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NATIONAL EDITION—EIGHT PAGES—PRICE ONE CENT.

OLD PROBLEM STIRS A.F. OF L. CONVENTION

Question of Electrical Workers' Dispute Will Not Down.

BY BEN OLIN (Daily Socialist Staff Correspondent.) St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 18.—The convention of the American Federation of Labor...

Try to Defer Fight "Conservative" leaders, who have been in attendance since the convention opened, have been doing their utmost by parliamentary means...

Duffy Called Home Everything appeared tranquil until Frank Duffy, treasurer of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America...

To Special Committee President Gompers, whom the supporters of the Reid faction of the electrical workers claim is parleying for time, then advised the delegates that he had appointed a special committee...

I don't believe that the special committee will ever get to any agreement, said Lewis, and I believe that if this special committee is not ready to report Friday we should ask them to say so...

Furuseth Gets Floor Andrew Furuseth, Norwegian seaman, and president of the International Seamen's Union, then asked the president for the floor...

Local electricians here are looking upon the matter with great interest, as they are all members of the Reid faction and are thereby cut off from the labor movement of the city...

McNulty's View Frank J. McNulty, who is present at the convention to defend his side, avers that the real reason for the anxiousness of his Reid supporters to defeat him is because it would probably result in the releasing of the \$30,000...

Turner Speaks Ben Turner, president of the Central Union of Weavers and Textile Workers of Great Britain, so told the delegates to the American Federation of Labor convention assembled here...

Unemployment Problem "One of the greatest nightmares of our country is the problem of unemployment, but the effects of this curse will be alleviated by a trades insurance bill to insure a man from becoming a physical wreck in times of unemployment..."

A new conscience, I am glad to say, however, has been aroused, although there are still those who believe that capital is the creator and should therefore be treated as king. Labor is the real creator of wealth, and it is being more and more realized.

(Continued on Page 4, Column 3.)

PARLIAMENT IN ENGLAND QUILTS

Date for Dissolution Has Been Set for Nov. 28.

(United Press Cable.) London, Nov. 18.—Parliament will be dissolved on Nov. 28, according to announcement by Premier Asquith today.

Premier Defiant The announcement that the issue would be the House of Lords, while expected, still came as a shock to many Englishmen, who had hoped that King George would be able to reconcile the warring elements.

The premier was defiant when he arose to address the house of commons today and made it plain that the Liberals were determined that the people should be given the opportunity to say whether the Lords were to be retained as part of the legislative system.

Stop the Farce "It is useless to continue the farce longer," said the premier. "To reform the House of Lords and at the same time permit it to retain its right to veto necessary legislation is simply to make a farce of government."

The suggestions of compromise that have been made have not been for the interests of all the people. The government has a distinct program planned and that program is to be carried out. The cabinet has discussed all of the suggestions of compromise and has decided that none of them are feasible.

WAR AGAINST PACKERS IS ON

Retailers, Courts and Public Line Up Against Food Trust.

Bluff Is Called The retail butchers have called the bluff of the beef barons and declare that the much-heralded reduction in the wholesale price of meat is adjusted to make the actual net in price about one-half a cent.

Reductions in the price of certain portions of the carcasses are made by the beef trust and increases are charged on other portions so as to equalize the cost and keep it at a high level, though making the appearance that meats are going down in price.

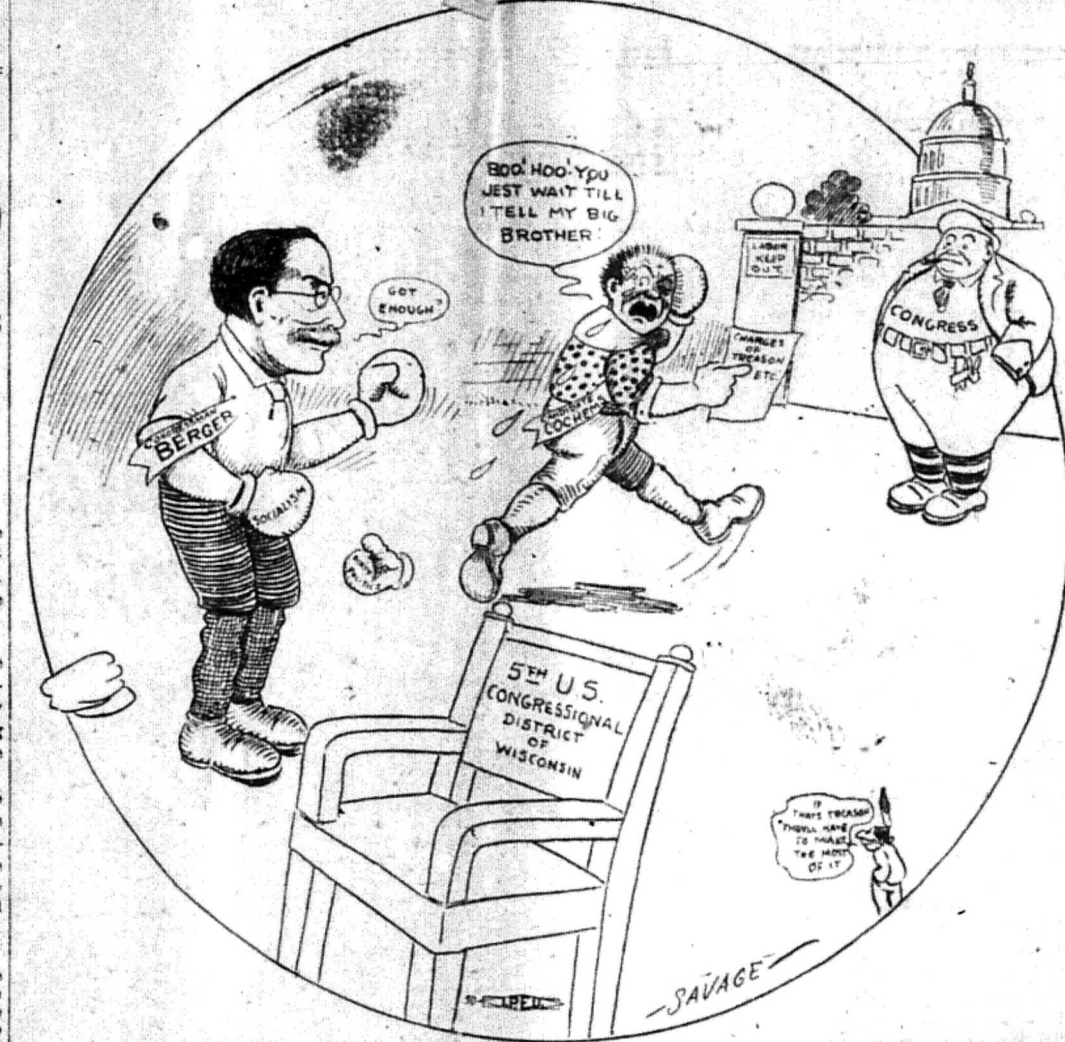
Reduced Cost of Living is a reduction on paper. Neil Greife, a retail butcher on the North Side of Chicago proved that by citing prices paid by him.

Levy Mayer, attorney for the clothing interests, is co-operating with John S. Miller and Moritz Rosenthal in defending the packers before Judge Landis.

Meatwholesale Swift & Co. is fighting out a case before the interstate commerce commission, charging the Baltimore & Ohio railroad with illegal discrimination against the packing company through failure to furnish it with certain bonded storage facilities at Baltimore.

Ben Turner, president of the Central Union of Weavers and Textile Workers of Great Britain, so told the delegates to the American Federation of Labor convention assembled here...

THE TITTLE-TALE



ALL READY FOR SPECIAL ISSUE

Announce Final Plans for Big Garment Strike Edition.

Man the Loop Each section, running east and west across the loop, will be manned by a captain and twenty-five to thirty-five helpers.

All helpers are to be at 180 Washington street promptly at 10 o'clock, Saturday morning.

With badges reading "Garment Strikers' Benefit," pinned across their hats, a canvas bag, for coins, hung about their necks and a hundred "Strike Specials" under their arms, each group will march to the west end of its section, the girls taking their positions on various corners and in front of busy buildings.

New Supplies Fresh supplies of papers will be furnished to the girls as needed by members of the Y. P. S. L., who will walk back and forth in each section.

The previous plan of accepting invitations for supper from numerous cafeterias and restaurants, thus compelling division into groups, has been abandoned, for an invitation from the Garrick audience, through the Garrick lecturer, A. M. Lewis.

All newbies are to be the guests of the Garrick audience for supper at 7 o'clock at the Ionian Luncheon Club, 185 Dearborn street.

The reports of activity from the executive committee of the garment workers for the selling of papers throughout the city, outside of the loop, are most encouraging.

Article by Darrow One of the editorials in the "Strike Special" will be written by Clarence S. Darrow, the well-known champion of the cause of labor.

The women of Coffeyville, Kan., have not only shown that they are capable of making proper use of the ballot, but that they are fully conscious of the value of propaganda, as shown by the following incident in their local campaign against the issuance of bonds for the erection of an armory in that city.

WEATHER INDICATIONS

The official weather forecast for the thirty-six hours ending tomorrow at 7 p. m. is as follows: Chicago and Vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday; not much change in temperature; minimum tonight a few degrees below freezing; light variable winds.

Illinois, Missouri and Kansas—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Indiana—Generally fair tonight and Saturday.

Lower and Upper Michigan—Unsettled tonight and Saturday.

Wisconsin and Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Iowa—Generally fair tonight and Saturday; cooler in extreme southeast portion tonight.

WOMEN STORM THE LAWMAKERS

London Police in Battle. Suffragist Army, Four-Hundred Strong, Engage London Police in Battle.

London, Nov. 18.—Near riots have been in progress around the parliament building all day as the result of the activity of the suffragettes.

Three hundred and fifty of the more militant made a concerted attack upon the police guard in an effort to enter the structure. They were dispersed as gently as possible, but renewed the attack time and again.

LABOR TROUBLES THREATEN CANAL

Taft Must "Hurry On," Boilermakers' Demands Delayed.

(By United Press Association.) St. Louis, Nov. 18.—In the event that demands of the boilermakers engaged in the Panama canal zone are refused by the government, and those workmen who quit yesterday effect a general strike, the canal vacancies will not be refilled by mechanics from the United States.

This declaration was made today by J. A. Franklin, president of the International Boilermakers' union here.

"I don't think there will be a strike in Panama," said the boilermakers' president, who is attending the American Federation of Labor convention.

Not Wages Alone "If there is a strike, however, the boilermakers employed on the canal will not be interfered with by men from home. This trouble is not alone a question of wages. They are asking sixteen days' leave on full pay, just as is given employees in the civil service."

It was queer that the president should have refused to see the boilermakers when he went to Panama for the purpose of investigating the matter.

Cabinet to Meet "A cabinet meeting was held for the discussion of the workmen's conditions. A decision was withheld until Taft could obtain first-hand knowledge by a visit to the canal. When he got there he said he was compelled to hurry on."

President Franklin had been advised that 143 boilermakers quit work late yesterday because President Taft had asked them to await his return to the United States for a reply to their demands.

\$2,500,000 STRUCTURE FOR N. Y. OPERA GOERS New York, Nov. 18.—New York is to have a new home for grand opera. Realizing, as has been pointed out recently, that thousands of opera lovers are kept from hearing high class music because most of the seats at the Metropolitan Opera House are in the hands of season subscribers, the directors of the Metropolitan company have decided to build a new opera house on a different site. This is to accommodate, according to the present tentative plans, about 6,000 persons, as against the 4,000 held by the present structure. It will cost, in all likelihood, about \$2,500,000, exclusive of the value of its site.

BLUE-BLOODED COUNT, HAILED INTO COURT, ASKS FOR JURY Slightly disheveled but still very much in the running, Count Jacques Alexander von Mourik de Beaufort, whose quarrels with his millionaire American papa-in-law, M. H. Kilgallen, have furnished amusement to Chicago for weeks, appeared today in Judge Brungner's court on a charge of disorderly conduct and, loudly proclaiming his confidence in American fair play, demanded a jury trial.

GARMENT STRIKERS' OFFICIALS WAR ON POLICE BRUTALITY

SAVES \$500 AT PERIL TO LIFE Clubbing of Workers Will Lead to Spread of Strike.

School Board, Headed by Beef Lawyer, Prefers Money to Children.

Alfred R. Urion, president of the Chicago Board of Education, also attorney for Armour & Company in a suit brought against that corporation charging tax dodging, is so anxious to save \$500 that he is risking children's lives.

Downey Makes Admission Such is the admission of Joseph Downey, builder, and chairman of the building and grounds committee of the board of education. Downey asserts that because the board has practically decided to build a new building on the site of the Jacob Beidler school, North Kedzie avenue and Walnut street, he thinks that the board should not spend the \$500 required for a fire escape.

Asks Council's Consent Because of this opinion, the board of education asks the city council to rescind its order requiring a fire escape on the school. Meanwhile mothers whose children attend the school are angry at the peril of the pupils' lives.

How close the board of education is coming to the law breaking was disclosed today. Under the building code of the city of Chicago, as construed for the use of the building department, fire escapes are required on buildings of four stories and over. The Beidler school has three stories and a basement.

Within the Law The basement, according to photographs, is practically on a level with the ground. The building code as construed for practical purposes provides that when the floor of a basement is two feet or less below the ground level, it is a story. A three-story building with such a basement is a four-story building and required to have a fire escape.

The acting architect of the board of education stated today that to the best of his knowledge the basement floor of the Beidler school is less than two feet below the ground level.

Where Downey Stands This puts Joseph Downey, former building commissioner, in the position of a law breaker for the sake of saving \$500.

MOURN YOUNG AVIATOR'S DEATH

Johnstone Had Made Many Records by His Air Flights.

(By United Press Association.) New York, Nov. 18.—Mrs. Ralph Johnstone, wife of the daring young American aviator who was killed at Denver, left early today for Kansas City, where Johnstone's parents live.

She was accompanied by her five-year-old son. The last time Mrs. Johnstone saw her husband was shortly after the international aviation meet at Belmont park, where he made his world's record for altitude.

It was still Johnson's ambition to attain the 10,000 feet mark, and he had hoped to do this in his flights at Denver. Johnstone was one of the newest of the Wright brothers pupils in aviation. He took his first flight as a passenger last May, and the following day made his first flight alone.

