbiters of the United States government didn't like the brand of talk the I. W. W. people were putting up, and they began to arrest the speakers. They said they were violating city ordinances. They don't know enough to know that no city can make an ordinance against free speech; no local government can make any law restriction or ordinance in contradiction with the organic law of the land, the United States constitution.

Ignorant City Officials.

These petty officials were ignorant enough to try and make the I. W. W. people promise to stop speaking. They don't know what they are up against. They are up against an in-

cient revolution. The I. W. W. people are there for the sake of pushing their cause to the uttermost limit. They don't believe in this system. They despise and detest it, and they are taking every lawful means to overthrow it. And they are doing this under the protection and guarantee of democratic institutions.

Police Violate Law.

Instead of stopping the Industrialists issued a call through their paper issued at Spokane for all the I. W. W. members that could possibly do so to quit their jobs and come to Missoula and push the fight.

The police kept making arrests. The speakers stood on their rights and demanded jury trials. When the authorities came up against this they were perplexed and turned them out. But they kept on speaking. The officials thought they could dispose of the matter quietly at first. They knew they were violating their authority, the law, the constitution and everything that makes democratic government. But they thought they were dealing with a few poor ignorant workers that they could awe and club into submission the way they do most of the victims of their greed and brutality.

Officials Up Against Organization.

But they were barking up the wrong tree when they came up against the Industrial Workers. They were up against an organized movement with a purpose. The speakers had worked for three weeks before he police got busy. As long as a thing was small and not attracting much attention they felt no call to interfere. But when it began to have big results, and they saw their graft was being jeopardized and the Workers would not quit, they began to match Missoula political graft against the United States constitution.

The I. W. W. committed the heinous crime of putting up "common working men" to speak at their meetings. The suckers of the public test thought they were at home there. They had drawn their salaries for hounding working men and here they saw a chance to get on to their familiar job once more.

Petty Powers Irritated.

The powers were irritated and began to exercise the functions of censorship. The giant intellect of a policeman objected to some of the more "radical" expressions applied to the army and international union, the "church" and various capitalistic institutions. Orders were issued to stop speaking on the corner occupied by the I. W. W.

Ten Dollars or Fifteen Days.

Some of those arrested were given "\$10 or 15 days." Others were turned loose, to be arrested again for the same offence, and given 15 days as were the others. The persistence and determination of the speakers at last aroused the capitalist press, and now

the daily papers are giving large space to the affair, with the accustomed misrepresentations and slanders on the Workers.

The organizers are working under the jurisdiction of Darby Lumbermen's union No. 29, I. W. W. The reply to a Labor Day speech of a local lawyer made by Gurley Flynn attracted a large audience and was much applauded. The recital of the Colorado labor war by Organizer Little organizer for the Western Federation of Miners in Colorado, was pronounced too radical by the mayor, and the organizers told that they should not speak again. On the following evening Little was about to begin speaking when the police arrested Jones and Little, and took the stand also to jail.

The next night four members of the I. W. W. attempted to speak and were taken to jail. They were tried on the charge of disturbing the peace. All were then told that if they would stop speaking they would be given their freedom. Those who knew what revolutionists are know with what scorn they looked upon these overtures. They will give no promises and they went to jail.

Sheriff Assaults Speaker.

Davis Graham, the republican sheriff of Missoula county, proved himself a tyrannical brute of the worst description by violently assaulting Organizer Jones when he was incarcerated within the jail. The assault was uncalculated for and cowardly, and stamped Graham as a man of violent and brutal instincts, only waiting a chance to wreak his vengeance on his political enemies. Jones was not only absolutely helpless but a very much smaller man than his assailant, and it common rumor that Graham used a large iron key to emphasize his physical powers upon Jones.

Friday night the hose wagon was run out and connected. The evening paper had announced that there would be a change of tactics, and this was discovered in the determination to turn the water on every speaker.

A nice, civilized method of enforcing the law! A method worthy of the Middle Ages! The violation of every democratic principle of liberty humanity has achieved. An insult and contempt thrown upon law and order by the people that have been put in office to uphold such things. How long will a deluded people vote for such things?

Such defiance of justice on the part of officials put a large portion of the crowd in a very radical mood toward the police. Upon playing the water pretty close to one corner of the street the crowd would not move. The hose play was a move that caused resentment in hundreds of people who were not of the Industrial Workers, or sympathizers.

