

ROOSEVELT MAKES A VILE ATTACK ON SOCIALISM

SOCIALISTS SOLL AID OF STRIKERS

Only Party in French Chamber Which Lines Up for Postal Employes

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) Paris, March 20.—In the chamber of deputies all of the hodge-podge of parties which represent everything from royalism to so-called radicalism—of a type—have lined up against the strikers in the great postal, telegraph and telephone strike which has tied up the service in France, and the only support given the strikers has come from the 138 Socialists and a few scattering allies, driven by fear of their constituents.

Glass Struggle Clearly Defined

The class struggle has taken clear, sharp lines in the fight; the Socialists on the side of the workmen, every reform, conservative, radical, Socialist-republican, republican or other party being found lined up solidly on the side of the government.

In a test to show whether the chamber would stand with the government or with the strikers, whether the strikers would even be given a hearing of their case by the government, every party in parliament lined up with Clemenceau, and by a vote of 366 to 211 declined to hear the strikers' side of the case at all and to support the government in any repressive measures it might take.

Royalist clasped hands with radical republican, conservative joined socialist-radical, Bonapartist for the time fraternized with straight republican, and crested clasped hands with rabid radical, because a class interest was at stake, and the interest of all these parties was to maintain their class. Only the Socialists, and their few struggling allies from the centrist section of the left, the men who were afraid of their constituents, stood out for the laboring men and battled for the poor boon of a hearing of the grievances of the strikers.

Chamber with Government

From the outset it was apparent the chamber was with the government, but the attack of the opposition lacked neither vim nor cohesiveness. The Socialists centered their assaults upon M. Simyan, under secretary of posts and telegraphs, but they also reproached Premier Clemenceau with having shifted this position since he had "reached the other side of the barricade."

The investigation of the strike situation and the piecemeal repressive measures being used against the men.

The conservatives declared the government was reaping only what it had sown. They pointed out that the successive radical governments for years had encouraged the state employees to form associations and that M. Viviani, minister of labor, and M. Simyan had voted under the deputy minister for M. Millerand's motion to recognize the right of the postmen to strike. Nevertheless they voted solidly with the government.

Simyan Denies Favoritism

M. Simyan's defense consisted of a general denial of the charges of favoritism, which he declared had been brought by the employees because he had refused to accept their recognition. He said that in his opinion, the leaders for months had been preparing to strike, tumult followed when the under secretary followed the principal leaders of the strike had been induced by from ten to fifteen members of the chamber of deputies.

"Name them," shouted the members of the right in high glee.

"Subra, president of the general association of postal telegraph employees, and his indorsements."

"Name them," repeated the right; but when M. Simyan turned in that direction and shouted that the indorsers came from the right as well as from the left there was no further insistence that names be mentioned.

Resort to an Old Ruse

The government, driven to desperate straits by the complete tie up of the country's mail, telegraph and postal service decided to have the speech of M. Barthou, rally upon "all patriotic Frenchmen" to help the government and the strike placarded throughout the country. An old ruse of denouncing the workmen as foes of their country and patriotic was resorted to by the pliers of the suddenly class-conscious party as ranging from extreme to conservative to extreme radical, which supplied the government.

The nation's shouts with glee as their speakers mouthed the old chauvinist arguments against the laboring men. The Socialists, on their part, were never so happy in their lives. For once they were able to show up the radicals and so-called Socialist radicals as the real enemies of the working class, who could not be depended on to give the working class even a cent hearing of grievances, much less stand for them in any great fight.

Strike Situation Little Improved

The improvement in the strike situation yesterday, due to the partial distribution of mail and the opening of some lines of foreign communication, was more apparent than real. The number of state employees on strike in Paris was greater, and the tie up in the provinces was constantly extending.

Monster meetings of the strikers were held yesterday and last night. For the first time orators assumed an ugly tone in denouncing the government for its action in the chamber yesterday. The words of M. Subra, president of the general association of postal telegraph employees, were significant. "The strike must not cease," he said, "until the

the programme of the postal employes triumphs and every employe is reinstated."

2,700 Employes Dismissed

About 2,700 employes of the government have been dismissed from their positions or suspended. The general confederation of labor and the electrical unions committee held a secret session this evening. The decision arrived at is not known. Sensible men among the strikers fear a demonstration by the unions.

As the will of the chamber of deputies is supreme in France, the government's position is greatly strengthened by the vote of confidence yesterday.

Visitors Hit Hard by Strike

Blairville, March 20.—Many American and English visitors at southern resorts having failed, owing to the strike of postmen, to receive their customary remittances, have been reduced to want.

CAR HERO LOSES LIFE ON TRACKS

F. H. Schlick, Socialist, Dies From Hurts; Once Saved Many Passengers

Franklin H. Schlick, one of the two Socialist students who were struck by a west-bound Madison street car yesterday morning at Laflin street is dead. His companion, W. O. Owen, is lying in a critical condition in the Cook County hospital. Both of the young men, according to witnesses, are victims of the criminal negligence of the street car company. It was asserted that the car ran them down without giving a signal of any kind.

Schlick Once Saved Many

There is a tinge of pathos in the sad end of Schlick. He had been a motorman on a street car in Philadelphia in his earlier days and at one time saved a carload of passengers from death by sharp presence of mind. It was a stormy morning and the car was just entering a down grade that led to a railroad crossing when Schlick discovered that the brakes would not work. The passengers were reading their papers in the car, unaware of the danger that threatened them. Schlick thought quick. He heard the distant whistle of a passenger train. He put on all the speed, dashed into the guard gates which had been lowered and safely passed the express train by a few inches.

At Laflin street, where the accident occurred, the cars pass at full speed unless it happens that a passenger wants to alight or enter at that point. It is very seldom, in fact barely ever, that the motorman on the approaching car gives a signal on this particular corner, and as a result many accidents have occurred there. Last summer one of the Madison street cars smashed into a fire engine at this point and wrecked it.

Story of Eye-Witness

Just how criminal the negligence of the motorman on the car, No. 11, which ran down the two men was, is told by J. T. Neary, a clerk of election who was nearly about ten steps behind the unlucky men when they were hit. Telling the story of the accident in his own way, Neary said:

"I was just leaving Henry Zek's, the barber, 473 Madison street, when I was stepped off the sidewalk ahead of me and turned toward Laflin street. I live at 36 Laflin street myself and consequently I had to practically follow in their footsteps. Just as the two men, who were conversing, approached the first tracks a car whizzed by. One of the men was thrown to the side and the other was under the wheels when he whirling down upon us, the car had stopped. I pulled him out and looked around for a policeman, but there was none in sight.

Witness Blames Car Crew

"The men were picked up by the motorman and conductor who had remained behind, and carried over to their drug store. There is only one thing I want to say and that is that the street car company is to blame. The motorman did not ring the bell and the men were run down unaware."

During the evening a reporter of the Daily Socialist stood on the corner of Laflin and Madison streets, and saw twenty-five cars go by, and out of these only three gave a signal before whirling down upon us, the car had stopped. In the morning and evening the cars run so thick along Madison street that it is almost impossible to cross.

Schlick, who was 42 years old, was born in Philadelphia and at an early age joined the painters' union and was an active member. Later he was employed as a motorman on the street cars and was highly recommended for his prompt and efficient service.