(Continued on Page 5, Column 1.)

ARMY IN PROTEST, CAUSE DEFEAT OF CITY'S ARMOY

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(Continued on Page 5, Column 1.)

BIG GATHERING OF SOCIALISTS

Berger, Moyer and Turner Will Talk at Big St. Louis Meet.

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 15.—The Socialists of this city are taking advantage of the presence of Victor L. Berger, first Socialist congressman; Charles H. Moyer, president of the Western Federation of Miners; Ben Turner, president of the General Union of Weavers and Textile Workers of England; and others who are here attending the A. F. of L. convention, and have billed them all to speak Saturday night in Liederkranz hall.

BABIES BARELY ESCAPE DEATH IN ASYLUM FIRE (By United Press Association.) Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 15.—Twenty-nine babies narrowly escaped death when fire partially destroyed the Milwaukee Infants' Home and Hospital here early today.

The fire started from a defective ventilating stove near the heating plant in the basement. When discovered one portion of the home was in flames. Heroic work on the part of the nurses, who forced their way through the smoke and carried the infants to safety prevented fatalities. The infants are being cared for at other institutions today.

SLAYTON CARRIES ENTIRE COUNTY IN PENNSYLVANIA Milton, Pa.—John W. Slayton, running for governor on the Socialist ticket, carried Northumberland county, polling 3,587 votes.

The poll stood as follows: Governor—John K. Tener, Republican, 4,137; Webster Grim, Democrat, 2,058; Madison F. Larkin, Prohibitionist, 215; John W. Slayton, Socialist, 3,587; George Anton, Independent, 9.

Down in "the South" Asheville, N. C.—The Socialist vote in Buncombe county declined 15 from that polled in 1908. The state ticket polled 40, the county ticket and the congressional ticket 45.

Zanesville, O.—In Muskingum county the Socialists polled 1,066 votes, against 420 in 1908. This city polled 740 Socialist votes, compared with 259 in 1908.

Amusements LYRIC MATINEE TOMORROW MR. MANTELL To-night, MERCHANT OF VENICE. To-morrow, KING LEAR AND JULIET.

Where to Eat KING'S RESTAURANT TABLE D'HOTE THE THANKSGIVING DINNER 1914

A Turkey Free With any purchase that amounts to \$10 or over FOLLOWING our usual yearly custom in giving turkeys away free, will say that our way is different of what's done elsewhere.

Condensed News LOCAL ERBSTEIN MUST ANSWER Judge Ben M. Smith yesterday held that the indictment charging Attorney Charles E. Erbstein with bribery of Grant McCutcheon, jurymen in the trial of Lee O'Neil Boone, was sufficient and denied the motion to quash made by Attorney James T. Brady.

DOMESTIC 131,105 PEOPLE IN MEMPHIS Washington, Nov. 15.—Memphis, Tenn., has a population of 131,105, according to the statistics of the thirteenth census. This is an increase of 28,785, or 28.1 per cent over 102,320 in 1900.

LOST STEAMER REPORTED SAFE Toronto, Ont., Nov. 15.—Mr. W. Brindon of this city received a message from R. J. Boyd, one of the officers of the steamer Wolverine that the vessel was safe in harbor at Selkirk, Man.

CANADA FEARS CHOLERA Quebec, Can., Nov. 15.—Because of the illness of a Russian steamer passenger on board the liner Royal George the vessel is detained at Grosse Ile. Passengers and mail are delayed. It is believed the man has cholera.

PACIFIC COAST CONGRESS MEETS San Francisco, Nov. 15.—The Pacific coast congress, a conference of governors or their representatives of the coast states, was opened here yesterday.

Taft TOO BUSY—MEN STRIKE Panama, Nov. 15.—Because President Taft is reported to have said he was too busy on his present trip to the isthmus to hear their request for an increase in wages, 143 boilermakers engaged in canal construction today sent their resignations to Chief Engineer Goethals.

DEMOCRATS TO GET BUSY Washington, Nov. 15.—Soon after congress opens next month there will be a scramble to pull divers and sundry bills out of committee pigeonholes and bring them to a direct vote in the house on their merits.

TERRELL TO FILL VACANCY Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 15.—Governor Brown has announced the appointment of former Governor G. M. Terrell as United States senator to succeed the late Senator A. S. Clay, who died in Atlanta last Sunday.

LIPPETT SUCCEEDS ALDRICH Providence, R. I., Nov. 15.—Henry F. Lippett has been inducted by secret ballot by the Republican state central committee for United States senator to succeed Senator Aldrich. The vote, it is understood, was 24 to 12, one member not voting.

SPORT YOST'S FULLBACK CHALLENGED Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 15.—The question of the eligibility of Fullback Thompson of Michigan by Minnesota only two days ahead of their game Saturday aroused comment here today. Thompson is the mainstay of the Wolverines. Minnesota claims that Thompson is a special law student and, under the conference rules, should be barred.

POSTAL RULERS KILLING PAPER? Tactics of Washington Authorities Arouse Fear Among Mexican Liberals. "Regeneration," the Mexican Liberal weekly, published in Los Angeles, Cal., is the object of the quiet repression by the United States postal authorities, according to the fear expressed by its editors, Antonio V. Peral, Ricardo Flores Magon and Libraio Rivera.

U. S. BRIDES WILL BE TAXED Berlin, Germany, Nov. 15.—Chancellor Bethmann-Hollweg has ordered the revocation of the section of the German tariff law which permits residents of the United States who marry persons living in Germany to bring their household goods and wedding presents to the fatherland free of duty.

BUSINESS LIVE STOCK OPENING Hogs—Receipts 16,000; market 5 to 10c lower. Cattle—Receipts 2,500; market steady. Sheep—Receipts 8,000; market weak.

BLAMES WALL STREET FOR FALL New York, Nov. 15.—Sobbing "Wall Street got me" in his cell, Charles A. Belling, third vice president of the Bronx National Bank, confessed today to forgiveness of more than \$23,000.

NEW PRISCO TRAIN ON R. I. Announcement of a new 72-hour train, "The Californian," to operate daily between Chicago and Los Angeles, via Kansas City and El Paso over the Rock Island lines, was made yesterday. The new schedule goes into effect Sunday, Nov. 20. The train will leave Chicago at 8:30 a. m.

SHIPPERS ATTACK RAILROADS Washington, Nov. 15.—Methods employed by the railroads will be assailed and the charges made that millions are wasted annually through inefficiency before the Interstate Commerce Commission Monday by Louis D. Brandeis, as counsel for a number of seaboard shippers.

\$10,000,000 CUSTOM FRAUDS New York, Nov. 15.—That the government has been defrauded of \$10,000,000 in duties on wools imported into this country was the declaration made by Assistant United States District Attorney Whitney, who has charge of the suit begun against Joseph Brooke & Co., woolen manufacturers of Bradford, England, and this city, for \$20,000 damages because of alleged undervaluation frauds.

PACKERS SCORE; LANDIS YIELDS Indicted Beef Barons Get Desired Change of Venue. Federal Judge Landis today granted the motion of the attorneys for the packers under indictment here seeking a change of venue to the United States Circuit court for their trial on conspiracy charges.

PROSECUTION DISAPPOINTED Judge Landis' decision not to hear the case against the packers came as a big disappointment to the United States federal experts and attorneys, who fought hard against the contentions of the packers' legal lights in long argument here.

COURT VENUE NOT GRANTED No final decision was made today as to the contention of the packers' attorneys, Judge Landis saying he would make a definite statement as to whether the case would be heard in the United District court or the United States Circuit court next Monday.

N. Y. CENTRAL FACES STRIKE; BOILERMAKERS VOTE TO QUIT Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 15.—The result of a strike vote taken by boilermakers in the local shops of the New York Central lines was announced. Ninety-five per cent of the men voted in favor of a strike.

KENTUCKY SHOWS INCREASE Somerset, Ky.—The Socialists polled 25 votes here, compared with 1 vote in 1908. Ferguson polled 16 votes this year, compared with 3 in 1908.

LETTER RETURNED TO BOSSES BY GARMENT SYMPATHIZER Here is the answer that the strike-bound concern have received from most of the express agents who have been pestered by the strike-bound tailoring concerns: "Gentlemen: Seeing you are a strike-bound concern, unfair to the workers, I am politely throwing your letter and card into my little stove. If anyone gets my support it will be the strikers."

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING You are hereby notified that at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of Nov. 27, 1910, at the office of the Chicago Daily Socialist, 180 East Washington street, Chicago, Ill., the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Workers' Publishing society will be held for the purpose of passing upon the annual report of the board of directors and for the election of seven members of the board of directors for the ensuing year.

FORM OF PROXY I hereby authorize and direct you to vote \_\_\_\_\_ shares of stock in my name at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Workers' Publishing society, to be held in the city of Chicago, county of Cook and state of Illinois, on Nov. 27, A. D. 1910.

THANKSGIVING SALE of Newest Mid-Season Styles THIS is the big annual \$15 event we launch each year just before Thanksgiving. It is more important this year than ever before, owing to the immense variety of new midseason styles placed on sale at this special price.

YONDORF CLOTHING CO. 2 STORES VAN BUREN and HALSTED STS. MILWAUKEE and CHICAGO AVES. Out of the High Rent District Open Saturday Night Until 10:30 Open Sunday Until Noon

"Quality" Wins YOU win by a perfect score of all wool quality and approved style when you select your clothes at this store. "Quality" Suits and Overcoats \$10.00 to \$35.00

Industren CLOTHING CO. Open every evening till Thanksgiving. Thanksgiving Day till noon. 3232-3236 North Clark Street Near the Corner of Belmont Avenue

MANTELL IN CLOSING WEEK The closing week of Mr. Mantell's notable engagement in Shakespearean and classic repertoire in the Lyric opens Saturday night with King Lear, which he has not presented thus far during his present season.

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

# LABOR THE WORLD OVER

Thank God we have a system of labor where there can be a strike.  
—Abraham Lincoln.

In the world's broad field of battle  
Be a hero in the strife!  
—Longfellow.

## BUILD HOMES FOR STRIKERS

### Miners in Irwin Field Will Be Sheltered During the Winter.

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST)  
Greensburg, Pa., Nov. 18.—The United Mine Workers' officials of the Greensburg-Irwin field last week received from headquarters of the American Federation of Labor a check for \$25,000 to be used for the erection of houses for the striking miners now living in tents.

### Work Is Begun

Work on their erection began Monday at Salemville on a Penn shaft, Jamison No. 1, Ligonier and other points. The officials have rented houses all over the field for the striking miners, and by doubling up—putting two or more families in one house—they will be able within a fortnight to have all of their people housed, and proper provision made also for schooling the children.

### First Move Made

As this fight is now being waged by the American Federation of Labor, and as that body, at the Greensburg convention, pledged its unqualified support, the officials' first move was to secure houses for the men and their families. Within a very short time—as soon as the subject goes through the several local—a matter of a few days or a week—increased financial assistance will be given.

### Food Procured

Miss Emmaline Pitt, descendant of Lord Pitt, the English statesman during the American revolutionary period, and the Rev. Mr. Schultz of Pittsburgh, have been securing great quantities of provisions, clothing, etc., and hundreds of women and children are now wearing shoes procured through their labors.

There are yet, it is said, some in need of shoes and warmer clothing, but it is believed all will soon be cared for.

About 40 per cent of the union miners of the Greensburg-Irwin field are at work, mostly employed in the Pittsburgh district, while nearly 60 per cent are idle, President Joseph Littlewood reports.

### Seek for Scabs

A number of agents of western operators are in the local fields to secure miners, but few men have accepted their offers. The officials are prepared to carry on the fight until victorious, if it takes all winter or five years, one of them states.

Vice President Van Bittner declares that the strikers will be cared for during the winter. Union relief stations are in operation here.

### TAFT TURNS DOWN WORKERS WHO GO OUT ON STRIKE

Panama, Nov. 18.—Just as President Taft was concluding his inspection of the canal zone the laborers struck. Their request for an increase in their hourly pay practically was refused by the president.

They demanded that the increase be granted immediately. Mr. Taft subsequently asked them to wait for a definite reply until he reached Charleston. The fact that the men have struck will cause only temporary inconvenience. It is probable, however, that the machinists, blacksmiths, molders and locomotive engineers also will strike.

### A STUDY COURSE IN SOCIALISM

for BEGINNERS is now running in the International Socialist Review. It presents the economic of Karl Marx in the language of workingmen and women. Absolutely scientific.

YOU need to STUDY Socialism if you want to work FOR Socialism. Every socialist is an educator for the revolutionary movement. You must inform yourself before you can teach your comrades. This Study Course is what you want. Do not try to speak or teach until you have studied the principles of Socialism.

Start a Study Class in your Local for the new recruits. The Review is \$1.00 a year; \$3.00 will bring the Review to five new names for one year each. Address: Charles H. Kerr & Co., 118 W. Kinzie St., Chicago.

### INDORSED BY UNION LABOR

The Illinois State Federation of Labor and the Chicago Federation of Labor have both endorsed the Daily Socialist, because it "is of great value to unionism at all times, assisting in educating the voters, in pushing the work of organization, in the publication of union news, and information of all kinds, such as is printed in no other paper."

### UNION MEETINGS TONIGHT—DON'T FAIL TO BE THERE

Associated Building Trades, 202 Washington. Auto Trimmers, 10 S. Clark. Bookbinders, 225, 275 La Salle, Room 215. Boiler-makers Helpers, 25, Chicago Heights. Brewery Bailiffs, 171, 476 Lake. Box-makers, 1, 234 Halsted. Bricklayers, 1348, 115 Randolph. Brown Makers, 1, 254 Halsted. Building Trades Council, 12 S. Clark. Carpenters, 70, 234th place and California av. Carpenters, 418, 2431 W. 13th. Carpenters, 1128, La Grange. Car Workers, 20, 213 and Ellis av. Elec. Linemen, 9, 10 S. Clark. Elec. Workers, 282, 5328 Ashland. Firemen, 212, 75 Hammond, Ind. Freight Handlers, 3, 515 S. Halsted. Freight Handlers, 129, 270 Ogden av. Garment Cutters, 21, 275 La Salle. Glass Workers, 1, 415 S. Clark. Granite Cutters, 10 S. Clark. Lathers, 74, 10 S. Clark. Machinists, 135, 75 Hammond, Ind. Machinists, 587, 47th & Princeton. Metal Buffers, 2, 214 Harrison. Painters, 16, 2928 W. 35th. Painters, 84, Evanston. Painters, 221, 722 W. Madison. Painters, 227, Chicago Heights. Painters, 823, Highwood. Plumbers, 23, Waukegan. Ship Workers' Cf. Council, 14, 275 La Salle. Steam Engine Drivers, 412 Masonic Temple. Steam Fitters, 401, 814 W. Harrison. Straw Hat Workers, 12675, 147 Washington. Teamsters, 717, 15 S. Clark. Upholsterers, 151, 10 S. Clark. Upholsterers, 67, 6209 Halsted. Woodworkers, 67, 6209 Halsted. Woodworkers, 85, Oak Park.