The Fight Not Over.

The fight is not over. The union men are undaunted. Volunteers are on the way from various points of the west, to attempt free speech, to fill the jails, to work for political and industrial freedom.

Jones was assaulted ostensibly for not obeying an order to stop singing. His injuries were such that a doctor had to be called.

Workingmen, you have no rights under capitalist law. How long will you stand this? Arouse ye slaves! If labor is ever to be a factor to make human beings! Sheriff Graham is a 200-pound man, and his bleeding victim weighs only 145 pounds. A civil suit will be brought against the thug that the capitalists keep for their sheriff.

The speaking has been carried on at the corner of Higgins avenue and Main street. Since the arrests commenced there has been a crowd of 1,500 or more every night. Sunday night Gurley Flynn was arrested while selling papers. The charge was "causing a disturbance." She gave notice that she would handle her own case. When those arrested began to demand jury trials the officials were dismayed at the expense they were confronting. The following is taken from the Butte Miner. The paper states that the police are in a quandary as to what disposition to make of the 25 labor orators who reject offers of freedom:

"Mrs. Chas. Fernette, lieutenant of Elizabeth Gurley Flynn Jones, leader and organizer of the Industrial Workers of the world, who was arrested last night for disturbance, was today released after a jury had been impaneled to try the woman. It was found that there was not sufficient evidence to warrant a trial.

Woman Warned.

Mrs. Fernette was warned not to appear on the public streets again. The arrest of Mrs. Fernette last night was followed by violent scenes on the way to jail. A large and angry mob surrounded the police and made a threatening demonstration and during the melee a number of rocks were hurled at the police.

Stone Strikes Officer.

One stone struck Officer Hoel on the arm and as a result the policeman is out of service for several days. Tonight the crowds began to gather at an early hour and, directed by their leader, Mrs. Jones, members of the I. W. W. began to speak at West Front and Higgins avenue.

Thirty Arrested.

The men were allowed little opportunity to display their oratorical powers and were speedily nabbed by the police. The arrests, however, continued from 7:30 to about 9:30 p. m. when the supply of orators appeared to be exhausted. At that hour the police had arrested an even 30 men and for lack of others to fill the ranks vacated by the imprisoned speakers, the big meeting broke up.

Thirty-five members of the Industrial Workers of the World who were arrested as public nuisances while speaking last night, refused to leave the jail when liberty was offered them this morning, demanding food and a jury trial afterward.

Officials in Quandary.

The city officials are in a quandary as to further action in the matter. Reinforced by hundreds of members of the organization the Industrial Workers of the World this evening made a big demonstration parading along the main thoroughfares and singing their battle songs.

Proclamation by Mayor.

The parade numbered hundreds of enthusiasts and a proclamation was issued by Mayor Pro Tem Wilkinson that speaking in public would be permitted on any of the side streets so long as the crowds remained one block removed from Higgins avenue.

Order Prevails.

The mob obeyed this order in the main tonight and order has prevailed for this reason. It is related from headquarters that the present Industrial Workers of the World forces here will be augmented by hundreds yet to come from Butte, Anaconda and Spokane, and that Sunday is set apart for a big day with the Industrial Workers of the World.

Socialists, Union Men and Lovers of Liberty to the Rescue.

This is the time for all those who be-

lieve in the movement of protest and revolt to come to the rescue; to make themselves known, felt and heard. All socialists should support this fight. Free speech is a condition of democracy that we must not lose if we are to accomplish anything else. A Socialist party is useless that is continually finding excuses to keep out of the struggle. It must rise to occasions. It must be alive for freedom.

The Socialists of Montana should rise to protect the right of free speech as valiantly as they did when Mrs. Hazlett was jailed in Spokane. The Missoulian workers must make a

court fight. It will take money. They are at expense. A great part of the Socialists of Montana are well-to-do. They can help the grand fight for freedom if they want to.

Let them come to the rescue get into the struggle, give of what they have.

Sit down at once and send a good, big, liberal chunk to Fred Chuning, secretary Socialist local, Missoula, Mont., to carry on the Free Speech fight.

Are you in this fight to win? Then get busy.

THE SWEDISH STRIKE.