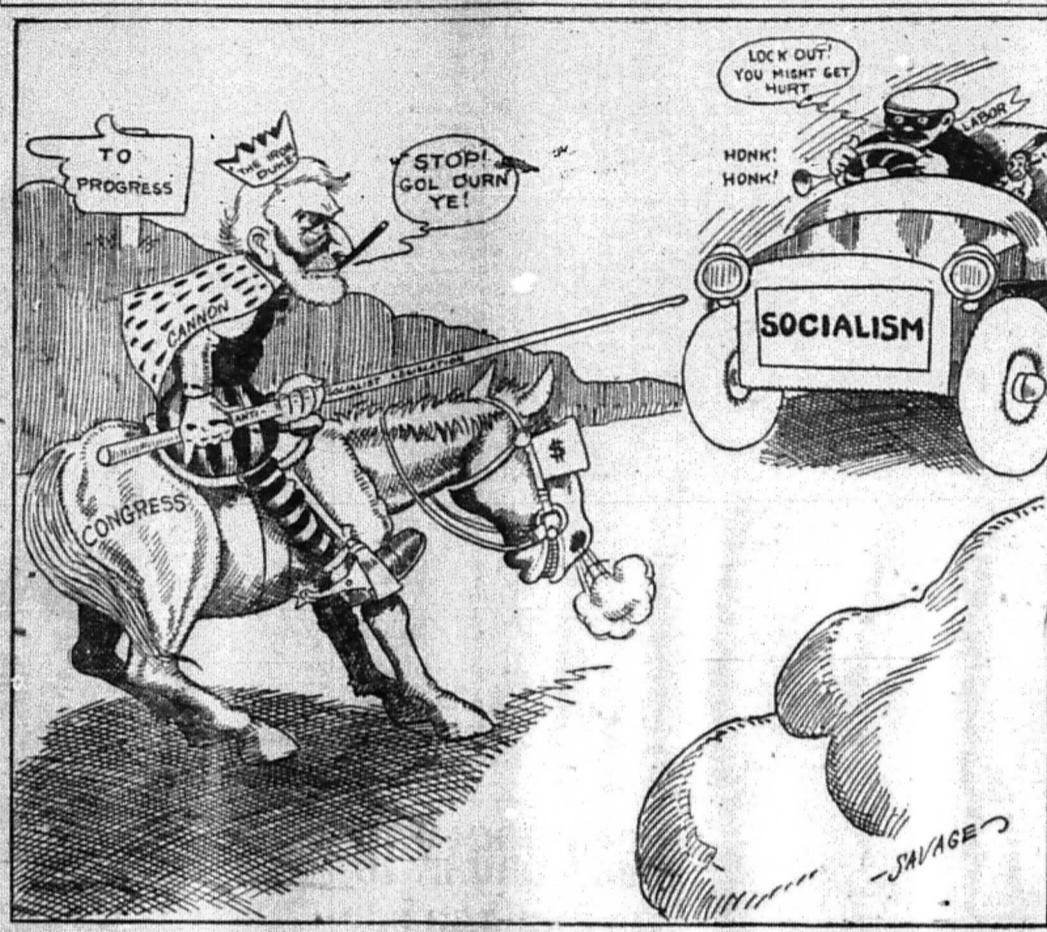
Berlin Sees War Near

Berlin, March 20.—A semi-official communication appearing in the Cologne Gazette yesterday describes the situation between Austria-Hungary and Serbia as most pessimistic in the matter of the maintenance of peace, but it is hoped that the conflict, should one arise, may be localized.

LOOSE PLASTER IN THEATRE CAUSES PANIC; MANY HURT

Cleveland, March 20.—Six persons were injured in a stampede at the Metropolitan theatre last night. Two or three are believed to have received serious injuries. The panic was started by a fall of plaster from the ceiling, which struck several men sitting in the orchestra circle. Boys in the gallery yelled "Fire," and in a moment the rush for the exits was on. In the scramble women and children were knocked down and trampled upon and several injured.

WILL HE BE ABLE TO STAND PAT HERE?



AUSTRO-SERVIAN WAR INEVITABLE

Emperor Massing Troops for Outbreak of Hostilities With Neighbors

Vienna, March 20.—The official note is hopeful, but the conviction exists among all classes that hostilities are unavoidable. The venerable emperor finally has joined the ranks of those who consider that war is inevitable.

The seriousness of the situation has been brought home to the Viennese by the fact that within two days 25,000 reserve men in the capital have been called to the colors. In military circles all arrangements have been made to increase the force in Bosnia and Herzegovina from 150,000 to 500,000 men.

Emperors Hold War Council

Two assurances of a satisfactory nature have reached Baron von Aehrenthal. The first is that Italy stands true to her alliance; the second that Russia will be neutral in case of war with Serbia.

A foreign office report widely credited is to the effect that Emperor William came to Vienna secretly and held a war council with Emperor Francis Joseph, the crown prince and the army commanders, and then returned to Berlin on a special train. As the Serbian papers have been forbidden to mention any troop movements, there is no alarming news from that quarter.

Learn Details Through Socialist

The people of Vienna learned last night for the first time the details of the war preparations through a Socialist member having asked in parliament why the Hungarian and foreign press are fully informed that 100,000 reserves have been called; that fifty battalions have been placed on a war footing; that Crown Prince Francis Ferdinand held a war council with the commanders and the war minister; that the fleet is under steam, and that five more army corps are being put on a war footing besides two corps in reserve. All these facts were printed for the first time last night in the report of the proceedings in parliament.

The war minister gave a solemn promise that the wives and children of reservists called under extraordinary circumstances will be provided for.

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WOMEN GAIN IN SUFFRAGE MOVE

London, March 20.—By a vote of 127 to 122 the house of commons yesterday passed the second reading of the bill giving every man and woman a vote, the only provisions being that they shall be 21 years of age and shall have resided three months in the constituency. As this bill was introduced by a private member, and as it has not received the "blessing" of the cabinet, there is no chance of its becoming a law during the present session of parliament.

PHYSICIAN URGES VEGETABLE DIET AS CURE FOR DRINK

Washington, D. C., March 20.—"If you have a strong appetite for alcohol and tobacco and want to be cured of the habit just eat a vegetable diet for six months."

This was the advice given yesterday by Dr. D. H. Kress of this city in an address entitled "Dyspepsia and Its Relations to Inebriety," before the American Society for the Study of Alcohol and Other Drug Narcotics. He discussed the evil effects of an excessive diet and declared that overeating leads to drunkenness. "If you would not become a drunkard," said Dr. Kress, "then quit eating meat."

BIG SHAKEUP OF AMBASSADORS

Taft and Knox to Decide Which Are to Do Society Stunt Abroad

Washington, D. C., March 20.—President Taft and Secretary of State Knox will decide today on the men who are to represent the United States in foreign countries. As a result of the conference a shake-up, which will stir the corps to its foundations, is expected. Many men, who took examinations for the consular service and who took the Roosevelt "civil service" plan to mean the creation of a trained and permanent diplomatic service, are complaining bitterly.

Charles T. Eliot, formerly president of Harvard, and famous for ancient ideas on labor and a sort of worship for the nonunionist, will be sent to England as ambassador, replacing Whitelaw Reid.

Morgan Man to Get Berth

Robert Bacon, member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., has been chosen director of the National City Bank of New York, which is a Standard Oil's pet institution, director in numerous railroads and assistant secretary of state and later secretary, will be made ambassador to France in place of Henry White of Rhode Island. J. G. A. Leishman, formerly ambassador to Turkey, will be sent to Italy, where he will replace Lloyd C. Griscom of Pennsylvania. William Woodville Rockhill, a diplomat by profession and an expert in the affairs of the far east, especially China, Japan and Korea, will be transferred from Peking to Turkey to replace Fleishman.

G. O. P. Boss 'Also Runs'

Richard C. Kerens, republican boss of the state of Missouri, mail contractor after the civil war, railroad man and capitalist, will be ambassador to Austria-Hungary, to replace Charles S. Francis of New York.

Chester L. Long, Formerly Senator from Kansas, Lawyer and Republican Politician, Will be Ambassador to Russia to Replace John W. Riddle, who Brought So Happily in the Case of Christian Rudowitz, David E. Thomas, of Nebraska, ambassador to Mexico, proving satisfactory to the capitalists of the United States, will remain in Mexico. Thomas J. O'Brien, of Michigan, will remain as ambassador to Japan. Maurice Francis Egan of the District of Columbia will remain as ambassador to Denmark.

Taft Goes to New Haven

New York, March 20.—President Taft departed from this city at 8:15 o'clock this morning on the Boston express for New Haven, where he is to attend a meeting of the Yale corporation.

Bishop Gillespie Is Dead

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 20.—Bishop George D. Gillespie of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of western Michigan died early today after a long illness.

TRIBUNE FIGHTS STOCKING JOUST

Brave Champion of the Common People Enters Its Lists for the Fray

The dear old Chicago Tribune, either through that beautiful, unselfish patriotism for which it is famous, or through a lingering memory of the aid it gave to a theatrical manager in making a public show of a woman wearing a director's gown, is making a crusade against the high tariff proposed on stockings. Just to show that it is the friend of the common people, cotton stockings are the things which it champions.

It matters not to the Tribune, friend of the common people that on a certain page in a certain book on municipal revenue appears an entry showing that the Tribune has a 100-year lease of school property at bargain prices, and that during that 100 years there is no provision for revaluation. Thus the Tribune takes some \$125,000 in money annually out of the pockets of the little children of Chicago.