**TOMORROW: P. M.**  
Bakers, 75, Hammond, Ind.

A special meeting of Plasterers' Local Union No. 5 has been called for next Friday evening, Nov. 18, to consider the question of a special assessment to aid the garment workers and to continue the fight against the open shop in Los Angeles.

## MORGAN FORGES LABOR FETTERS

### Big Combines to Use Profit Sharing Plan to Curb Unions.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 18.—That J. P. Morgan is quietly arranging with a score of his industrial corporations a plan whereby the employees of these corporations may be "shown the advantages" of buying shares and becoming "partners" with the great financier, is a matter that is being watched closely by labor leaders in this city.

### One of His Concerns

The United States Motor Company is one of these concerns manipulated by Morgan, and it has based its profit-sharing system on the model formulated by the United States Steel corporation. All of these systems are frankly acknowledged to be for the purpose of preventing strikes.

Reports from England, just received through the consul general, John L. Griffiths, tell of the complete breakdown of this profit sharing plan as tried in the great shipbuilding yards of Sir Christopher Furness, who in 1903 took about 3,000 of his employees into "partnership" with him.

The men paid for their shares out of their wages and were guaranteed a 3 per cent return on the amount of their investment in an addition to a share in the profits, after paying the ordinary shareholders of 5 per cent.

### Result Was

Finding that the actual result was merely to curtail the powers of their unions to protect their wages and working conditions, the men voted to discontinue their "partnership" with Sir Christopher Furness.

This same English corporation has established what is called a works council, where matters that the company fears may breed friction can be discussed and met.

The council is of particular use to the company in providing means whereby the immediate interests of the firm may be explained to the men when the directors are of the opinion that a demand for a raise of wages is not warranted by the state of their finances, or, on the other hand, that a lowering of wages seems necessary.

## MORRISON GLAD V. BERGER WON

### Secretary of A. F. of L. Calls Socialist, "My Good Friend."

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 18.—The greatest number of votes on the greatest number of labor measures presented to congress—that is what we of the American Federation of Labor want," said Secretary Morrison as a preliminary to giving his opinion upon the results of the national elections.

### Says Labor Has Gained

"And no one who is at all familiar with the fight for labor legislation can deny that labor has gained in the turnover which has placed the house of representatives in the control of the Democrats.

"Even Republican votes for labor measures will be much more easy to obtain when the Republicans are in the minority.

### Big Possibilities

"There are immense possibilities in the situation for the American working people—immense possibilities for the enactment of laws immediately beneficial to wage-workers.

"And as I see it now, we have elected enough of dependable men to insure the passage, through the house of representatives and senate, of our proposed legislation."

### "My Friend Berger"

Told of Milwaukee's gift of a new congressman, Secretary Morrison exclaimed: "My good friend, Berger, elected! I'm glad of it! Every labor vote counts."



## Big Thanksgiving Sale!

# THE ARMITAGE

JOHN S. EDWARDS, Pres.

## A FINE LIVE TURKEY FREE

With a \$10 Purchase or Over

## SUIT OR OVERCOAT



Follow the crowds to THE ARMITAGE tomorrow and get a live turkey absolutely free with any purchase of suit or overcoat at \$10 or over.

We are doing the biggest business in our history. Good clothes and extra values are waiting for you at The Armitage. All the new models and patterns.

Remember a Live Turkey Absolutely Free during this Big Thanksgiving Sale!

Suits and Overcoats For Men and Young Men  
**\$10, \$12, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$25**

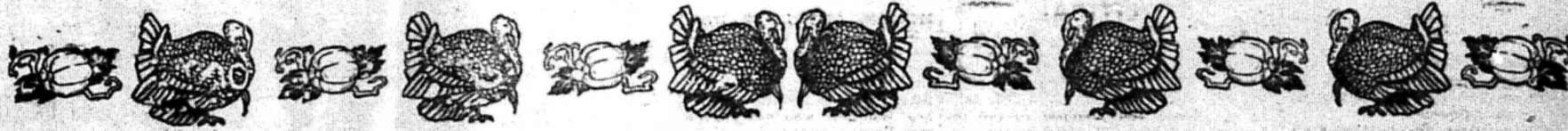
# THE ARMITAGE

JOHN S. EDWARDS, Pres.

Milwaukee and Armitage Aves.

The Home of the Overcoat Largest Stock of Union Label Clothing in Chicago Ask for the Union Label

Open every evening next week until Thanksgiving. Open Thanksgiving day until noon.



# A Live Turkey Free

There are only a few days left for you to take advantage of this, our annual offer—a live turkey absolutely free with every purchase of \$10 or over in our Clothing Department. Offer good until Thanksgiving Day. Why not take advantage of it, especially if you haven't already bought your winter suit or overcoat?

## Chicago's Best Suits and Overcoats



The Special That Made Us Famous — AT — Nothing to Equal Them Anywhere  
**\$15**

In suits you'll find everything in the season's latest weaves and patterns—all wool chevots, tweeds and cassimeres, in the new browns, grays, blues and mixtures. A size, a fit and a style for every man whatever his age, stature, weight or taste. In overcoats we show all the nobby new things, in pleasing patterns and colors. We draw special attention to a splendid line of "Protector" overcoats at \$15. Our range of suits and overcoats is the largest in the city. Buy yours at the "Continental" and get your Thanksgiving Turkey at our expense—but get quick action on our offer.

Other Suits and Overcoats  
**\$10 to \$35**

CORNER MILWAUKEE & ASHLAND AVENUES

# THE Continental CLOTHING HOUSE

OPEN MONDAY & WEDNESDAY EVENINGS NEXT WEEK

THE LARGEST CLOTHING & SHOE STORE UPTOWN



## Two BACH BROS. Two Stores

Cor. Michigan Ave. and 115th St.  
Cor. Clifton Park Ave. & W. 26th St.

We call your attention to our new and big stock of



### Suits and Overcoats

shown at both of our stores in the latest fall styles and fabrics, and of the best makes in the country. You will be pleased with our selection for we have plenty to pick from.

Suits & Overcoats, \$10 to \$25

Boys' and Children's Suits & Overcoats from \$2.50 to \$7.50

FIFTEEN WARDS ARE COMPLETE

Increases Are Shown in Many Instances Over Police Returns.

Table with 3 columns: Ward, Police, Official. Lists counts for wards 1-15.

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SUITINGS = OVERCOATINGS BOUGHT OF THE IMPORTERS AT 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR

YOU can get such an Overcoat bargain here Saturday in newest all-wool fabrics, tailored to order, that it will pay you to place your order now, even though you have at present one or more coats.

A certain Milwaukee woolen importing and jobbing house—we are restricted by contract from publishing their name—closes their entire stock out to us each season at 50 cents on the dollar of imported values, because we take every yard they have off their hands.

They sell ordinarily to the \$50 and \$60 merchant tailor trade. This present Fall and Winter Season's goods have just arrived from them. They are the very cream of soft, staple, imported woolen fabrics.

Therefore we offer our trade Saturday, an imported line of woollens that are actually sold by other merchant tailors at \$40.00, \$50.00 and even \$60.00 for Suits and Overcoats.

SUIT OR OVERCOAT, TO MEASURE. \$18.50

All the newest goods—staple Blues, Blacks, Novelty Browns, Gray and Stripe Plaids—fine Imported Fabrics. If you don't find many of these goods priced as high as \$50.00 at some of the swell, fancy-priced tailors we won't ask for your order. Plenty of samples for comparison. Overcoat or An Immense Suit, to your measure—correctly tailored and up to the minute in style. 18.50

Our guarantee—“Complete satisfaction or no sale,” goes with every garment. Our pressing service is also free to customers. Now is a good time to get measured for a holiday present to yourself and family. Orders accepted Saturday, Monday and Tuesday on above goods for Holiday delivery.

United Woollen Mills Co. WOOLEN MERCHANTS AND TAILORS 258 State St., Between Jackson and Van Buren

OLD PROBLEM STIRS CONGRESS

(Continued From Page 1.)

but men must live whether stocks are high or low, and it was really forced upon us.

Industrial unionism has been offered in Great Britain as a panacea for many of the ills to which the workmen fall due, and I believe that the idea is a good one.

“We have adopted many resolutions to such a standpoint, but it is an ideal that cannot be gotten overnight, and our present trade unions must slowly develop to it.”

800,000 Union Men

There are in Great Britain over 800,000 members in the trade unions, but that figure is entirely too low, as it includes only one out of every ten wage earners; thus there are nine drags that the tenth man must carry forward.

They then told of how the workers are also insured in the case of strikes and lockouts. He said that 700,000 trade unionists in his land paid insurance money to financially carry their fellow unionists through a strike or lockout.

He told how he had been ridiculed twenty years ago for being a Socialist and twenty-six years ago for being a trade unionist.

Dreams Come True

“Since that time, I am glad to say, some of our dreams have come true. The hours of child labor have been reduced and the age at which children can go to work has been raised from 10 to 12, and this year from 12 to 14.

“I was laughed at when, as a Socialist, I favored free meals for the school children. Now every child that goes to school receives free meals. We have found out that it was a great waste to attempt to teach the underfed.

“We permit houses to be built that are likely to become hovels in the future, and the hovels we are replacing with modern buildings.

On Political Field

“The political field is another field that we have been compelled to enter. The Independent Labor party has a membership of over a million members, of which about one-half are miners.

“Our politics are not confined to the national issues, but the local and city governments have also been taken care of, with the result that there is not a schoolboard in the north of England and Wales that has not a workingman on them as a representative.

“This applies also to the common councils.

“The temperance movement, instituted to take the trade union meetings out of the public houses and the saloons into halls of their own, and the co-operative movement, with a membership of over 2,500,000 members, are also carried on by the workers.

“All of these movements, the Socialists, co-operative and trade union movements, work hand in hand.

Oppose Militarism

“Our political movement opposes those two great agencies of capitalism, which are keeping the workers in bondage, namely, the army and the navy.

“These forces, which by law force the working classes to murder each other, are being met with the feeling on the part of the toilers that as the rulers create war let them fight the wars for themselves.”

Brace Also Talks

William Brace, fraternal delegate from Newport, England, also addressed the convention of the American Labor body. He said that the time has gone when the workers could ignore the political power which they control. He said:

“Labor must not sit idly by and watch the millionaires make laws but must get on the floor of the national parliament and fight for reforms which they need for themselves.”

Pettipiece in Address

R. P. Pettipiece of Vancouver, B. C., was next introduced by President Cummings as the fraternal delegate from Canada.

“The great problem before us,” declared Pettipiece, “is not so much to prepare for further responsibilities as to take care of those before us.”

He stated that he believed that the trade union and the political movement of the working class was going to become the real training school for the future statesman of America.

The question of immigration, especially Oriental immigration, was becoming a great burden and grievous problem to Canada, he continued. “and drastic action will have to be taken to protect the white man against the invasion of the Japs, who are armed to the teeth to prevent being ousted.”

Pettipiece, like Grace and Turner, also stated that the next thing for the workers to do was to fight their battles also on the political field.

MARKETS

CASH GRAIN

Chicago, Nov. 17.—WINTER WHEAT—Firm. Sales 170,000 bu. No. 2 red on track \$2.02 1/2; No. 2 red, 93% No. 2 hard, 92%; No. 2 hard, 91%.

SPRING WHEAT—Shade higher. No. 4 spring, 90c; No. 2 northern, 87 1/2c; No. 2 southern, 84 1/2c. Good to choice grades, 88 1/2c. Velvet chaff, poor to choice, 84c; 81c.

CORN—Unchanged to be higher. Sales 75,000 bu. Track lots of No. 2 white, 92 1/2c; No. 2 yellow, 91 1/2c; No. 2 white, 81 1/2c; No. 2 white, 81 1/2c.

OATS—Unchanged to be lower. Sales 115,000 bu. Standard on track, 22 1/2c; 22c.

Choice to fancy steers, 12.50-13.00; medium to fair steers, 11.50-12.00; fat cows and heifers, 10.50-11.00; inferior to fair steers, 10.00-10.50; fat cows and heifers, 9.00-9.50; calves, 8.00-8.50; heavy calves, 7.50-8.00; light calves, 7.00-7.50; yearlings, 6.50-7.00; Western range steers, 11.00-11.50; heavy calves, 10.00-10.50; light calves, 9.00-9.50; yearlings, 8.00-8.50; milch cows, 11.00-11.50; springers, 10.00-10.50; culls, 9.00-9.50; total thus far this week 241,000 against 250,000 the previous week and 175,000 a year ago. Total for 1919 to date, 7,781,000 against 7,600,000 same period 1918.

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Pratt is Indicted for Assault and Battery

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 18.—Upon charges of assault and battery, preferred by Detective Fox, of the “Tim” O’Leary force, C. O. Pratt, leader of the local trolley men’s union, was indicted by the grand jury today.

Just before election, Pratt was accosted by two city hall sleuths, Detectives Fox and Sullivan, at Twelfth and Filbert streets, while he was leaving the Lippincott building, to go to the office of his counsel, D. Clarence Giboney.

Without provocation, the detectives jammed Pratt against the stone wall and then finished the job by arresting him.

Pratt was hustled off to the Eleventh and Winter streets station, where he was placed in a cell until his friends succeeded in getting him released upon presenting a copy of the charge.

Distribute Ballots for Illinois Miners’ Election

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 18.—The Illinois United Mine Workers’ organization has distributed sample ballots for the election of state officials on Dec. 13.