By John Sandgren, Delegate of the Swedish Workers to America.

When the Swedish Employers' association this summer initiated the series of lockouts, first of 13,000 men, then 50,000, then 80,000, with the additional threat of a general lockout, it was not for the purpose of forcing through the wage reductions, which on the surface were the original cause of the trouble. Their purpose in making these reductions unacceptable was to force the organized Swedish working class into a final battle which should break it to pieces while it was still possible to do so.

With great worry the capitalist class not only of Sweden, Finland, Norway and Denmark but of all Europe has been noticing the gigantic strides with which the working-class movement of those countries has advanced during the last few years.

With sorrow the capitalist class of Europe contemplates the fact that in Finland, where the parliament consists of only one chamber, the Socialists now lack only 16 of a majority, while the organizations on the economic field are growing apace. No smaller calamity threatens the exploiters in Denmark, where hardly a year passes without the workers conquering one stronghold after another. In Norway they have to so completely despair of the continued existence of the private ownership of the means of production and distribution that the bourgeois members of parliament now are proposing measures that will turn over the industries of the country to public ownership. They ask for a 40 years' lease of life for capitalism; they expect 20, but the workers will hardly concede more than 10 years.

Turning their eyes to Sweden they found that the boon of "universal suffrage" they forced upon the workers a couple of years ago probably will result in a Socialist majority in the lower house of parliament in a very few years and a large minority in the upper house. Furthermore, they found that the Swedish workers, having through long and hard experience discovered the impotency and inefficiency of the craft form of organization in their trade unions, now are about to rebuild and reconstruct their economic organization on industrial lines there being not less than 50 motions to that effect which will come up before the next congress of the unions.

Surely gloomy prospects for the capitalist class! Something had to be done, something desperate which

would stamp out the working-class movement in those northern counties. Sweden having the largest and the strongest movement, it was singled out as the first point of attack. Sweden once crushed, it would be easier to deal with the other countries.

The struggle is thus not a contention about hours and wages. The issue is: Shall the working-class organization of Sweden live or die?

The Swedish capitalist class has already suffered tremendously in a financial way through the general stoppage of work and through the enormous expenses incidental to the fight. The other day Mr. von Sildow, the chief of the Swedish Employers' association, had a slip of the tongue and confessed that they were groaning under the burden of the bribes which had to be paid to the press of the whole world, naturally in order to make it lie about the cause of the Swedish workers.

Another heavy blow the financial interests of Sweden suffered on the first of October. On that day the quarterly rents for October, November and December fell due; rents so high that hardly any country has seen anything approaching it. Naturally very few, if any, of the workers paid their rents. The legal owners of the tenements will not be able to pay the interest on the mortgages to the real owners, that is, the banks. The effect of this will be widespread, as very few of Sweden's workers live in their own houses. It will hardly be possible for the house owners to find workers willing to eject their fellows en masse, and thus the workers of Sweden will have acquired the habit of defying the landlord.

In spite of all these financial losses the employers seem determined to continue the struggle. In answer to the demands of the workers to return to work under the conditions existing before the strike, the arrogant employers make demands which would mean the death of the organization. It is evident that they mean to make this a final battle, but equally determined are the workers that it shall be only a rehearsal for the final battle.

We realize that it is our duty to the workers of the whole world not to surrender, and we will hold out indefinitely, provided we are supplied with some of the primary necessities of life.

(Continued on page 2.)