How Trick Is Worked

All school leases in Chicago provide that the annual rental shall yield an income of 5 per cent on the value of the property. To accomplish this in nearly all leases, save that of the Tribune, a revaluation is provided every ten years. The Tribune lease has no revaluation clause. Not only does the Tribune not pay its just rental, but because of the concession it enjoys, legal difficulties are encountered in dealing with those whose leases provide for revaluation.

But now the Tribune wants to save money to the working man by making "imported cotton stockings cheap." From Washington Raymond Patterson cries out that the increased duty on imported gloves and imported cotton stockings will hit the workman. Just opposite this, in the other outside column of the paper is a local plea against the high duty on cotton stockings. If there were a strike on and other things besides high duties on imported cotton stockings were "hitting" the working man, it is not probable that the philanthropic school-child-robbering Tribune would object.

A Soul-Stirring Plein

Here is a plain to stir the soul as quoted from the Tribune this morning: "The situation is critical in Chicago. The one article of wearing apparel for which there is constant demand, and which is treated as a necessity is stockings for women. The prices of these have been gradually forced up. It will be hard for us to ask an increased price if this schedule goes into effect. Our women customers, many of them, think that we are imposing on them now by the prices we fix for cheap and expensive goods."

"With the change in the tariff women, it is stated, expected cuts in the prices of silk, woolen, and cotton goods, and even made inquiry at Chicago stores as to the date when sales might be expected under a new schedule. On the contrary, the same prices will remain so far as wool and silk stockings are concerned, while an immediate jump in cotton goods, that used by the vast majority of the population, is scheduled."

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Launches Career on Outlook by Employing Lowest Type of Gutter Journalism; Article Full of Abuse

REVIVES THE "FREE LOVE" BOGY

Ex-President Quotes No Reliable Socialist Authority for Views He Bitterly Denounces; Tirade Is Tribute to Party's Power

No higher tribute could have been paid to the tremendous power and growing influence of the Socialist movement than that Theodore Roosevelt, signals his entrance upon the editorial staff of the "Outlook" by a most virulent attack upon Socialism. It is safe to say that for intemperance of language, untruthfulness of statement, misrepresentation of facts, foul and slanderous insinuations and other features which belong to the lowest type of gutter journalism, this attack stands unique and unparalleled. These are strong words, but the matter criticised is in print and can be read by whosoever wishes and its characteristics in these respects judged.

In his opening paragraphs he complains of difficulty in determining what Socialism is. Not once, however, throughout the entire article does he quote from a single authoritative pronouncement on the subject. There are official statements of conventions, both national and international, on almost every phase of Socialism. Not one of these is mentioned in his article.

REVIVES OLD FREE-LOVE FALSEHOOD

He opens his attack with the reiteration of the foul assertion long discarded by all decent opponents of Socialism, that Socialists stand for "free-love." His exact words are as follows:

"Indeed, these thorough-going Socialists occupy, in relation to all morality, and especially to domestic morality, a position so revolting—and I choose my words carefully—that it is difficult even to discuss it in a reputable paper. In America the leaders even of this type have usually been cautious about stating frankly that they proposed to substitute free love for married and family life as we have it, although many of them do in a roundabout way uphold this position."

Because Socialists propose to remove the forces that are disrupting the family today; because they wish to take the factory from the home and the mother and child from the factory; because they wish to remove the causes of "desertion," abolish the "homeless man" and the hopeless prostitute, and because that PROCESS WOULD REDUCE PROFITS, Theodore Roosevelt shrieks that the So-

Roosevelt Leaflet—Order Now

This article, in reply to Roosevelt's lying tirade against Socialism, will be reprinted in the form of a leaflet, and should be circulated by the million by American Socialists. Price: 200 for 50 cents; 500 for \$1.25; 1,000 for \$2. Don't wait a single day. Order right now.

cialists advocate "free love." He instances one individual Socialist whose marriage relations were unfortunate. No higher tribute could be paid to the character of the Socialist movement than that such an incident stands out in such striking relief as to attract the attention of every critic of Socialism. Suppose the same test were to be applied to the Republican party. For every Socialist against whom the finger of suspicion could be pointed, there is a mighty multitude in the ranks of the party of Roosevelt whose transgressions are so flagrant as to cry to heaven.

QUOTES SOCIALIST POES AS AUTHORITY

As authorities on this subject he refers to Martha Moore Avery and David Goldstein as "two Socialist leaders," and advises the reading of their mass of foul lies entitled, "A Nation of Fatherless Children." He should know that the position of these individuals as "leaders" was conferred upon them by the enemies of Socialism when they left the party only to avoid the expulsion which had been threatened.

Again and again, with added falsification, he returns to this phase of his attack. He says:

"It is not accident that makes thorough-going and radical Socialists adopt the principles of free love as a necessary sequel to insisting that no man shall have the right to what he earns. When socialism of this really advanced and logical type is tried as it was in France in 1792, and again under the Commune in 1871, it is inevitable that the movement, ushered in with every kind of high-sounding phrase, should rapidly spread so as to include, not merely the forcible acquisition of the property of others, but every conceivable form of monetary corruption, immorality, licentiousness and murderous violence."

Can we grant the writer the mantle of ignorance to excuse his talk about Socialism in 1792? Does he not know that this was the revolution that ushered in capitalism and that for its sins and its orgies the capitalist class alone is responsible?

So far as 1871 is concerned, this is too close to the date of the anniversary of the Commune for all his readers not to remember that hostile official investigations have declared that never was Paris so orderly, never was life so safe, never, in fact, was property so secure in the capital of France as during the few months when the working class held the reins of power, and seldom have there been more terrible orgies than when that revolt was drowned in blood by the forces of capitalism. IS ROOSEVELT, THE HISTORIAN, SO IGNORANT AS NOT TO KNOW THESE FACTS; OR IS ROOSEVELT, THE POLITICIAN, TOO DISHONEST TO SPEAK THE TRUTH HE KNOWS?

FAIRLY REVEALS IN FALSEHOOD AND FILTH

He adds more falsehood and foulness to this subject when he refers to the Christian Socialists, by saying:

"As for the so-called Christian Socialists who associate themselves with this movement, they either are or ought to be aware of the pornographic literature, the pornographic propaganda, which make up one side of the movement; a pornographic side which is entirely proper in a movement that in this country accepts as one of its heads a man whose domestic immorality has been so open and flagrant as to merit the epithet of shameless."

Anyone who has read the literature of Socialism knows how flagrantly false is this charge. It is safe to say that nothing more disgusting and "pornographic" has ever appeared in the Daily Socialist than the quotations taken today from this article by Theodore Roosevelt. The only thing that could possibly be compared with it were selections taken from another document by the same author. And on this other document hangs an answer to this entire objection to Socialism. There is one small section of the territory of the United States over which Roosevelt and the Republican Congress have had complete, autocratic control for the last 40 years. The inhabitants of this district do not even have the right

HARRIMAN LOVES DEAREST MEXICO

Diaz Regime Pleases Railroad King; Intelligent Liberality to Capital

Los Angeles, March 20.—That the Diaz government in Mexico is the great and good friend of capital, that Diaz does not attempt to exercise any jurisdiction over American capitalists who finance his army by concessions to the Mexican "government," and that Mexico has no interstate commerce commission, because Mexico is a country where "intelligence" prevails (the inference being that it does not prevail in America), is the gist of an interview given out by E. H. Harriman, who is very quick of decision.

Mexicans Liberal to Capital

The following is the substance of the interview given out by the railroad king:

"What is the attitude of the Mexicans toward capital?"

"Very liberal, very liberal, indeed. We found it so, and when anything unusual occurred we found we could always get very quick decisions."

"Do they have an interstate commerce commission down there?"

"No, they're quite intelligent."

"Do they try to exercise any jurisdiction over your operations?"

"No, they are very fair. They grant a charter and state just what you can do. I will let you into a little secret and will state that the conditions as brought about by my visit in 1903 are now in existence. At that time I asked them what they would do if I worked out a plan for them. They have not plan in operation now."

"Have they government owned?"

"Government in Partnership"

"No, they have not so much government ownership as government partnership. I told them in 1903 not to make the mistake they have in America and build railroad lines at the expense of wasting capital without serving the country. That is what I have always advocated in this country and what I will always advocate."