John H. Walker has no opposition for president, which is taken to mean he has been vindicated for his attitude in the recent labor differences between miners and operators.

Groce Lawrence of Herrin is opposed for re-election as first vice president by William Shears of Viriden.

Duncan McDonald, secretary-treasurer, has no opposition.

Peter McCall of Glen Carbon, and Joseph Pope of Belleville seek election as members of the international executive board.

Bernard Murphy of Pana, John M. Stone of Danville, Archie Thompson and William Topham of Westville, and Dan Clark of Marion, are candidates for members of the state executive board.

STRIKERS WAR ON BRUTALITY

Officials Will Spread Strike as Result of Police Tyranny.

(Continued From Page 1.)

rest," said the lips again, and the hands took her roughly by the arms.

Woman Accused Mrs. Magdalena Debona, 354 Mather street, was arrested when she picked up a revolver lying on the street. She was accused of having shot Special Detective Flower.

Witnesses saw her pick up the revolver and told the policeman so when they arrested her. She was taken to the Harrison street police station.

County Aids Workers While the strike-bound firms are lying about the situation and fervently hoping that the struggle will soon end favorably for the concerns, the entire country is rushing to the aid of the garment workers morally and financially.

A move is on foot at the present time by the American Federation of Labor to assess every man in the country a certain sum of money each week.

Parter Returns L. Parter, member of the conference board on way and means, has returned from Milwaukee, Wis., where he had been sent, with the news that every progressive organization in the Socialist city will work day and night in order to aid the strikers.

Mass Meeting Sunday A monster mass meeting has been arranged for Sunday in the largest theater in Milwaukee. At this meeting Mayor Seidel and City Clerk Carl D. Thompson and several Socialist speakers will address the audience on behalf of the strikers.

Physicians have offered to give medical treatment free to the strikers and their families. Dentists have volunteered their services.

Lawyers have volunteered to prosecute or defend whenever called upon by the union. Barbers volunteered to do their little free of charge.

Grocers and butchers have agreed to furnish the necessary food supplies. Actors are arranging benefit performances.

Artists are offering their pictures, which are to be sold at public auctions. Song writers are donating thousands of copies of their songs.

Hundreds of other business men are giving the strikers a certain percentage of their profits one day out of the week as long as the strike will last.

Others are still taking up collections among themselves. The following is a sample of some of the work being done by the professional and business men in the city:

"Dear Sir: Fifty thousand people in the clothing industry are on strike in the city at the present time.

"The strike was forced upon the workers through unfair and inhuman treatment. These men and women are now engaged in an industrial war with the employers to gain fair working conditions and fair treatment is their aim.

"Not only are the grown-ups engaged in this struggle, but also those dependent upon them, their families and their babies.

"In order to assert their rights as human beings and secure considerate treatment they are now suffering and enduring privations.

"These people are of our own. You have grown up, you have built yourself among them. They need your aid. They need the sinews of war—money. They appeal to you to help them.

"You should come forward. You must come forward and help them in their need."

"Make your contribution, make it at once, make it liberal. You will be gratefully remembered.

"All contributions are to be made by registered letter, check or money order to Dr. William Kamín. A receipt for the amount forwarded will be sent to you.

"Professional and Business Men's Garment Workers' Strike Aid Committee. H. COHEN, M. D., secretary. 1409 West Taylor street. Wm. Kamín, D.D.S., treasurer. 1247 South Halsted street."

The following are the donations received to date by Dr. Kamín: Peter Sissman, attorney, \$25; Dr. Kamín, \$25; Dr. H. Cohen, \$10; Dr. I. Sissman, \$10; Dr. H. A. Frankel, \$10; Dr. Lean Bloch, \$5; Dr. A. B. Roff, \$5; Dr. George Halperin, \$5; Dr. Leo Fels, \$5; Dr. A. N. Halperin, \$5; Dr. Yampolsky, \$2.50; Dr. Horwitz, \$2.50; Dr. Handelman, \$2.50.

At the last meeting of the Toledo, O., Lodge No. 105 of the International Association of Machinists the members passed resolutions condemning all unfair clothing manufactured by shops affected by the garment workers' strike in Chicago.

The members further passed resolutions condemning the Chicago police for their brutality toward the strikers. Copies of the resolutions were sent to the various strike-bound houses and to unions.

Letters asking the various union organizations to do likewise were inclosed with the resolutions.

Workers' Collection Employees of the Shoeniger-Heinzel Manufacturing company, 206 Market street, headed by their foreman, took up a collection of \$18.50 and donated the same to the striking garment workers.

At a meeting of the "Open Forum," presided over by Huldah L. Potter Loomis, a collection was taken up which netted \$11.42. The whole amount was donated to the striking garment workers.

Sunday evening, November 20, Voltaire de Cleyre will speak on "The General Strike and Its Problems," at room 612, Masonic Temple. Admission ten cents. Free discussion.

E. W. Gibbs and his friends happened to speak of the present garment workers' strike a few days ago. A discussion followed and resulted in the donation of \$5.

Employees of the C. H. Stoelting company took up a collection in the shops. The collection brought \$4.30, which amount was turned over to the striking garment workers.

A similar collection, taken up in the Ellis Levin shop, 1515 Milwaukee avenue, brought \$4.50. This also was sent to the garment workers' headquarters.

Sick Benefit Society Aids The Scandinavian Socialist Sick Benefit society at its last meeting voted to donate \$25 to the striking garment workers. The amount was turned over to the Chicago Daily Socialist.

At a regular meeting of Local No. 4 of the Carriage and Wagon Workers' International union it was unanimously decided that all members be assessed \$5 cents each week for the benefit of the striking garment workers as long as the strike lasts.

The Amalgamated Wood Workers' union, local No. 7, passed the following resolutions: "Resolved, That we endorse the strike of the garment workers and pledge ourselves to support them in every way as long as their struggle lasts."—Signed, A. Schmitt, president.

Special Strike Edition A special strike edition of the Polish People's Daily, a Socialist newspaper, published last Sunday for the benefit of the striking garment workers, brought in from 5 to 10 cents per copy. There were 1,500 copies printed, and those who participated in publishing the issue donated their services.

So great is the sentiment of the public in every part of the United States against the strike-bound firms that customers who have been steady patrons of the big concerns previous to the strike are sending letters of condemnation to these.

The following are a few of the letters:

Letter of Condemnation "Dear Sir: I have been buying my overcoats of you, the Hart, Schaffner & Marx brand, for some time. I take notice of the strike now on against this firm.

"Am not a laboring man or a union member. I am an office manager. I do, however, sympathize with the strikers, as I know something of the methods of this firm.

"To help this strike I shall not buy any of their garments or trade with anyone that handles them until they have adopted the closed shop.

"As I work for a firm that is against unions and union men I shall not give my name, but I hope that you will use

are being finished in the shops each day.

A conference board was formed in Milwaukee, whose duty it will be to look after the situation there and call a strike when it is deemed essential and proper.

Mayor Seidel has promised his co-operation in any move that may benefit the striking garment workers of Chicago.

The following men were elected officers of the conference board: A. Kaplan, 562 Fifth street, chairman; M. Sherman, 713 Harmon street, treasurer, and L. Perchonoh, 805 Galena street, secretary. Each of the ten organizations already lined up promise to donate immediately not less than \$5 each.

Sears-Roebuck Letter Sears, Roebuck & Co., upon receiving cancellations of suit orders from the various customers who refuse to wear scab-made goods, send them the following letter:

"Dear Customer: We have omitted your suit as per your letter, and regret very much that you have taken this action about cancelling your order for suit, because you think that there is a strike in our establishment.

"We wish to state that you have evidently been misinformed about this matter. There is no strike in our establishment, and there are no prospects of any.

"We hope you will reconsider your action and allow us to make up your suit."

One of Many Thousands The letter sent out by Sears-Roebuck is one hurriedly gotten up for the occasion on rough paper. There is no form number attached to it, but it is one of several thousand sent out to pacify and mislead the customers.

While Sears, Roebuck & Co. were writing the customer and denying the strike at their plant, Mr. J. F. Skinner, head of tailor shops operated by the big mail order house, acknowledged the walkout to a representative of the Drovers' Journal.

He not only acknowledged the strike at the plant, but admitted that the business had suffered considerably as a result.

Employ 1,000 Workers Sears, Roebuck & Co. employ about 1,000 garment workers in their shops on the ninth floor of the main building at Harvard and Homan avenues.

The cutters in these shops have all walked out. The company does not have all of its clothing made in those shops, but either owns altogether or controls many shops in other parts of the city.

It is in the shops outside of the main plant that Sears Roebuck suffered its worst blow. Strikes have been on in these shops for some time and have crippled the sales of the mail order concern.

The cutters who have gone on strike at Sears, Roebuck & Co.'s plants have been meeting daily at the Young People's League hall, at 189 Washington street, for over two weeks. Not one of them has gone back to work as yet.

Many Surprising Steps Never before in the history of Chicago strikes have there been as many unique methods adopted for the purpose of aiding the strikers. The most surprising step of all has been taken by the professional men.

Physicians have offered to give medical treatment free to the strikers and

their families. Dentists have volunteered their services.

Lawyers have volunteered to prosecute or defend whenever called upon by the union. Barbers volunteered to do their little free of charge.

Grocers and butchers have agreed to furnish the necessary food supplies. Actors are arranging benefit performances.

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"To help this strike I shall not buy any of their garments or trade with anyone that handles them until they have adopted the closed shop.

"As I work for a firm that is against unions and union men I shall not give my name, but I hope that you will use

your best influences for the sake of your business in the H. S. & M. clothes to persuade this firm to change its attitude.

"Very truly yours, "A CUSTOMER."

Proves Boomerang The Maurice Rothchild concern has borne the proud title of "the home of the Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes" for many years.

The tide is now turning against it. It has proved to be a boomerang.

Here's another letter: "Edward E. Strauss & Co., 246 Market street, Chicago, Ill.

"Gentlemen: Your letter, with style book and discount cards, duly received, and I am positive that the styles as well as the prices will afford us to make good sales in your winter suits and overcoats.

"However, I wish to inform you of a very significant obstacle in the way of bringing up customers to your place. I have sent some friends to your last week to buy overcoats, and when they have reached your place they have met with police guards at the entrance and learned that your firm is strike-bound, whereupon they came back, accusing me of trying to sell them scab clothing.

"Let me state to you frankly that where I could get the customers easily before, I am unable to do so at present, for the public sympathy seems to be with the garment workers.

"I can see the situation clearly, that just as long as your firm remains strike-bound there will be a very poor chance for to sell your garments.

Demand Union Label "The union label is demanded now by most of the people, and I believe it will be cheaper for you to grant it than to lose the trade.

"I also wish to inform you that I respectfully decline my agency hereafter until I will see the union label on your garments.

"I remain, ready for good business with you this winter. "Your truly, "DANIEL A. URETZ, "Agent No. 423."

The following letter, printed in folder advertising form, has been sent to all of the agents and customers of the J. L. Taylor tailoring concern in Chicago and New York:

Plead for Delay "The labor troubles in Chicago have naturally upset business to a great extent, and have caused much delay in making our deliveries.

"We are glad to state, however, that we are now in a position to take care of all orders, as we have made arrangements with our New York establishment to help us out.

"A good many of our Chicago employees have been intimidated by the lawless element, and until this mob rule subsides we shall be unable to work in Chicago to our full capacity.

"Our New York branch, however, has all the tailors it needs, and in order to take care of our patrons we have made special arrangements to make quick deliveries on all orders sent in from the west. This will cause but a short delay, and one that is not at all serious.

Asked Not to Hesitate "Will you, therefore, take note that you need no longer hesitate to burden us with all the orders you can lay your hands on.

"We can take care of every one—a short delay in deliveries and that is all we ask.

"It is well to note also that we are still upholding our high standard Taylor tailoring is just as well done as before the strike commenced. Let Taylor take care of you."

Send in the Orders A circular letter is being sent by the Great Western Tailoring company, corner Jackson boulevard and Green streets, one of the strike-bound concerns in Chicago, to the various express agents in the United States.

The letter is as follows and explains itself: "Express Agent: "Dear Sir: We would like to have every express agent in the United States wear our clothes. This would be the best advertisement we know of.

"A discount of 25 per cent from our net prices will be given to you by any dealer who handles our line, and you can count on the finest work to be had.

"Your order may be sent through a local dealer, or will send you special samples direct.

Speak to Merchant "Will you kindly speak to some live merchant in your town in regard to our great all-wool line for the coming spring.

"It's the cheapest and best on earth, both men's and ladies', the latter containing two hundred all-wool cloths for suits, skirts and jackets, from \$15 a suit up. Men's line from \$37.50 up.

"If you will ask some merchant who sells tailoring to accept the agency for spring we will gladly show our appreciation by making your own clothes at 25 per cent less than net prices at any time you desire.

"Please fill out inclosed card, giving name of best tailoring dealers in your town, whether you have a merchant take our line or not.

"When you are ready to order clothes do not fail to avail yourself of the opportunity we offer, as it will be a pleasure to serve you."

"Sincerely yours, "GREAT WESTERN TAILORING COMPANY. "P. S.—To assure you of our sincerity we can refer to a number of agents who have taken advantage of our offer."

BUILDING PERMITS The following permits were issued by the building department yesterday:

218 E. 115th st., 1 1/2-story frame residence, V. Marcoulli, 1,000

1428 S. Dearborn, 2-story brick house, St. Luke's Hospital, 2,500

7949 LaSalle, 1-story frame cottage, Elmer Jensen, 2,500

5419 S. Dearborn, 2-story brick house, Vernon C. Beale, 11,000

1451-10 1451 1st pl., 2-story brick house, A. George, 3,000

2623 N. Troy st., 2-story brick house, E. Lamborn, 5,000

2725 N. Lincoln st., 2-story brick house, Arthur Pearson, 4,500

2161-10 2111 E. 8th, 2-story brick house, H. Hirsch, 3,500

1922 Birchwood av., 2-story frame residence, W. S. Goding, 2,000

2724 Monticello av., 2-story brick house, Albert Casella, 4,500

2624 Diversey av., 1 1/2-story brick cottage, S. J. Smith, 2,500

2717 Ridge av., 2-story brick house, Nicholas P. Kim, 4,500

1144 1/2 Michigan av., 2-story brick house, C. Kopell, 4,500

2168-10 2118 Loomis st., 1-story brick house, J. W. Jones, 2,500

2211 Strong av., 1 1/2-story brick residence, Charles Landrum, 1,800

2857-10 2857 W. Fullerton av., two 2-story brick flats, W. A. Birk, 3,000

4118 W. 113th st., 1-story brick factory, John Prince, 2,000

1590 W. 37th st., 2-story brick cottage, J. S. Leonard, 35,000

1529 Swanton av., 2-story brick house, B. Henshall, 14,000

2125 Franklin av., 2-story brick house, Emma John McLaughlin, 4,500

BARGAIN DAYS AT Milwaukee & Armitage Ave. (THE BIG TRADING CENTER)

THE merchants on Milwaukee Avenue from Western Avenue to Maplewood Avenue, invite you to come and inspect the beautiful street display and brilliant illumination in this big trading center.