LOCAL DEPARTMENT

THE MONTANA NEWS IS HEADQUARTERS FOR UNION JOB WORK IN THE NORTHWEST
ORGANIZED LABOR CAN SUCCESSFULLY CARRY ON ITS RESISTANCE AGAINST CAPITALIST OPPRESSION ONLY THROUGH ITS SOLIDARITY. ECONOMIC POWER IS THE POWER THAT COUNTS. WHY SHOULD ORGANIZED LABOR LEND ITS ECONOMIC POWER TO THE CLASS THAT USES EVERY KNOWN MEANS TO CRUSH IT OUT OF EXISTENCE?
THE CAPITALIST PRESS AND PRINTING PLANTS ARE MAINTAINED TO INFLUENCE PUBLIC OPINION AGAINST THE EFFORTS OF THE WORKING CLASS TO EMANCIPATE ITSELF.
THE WORKING CLASS MUST HAVE ITS OWN PRESS AND A POWERFUL PRESS, THROUGH WHICH TO STATE ITS GRIEVANCE AND ITS CAUSE.
ORGANIZED LABOR CAN ONLY ADVANCE THROUGH A POWERFUL LABOR PRESS.
DO NOT THROW YOUR JOB WORK AND ITS PROFIT TO A CAPITALIST PRESS THAT WILL CUT YOUR THROAT WHEN YOU GET INTO TROUBLE.
THROW IT TO A LABOR PAPER AND STRENGTHEN IT SO IT CAN FIGHT YOUR BATTLES IN TIME OF STRESS.
THE MONTANA NEWS IS THE ONLY LABOR AND SOCIALIST PAPER BETWEEN CHICAGO AND THE COAST.
THE JOB WORK OF ORGANIZED LABOR OVER THIS SECTION WOULD MAINTAIN IT.
YOUR UNION HAS BILLS, ENVELOPES, LETTERHEADS, CONSTITUTIONS, BY-LAWS, PROCEEDINGS, APPLICATIONS, NOTICES, HANDBILLS, CARDS TO BE PRINTED. SEND THEM TO US. WE PAY THE EXPENSE. WE CHARGE YOU NO MORE THAN YOU HAVE TO PAY ANYWHERE ELSE.
WE TURN OUT A SUPERIOR QUALITY OF JOB WORK.
GIVE US A TRIAL AND FIND OUT.
STAND BY THOSE THAT STAND BY YOU.
UNION LABOR SHOULD SEND ALL ITS UNION JOB WORK TO THE ONLY PAPER THAT SUPPORTS THE UNIONS IN THE NORTHWEST.

THE STATE SITUATION.

The Montana News has been under the fire of considerable criticism because it has not kept the party membership posted on the development and status of the situation within the party in the state, in order that the socialists might have some guide as to what they ought to do, some information by which they might shape their actions.

The reason that the News has been practically silent on the trend of affairs in Montana is because of its widespread circulation outside of the state. The support of the News is drawn from the entire northwestern territory, and it has been our purpose not to bring in the discouraging features of a state hocus-pocus as a needless irritation to the readers of the News in other states outside Montana, where there could be no interest in the unseemly squabbles into which stupid and ill-disposed persons have precipitated the party in Montana.

We do not intend to swerve from that purpose. We expect to devote the News to the handling of the interests of the proletariat in this section of the United States. The new and, to a large extent, inexperienced organizations of the Socialist party west of the Mississippi river are constantly embroiled in trivial differences that one might almost say are inseparable from new people coming into a great labor organization, without any experience in labor movements, with no practical knowledge of what they are in, and whose theoretical knowledge is both limited and erroneous. In such a combination of circumstances, incompetent and mischievous persons find a large and inviting theater for evil-doing.

In a good, clear, experienced movement, where there are enough able persons to maintain a movement of that sort, as in some of the older states, these mischievous persons and tactics can never get hold of a movement and deflect it into the absurdities that are making a number of the western states the ridicule of practical socialists; as Texas and Washington at present, and, we regret to say, Montana.

It is a matter of humiliation to posted socialists that such a state of affairs exists. The publicity of the condition cannot bring us adherents from the ranks of labor or dignify our claims to a scientific solution of the miseries of labor. Therefore an intelligent propaganda is interested in keeping these childish trivialities away from the main sweep of the Great Cause, and going forward courageously with the essential work of education and construction.

But recognizing all this as a well grounded policy, there is another feature that must be considered. When interests are at work utterly defeating the purpose of Socialism they must be calmly set forth and explained that the feet of the unwary may not be led astray into labyrinths that can only indefinitely retard any possible advantage to working class interests.

Believing that the foregoing is a sufficient explanation of the policy of the News in regard to the Socialist party in the state of Montana, we hereby append a brief resume of the situation as it now exists.

James D. Graham resigned as state secretary in April, the resignation to take effect, in accordance with the instructions of the national executive committee, when a successor was properly elected and installed. The

...ing non-members vote. Still they are attempting to push this method through.

Serious charges have been preferred against Duncan for violation of party regulations by Local Lewistown, and the state committee has passed a motion suspending him from the executive committee until it can investigate his case. So he is not in position to act upon party affairs at present.