LEAGUE BUSY FOR REFUGEES

Arranges Big Campaign in Behalf of the Mexican Prisoners

At the weekly meeting of the Defense League held last evening at 151 Washington street, President John C. Chase reported the result of his trip in behalf of the Mexican prisoners. A mutual campaign has been arranged between the league, the Chicago Daily Socialist and the Appeal to Reason. Clarence S. Darrow, who has done magnificent work in the cause of Rudolfski and other Russian refugees has taken up the

cause under the direction of the league

of Antonio P. de Araujo, now imprisoned in the federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Yards and Yards of Pettitions

Six pages of petitions were turned in at last night's meeting to swell the yards and yards already sent in.

The Lettish Socialist labor federation sent a delegate, Dave Zimmerman, who was seated last night.

The Polish Workers' union sent in a contribution and Delegate Anielewski turned over \$18.65 collected at the Commune celebration at Wicker Park hall.

Special postal cards have been gotten out containing the picture of the women "newsies" union sent in a contribution and a graphic picture of conditions in Mexico, on the other. These may be obtained from league headquarters, 180 Washington street.

LOS ANGELES WOMEN SERVE PENNY LUNCHEONS IN SCHOOL

Los Angeles, Cal., March 20.—Under the direction of the women of the Civic Association, the Ann street school children enjoyed their first penny lunch yesterday, which from now on will be served to the children at cost.

The hungry boys and girls were seated at long tables covered with plain white enamel plates and cups at each place. To each of the children was served hot soup, fresh buns and a variety of fruit.

Although the food served cost about 4 cents for each child, the expense in each will be only one cent, and this amount will obtain as many bowls of soup and as many buns as desired.

The penny payment is to instill a spirit of independence into each child. Similar luncheons will be established in all city schools.

TANKS BURST; FLOOD TOWN

Parkersburg, W. Va., March 20.—Four persons were injured, perhaps fatally, ten or more houses were completely wrecked and forty more badly damaged when the two large water tanks which supply this city with water burst this morning at 5:20 o'clock, and the immense stream of water rushed down Prospect hill, sweeping everything before it.

Houses were swept into the street and the residents were knocked about by my visit in 1903 are now in existence. At that time I asked them what they would do if I worked out a plan for them. They have not plan in operation now."

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"No, they are very fair. They grant a charter and state just what you can do. I will let you into a little secret and will state that the conditions as brought about by my visit in 1903 are now in existence. At that time I asked them what they would do if I worked out a plan for them. They have not plan in operation now."

"Have they government owned?"

"Government in Partnership"

"No, they have not so much government ownership as government partnership. I told them in 1903 not to make the mistake they have in America and build railroad lines at the expense of wasting capital without serving the country. That is what I have always advocated in this country and what I will always advocate."

"Do they have an interstate commerce commission down there?"

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SOCIALISTS WIN IN FRENCH POLL

Clemencist Government Is Beaten in By-Elections; Landlords Meet

By JOHN E. ASKEW (Special European Correspondent)

Stuttgart, Feb. 27.—The Socialists of France have won a series of notable victories at the polls over Clemencieu and his myrmidons in the last week.

In three by-elections, despite the fact that the whole influence of the government was against them, the Socialists have won such an enormous increase in votes that even the government press organs are silent.

In Marseilles for example, Gaston Cregmeux, the son of a revolutionary shot in Marseilles after a rising in 1871, got no less than 2,756 votes against 4,569 for a so-called independent or government Socialist, one of those who were thrown out of the party by Clemencieu. At the last previous election the Brand or government Socialists got 8,844 votes and the Socialist party had no candidate at all.

Losses Own Department

In Clemencieu's own department of the Var, however, Renaudou, who will be remembered perhaps for his services in the quinine war, lost his seat. He stood at the head of the party, 4,023 votes, while Clemencieu's nominee got 1,192 votes.

This was the ex-Socialist and opponent of Clemencieu, Espartheque, who now figures as one of the bankers. Clemencieu, who hoped to bring him to the head of the list. It is unquestionably a hard hit for Clemencieu and for the entire bourgeois parties of France.

Landlords' League Active

The Bund der Landwirte, the league of the landlords or the farmers, has just held its annual meeting. This is in many ways one of the most remarkable political associations in Europe.

The Prussian junkers or squires who control it are all big landlords, who, however, do not lack big business, but farm it themselves on a very big scale.

They are politically by far the most powerful class in Germany, especially now that the Socialists are in power. The success of this organization, which was founded in 1888, has been that they have managed to draw in a very large number of peasant proprietors and they have in consequence a membership which is only behind that of the Social-Democratic party itself with some 300,000 adherents.

When the wealth of the body is taken into account and the fact that they occupy the most important posts in the army and navy, it will be seen that a powerful power this body wield.

None of the bourgeois parties dares to offend it. All except the radicals are dependent on them and even the radicals in certain constituencies are supported by them against the Social-Democrats.

Bots Denounce Socialism

The annual conference held in a big Berlin club is attended by the chancellor himself, and on this occasion Berlin music halls are filled for a week with very rowdy elements, who thunder during the day against the immoral Social-Democrats on the ground that they have no respect for family and preach self-indulgence. They spend their nights in the society of the Berlin prostitutes. They are the pillars of society.

The Bund of the Landwirte, which has branches all over Germany, not only organizes its members politically and exercises great political influence, but it helps them economically. It shows them how to organize their business, how to keep their books, how to enable them to buy machinery, seeds, manures, etc., on the cheapest terms.

German agriculture is in consequence organized in a way in which few countries are, except Denmark. Perhaps it will be found that in this, as in many other ways the bitterest opponent of Socialism—the Bund der Landwirte—has done a great deal in organizing or preparing for the revolution of society on Socialist lines.

Junkers Eliminate Middlemen

Certainly no body has done more to eliminate the middleman, despite the fact that the members profess to protect the middleman in politics. But apart from that, the power of the bund explains in great measure why it is that the Social-Democratic party has so little direct influence despite their great number.

The bund and the Catholic church are the most formidable foes of Socialism in Germany at the present time. Until the Socialists can win the allegiance of the Catholic workers from the Catholic unions, and bring them into line with the other workers they will always be weak, and it may be questioned how far the Socialists will be equal to overcoming the reaction.

In the meantime the Bund der Landwirte is showing its power in its opposition to a tax which has become well nigh necessary for Germany. How far it will carry out its will in the matter is not quite certain. Whether they will not be forced to conclude a compromise is a question which cannot be said.

The bund is a body from which the Socialists can learn a great deal. There is no listening to compromise about these gentry—no timidity. They know that in order to get anything it is necessary to have technical power behind and be determined to take all that comes along.

The bund members have at least no sentiment in politics. If the workers, even in Germany, were only half as class conscious as the squires, the victory for Socialism would be much nearer than it is.

Old Party Lines Breaking

In this connection it is interesting to note how the old party lines in Germany are giving way to a more direct representation of the economic interests on the one hand, the bund of the Landwirte, the representatives of industry, the hours, etc., on the other hand.

The old party lines are being broken down in another direction by the imperial anti-Socialist union which endeavors to unite all the parties against the Social-Democratic party. Hitherto the center party has been opposed by this body, but that is not likely to last. The efforts of the anti-Socialist union, however, are undoubtedly frustrated to a certain extent by the growth of powerful organizations such as the Landwirte and the antagonism between the representatives of commerce and the agrarians.

It would be a mistake, however, to look for any help from this quarter for the Socialists. However hard they may be pressed by the reaction, a union of this kind prevents them from making common cause with the workers.

Stoypin in Weak Reply

Stoypin made perhaps the only possible reply to the charge against the Russian government in connection with

Asaf of being directly connected with the provocation of crime. He admitted, as indeed he must, that Asaf was a police spy. He only denies that he provoked crime. Unfortunately for him this latter fact is so clearly proved that there is no getting away from it.

He defended the employment of police spies and with that made it clear to everyone that the old system of agents provocateurs will be maintained, as indeed was to be predicted from the first. The Russian government, as long as it exists, cannot dispense with these creatures.

In connection with the above it is remarkable of the Berlin arch conservative paper—the Post—on the Russian political police were most amusing. The Post took as proved the fact that Asaf had acted as an agent provocateur and while the necessity of employing spies against the Socialist movement was admitted, the Russian government was warned against the use of such agents.

German Case Parallel

The Post had better turn its attention to its own friends in the Alexanderplatz Berlin. In Berlin the labor movement there is always cropping up cases where the police employ agents such as Asaf to instigate directly to crime.