Every store is offering exceptional bargains to make this event one to be long remembered. You can supply all your wants here most economically. Everything from a package of pins to a mahogany parlor suit.

Accommodating merchants, the best displays of all the newest goods, prompt service, and the lowest prices are the main attractions at Milwaukee and Armitage Avenue—(The Big Trading Center.)

Yours to reduce the cost of living.

- Wm. Kolacek & Co., The Armitage, Spiegelberg, Northwestern T. M. Co., Al. H. Hollander, Lavy & Berning, Otto F. Knoepfel, William L. Wolfson, W. F. Anderson Tea Co., J. H. Curtis, Sol. Davis, J. O. Pollack, J. F. Morast, M. Weinberg, A. F. Meyer, Mrs. Rudnick, J. R. Ellis, Bolter Plans Co., Charles Klohr, Alb. Swanson, Theo. Kornbrodt, E. Newman, Ben Brown, Schultz Bros. & Co., National Tea Company, E. Reichel, Logan Sq. Furn. Co., F. Ritter, Felonak & Co., Podolsky, Orland, J. M. Lundberg, T. Volkman, M. Walters, K. K. Brimble & Co., J. C. Spengler, Dickow Bros., Otto J. Hartwig, Fred C. Irwin, Wm. Lambrecht, Gustav Dammann, N. N. Lindberg, Gordon, C. Molter, U. S. Clear Store, Jos. Stein & Co., O. J. Hartwig, Philip Simon, Edward Fox, Wm. Hollerbach, George Lamonty, The White Market, Gamboni, Erickson's, Moyon Bros., J. J. Tangney, C. C. Wilson, Stiles & Waldes, Wienold & Goerlitz, Frank C. Kuhn, Park Theater, John Frosch, Old Rose Dist., Frank Hembes, Wm. Benzos, Geo. C. Schreiner, Dr. C. Weyland, Dr. C. Ellingson, G. K. Tufty.

The Milwaukee & Armitage Ave. Business Men's Ass'n

Try Real Tons of Real Heat

Image of a furnace with text: See how large a full ton really is! Get acquainted with hotter fires than you may have known. Learn the extra heat you get without extra cost. Your improved cooking—warmer house—decreased expense—will make you glad you started using guaranteed City Fuel.

DEEP VALLEY ANTHRACITE (PENNSYLVANIA) A slow burning anthracite, giving intense heat and little ash. CITY FUEL CO. "City Fuel is Guaranteed Fuel!" 37 Yards—All phone Wabash 3468

Administrator Sale Saves Chicago Men Hundreds of Dollars

Geo. Pierce, Administrator for the Stock of Timothy R. Brink, 128 Dearborn St., opposite the Boston Store, Stock and Fixtures to be liquidated at once.

One hundred and fifty millions is the reported capital of one of Chicago's largest merchant millionaire monopolists. What will it be fifty years from now? A billion would be a bagatelle, to say the least. Not distributed among the men and women whose lives are spent to help earn it; but held in the firm grasp of greed by a single hand. Stop it! Don't patronize the monopolist millionaires; they have money enough. Why make the millionaire a multi-millionaire when you can come in direct contact with the smaller merchant, who offers equal or better values and deserves your support. And now that we are closing out this high-grade stock of Suits, Overcoats, Hats and Furnishings at Administration Sale prices, the money saving is apparent in every purchase.

- I guarantee everything I sell and the price. Your money back for the asking. \$15.00 Suits and Overcoats.....\$8.98 \$1.00 Underwear.....65c \$10.00 Suits and Overcoats.....\$4.48 \$2.00 Underwear.....85c \$25.00 Suits and Overcoats.....\$11.88 \$2.50 Underwear.....\$1.15 \$30.00 Suits and Overcoats.....\$14.75 \$3.00 and \$4.00 Vests.....\$1.35 \$3.00 Pants, Men's.....\$1.95 \$1.50 Gloves.....\$1.15 \$1.00 Gold Cuff Buttons.....\$1.95 \$2.00 and \$2.50 Gloves.....\$1.35 \$2.50 Sweater Coats, Wool.....\$1.35 \$3.00 Imported Briton Caps and Gloves.....\$1.65 15c Hose.....7c 15c Handkerchiefs.....7c

AND HUNDREDS OF OTHER ARTICLES TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION. GEORGE PIERCE ADMINISTRATOR FOR THE STOCK OF TIMOTHY R. BRINK, 128 Dearborn St., OPPOSITE THE BOSTON STORE Open evenings till 7:45. Saturdays till 10:45 p. m. Now is the time when you can do the Daily Socialist a good turn as well as yourself.

again Silk lined Suits only 15.00

Including Blue Serge Silk-Lined Suits Also silk and serge lined worsteds, chevots, comprising the new browns and grays, 15.00 also black thibets, silk and serge lined, 15.00

800 Sample Overcoats Presto Collars 46 and 52 inches long—double and single Convertible Collars breasted blue, black, brown and oxford Velvet Collars kerseys and fancy chevots—Extraordinary values, all at 15.00

Presto Collar Oxford Melton and Black Thibet 10.00 "Cravenette" Rain Coats, Saturday at

Dutchess Trousers Every pair guaranteed. 10 cents if a button comes off, 1.00 if they rip. 3.00

Fur Coats for waiters and chauffeurs 17.50, 22.50 & \$25

SEEK TO HANG LABOR LEADERS

Los Angeles Millionaires Get Traction Crook's Lawyer to Push Case.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 18.—Big business has gained another victory in the war now being waged in Los Angeles against the man who works.

Earl Rogers has been appointed special prosecutor before the grand jury now delving into the cause of the explosion that wrecked the Times building on the morning of Oct. 1.

Rogers is the attorney for the Merchants and Manufacturers' association, the "M. & M.," as it is known here, is an association of the employers.

The avowed purpose of the M. & M. is to break the organization of laboring men. Its purpose is made clear by a recent statement of its secretary, F. J. Zeehandelaar:

"We have come to the conclusion that now is the time to concentrate on the defense of Los Angeles from encroachments by their labor unions."

The first step in the "defense of Los Angeles" was to accuse the leaders of organized labor of blowing up the building of the Los Angeles Times.

The fire had not put out in the ruins before the Times, the official organ of the M. & M., and whose owner, Harrison Gray Otis, is the city's bitterest opponent of labor, published an editorial accusing the leaders of labor and labor itself of the crime.

Discharged for Truth Every effort was made to further the idea that the Times had been dynamited and drastic measures were adopted to suppress those who advanced the theory that it might have been destroyed by a gas explosion.

One man—William Furman—a telegraph operator at the Times on the night of the explosion, was discharged after he advanced the gas theory.

The "big business" interests wanted it hammered into the minds of the people that Harrison Gray Otis and his paper were martyrs. They were paying the way for the things that were to come.

Crook's Lawyer Retained A huge fund was raised to hunt down the "dynamiters," although there had been no direct evidence that the Times was destroyed by dynamite. Earl Rogers, former lawyer for Patrick Calhoun, traction magnate and crook in his trial for bribery in San Francisco, was given unlimited money to "run down the criminals."

The report of dynamite was persistently spread in every city where Rogers went.

One arrest—that of a woman—had been made, when a special grand jury was called to investigate the destruction of the Times.

Some Shady Work The jury had not been in session more than a day when its foreman, Charles Wier, went to lunch with Fred Baker, a member of the M. & M., and the man who started the strike of the metal workers.

Following the lunch Harry Chandler, son-in-law of Harrison Gray Otis and one of those interested in having the Times had been destroyed by dynamite, had a long talk in private with the foreman of the grand jury, Charles Wier.

Then Rogers appeared. He took his place in the grand jury room as a special prosecutor after the grand jury had been in session a week.

Rogers was appointed by J. D. Fredericks, district attorney, a professional politician, friend and ally of "big business."

Seek True Bills That the grand jury will return a verdict that the Times was dynamited is what "big business" and the M. & M. hope for. For this verdict will kill two birds with the one stone. First, it will check off any suits against the "gas trust" and the Times management for causing the loss of twenty-one lives through carelessness; second, it will crush labor for all time in Los Angeles. Labor, in reality, is on trial in the Los Angeles grand jury investigation.

Seeks Simple Justice The workman has been fighting for simple justice and a chance to live. That's why Earl Rogers, lawyer for the M. & M., is now a special prosecutor before the grand jury; that's why Rogers, defender of rich criminals, an expert in weaving circumstantial evidence, is working hand in hand with the city administration in the work of investigation.

It is no longer a case of the workman seeking justice in wages and hours alone. The workmen and their leaders are now fighting a conspiracy—fighting desperately to prevent a powerful clique of millionaires from putting a hangman's noose around the neck of organized labor.

MILWAUKEE ISN'T ONLY PLACE BOASTIN SOCIALIST OFFICIALS Though the victory in Milwaukee sending Berger to Congress and electing the Socialist county ticket as well as sending a state senator and twelve assemblymen to Madison overshadowed lesser Socialist victories, returns from other parts of the nation show that other places are doing good work.

Grand Saline, Texas, which was carried by the Socialists, elected Hickey

Alexander as magistrate on the Socialist ticket.

Ross township, Kansas, was carried by the Socialists who elected a complete township ticket.

At Bingham Canyon, Utah, Frank Delmar was elected as a fish commissioner on the Socialist ticket. He will have charge of Bingham creek.

Elyria, Ohio, Shows Increase Elyria, Ohio, Lorain county gave the Socialists 1,000 votes as a general average for the ticket. This is an increase. This city, which is the county seat, polled 334 Socialist votes, compared with 150 in 1908.

Vote in Nevada The Socialists polled a good vote in Elko county, Nevada.

Last Day To-morrow! Manny L. Mossler The Builder of Good Clothes 2645 WEST NORTH AVENUE I will contribute 15 per cent of my sales to the

United Garment Workers Strike Benefit From Sat., Nov. 18th, to Nov. 19th HELP THE GOOD CAUSE ALONG!

THE BUILDER OF GOOD CLOTHES MANNY L. MOSSLER Have Your Clothes Made to Order! SPECIAL THANKSGIVING OFFER From Sat., Nov. 12, to Sat., Nov. 19, \$25.00, \$27.50 and \$30.00

Suit or Overcoat With a Pair of Extra Pants FREE To Your Individual Measure \$18, \$20, \$22.50 Hand-Tailored Throughout Union Label in every Garment

1,250 New Fall and Winter Styles to select from; mostly all imported goods. DON'T FORGET—Saturday, Nov. 12, is the beginning of my contribution to help the good cause along. I want every socialist in Chicago and vicinity to come and help his fellow workers. Open evenings 7:30 to 9:30; Saturday till 11; Sunday till noon, for the accommodation of my customers, I believe in LIVE AND LET LIVE. So, no matter where you live, it will pay you to come to me and let me build your clothes to your measure. IN UNION THERE IS STRENGTH Manny L. Mossler The Builder of Good Clothes 2645 WEST NORTH AVENUE Near Tailman Ave.—Tel. Humb. 7250

A Fine, Big, Fat TURKEY FREE! With every Suit or Overcoat purchase amounting to \$10 or more from now until Thanksgiving November 24th. Given as a token of our appreciation of your patronage and still saving you from \$3 to \$5 cash, over any suit or overcoat offers in Chicago—at THE STERN CLOTHING CO. North Avenue and Larrabee Street We want you to have a TURKEY DINNER on Thanksgiving Day and we want you to be dressed for the occasion, so we point the way—tomorrow we repeat our suit and overcoat offers that have drawn hundreds of men from all parts of Chicago—those hand-tailored, hand-finished garments, designed by the finest makers—all the latest and handsomest models, a score of styles from which you may choose, Protector Coats, Convertible Collar Coats, London Box Model Varsity Overcoats and others, and no matter what coat you select, we guarantee you a cash saving of from \$3 to \$5 over any prices in the city. Come tomorrow, in time for Thanksgiving, and get an overcoat or suit and a fat TURKEY FREE. Immense showing, at..... \$10 to \$25 For the young fellows, we have the finest display of strikingly handsome overcoats—COLLEGE STYLES—that all young chaps admire. Different modeled, differently designed, differently tailored, all in snappiest fabrics, the patterns that young men delight in wearing. Overcoats of which all are proud. The largest and most distinctive showing of the most beautiful young men's overcoats on the North Side \$10 to \$20 at..... We are busy as bees in our great, growing boys' and children's department, selling those handsome little fellows' overcoats. Parents are coming from every nook and corner of this great city to buy the STERN qualities. We want to dress your boy in a new overcoat for winter. You will be pleased at our great range of all new styles, our better fabrics, our better materials, and our better service. Come to STERN tomorrow with your boy and let us fix him out in a stunning new \$2.95 to \$10 overcoat at from.....

THE OVERCOAT KING This Store will be open every night until Thanksgiving Have a Live Turkey! For You Free With Suit or Overcoat at \$10 or more EVERYTHING A MAN OR BOY WEARS BENSON & RIXON CO. Milwaukee Avenue at Paulina Street

BUSINESS DIRECTORY South Side West Side North Side

South Side

STATIONERY LETTER FILES 18c each, \$1.90 dozen HORDER'S STATIONERY STORES 22 La Salle Street 149 Washington Street 89 Clark Street 582 Dearborn Street If it is made in office we will do it.