Instead, however, of obeying the mandate of the party, he and Kruse persist in sending communications to the party overflowing with reasons as to why they should set aside constitutions and party methods in order to save the country. It is the old idea of a few self-styled saviors transcending all method and order of the mass to impose their peculiar methods of salvation upon them. These communications are replete in misrepresentations to the party membership. For instance, a recent one states that Comrade Graham would not permit the books to be audited, and this impression is continually peddled by these people, in spite of the facts, which no one knows better than they.

Comrade Graham turned his books over to the convention a year ago. Duncan was on the auditing committee. He was appointed by the state committee to audit the books once a month, which he never did, and finally resigned as auditor at a meeting of the executive committee Feb. 12, on the plea that he had not time for the work. Kruse was at this meeting, yet he and Duncan will deliberately put their names to a statement saying that Graham would not permit his books to be audited.

In July Graham turned over his books to William Pepsworth of the Babcock Mercantile company of Helena, an expert accountant, endorsed as auditor by the executive committee. He made a thorough audit of them and made a beautiful and thorough report testifying to their accuracy, and sent a letter to Kruse informing him of the same. Yet in the face of this Kruse signs his name to a perjured statement charging that Graham would not permit his books to be audited.

This is a sample of the stuff with which an attempt is being constantly made to sidetrack and disrupt the party.

The organization, however, is now straightening itself out. Experiences takes the place of nonsense or worse, and we hope in a short time that all difficulties will be settled, and the party get down to the work of organization and fighting capitalism, which has not been done since these trouble-makers have attempted to become conspicuous.

It is noticeable in the party trouble that we have had in Montana that every dirty scab and crooked union man has lined up solidly against the promoters of the News. That is the most conspicuous thing in this entire struggle. The bum union men, the scabs, those opposing the class character of the labor organizations, middle-class light-weights, men attached to no craft or industry—these are the ones that have fought us. It is considerable satisfaction to know that.

LOCAL SUPPORT.

The News is calling this week for a loyal, warm and generous support from the true socialists in the state. There is certainly no socialist who knows the serious import of what a socialist movement means but what realizes the absolute necessity of establishing a strong and powerful local press. The socialist movement will never be anything but idle wind-jamming till this is done. Each section must handle its own affairs and its own difficulties with the capitalist class in its own way. The Montana movement is exceedingly weak in executive ability and constructive force. The active work will necessarily devolve largely upon the socialist paper.

Every intelligent socialist knows that an active and useful party to the interests of labor cannot exist without the paper. We are sure from our personal work among the locals that the rank and file of the party want the News. That there are none who do not want it except a few bitter enemies who are actuated by ulterior and personal motives.

I am sure that we are agreed that we all need the News, and want the News; that we must have the News in order for our work against capitalism to go forward.

Now, comrades, those of you who understand socialism know that this can only be accomplished by united effort. There are 60 weekly and 15 daily papers in the state upholding the power and the insolence of capitalism and only one small paper to oppose this hideous oppression.

The News was never at a lower ebb to maintain its existence. Some of you have neglected to renew your subscriptions. Some of you are not thinking it worth while to get new ones.

The News has not been going out very regularly of late because there is not money on hand to pay for the work.

We are doing everything we can with every effort we can put forth. It is the back debts that the party will not pay, and have saddled on us, that are crippling the News. The money that we have raised is all the time eaten up by these old debts, rent, insurance, linotype notes, printers, press work even some old wage debts that the party contracted.

We want to get rid of these old debts so that our strength may be given to pushing the News. Five hundred dollars would put us in the clear so that the News would come out regularly, and we could go forward with our old-time vigor.

There are fifty socialists in the state who are abundantly able to risk a loan like this for the sake of making secure a socialist paper; and after all that the promoters of the News have done and given for that purpose the cause of the revolution should touch their purses strings as well as their hearts.

Comrade Graham has within the last three months raised \$950 one his own securities, most of which has gone to pay party debt; \$500 on his home, \$150 on his furniture, \$100 from his brother-in-law, \$200 on second mortgage.

Will the socialists of the state take this money from one man and refuse to do anything themselves?
 We know that you would not do it if you understood the circumstances.
 We know that you would really like to see the News prosper and grow.
 We are offering to the socialist party this week a new plan for lifting the News to an unimpeded advancement again.