Only in the last week the name is published of a fresh case. The last time it was published was when he described himself as Englishman. It is certainly no honor to Englishmen to be associated with such shunks, but no doubt there are men in England fully their equal.

Encouragement Too Costly

It has had a bill introduced in the Illinois legislature to enable it to secure that land for \$37,157. The city administration in the person of Commissioner Paul W. Taylor, J. H. Hanberg, thinks that every corporation in the state should receive like encouragement.

He rightly says of saying that \$37,157 is an adequate price, but says that all the people in South Chicago are in favor of the granting of the land to the Illinois Steel company.

The company is to be allowed to fill in some thousand feet of land out into the lake. Otherwise, if the Illinois Steel company fails to get what it wants from the legislature it will move to Gary. It will not move all at once, but it may let its plant run down so that it is used only as an "extra" plant in times of extremely active business. That is what Hanberg thinks. It will be for the benefit of the mechanics and laborers, he says, that the steel company should get the land and stay in South Chicago.

What Worries Hanberg

Here is what worries Hanberg. He says:

"Indiana encouraged corporations and manufacturing industries and so got the town of Gary. It is the policy of this administration, and I speak for the mayor as well as for myself, for I have gone into the matter in detail with him, to encourage industry. I think that the state of Illinois should encourage industry. I don't know that the price set in the bill at Springfield is the right price. The money to be paid should be settled by fair and right minded men. If we don't give the Illinois Steel company some facilities, there are ample facilities at Gary."

"Do you think that the Illinois Steel company would move its plant bodily down to Gary?"

"No," would legalize land grab

"No," said Hanberg, "that would be absurd, but the same thing would happen that happened to the north side with a steel plant there. The plant at South Chicago would be used only in times of great prosperity; at other times it would be shut down. Then in a few years it would fall into disuse. A bill should be put through the legislature which would encourage all industry, not alone the Illinois Steel company. The submerged land at South Chicago is only fit for manufacturing purposes, and manufacturing concerns should be encouraged to come there. Indiana encouraged them and Indiana has Gary."

That was the point. The corporations either own the city administration or have it bluffed to a standstill. The Illinois Steel company holds the land and now proposes to have the theft legalized.

FARMER BRAINS WIFE WITH AX, THEN SEVERES HER HEAD

Culpeper, Va., March 20.—After murdering his wife by brain her with an ax, Henry C. Wheatley, a Culpeper farmer and former deputy county treasurer, placed her head on a block and almost severed it from the body.

Wheatley was placed in the county jail last night. The crime occurred at Wheatley's home near Elkwood, this county, Wednesday night, but was not discovered until yesterday, when Wheatley's 12-year-old son made the discovery of his stepmother's body. Beside it lay the blood-covered ax and with it a note from Wheatley confessing to the murder of his wife as the result of a difficulty over their property.

Later Wheatley, apparently lifeless, was found in a well on his place. He was taken out by a crowd of neighbors, who had been summoned by his son, and revived.

MARKETS

WINTER WHEAT—Easter. Sales, 27,000 bu. No. 2 red, at 1.17 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 3 red, at 1.16 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 4 red, at 1.15 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 5 red, at 1.14 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 6 red, at 1.13 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 7 red, at 1.12 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 8 red, at 1.11 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 9 red, at 1.10 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 10 red, at 1.09 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 11 red, at 1.08 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 12 red, at 1.07 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 13 red, at 1.06 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 14 red, at 1.05 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 15 red, at 1.04 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 16 red, at 1.03 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 17 red, at 1.02 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 18 red, at 1.01 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 19 red, at 1.00 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 20 red, at .99 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 21 red, at .98 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 22 red, at .97 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 23 red, at .96 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 24 red, at .95 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 25 red, at .94 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 26 red, at .93 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 27 red, at .92 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 28 red, at .91 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 29 red, at .90 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 30 red, at .89 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 31 red, at .88 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 32 red, at .87 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No. 33 red, at .86 1/2. H. 17,000 bu. No

CUBLETS AGAIN DEVOUR ELDERLY

Chance's Ambitious Youngsters Play Circles Around Veterans; Score 6 to 1

Shreveport, La., March 20.—Beating the Cub regulars seems to be about the easiest sort of money for Del Howard and his would-be champions. The Cubs walloped their highly respected elders with reckless abandon in the opening game, and yesterday repeated the treatment to the tune of 6 to 1. But for Jack Pfeister's wild throw in the fifth the contest would have terminated in a complete calamity for the old-timers.

MANY MEETINGS; BEST SPEAKERS

Socialists Open Campaign in the City; Oratory Will Flow Most Freely

With twenty-eight hall meetings scheduled on his books at the present time, the Cook county secretary is up against the same drawback that handicapped the campaign in Chicago last year. The spring campaign has barely opened up and already the lack of speakers is evident. Almost every branch in the city has made arrangements for one or more hall meetings which are to be held between now and April 6 and speakers must be had.

WESTON ENCOUNTERS SNOWBALL

Champion Walker Up Against Rough Roads in Albany Albany, March 20.—Although he encountered bad roads yesterday due to the recent fall of snow, Edward Weston, the pedestrian, appeared to be in good spirits upon his arrival in Rensselaer, opposite Albany, shortly after 6 o'clock last night. He made a stop of about fifteen minutes and continued on to Troy, where he intended to remain for the night. Weston came from Hudson, making stops at Stuyvesant and Westport.

FITPATRICK TELLS HIS STORY

Former Manager Tells How Jack Johnson Rose to Fame San Francisco, March 20.—Sam Fitzpatrick, the former manager of Jack Johnson, yesterday issued a statement about his brief affair with the heavyweight champion. His remarks were as follows: "When Jack Johnson came to me two years and one-half ago he had been fighting fifteen years and did not have a cent to his name. When we split up he had \$10,000, the heavyweight championship of the world, and advertising that would net him \$5,000 a year for at least two years. That's my answer to Johnson's statement that he charged me with being weak and Chicago imposed upon and getting the worst of from Tommy Burns when the match was made.

KETCHEL HOT AFTER JOHNSON

Middleweight May Be Next Man to Face Negro Reports that Stanley Ketchel was ready for a bout with Jack Johnson were current yesterday. Promoters plan scheduling the bout in case the heavyweight champion will agree. To all queries on the point Johnson simply said: "Show me a guarantee of proper inducements and I'll meet anybody. I've already said that I'll box Stanley."

SOX CALUMNIATE THE VERNONS

Chicago Players Rap Dozen Safe Hits and Blank Opponents Los Angeles, March 20.—The white Sox defeated the Vernon team of the Pacific Coast league here yesterday by the score of 12 to 0. The big league had a great hitting day, making twelve safe ones. Parent, Cravath, Atz and Tanshill did the hardest stumpy work. The Sox played such a stinky ball in other departments that the locals were overwhelmed and never in the game for a moment.

Sox Yarnigans Win Another

Oakland March 20.—Oakland again fell a victim to the Sox yarnigans yesterday, being beaten in the ninth inning, 5 to 1, when the game seemed safe. O'Connell was not right, and Van Halten's walk hit him hard, and aided by opportune walks, kept the lead after the fourth.

Naps Win Six Straight

Cleveland Naps took the sixth consecutive game from the Mobile Southern league club yesterday afternoon by 3 to 0. The feature of the game was a one-handed stab by speaker outfielder of the Naps, who pulled down a drive from Miller's bat in the eighth that was judged to be a home run.

MAN AND GIRL MISSING IN NEW YORK HOTEL FIRE

New York, March 20.—Fire which swept through the seven-story apartment house in West Fifty-ninth street, near the Hotel Plaza, last night was not under control until 1 a. m. today and at that hour two persons were missing. They are Prof. Penoyar Simpson, said to have been connected with Marietta college, Ohio, and Margaret Hillhouse, a 22-year-old girl, who lived on the fifth floor with her parents. There is hope that both escaped and were lost in the crowd.

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The Daily Socialist Purchasers League IS THE BOYCOTT LAWFUL?

We are building up a newspaper in the Chicago Daily Socialist which has already proved on many occasions that it is a power to be reckoned with when the capitalists attack labor. Because of this fact the advertising columns of your paper are boycotted by the big downtown department stores whose advertising patronage makes possible the existence of the other big Chicago papers which are against you in every struggle to improve your living conditions.