PRINTING H. G. ADAIR Commercial Printing and Stationery Machine Composition Publications 150-64 Lake St. cor. La Salle, Chicago Tel. Main 1233

PROPAGANDA The H. G. Adair Printing Co. 83-85 FIRD AVE.

WHERE TO EAT McFADDEN'S Restaurants Physical Culture N. E. cor. Madison & La Salle sts., bldg. 765 & Clark st. near Van Buren.

BANKS SAVINGS ACCOUNTS SOLICITED, at 2% Building and Real Estate loans made. First mortgage on improved Chicago property for sale. UNION BANK OF CHICAGO, 115 Dearborn St.

LOANS MADE ON IMPROVED CITY REAL estate. Metropolitan Trust & Savings Bank, 2 W. cor. La Salle and Washington sts.

COAL AND WOOD FARR BROTHERS COMPANY, 454 W. 111th St., Coal, Hay and Grain, Sower and Concrete Builders' Supplies, Wholesale & Retail.

HATS JAMESON'S HATS \$1.00 and \$2.50 SAMPLES 125 Van Buren St. \$1.50 and \$2.00

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS J. H. GREEN, M. D., 62 DEARBORN ST. Tel. Central 6981, Chicago. Hours: 10 A. M. to 12 P. M., Sunday 9 to 11.

MILK AND CREAM UNION DAIRY, Wm. Henning, Prop. Dealers in Pure Milk and Cream, 251 Center av. Tel. Westworth 23

DANCING LESSONS WALTER, Two-Step, Etc., Stage Dancing (the Waltz), Miss M. Long, Prof. Ridge, 127 La Salle St., St. Madison; 14 expert teachers.

ADVERTISE THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

MOVING AND COAL MOVING & COAL Anderson Bros. Express & Storage Co. 945 Belmont Ave., West N. W. "L" Station.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS AXEL A. GUSTAFSON Men's Furnishings—Hats, Shoes and Pants 841 Belmont Avenue Two Doors East of "L" Station.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS Genuine German Pat. shoes and slippers manufactured in every size, always on hand. A. Eisenmann, 1231 Clyburn av., nr. Larrabee st.

West Side

TAILORS STAR TAILORS, CLOTHIERS & HATTERS 4637 W. 19th St., near 46th St. Union goods only. Tel. Lawndale 4623.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE HOUSES AND LOTS ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS; also build to order. E. CONRAD CARLSON, 432nd Ave. & 22nd Pl. Douglas L. Ter.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE JOSEPH A. CERNY, REAL ESTATE, Loans and Insurance, 2313 Sawyer av., Telephone Canal 1519.

COAL, WOOD AND HAY N. P. NELSON—815 N. 52nd Avenue COAL AND WOOD Tel. Austin 5192.

BOOTS AND SHOES M. BOYSEN—356 North 48th Avenue SHOES, HATS & GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

J. KOLAR—2118 South 40th Avenue Dealer in Fine Union-Made Shoes

F. E. SCHRAM Shoes for Men, Women and Children 4022 W. Madison St. Cor. 46th Av.

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BOOTS AND SHOES NELSON BROS., 845 WEST NORTH AV. For all kinds of Footwear and Repairing.

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS CIGAR MANUFACTURERS OTTO J. BECKMANN, RELIABLE SHOES, 508 NORTH AVENUE.

MEATS AND GROCERIES CAMELLO BRUNN, Imported and home-made delicacies, 3235 North av., near Spaulding. Tel. Del. 721.

TEA AND COFFEE Buy your Coffee, Tea and Butter at the SOUTH SIDE COFFEE & BUTTER STORE 2946 Cottage Grove Ave. Phone Douglas 3155. H. E. LEWIS, Prop.

FURNITURE North Side's Great Furniture House PETERSEN FURNITURE COMPANY 1048-1056 Belmont Avenue Largest Selection of Furniture and Home-Settled Goods on the North Side

DRUGGIST WM. T. KLENZE, PH. G. PURE DRUGS—Belmont Av., corner of Seminary Av.

WHERE TO EAT

EAT AT—RICKETT'S RESTAURANTS 10 North Paulina St., near Madison St. 1062 North Clark St., near Oak St.

CURTIS'S RESTAURANT, Excellent meals at popular prices, 1509 W. Madison St., cor. Wood.

TRISTEER'S is the ONLY RADICAL CAFE and restaurant in town. 1164 S. Halsted st.

HATS OUR HATS ARE RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES; union made. Beverly Hat Mfg. Co., 627 W. 15th st. and 1230 S. Halsted.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY W. WILKEN—358 North 48th Avenue Watches, Jewelry and Optical Goods.

MEN'S CLOTHING JOHN V. POUZAR, Hosiery & Hatters Union, Made. Lowest priced men's outfit on West Side.

TAILOR AND CLEANER J. C. MATTHEWS, Tailor, Cleaner, Drer, 201 Chicago av. Tel. Austin 494

FURNISHINGS MEN'S "FINISHINGS, HATS, Gloves, etc. etc. Underwear. The large stock of all-wool underwear in Chicago. We also carry a full line of union-made pants for all purposes, \$1.50 to \$7. 529-531 South Halsted Street.

INSURANCE FIRE, LIFE AND SICK BENEFIT INSURANCE placed with the most prominent companies. Write or telephone, H. Rosenick, 1415 Grand av. Phone Maymarket 1211.

ADVERTISE THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST'S LARGE CIRCULATION MAKES IT A PAYING ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

\$10 LOTS To satisfy the demand of our patrons, we have decided to sell out the balance of our few thousand lots at \$10 each, actual value \$150, and a balance of 500 lots near the factories and railroads, at \$25 each. Come and see our factories in operation and Lena Park in full construction. Grand Excursion to Lena Park, Ind. Sunday, November 20, 1910, Via C. C. & L. R. R. ALSO THANKSGIVING DAY, NOV. 24 Tickets can be secured at depot or on train, 50 CENTS ROUND TRIP Abstract of title and deed furnished absolutely free. Come and make money quick. Train leaves the Illinois Central Depot, 12th St. Station and Lake Front at 8:15 A. M. sharp. Our train stops at 11th St., 12th St., 13th St., (Hilde Park), 23rd St. (Woodlawn), Grand Crossing, Kensington and Hammond, where passengers will be picked up from Gary, Indiana Harbor, East Chicago, Hegewich and Blue Island. The Square Realty Co. Not Inc. 85 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL.

# THE HUMBOLDT

## Samuel I. Frank, Prop.

2418-20 North Ave. near Western Ave.

### You Will Do Better at the Humboldt's Fall Furniture Sale

#### Cole's Famous Hot-Blast Heater

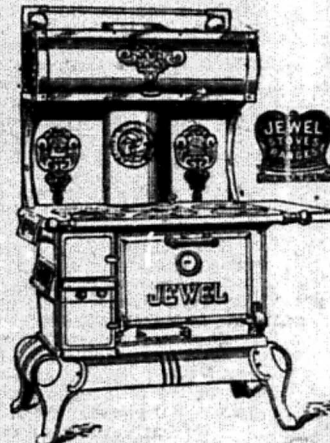
Guaranteed the most pronounced success in modern stove construction. Consumes 14 per cent less fuel than others. It outlasts and outshines any heater on the market.



This stove during our Fall Furniture Sale only—  
**\$10**  
Cole's Famous Hot Blast Heaters  
Are guaranteed to keep fire all night. We are exclusive agents and carry a complete stock at all prices.

#### Genuine Jewel Range

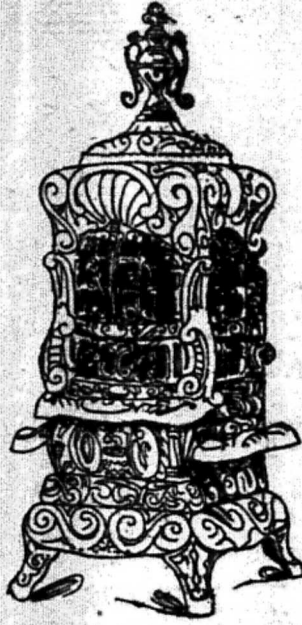
This range is of the most modern construction. Its loose nickel trimmings and extra plain smooth castings give it a beautiful appearance. It has a large square oven with drop door fitted with the newest oven thermometer. It carries our own and the maker's guarantee.



Special Fall Furniture Sale price only  
**\$35**  
We have other ranges as low as \$12

#### Base Burners

This heater is of neat design, beautifully trimmed in nickel, has automatic feed, return flues, patented shaker, grate and large ash pit. It is a very powerful double heater, is wonderfully economical and thoroughly guaranteed. We offer it at just one-half the price charged by others—



**18.75**

#### This Handsome 'Gold Coin' Base Burner

Is made with artistic ornamental trimmings: silver nickel dome, swing cover, name plate, side rails and base, as illustrated. It has such extra features as two large ventilated flues; heavy, solid, removable fire pot; duplex grate, automatic magazine cover, tea kettle attachment, and is absolutely guaranteed to be a perfect heater, give good service and requires less fuel than any heater ever sold for as little money—



**28.50**

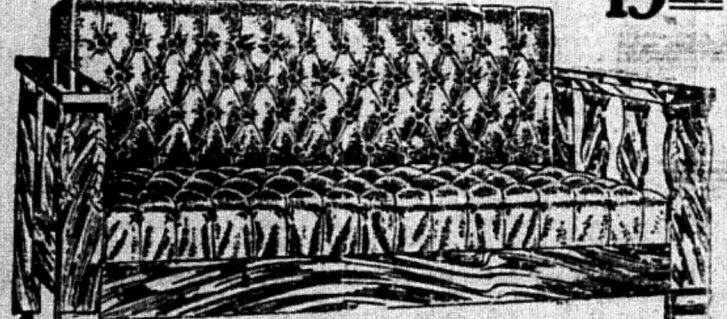
#### Genuine Jewel Base Burner

Insures even heat and excellent fire-keeping qualities. Economy of fuel; gives as much heat with one ton of coal as an ordinary one does with two; has beauty of design and finish. Every one guaranteed for 20 years—



**39.50**

#### This \$26 Bed-Davenport only **15.50**



Elegant Davenport Sofa Bed, only \$15.50—To buy this beautiful and serviceable davenport is just like adding another bedroom to your home. In the daytime it serves its purpose as an artistic, high-grade couch; at night, by a simple motion it is converted into a large, spacious bed. The frame is made of solid golden oak, covering in genuine Royal leather, over guaranteed steel spring construction. A big value at only **15.50**

All Goods Are Marked in Plain Prices

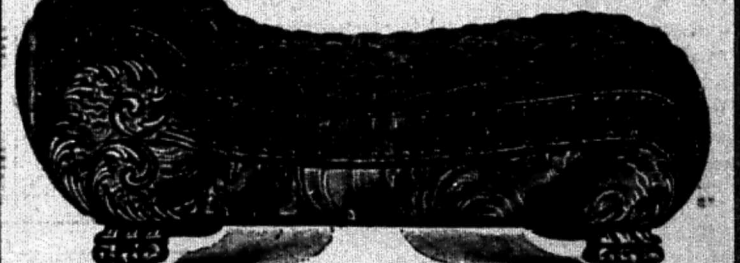
## Free This 9x12 Genuine Wilton Velvet RUG FREE Free

with every home outfit purchased during our Fall Furniture Sale.



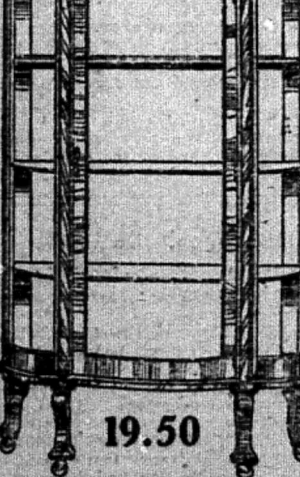
Open Evenings 11 to 10

#### 17.50 for a 29.00 Couch

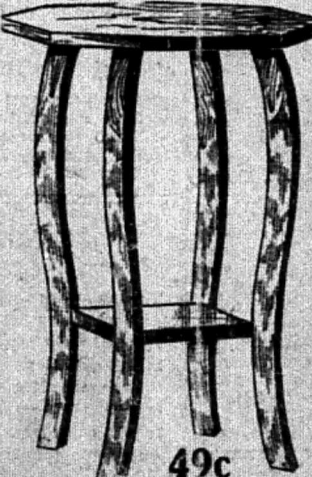


Massive quarter-sawn Oak frame with hand carved claw feet. Upholstered in best quality tan leather. The springs are best oil tempered steel and guaranteed for twenty years. Beautiful diamond tuft with buttons that cannot come out **17.50**

#### 1.50 Tabourette, Special **49c**

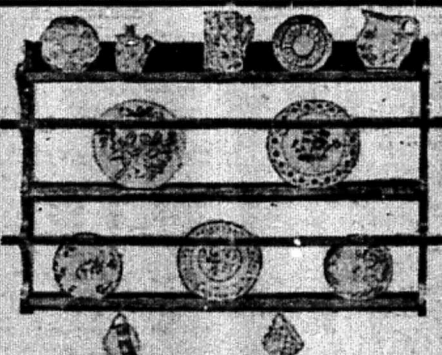


A "Tabourette or Plant Stand, 19 in. high and octagon shaped top, measuring 14 in. across—roomy shelf below. Beautiful American quartered oak. See it in windows, **49c**  
This beautiful Colonial China Closet—quarter sawed oak, good piano polish, three bent glasses. Positive \$35 value at only **19.50**



**49c**

## FREE This 9x12 Genuine Wilton Velvet Rug Free with every Home Outfit purchased during our FALL FURNITURE SALE.



**75c** Isn't it worth your time to learn how we do it? This **\$2 Plate Rack** only **75c**. It is 34x24 in. like illustration, **75c**. The shelves are double-sided and each one has six brass cup nooks.



**12.50** **12.50**  
**\$18.50 Dining Tables, 42 in., oak, rubbed and polished, extends to 6 feet, massive pedestal and claw feet; briefly a high class table at the nominal price of **12.50****

#### Dresser Bargain



This handsome dresser made of thoroughly air seasoned wood, high gloss golden finish. Has large and roomy drawers below. Best quality of French beveled plate mirror, 20x24 inches. Notice the shapely design. Fitted with locks and keys and best quality of cast brass handles. Best workmanship and construction..... **7.50**



Genuine Leather **1.85**  
For this massive genuine leather seat Dining Room Chair. Solid quarter sawed oak and beautifully polished.