We are asking every sincere socialist in the state for a loan of from \$5 to \$25. Forward this at once to assist the News in its straits. An immediate response will save us. You will receive our note in return. You can take the amount out in suo cards or Appeal to Reason sub cards, of which we still have about \$50 worth on hand, or job work or literature.

You will thus see that you have a chance to make a good investment for the cause, and also to come to the immediate relief of the News.

We know your heart is in the right place, and you do not want to see the News go down, and you want to help it. Sit right down and send us according to your resources, \$5 to \$25. Do it now. WE MUST HAVE IT.

FROM BISHOP CREEK.

This will tell the story. We have just arrived in Bishop, and have had a very pleasant journey. Bishop has a population of 1500, and is surrounded by an immense valley eighty miles long and twelve miles wide. Its industry is farming and cattle raising, mostly farming. There is also an abundance of fruit such as apples, peaches and pears. Besides all this there is the mining.

To-day we made a visit to the Bishop Creek mine, where Wilshire has the controlling interest. I am very much pleased with the mine, and the way they are making progress on it. My husband and myself took a ride to the bottom, 275 feet deep. They are working three shifts a day, and claim to have a great body of ore. I am no judge of such matters but they tell me the mineral averages from \$15 to \$20 a ton. Mr. Bauman took some of the specimens from the first level. The company claims it is going to build a stamp mill, and use the cyanite process on the ore. They expect this to be completed by October. There is an abundance of water power as there is a lake within a mile and a half. The mine also gets its power from Bishop Creek, which is a forceful stream that comes from the lake. This creek runs into Swan's river which empties into Swan's lake. In this lake an eastern corporation puts the water into vats to extract baking soda, which is shipped all over the world. This is what goes into soda biscuits.

I could write considerably more, but think that the News would not have room. When we leave here we make Ogden and Denver a visit, and then to Livingston, which will complete our journey.

MRS. WM. BAUMAN.

Deer Lodge, Mont., Sept. 6, '09.

We had a glorious celebration here today. The machinists, boilermakers and blacksmiths all had floats. As the Mt. Powell Lodge No. 100, International Association of Machinists, was the first labor organization in Deer Lodge, we felt proud of ourselves, and the other organizations the same. Outside of the shops there is nothing organized as yet; but the business men here treat us with courtesy, so we have no kick coming. Send us 1000 envelopes and 500 full letter heads with the slone and 500 half sheets the same.

From your old war partner,
 J. C. MURPHY.

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A couple of socialists who wish to better their condition would like to locate a homestead or get hold of some cheap land in Idaho, Montana or Washington. They would be pleased to hear from any socialist who knows of any good land open for settlement, and are willing to pay for the trouble in securing the information. Address: Homesteader, care Montana News, Helena, Mont.

We have many inquiries for sample copies of the News. If any Montana News reader wish to distribute socialist literature among their friends, we will send the News for ten weeks for ten cents. Or if they wish to sample ten of their friends we will send the News to ten names ten weeks for one dollar. A dollar well spent. How many want to spread socialism that way?

Send in the names of your friends. They can get the News fifty weeks for fifty cents.

You are the one that must build up a sectional paper.

Comrade Hendricks of Great Falls renews his sub.

"Revolution" that does not touch the pocketbook, the press, sacrifice, hard work, scorn, contempt, persistence is but skin deep. No capitalist need ever tremble before it.

Up the Divide

A new liberal magazine comes to our desk with the name of William Thurston Brown as one of the editors. The name of the little magazine is "Up the Divide". It is published in Denver by Duren J. H. Ward, who is also one of the editors. The design is pleasing to the eye, the cover being a warm cherry color emphasized by decorative features in brown, representing the far-distant, long sweeping range of the Snowies. The inside pages are pink with the lettering and design done in brown. An explanatory line specifying the new publication as "a periodical asking—why not see religious and other things social from a higher altitude?"

The general treatment of the subject matter is from the unitarian standpoint. Comrade Brown is the field secretary for the Rocky Mountain department of the American Unitarian Association, and is the lecturer of the church at Salt Lake and Ogden.

As is well known he is an earnest socialist, and the magazine will doubtless carry much of his revolutionary thought.

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