The boycott of your paper by the big "loop stores" appears to be a settled policy with them. Your paper is, however, not entirely at the mercy of the big downtown department stores. In every section of the city there are neighborhood stores with first-class stocks of goods, where rent and general expenses are so much less than they are down town that the local merchants are enabled to give you better bargains than the people down town who boycott your paper can.

Many of these neighborhood stores are regular patrons of your paper, and though we may be running the risk of having an injunction served on us for conspiracy or something else we are going to suggest to you to give your patronage to the merchants who have not joined in the boycott against your paper.

To counteract this boycott by the big downtown department stores the Daily Socialist Purchasers' League is concentrating its efforts. EVERY SOCIALIST AND FRIEND OF THE DAILY IS URGED TO BECOME A MEMBER OF THE DAILY SOCIALIST PURCHASERS' LEAGUE AND USE YOUR PURCHASING POWER TO BUILD UP YOUR OWN PAPER INSTEAD OF THOSE WHICH HAVE ALWAYS TURNED THEIR GUNS ON YOU WHEN YOU KICK AGAINST YOUR PRESENT INHUMAN CONDITIONS.

Take your D. S. P. L. book with you and have the amount of your purchase recorded in it. Wherever possible let the proprietor or general manager know before you leave the store why you trade with him. HE IS THE ONE WHO BUYS THE AD.

In the meantime we want you to advertise to your friends by word and sample copy that the workers have a paper of their own. Then go after their subscription.

WHAT THE WARD BRANCHES ARE DOING

The Thirty-first ward is now in line and organized to go after that weekly deficit by boosting the city circulation of the Daily. At the branch meeting Wednesday night the following resolution was passed: "That ten cents be paid to the members of the Thirty-first ward branch for each new subscriber secured for the Daily Socialist and reported to the branch meeting."

A fund has been started by contributions to carry on this work. Those who don't work do the paying. The branch promises to report results of this plan to the Hustler department as soon as it tried out.

What is your branch doing? If it has not acted on this subject yet, do so at your next meeting without fail.

There are a lot of you who don't attend branch meetings very regularly, for one reason or another, but that is no reason why you should not help out in this work. Show your neighbors, friends and shipmates the paper, give them a sample, and tell them of the purpose and history of the paper, and get their names and addresses and persuade them to give the paper a trial. IN OTHER WORDS, ADVERTISE THE FACT THAT YOUR PAPER IS IN EXISTENCE AND IS A GOOD ONE.

Remember you could not sell \$10 gold pieces for \$8 unless you let the people know you had them. WE WANT EVERY SOCIALIST TO BECOME AN ADVERTISING AGENT TO BOOST YOUR OWN PAPER—THIS MEANS YOU.

Just to encourage you and get a little enthusiasm and hope in your mission, I am glad to be able to report that after long and patient effort since the election we now have the circulation both in the city and country on the increase. EVERYTHING IS NOW ON THE UP GRADE. KEEP IT GOING.

Advertise your paper, get at least one new subscriber—YOU. See to it when you spend your money you don't neglect the merchants who advertise in the Daily.

Hustlers, Everywhere, Attention!

There is a series of articles now running in the Outlook by ex-President Roosevelt 'Exposing Socialism' that will continue for some time. This will be the greatest advertisement that Socialism has had since President Roosevelt issued his famous "muck-raking speech" to offset the influence of "The Jungle." You know what a boomerang that proved to Roosevelt's clients. We need not tell you Socialists what an innocent Roosevelt and the Outlook will be in this great debate.

The Chicago Daily Socialist will answer every charge and puncture every falsehood made by this hireling of the exploiters of labor. See that the Daily gets into the hands of your neighbors, friends and shipmates. ADVERTISE THE FACT THAT THE WORKERS HAVE A PARTY OF THEIR OWN THROUGH WHICH THEY CAN ANSWER ALL LYING ATTACKS BY EVEN SUCH DISTINGUISHED LIARS AS THE OUTLOOK AND EX-PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

SPECIAL CAMPAIGN EDITION

A special campaign edition of the Chicago Daily Socialist will be issued Friday, April 2, dealing with all the local issues in the city campaign from the standpoint of those who do the work which makes Chicago possible. The management of the Daily will do everything within its power to make this edition an eye-opener to the voters and show them "what is the matter with Chicago" and modern society. SEE TO IT THAT YOUR BRANCH GETS IN AN ORDER FOR A LOT OF THIS EDITION AT ONCE AND IS PREPARED TO DISTRIBUTE THEM SYSTEMATICALLY WHERE THEY WILL DO THE MOST GOOD.

YOUTH'S CELLULOID COLLAR EXPLODES; BURNED BADLY

West Orange, N. J., March 20.—David Watson, a plumber's apprentice, is recovering from the effects of burns and shock caused by the explosion of his celluloid collar. He was handling some gasoline when flames leaped up around his neck and in a moment the collar was ablaze. He was next door

Socialist News

Adopt Strator Platform At the regular meeting of the Socialist party of Strator, Ill., a city platform of a declaration of principles was adopted. Under this platform the party will carry on its campaign for the coming city election.

Kalamazoo Picks City Ticket The Socialist party of Kalamazoo, Mich., has elected a full city ticket in the field, William H. Bennett for mayor, the party leader, with Ernest Sweeney for mayor.

Condemn Treatment of Mexicans Resolutions condemning the action of the United States authorities in the Mexico, Villahermosa and San Juan cases and Judge Maxey of Austin, Tex., in the Amador case, have been adopted by the Socialist party. A complete ticket was nominated and resolutions passed sympathetic with the four Mexican liberals now in American prisons.

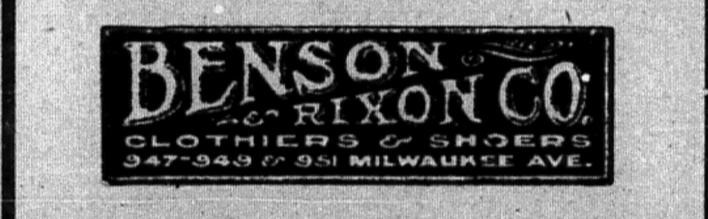
Popular Lectures in Boston Popular lectures are being given under the auspices of the Boston Socialist club in the city every Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. These lectures are given by able speakers, who devote themselves to subjects of current interest and are most interesting. Last Sunday's speaker was the Hon. J. M. McKelvey, a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives. "Labor Unions and Legislation" was the subject of the lecture. Next Sunday's speaker will be the Hon. J. M. McKelvey. Mutual selections are also given.

UNION MEETINGS

Chicago Workers' Local 114 will meet Saturday, March 20, at Jacobson's hall, Wash. ten and Wabasha avenues, under the auspices of the Woodmen of the World. Refreshments will be served. Admission free.

The Daily Socialist gives news which is highly appreciated by the capitalist class.

TOMORROW IS THE DAY Buy Clothes for Spring at Half Price WE HAVE now on hand 2,000 men's suits, 300 spring overcoats, 800 young men's suits, 1,200 knee pants suits and 600 winter overcoats that we must sell in the next few days regardless of cost, value or former selling price. Our extensive alterations are almost completed, but before we begin to rearrange our departments we have decided to dispose of every suit and overcoat in the house. If prices count, and you can be pleased with what our limited selection affords, we will guarantee to sell you clothes cheaper tomorrow than you ever bought them in your life.



DO YOU HOLD A MORTGAGE OR PLAIN NOTE Of The Daily Socialist

The success of the plan for the refunding of the outstanding debts of the Daily Socialist depends upon the co-operation of the mortgage and note holders to exchange their holdings for the new Improvement and Refunding Bonds. A large majority have already sent in their mortgages or notes, and as soon as all have done so, the bonds issue will become a first mortgage on the plant.

Is Your Name Here? The following persons holding notes against the Workers' Publishing Society are requested to send their present postoffice address to the Chicago Daily Socialist at once so that information is unable to reach them with information they should have:

Ernest Untermann, Author of 'The World's Revolutions,' etc. 'I offer to American readers this popular synopsis of the complete Marxian economic. It is the historical side, which appeals most strongly to a large class of students. For this reason I have not attempted to write a summary of the Marxian analyses in the theoretical order followed by Marx. I have endeavored to develop the entire subject historically.'