#### Free To the Ladies

All Ladies who will visit our store during our Fall Furniture Sale will be presented with a beautiful Impressionist Statuette, absolutely FREE. You will not be urged to buy. If the souvenir pleases you, we will be gratified for the interest you have taken in our effort to bring this announcement of our Fall Sale to your attention.

**28.50** this handsome 3-piece parlor suite. A splendid bargain.



**28.50** Worth \$50.00  
A massive, artistic design in beautiful Birch mahogany finish—highly polished. Upholstered in the best quality of leather or imported Green silk plush. Best steel coil springs. We guarantee this set at **28.50**

#### 6.95 Solid Oak Chiffonier

with a 10x17 French bevel mirror, has five drawers, with brass trimmings and fitted with locks. The drawers are all large and roomy. This chiffonier is made of the best selected golden oak, nicely finished... **6.95**

This Woven Wire Spring, angle iron frame, with three rows best steel center supports, all sizes, worth \$3.25, at **1.89**

#### Very Big, Massive Easy Rocker

Oak or mahogany, back and seat upholstered in genuine leather, full set of high grade tempered steel springs. Positively a **\$25.00** rocker only... **15.00**



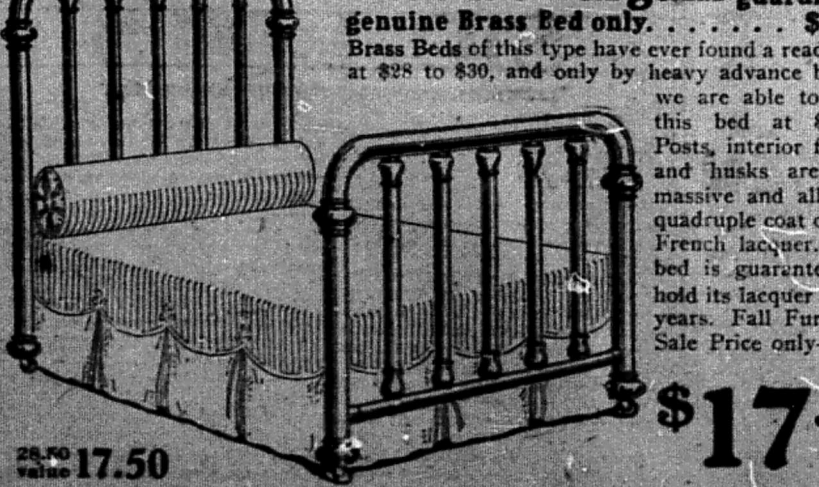
#### Massive Iron Bed



New Designs, 2 In. Posts, very strong, special at **4.95**  
This heavy, 2-in. post, Veris-Martin bed combines strength and beauty and is worth twice what we ask for it. Remember it is a 2-in. post bed, not a thin, flimsy affair, and a positive bargain at **4.95**

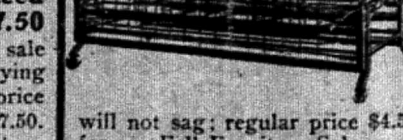
#### We allow \$5 or more for your old stove

#### Here is a Bargain a \$28.00 genuine Brass Bed only **\$17.50**



Brass Beds of this type have ever found a ready sale at \$28 to \$30, and only by heavy advance buying we are able to price this bed at \$17.50. Posts, interior fillings and husks are very massive and all have quadruple coat of best French lacquer. This bed is guaranteed to hold its lacquer for 20 years. Fall Furniture Sale Price only—  
**\$17.50**

#### \$2.50 for this Sanitary Folding Couch, like cut; made of best quality tinned wire; folds on both sides; supported in center; **2.50**



will not sag; regular price \$4.50. Special for our Fall Furniture Sale **2.50**  
Cotton Felt Mattress, of sanitary and hygienic merit. It contains 45 pounds of a refined, high-grade cotton felt, not old burlaps and cotton cloths ground up to serve as filling and miscalled felt with some qualifying prefix. The ticking is of an exceptionally high grade. No mattress of the cotton felt kind should weigh less than 45 pounds. Our Fall Furniture Sale Price only **3.95**

#### Iron Baby Crib



Just like cut; extra high sides, so that baby can't climb out; beautiful "Veris-Martin" finish. Our price includes the new style sanitary rust-proof spring **6.95**

#### Splendid Velvet Rug **89c**



These Velvet Rugs are unquestionably the best values of the kind ever offered by any first-class store. We have bought a weaver's entire surplus stock. Size 2 1/4 x 3 1/2 feet. While they last... **89c**

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

Entered as second-class matter, Dec. 22, 1906, at P. O. Chicago, under act March 3, 1879.

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By mail in advance—Outside Chicago, One year, \$21.00; six months, \$11.50; four months, \$8.00; three months, \$5.00; two months, \$3.00.

The publication of a signed article does not mean endorsement by the Daily Socialist of opinions expressed therein. Inclose postage for return of unused manuscripts.

The Master Fraud—Charity

Charity Graft, Its Meanness, Its Unconscious Humour, Its Terribly Demoralizing Effect on the Unfortunate Poor.

BY GEORGE ALLAN ENGLAND

SOME REAL CRUELITIES OF CHARITY (Continued from Yesterday.)

Thus to creep away shows excellent good sense, for the poor know charity, know and fear it, and often choose death by their own hands than endure the contumely, the degradation of this white-livered alms-giving.

No fools, they! News travels fast in the underworld. When misfortune comes as the result of seeking charity, that misfortune is soon noised about, and others heed the tidings.

With two young boys and a family of six suffering all the terrible pangs of cold and hunger, the Chicago charities have again proved themselves of no actual value when a real case of destitution—a deserving case—needs immediate relief.

James Mavrusky, 12 years old, 127 West 13th st., is today on the verge of starvation. He is out of work without parents or relatives, and unable to speak English.

The family of M. Friedman, 254 West 14th street, is facing starvation. Six children are clamoring for food, while the father is vainly searching the city for work.

At the risk of quoting too freely, I will give another case, for only by thus visualizing the thing as it is can we get any real idea of the frightful sufferings of the poor.

Poverty, we know, is gaining on charity. It is growing twice as fast as charity grows. The experience of Mr. and Mrs. Stokes in New York proved that—and the Stokes' left the work, entirely convinced that to continue in it would be both idle and foolish.

Chronic unemployment and poverty are here in America, to stay, as they have long been in Europe. The development of Capitalism has brought this condition to our doors as a permanent one, and one which no charity, real or false, can ever hope to do away with.

But to our case, a recent editorial in the "Cleveland Press": "You are a father or a mother, we will assume. If not, the instinct that makes of us all parents in our souls will make you understand."

"Mrs. Charles Ormsby, of Chicago, has gone down into the Valley of the Shadow, as demanded by motherhood, seven times, for three babies were suddenly made seven by a terrible grief in which she bore four babies at a birth."

"She was poor. Her husband deserted her three months before the four babies were born. So she went to the theaters and the amusement parks and exhibited herself and her four babies—the Ormsby quads, as the slang of the day called them—formoney."

"The authorities stopped her. Somehow the tender morals of society, which felt no compunction at her poverty, were scandalized by the exhibition of her strange fate. The Ormsby quads dropped out of sight and society quieted down."

"The other day, however, this terrible woman who had hid four babies at a birth and dared to be poor, was found with her flock in a squalid shanty. Instead of dolls with eyes 'that really shun,' these babies were playing with rags and old bottles and other treasures. In a dirty corner there was a dirty bed in which the seven little Ormsbys slept."

"Society, in the form of the Chicago Juvenile Court, drew up its immaculate skirts. This would never do! There were 'homes' and 'industrial schools' for them."

"So the seven were taken away from Mrs. Ormsby. They went to . . . institutions, and Mrs. Ormsby went back to her hovel to find the rags and old bottles with no dirty little hands to fondle them, to comfort herself with the chickens, to look over the dirty bed . . . and to wonder why she had gone down into the Valley of the Shadow and given herself to these babies, to be so stripped and bereft."

"Can't you leave me just one?" she sobbed. But Society, the comfortable and well-fed and well-clothed Society, which is all powerful with court and institutions, coldly said: No.

"It is necessary for charity to be so cruel? Could not Chicago find some way to get rid of the dirt and squalor without tearing mothers from babies?"

"Shelley speaks in one of his poems about the tears of charity which turned into millstones as they fell, and crushed the poor. Mrs. Ormsby may not have read Shelley, but don't you suppose she would understand that poem?"

(To Be Continued Tuesday.)

In Memory of the Death of a Revolutionist

BY THEODORE MEYER

A year ago the ruling class of Spokane, through the city administration, sent forth its edict prohibiting the workers from holding street meetings, thereby infringing on the rights of free speech, making it impossible for the workers to educate their fellow wage slaves to their true position, and also destroying their rights to assemble, which is of all importance at that time when the workers shall decree that the "appropriators shall be disappropriated"—or, in plain shop language—that the master class shall be locked out by the workers and the latter produce for themselves.

This edict was bitterly assailed by the Industrial Workers of the World and the Socialist press of the country, and a fight for free speech and assembly was instituted.

The clubbing committee of the city's rulers, arrested and beat all those who mounted the "box" and attempted to speak. As soon as one was arrested another would take his place, and this was kept up as long as the men lasted. These tactics were used at several street corners simultaneously. One member was arrested and when arraigned in court it was proven that he was reading the declaration of independence. The judge sent him to the rock pile for thirty days.

The hunger strike, the inhuman treatment at the hands of the brutal police, the vile conditions in the city bastilles, are a matter of record and knowledge to all Socialists. The Industrial Workers of the World of Spokane sent out several calls for volunteers, and thus hundreds went to Spokane to assist in the fight to maintain free speech and assembly.

James Kelley Cole was one of those who responded, but while en route death stretched out its hand and stayed him. He fell from a moving freight car and the wheels of two cars cut through his body. A young and gifted man, whose blood was red with the spirit of the social revolution, who recognized the coming day when the slaves shall free themselves from their oppressors; when the prevailing capitalist system and wage slavery shall have been abolished; when man shall step forward into the life-giving sunshine of economic freedom.

Keep bright the memory of those who must lose their lives in this struggle of the working class for supremacy. Keep bright the memory of James Kelley Cole, one of the martyrs in the battle of the working class.

Stealing Brains

BY AGNES H. DOWNING

American invention surpasses the world. It has put the United States in the vanguard in the manufacturing arts. It has made, of the American manufacturer, a captain of industry and a general of finance. He is lauded for his ability and honored for his power, for the people do not know that he has stolen the brains which has made his business the success that it is.

Recently delegations from France and England visited this country to find out how the thing was done. They found that each factory in the United States has a special method by which it utilizes the inventive powers of the workers. Of this, Mr. A. Chaplet, one of the French delegates, says: "The American factory owner has recourse to the collaboration of his whole force in the incessant search for all kinds of improvements."

It is admitted that the value of the suggestions received depend entirely upon the intelligence, not of the men who run the factory, but of the workers. The new ideas are secured chiefly through the distribution of small prizes. The National Cash Register Company of Dayton, Ohio, furnishes a conspicuous example of how this is done in a model factory.

This company, in the single year of 1903, adopted 1,669 improvements, from labor-saving devices in the machines and the reporting of defects, to improvements in the office system. These improvements all came from the brains of the workers.

Some interesting information on how the work is secured and the workers rewarded has recently come to light through a letter written by Mr. J. M. Switzer, the office supervisor of the National Cash Register Company, to an automobile company. Mr. Switzer says: "For a while we would suggest that you be quite liberal and adopt as many ideas as you possibly can, whether of much value or not, and thus encourage the employees to go ahead."

"Prizes or rewards of some sort should be given to several of the employees submitting the most valuable suggestions in a given time. . . . The details of this can be announced by simply posting bulletins in the shop, and it would be a good idea to follow this up by calling a little meeting and explaining the situation and thus get the employees to believe that you honestly want their co-operation."

"Give some public recognition to those whose suggestions are good, including not only those who have won prizes, but others who have submitted good suggestions. When our concern was smaller, we would hold a meeting of the employees in some public place that would accommodate them, and have a program of music and talks, and publicly award the prizes, and thus officially recognize and honor the prize-winners. This we cannot do now because of having too many people, but we could at least publish bulletins giving the names of the prize-winners and possibly a few others, and put up the flags in their honor, etc."

Thus we see that a few of the inventors get paltry prizes and possibly the empty honor of the flag raised for them; the rest get nothing. The fruit of their brain; the result of their energy and thought and talent goes to build up the house that they serve. The toil of their hands is not enough—they must give the power of their brain as well. And this their employers call co-operation.

The employer enriches himself and refines and perfects his manufacturing plant. They get a living wage, do you say? Let us see. Every labor-saving device dismisses some workers, indeed, this is one of the facts conspicuous in American industry. This same French commission noticed that in, for instance, "the Baldwin works, where locomotives are made, give the effect of a deserted city. This is due to their immensity and to the fact that only groups of two or three men are perceived here and there, directing powerful and wonderful tools. . . . We find similar descriptions in stories of visits to works of all sorts."

So, when the machines are perfected the inventors may tramp the roads and look for new jobs. And the employer sits back, a king of finance and a lord of philanthropy, adored by the thoughtless multitude. Well might he say with Iago, "Thus doth he honor me and reward me for making him egregiously an ass."

How long will this last? Until the workers know their own power. Then they will co-operate together, and together enjoy the fruits of their labor and of their genius. That will be Socialism!

Capitalistic Objections to Socialism

BY M. J. MEYERS

The usual capitalistic objections to Socialism are as follows: It will take away the individuality. It will abolish the home. It is against law and order. It will divide up everything. It will overthrow religion.

And some people believe it, because the hostile and subsidized press says so. Now let us see whether that is true. INDIVIDUALITY—The man who owns those things, which, as you use, owns me. Today the capitalist owns the means of life. I am a slave. Slaves have no individuality to lose. Socialism by means of the collective ownership of the things which we use privately, will make all men economically equal, and give them an opportunity to develop their individuality—to give society the best there is in them.