MARXIAN ECONOMICS. PRICE \$1.00 POSTPAID. By Charles H. Vall, Author of Modern Socialism, etc. This is one of the most successful summaries of Marxian Socialism ever written by an American author. Opening with a brief sketch of industrial evolution in Europe and America, it proceeds to an analysis of value and surplus value, and then enters into a very full discussion of the advantages of Socialism. It is shown how a co-operative organization of industry would hasten production and improve distribution, would abolish waste, give woman her proper place in society, while at the same time simplifying government. Other subjects discussed are 'Wage Slavery versus Chattel Slavery,' 'Rent and Interest,' 'The Problem of Labor Saving Machinery,' 'Industrial Depressions and Commercial Crises,' and the law of wages and progress. An interesting portion of the book is the chapter on 'Popular Economic Errors,' where many of the objections to Socialism are met and answered. As a first book for those who are willing to do a little solid reading, this work must always take a prominent place in an American Socialist literature.

Subscription and Advertising Rates of the Chicago Daily Socialist

Advertising Rates. The price per space line for the Standard. Classified, 1 cent per line.

Adopt Strator Platform At the regular meeting of the Socialist party of Strator, Ill., a city platform of a declaration of principles was adopted.

Kalamazoo Picks City Ticket The Socialist party of Kalamazoo, Mich., has elected a full city ticket in the field, William H. Bennett for mayor, the party leader, with Ernest Sweeney for mayor.

Condemn Treatment of Mexicans Resolutions condemning the action of the United States authorities in the Mexico, Villahermosa and San Juan cases and Judge Maxey of Austin, Tex., in the Amador case, have been adopted by the Socialist party.

Popular Lectures in Boston Popular lectures are being given under the auspices of the Boston Socialist club in the city every Sunday evening at 8 o'clock.

UNION MEETINGS Chicago Workers' Local 114 will meet Saturday, March 20, at Jacobson's hall, Wash. ten and Wabasha avenues, under the auspices of the Woodmen of the World.

Chicago Daily Socialist, 190 E. WASHINGTON STREET, CHICAGO.

DAILY SOCIALIST MAGAZINE PAGE

ONE OF THOSE BLAMED SOCIALISTS

BY ROBERT DVORAK

Say, did you ever meet one of them Socialists? Well, I did, and let me tell you he was one of the full-fledged kind. You know, one of them guys who carried what his name—oh, yes, Karl somebody, on the tips of their spellers, ready to give you a dose of him at a minute's notice. Yes, Jakey was a real, fire-spitting, double-barreled Socialist.

while you, not having any, wouldn't be that the least? "Sure," said I. "That's just what I said and I mean it, too. Any guy that's got the coin can be lazy."

lazy and give me a chance to make some of that money that the boss, as you say, is taking away from me. Hand those orders over a little faster and we'll rob him of some of that profit."

Scientist Who Will Study Flies While Roosevelt Hunts Lions



James Ricalton of South Orange, N. J., a noted scientist and expert photographer, who has traveled all over the world taking news photographs and studying faunal subjects, has sailed for Africa to photograph and study the fly that causes the fatal sleeping sickness.

The region where Theodore Roosevelt intends to shoot big game and will train his camera upon some of the big beasts that the former president hopes to bring down with his rifle. This photograph shows Ricalton standing under the arm of a Manchurian giant. He went through the Russo-Japanese War and has penetrated to the heart of Tibet.

WANDERLUST

Beyond the East the sunrise, beyond the West the sea, And East and West the wanderlust that will not let me be; It works in me like madness, dear, to bid me say good-by!

WORK

And never ending fight for bread, We go through life with eyes cast down, And ever on our brows a frown.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS

Methods of Cooking Rice Here are three good rice recipes clipped from a tested cook book: Rice Hash.—Cook one cupful of well washed rice in plenty of boiling salted water until soft, then drain.

FOR HOME DRESSMAKERS

LADIES' GIBSON SHIRTSWAIST. Paris Pattern No. 2830. All Seams Allowed. A simple and pretty style for the every-day shirtwaist of linen, Indian-head cotton, madras, cotton voile, Victoria or Persian lawn or pique is here portrayed.

WOMEN AND THE MEXICAN PRISONERS

The women of Kansas have taken up the cause of the political refugees now in the United States jails awaiting deportation. Catherine Lowe, Socialist organizer, has roused the women of the hundred and fifty Socialist locals, and women's organizations are springing up all over the state under the auspices of the Political Refugee Defense League.

WIVES OF THE CABINET

Mrs. J. M. Dickinson. Mrs. Jacob M. Dickinson, wife of the new secretary of war, is a southern belle of grace and tact, who possesses in a marked degree the hospitality that is characteristic of the society women of Dixie.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY. Rates under this heading: Three lines daily for one year only \$3.00 per month. Each additional line \$1.00.

South Side. LAWYERS: STEDMAN & SOELKE, CARL STROVER. TYPENRITERS: BARGAIN SALE OF ALL TYPEWRITERS. MEATS AND GROCERIES: FEILCHENFELD BROS.

West Side. MEATS AND GROCERIES: QUARR BROS. GROCERY AND MARKET. HANDELMAN & STEEN. DRUGGISTS: GEO. SCHREIBER DRUGGIST.

North Side. PURE FOODS: BRENOLD'S PURE FOOD STORE. LAUNDRY: PRICE HAD LAUNDRY. NURSERY: ROBERT KNOPX WINNETKA, ILL.

Out-of-Town Business Directory. Rate under this heading: 2 lines daily for one year \$3.00. THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST. THE VALUE OF A VOICE. THE NEW ETHICS.

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

Entered as second-class matter Dec. 27, 1895, at P. O. Chicago, Ill., under act of March 3, 1879.

Issued by the Workers Publishing Society, 130-132 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

The publication of a signed article does not mean endorsement by the Daily Socialist of opinions expressed therein. Inclose postage for return of unused manuscripts.

Lay On, Macduff

"Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad." If there be any truth in this Theodore Roosevelt is close to destruction.

It is doubtful if there has ever been any single piece of literature that has done as much to further the cause of Socialism as the article by Theodore Roosevelt in the current issue of Outlook.

What is needed to give emphasis and point to their efforts is some sort of a "chopping block." Roosevelt's article has furnished a splendid chopping block.

If any Socialist writer or speaker had put forward such arguments as he presents and then refuted them he would have been accused of demolishing a straw man. But the prominence of the writer serves to make his foolishness equally prominent, and to advertise, as nothing else could have done, the weakness of the opponents of Socialism.

His coarse abuse, his insults to the thousands of pure devoted women who have taken up the cause of Socialism, the generally disgusting character of his attack, will make it impossible for him to claim any consideration from his opponents.

It is almost inconceivable that a person of even ordinary intelligence should have dragged out the ghost of "free love" as an objection to Socialism, while that a man who pretends to pose as a learned critic should ascribe the theory of communism, or that manual labor is the sole producer of wealth, to modern Socialists.

After reading the article we are not surprised that there was considerable hesitation on the part of the Outlook before giving it publicity. The editors of that publication are not ignorant of the character of the matter contained in that article.

The foul insults of this article will rouse the Socialists of this country to action as nothing else could have done. It will put new energy into every Socialist organization.

It will be accepted as a sign of a fight to a finish by hundreds of thousands of enthusiastic Socialists. It will be recognized as an open declaration of war, where there has hitherto been only secret intrigue and concealed falsification.

By bringing these foul slanders into the open air they will be destroyed, and the road cleared for such an advance of Socialism as has never been seen before. Roosevelt stands as the best that capitalism can produce. When it sends him into the arena against Socialism, it is a recognition that the present system is fighting for its life.

No better and more representative champion of capitalism could have been secured. His language, his insults, his ignorance, his falsification, all are typical of the cause he defends.

For all this we thank him. We hope that this first article is but the prelude of many more to follow.

The Paris Strike

Paris is in a state of siege. Paris is without food. Paris is shut off from the world. The industry of Paris is paralyzed.

These are the messages that crawl slowly out of the capital of France.

Did the capitalists of France bring about this condition by taking a vacation? Is it caused by a withdrawal of the drawers of dividends?

All the world knows that this paralysis of industry can be caused only by the withdrawal of the ESSENTIAL factor in industry—the workers.

HUNTING TRIP IN SCOTLAND.

A gentleman was invited to a shoot in Scotland at two places close together. He arrived at the first place, and immediately after his arrival at the first house received a telegram calling him back to town.

FILIPINO BEES WORK AT NIGHT

Apia zonata, or the large Philippine bee, builds on the outside of the tree, instead of the inside, as other bees do, usually on the underside of a slanting twig or branch.