THE HOME—The mainstay of any home is the amount of happiness, brightness and comfort the members of that home can bring into it. A jobless man cannot tug home much happiness. A home where the children go to bed hungry is not overshadowed with brightness. A home where the wife and mother toil from early morn until late at night for board and clothes—and sometimes she doesn't even get that—is far from a comfortable one. Yet that is the kind of a home that Socialism would abolish. Is it wrong to destroy that kind of a home? If so, then we are guilty of the charge.

LAW AND ORDER—A majority of the people can never be against itself. Law should be but the expressed will of the majority and a law should be a law just as long as the will of the majority is back of it, and no longer. The law of any age is always in harmony with the industrial system of that age. It is impossible for Socialism to be against law, because law should express the will of the majority, and we cannot have Socialism until the majority wills it.

DIVIDING UP—According to census reports, the average annual value of the products of each worker is approximately \$2,400. Of this amount the worker receives about \$437, all of which, except a few dollars he expends in purchasing the bare necessities of life. Socialism is against this kind of divide up. The only things that Socialism proposes to divide up is the work.

RELIGION—Socialism, no more than Republicanism or Democracy, has anything to do with religion. A man's conception of his Creator and his view of worship are his private affairs—as private as is his choice whether he prefers a pink, a blue or a green necktie. Socialism demands that every man shall receive the full product of his labor, that every man shall have a job, every child an education and every woman a home. WILL . . . AT OVERTHROW RELIGION?

OPEN FORUM

IN MEXICO

Noting the press dispatches stating that the press dispatches are creating an uproar in Mexico over the burning of a Mexican named Rodriguez in Texas shows at once that the spirit of "jingoism" is truly world-wide—a fact cited many years ago by Socialist writers. There is almost beyond question an element in Mexico that would like to get political control of that country, even through bloodshed, if a pretext can be pushed forward. For this same reason, the daily outrages committed upon all classes of Mexicans throughout the republic of Mexico, the extermination of thousands of men, women and children who attempt to improve their material condition, the jailing and placing in penitentiaries here of real Mexican patriots, or the hanging of trades unionists, has not brought out a protest by Mexicans of the middle class. Their tears for the unfortunate Rodriguez are truly of the crocodile variety. They still believe in robbing the worker of the value of his labor, and their hypocritical sympathy compares favorably with the alleged love of the Americans for the Cubans and Filipinos, whose yoke of wage slavery is still as burdensome under American misrule, as under Spanish tyranny.

HENRY J. WIEGEL

LITERALLY TRUE

Famous Painter (angrily)—I hear, sir, that you're boasting that you studied art under me? Near-Painter (calmly)—And so I did, sir. So I did—why, I copied a room under your studio for nearly a month. —New Orleans Picayune.

What's the Matter With Milwaukee

AND ITS VOTERS

BY HENRY T. JONES

Milwaukee for the second time has demonstrated its great Socialist strength and the solidarity of the working class. Six months after the complete victory of Mayor Seldel and his associates, when the city hall was captured, the citizens of Milwaukee went to the polls November 8 and elected the entire county ticket, one of the sixteen members of the state legislature. And why this demonstration of revolutionary spirit in Milwaukee when there is comparatively little evidence of it in such cities as Jersey City, N. J.; Newark, N. J.; Syracuse, N. Y.; Denver, Colo.; St. Louis, Mo.; New Orleans, La., and other American cities of similar size? Is it because the city of Milwaukee is any different from the cities named or that its citizens are any different from the residents of cities in any other part of the United States? What's the matter with Milwaukee and its people? Are the voters ahead or behind in the march toward social civilization? Have the citizens of Milwaukee different aspirations, different appetites, different wants and hopes than the people of other American cities?

No, the people of the Wisconsin metropolis look and act in the ordinary walks of life just like the people of any of our cosmopolitan centers, and the city itself does not look, and is not, so different from Cleveland, O., and other places of similar size. Milwaukee possesses all the beatitudes of modern civilization, including its magnificent boulevards and well paved streets; its mud-hole thoroughfares and dirty alleys; its millionaires and its paupers; its mansions and its hovels; its overfed rich and its underfed poor; its splendor and its squalor; its industries rich and poor, and its idle rich and its army of unemployed; its overpaid stockholders and its underpaid workers; its aristocratic section and its slums and tenements; its aristocratic churches and its missions in shanties; its well-groomed men and handsomely gowned women and its shabby-clad working class; its slums and its degradation; its poverty and its charity; its suicides and crime; its tuberculosis and typhoid; its high prices and low wages; its trusted owned department stores and its trust owned cigar stores; its franchise grabbing business men; its hatred for unions and its strikes and lockouts; its ownership of the means of life by the few and the exploitation of the many; its well patronized theaters, producing the successful New York productions, and its burlesque and vaudeville houses; its saloons and its whiskey and beer; its robberies, burglaries and assaults; its divorces and scandals; its beggars and its peddlers; its Salvation army and its lodging houses; its Republicans, Democrats, Prohibitionists and Socialists; its wise men and its damn fools; its fat, lean, tall, short, young and old men and women; its wit and its wisdom; its mollycoddles and its rummies; in fact it has all the evidences of being a representative up-to-date American city.

But Milwaukee has some things that other cities cannot boast of, and it hasn't got other things that all cities would like to be rid of. In the latter there being one thing in particular, Milwaukee is without graft in its political life, so far as the city administration is concerned, and the Socialist administration of the county of Milwaukee will make a similar record. The writer makes this statement about the elimination of graft advisedly, for he has made a thorough investigation of the subject. Why no graft in Milwaukee? The answer is evident under the administrations of Chicago, New York, and nearly every other city in the United States, with the possible exception of Toledo, and some of the cities managed by commissions? The answer is easy. The elimination of graft is part of the Socialist program. Socialism could not win if graft continued. Franchise grabber know this and bribe give.

And the ultimate result is sure, for the future belongs to us—and the part of you with the revolutionary spirit—we are more than proud of you. We bow to you in reverential admiration, because of your magnificent achievement in behalf of your own class. But we cry Shame! Shame! to the working class of Milwaukee and elsewhere who used their great political power on election day to maintain the political and economic power of the capitalist class as represented by the Democratic and Republican parties, whether they be "progressive," "regulars, stand-patters, reformers, reactionaries, Prohibitionists, Pollemites, Rooseveltians, Bryanites, La Folletteites, Rooseveltians, insurgent, or anything else that is brought forward to cloud and tangle the reasoning faculties of the workers on election day. The program of the Socialist party, both on the political and the industrial field—it is wholly right. The program of the old parties or of the so-called reform parties does not claim to offer you economic freedom, and we Socialist workmen, who understand, are pleading with you to seek and to learn that poverty, apprehension, unemployment, panics and strife can be succeeded by plenty, happiness, harmony and real civilization.

The capitalists haven't the power to save the world. That class is so insignificant in numbers and so insignificant in brains and moral development that the new civilization can be ushered in only by the workers themselves. Cease looking to the masters in power to give you relief. Look to yourselves, for you and you alone have the power to save yourselves. No man on earth, and no party on earth, can be kept in power without your votes. You have the other fellows beaten a thousand to one when it comes to votes. Remember that. Cease voting for men. Vote for principle. And when you do this the world will be yours, and it has a right to be, as you made it what it is.

Say no more that the Socialist dreams will not come true for a million years. The new civilization is coming in your time and mine. You won't need any more strikes, lockouts, higher prices, panics, unemployment and starvation to arouse you. Milwaukee has pointed the glorious way to sunshine and hope. It is up to you to duplicate the great achievement of Milwaukee. And when you have become imbued with the revolutionary spirit that has captured Milwaukee the nation will be owned by the only class that has a right to own it—the useful working class. And then for the first time in history, justice and equality will be supreme.

AND why does this steady and healthy growth of the Socialist strength mean? It means that the capitalists at Madison, Albany, Springfield, Harrisburg, Columbus and elsewhere will be before many years be ruled by the Socialist representatives of the working class. It is inevitable that they should rule. And one great reason is because the working class has the votes. But above this reason is a greater reason, and that is

BECAUSE THEIR CAUSE IS RIGHT! Milwaukee has blazed the way, and the program from now on is victories in the cities, and then the states, and the on to the White House.

WHAT ONE SOCIALIST WILL DO Victor Berger, the only Socialist elected to congress, bears his honors modestly, and does not expect to overturn the house which of late was Joseph's. But some of his kind are not so modest. A Socialist member of Reading, Pa., has been elected to the legislature, and he announces that he intends to "raise the devil." He will find when he reaches Harrisburg that there is not much in that line left to do. The last two or three legislatures of Pennsylvania did about as fine a job of that sort as ever was done outside of Illinois. However, being a plumber helps some in that particular task.—Tribune.

HAPPIER DAYS "My poor fellow, were you always a tramp?" "No, mum; once I was known as a man about town."—Washington Herald.

"Miss Black, I saved that toe you gave me last week," a gentleman confided to the lady—a longer young—whom he admired; "for though it is withered it still reminds me of you."

"Sir," exclaimed the lady, indignantly, "you are insulting."

Seaside Visitor (admiring a seagull)—How nice and clean he looks. Boatman—Ah, ma'am, if you spent as much time in the water as he does, you'd look clean, too.—Punch.

The saucy Scot wandered into the pharmacy. "I'm worth three-penn'orth o' laudanum," he announced. "What for?" asked the chemist, suspiciously. "For respectance," responded the Scot at once.

Mrs. Hatterson—Are you going to be at home this afternoon? Mrs. Voterey—I should say not! My husband is giving an afternoon tea.—Life.

The capitalist state has run its course. Its dissolution is now only a question of time.

Working Women Seeing the Light

"Women should be able to vote to protect her own sex industrially," declared Miss Maude Younger of San Francisco before the American Federation of Labor. Continuing, she said:

"Male wage earners have two methods of improving their condition," said Miss Younger. "By unionizing and by the ballot. Women wage earners have but one means—by forming unions. Women go out of the home and work because they have to, not because they want to. They should therefore be protected with every weapon, including the ballot. Women are urged to unionize, because all of them have their eyes on matrimony as an escape from toil. If the men help the women to get the ballot the women will in turn, employ the ballot to help the men. There are 6,000,000 women wage earners in this country."

The working class has two weapons, the ballot and the union. The union can only carry them a part of the way. It cannot lift them out of a class that is dependent upon another class. To abolish classes and the consequent class struggle; to inaugurate the co-operative commonwealth; to abolish poverty and to open the door of equal opportunity to all, requires a fundamental change in the laws governing property. This can only be brought about by a wise use of the ballot.

Woman is needed in the councils of state. She should have a full representation in congress, in state legislatures, in city and town council and on county and township boards.

She is peculiarly the home-maker and the housekeeper. Her judgment, guided by mother-love and care, will be invaluable in matters of sanitation, hours of employment, age of employment, at both the youth and old age end, the care of the defective, and the thousand and one things that the dollar mad male mind shamefully neglects.

Under capitalism suffrage would mean little to woman because the capitalist world is run on principles directly opposite to those of the family. In business the weakest goes to the wall—the strongest takes everything. No mercy is shown, no quarter asked. "Business is business," has a most sinister meaning. In business everything that makes for the benefit of the owner, regardless of the effect upon employes or the public, is enforced.

Capitalistic business is anti-social—the family is social. The ideal family is the type of true Socialism. Here every one has his and her place in the loving circle. The weak, the puny are not pushed away from the board, even though it be scanty, but the love of mother, father, brother and sister is ever ready with helpful service. Poverty, under capitalism, is the inescapable lot of many families—even mother love, bound and handicapped by a foolish political limitation and by a barbarous economic system is unable to stave off the stunting, degrading effects of lack of proper food and clothing, impure air in tenement and shop and the thousand and one intolerable conditions to which the poor are subjected.

The world needs the purifying and revolutionizing effects of woman's participation in state affairs. The state is to become a great family, wherein mother love is to assume its appropriate functions.

The Republican is right. La Follette, Stubbs and other radicals in the Republican and Democratic parties are breaking the way for Socialism. That is the way ideas grow. Conditions become undesirable. Thinking minds ask for the cause or causes, and, when they discover them, formulate a theory. If they have taken into consideration all conditions and causes and have drawn logical conclusions, the theory gains more and more adherents, and finally prevails. Socialism is such a theory. It is accepted as the true theory of economic relations. It is standing the test of the keenest criticism and the bitterest attacks. More than that. IT STANDS THE TEST OF APPLICATION WHEREVER IT HAS BEEN TRIED. This is true, from the Democratic public school district to the United States Postoffice—from the town-owned water works to the Socialist city government of Milwaukee.

La Follette and Stubbs will be forced by the logic of events into Socialism. The frightened Milwaukee Sentinel truly says:

For the radicalism of proletarian discontent La Folletteism provides only a half-way house. Bergerism goes the whole road. And as there is no half-way house for a revolutionary radicalism, the logic of the situation says that the future belongs to Bergerism in its competition with La Folletteism.

The future belongs to Socialism (for the information of the Sentinel—Berger is only one of us)—because the working class are learning to understand the fact that they produce all the wealth and that they can also distribute it. Jefferson was right when he said that the ballot in the hands of the people would solve all the problems. Mr. Sentinel, don't get overexcited. You, too, will bow to the will of the majority.

In Memory of a Martyr

Free speech, free press and free thought are essentials to progress. Destroy the right or opportunity of expressing thought by the spoken, written or printed word, and the light of progress goes out in the night of stupid, trembling ignorance. Tyrants of all classes, imperial, ecclesiastical and plutocratic, fear free speech and free press. They use their power, legal and illegal, to suppress expression. They must be met and beaten at all costs.

A year ago our comrades and the I. W. W. were engaged in a bloody struggle in Spokane, Wash., to maintain the right of free speech. Men and women cheerfully went to prison and suffered the brutalities of an enraged plutocracy.

James Kelley Cole lost his life in his efforts to support the cause. Attend his memorial meeting Sunday night, November 20, at Koch's Union Hall, 10 South Clark street. Admission free.

"Counts live by their wits," says Kilgallen, the steel magnate, "and I don't propose to contribute a cent to his support."

Don't capitalists live by their wits? Some capitalists work, but they are paid in salary or wages for their work—then they want, and get, rent, interest and profit besides. All income, no matter from what source, is living upon somebody else.

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