Another Brand

"I suppose you realize the danger of fire," said the man who tries to benefit people.

She Might

"Can nothing make you change your mind?"

THE INTELLECTUAL PROLETARIAT

BY PHILLIPS THOMPSON

There is an illuminating passage. Speaking of Greeley's impressions of England, the writer says: "The English he thought a most unclean people, even by their ostentatious loyalty, and when the poorly and well-to-do Briton exclaimed, 'God Save the Queen,' with intense enthusiasm, he means 'God save my estate, my rent, my shares, my console, my expectations.'"

There is economic determinism in a nutshell. The ruling class of our day, the capitalist class, is class-conscious to the core. In no way is this class consciousness more thoroughly manifested than by the manner in which they use their power to discourage and suppress all teachings or opinions contrary to their interests.

Those who pay the fiddle can always call the tune. The great mass of brain workers are an entirely dependent on the favor of the capitalist class as the poorest factory operative. The editor and reporter must write what suits the manager or the board of directors.

The pastor must preach to please the occupants of the front pews. The professor or teacher must set forth such views as accord with those of the governing authority of the college and those who have the best of reasons for wishing to stand in with the rich.

THE FLEET

BY EDMUND VANCE COOKE

This is the song of the thousand men, who are multiplied by twelve, sorted and sifted, tested, and muscled to dig and delve.

This is the song of the sixteen ships to buffet the battle and gale, and in every one we have thrown away a Harvard or a Yale.

This is the song of the myriad miles, from Hampton to the Horn, from the Horn away to that western bay, whence our guns were proudly borne;

This is the song of the water-waives, who are multiplied by twelve, sorted and sifted, tested, and muscled to dig and delve.

This is the song of the Wasters—well, "Defenders," if you please—Defenders against our fellows, with their wasters, even as these.

This is the song of our folly, that we cry out a glad acclaim At these slaughtering ships in the shadow of which we should have seas in shame.

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The following is a circular sent out from the Evansville, Ind., Socialist local. We desire to call your attention to some facts that demand immediate action.

Let us get together and consider some solid facts! There is a great danger facing us! Let us realize if we can, our great peril and decide upon what we are to do.

The late decision of Justice Wright affecting Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, growing out of the use of the "Unfair List," unless reversed by the higher court, signs the death warrant of the only effective means of enforcing the demands of organized labor outside of politics.

When a labor union can no longer inform its members and friends who their enemies are, its power as a simple trade organization is destroyed.

One weapon only is left, the one that has been the least thought of, considered the most idle and useless, and regarded as an idle dream.

The past it has been barred from discussion and those who preached it were regarded as "cranks."

The member who is used is the most powerful, lawful and effective one ever placed in the hands of civilized and enlightened men. It is used by all unions in civilized lands, except the United States of America. It is the united and intelligent will of a united and aroused working class!

True the American Federation of Labor called upon us to enter politics in the last national campaign, their slogan being "reward our friends and punish our enemies" and no doubt with honest intentions and sincere opinions called upon organized labor and its friends to support William Jennings Bryan and his platform.

We must first rid ourselves of preventing judge-made laws or government by injunction.

We need not look for friends in the ranks of the enemy.

These men, the capitalist class, are the natural enemies of trade unions, and are directly opposed to the interests of the working men.

By giving your votes to the parties which they control, you place within their hands the power to defeat you as trade unionists any working men.

Do not be deceived by them any longer! Wake up! Ye union men!

A trade unionist, or a "friend of labor," as a candidate of either the Democratic or Republican parties, is of no use whatever to the trade unionist or the working class, but is permitted to be placed upon the ticket to catch your votes and divide your forces for their victory.

Such "sympathy" will not cure injunction crimes against organized labor.

Neither will an amendment of the Sherman anti-trust law proposed by old party politicians relieve organized labor of tyrannical rule and judge-made law. Independent political action is the remedy.

The number of telephones in the whole world is estimated at 9,500,000, of which 7,000,000 are said to be in use in America, and 2,500,000 in Europe.

The World's Telephones. The number of telephones in the whole world is estimated at 9,500,000, of which 7,000,000 are said to be in use in America, and 2,500,000 in Europe.

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GET TOGETHER POLITICALLY

der for working-class rights of free speech and freedom of the press. The words of Debs were those of a man whose interests are hopelessly entangled with the interests of a ruling capitalist class.

The further lesson we learn is that we can look to no one outside ourselves and the members of our own class to gain and maintain our rights, and only by voting the "Socialist ticket," which is composed of the tolling mass, can we have any effect.

Any effort of protest by a class who takes part in any political party controlled by the capitalist, however sincere his intention may be, cannot be regarded as serving the best interests of the working class.

The working man cannot promote his own interest by voting the ticket of his masters.

Only by organization in the political field, as we are in the industrial field with our trade unions composed of the members of our own class, can we expect to gain our industrial and political rights.

Such a political organization is at present in the field—"The Socialist Party of America."

In the light of these facts, brothers, we call upon you to join with us in our effort for more complete organization among these lines.

We request you to give your vote or elect a committee of your body appointed for the purpose of meeting with us (Socialist party) in joint session.

Send your delegates to the hall corner Third and Main streets, every second and fourth Wednesday night.

It is intended that this delegate body get together, discuss and determine upon a united line of political action in harmony with the resolutions adopted by the United Mine Workers of America in their late convention, and the Socialist party in their late convention, which reads as follows:

"Resolved, That we the U. M. W. of A. an annual convention assembled recognize and declare the necessity of the public ownership and operation and the democratic management of all those means of production and exchange that are collectively used, that every man, woman, willing and able to work, can have access to the means of life and get the full social value of what they produce."

The intent is that the several committees continue their labor until some definite plan along those lines shall be determined upon by every working class organization in the country.

We urge upon you, brothers, the necessity for these steps and ask that you choose those said committees from the ranks of the many who are known to be tried and true.

Do not receive and file this. Realize that most every day injunctions are being filed against you. You have tried the Democratic "Reform party," and here at home they have betrayed you and given out their work to "scab" firms and sold you out to the capitalist.

The Reform party supports the capitalist class. Of this you need no further proof. Even the stand for the inaugural address was built by "scab" carpenters.

Now let us get together politically as we have industrially, and let us elect the city administration at the next election and insure ourselves of union work in all departments of public service.

MATHEW HALLENBERGER, JOHN W. KAELIN, RUSSELL WITTENBACH, Committee of the Socialist party.

For further information address, John W. Kaelin, recording secretary, 223 E. Columbia street, Evansville, Ind.

SOCIALISM GAINING IN NEAR EAST

Nothing could better illustrate the change that has come over Turkey than the presence in Constantinople of the three leading chiefs of Bulgarian bands—Panitza, Tcheronoff and Sandanski.

Christo Tcheronoff and Theodore Panitza are the founders of the Bulgarian committee operating in Macedonia, while Sandanski is the most prominent Macedonian leader since the days of Sarafoff.

The three leaders have made themselves known as ardent Socialists, and they have just formed a new committee on social democratic principles. Their program includes autonomy of schools throughout Macedonia, as well as decentralization of government as advocated by Prince Sabah-Din's Liberal Unionist party.

This program of course does not find favor with the Young Turks and has not much chance under present conditions. On the other hand, all three emphasized the necessity of unity and loyalty within the Ottoman empire, a well-combined expression from that source, Sandanski recently visited the Chamber of Deputies and was fairly well received.

Monarchical Bulgaria, it is now generally conceded, is no longer a menace to the integrity of Macedonia. Republican tendencies have become very noticeable among all classes of Bulgarians everywhere, and while for the establishment of an independent Bulgaria the monarchy is in itself a most convenient, if not absolutely necessary, there is no desire of strengthening the throne by territorial acquisitions.

Bulgarians are recognized as well fitted for popular government, and a Bulgarian Government in likely to be a big improvement over the present government, in the opinion of many Levantines, though it is by no means looked for in the near future.

Socialism is gaining ground, not only in Macedonia but also in Turkey, where its agrarian program is rapidly superseding the old doctrines of the passing secret societies. To both countries it came from Russia, and is likely to prove a wholly unexpected but eminently modern factor in southeastern Europe and the Levant.

GOING TOO FAR.

"Yes," sighed the suburban man, who had just moved in, "at the last place I had the prettiest little garden that ever bloomed, until my neighbor's chickens scratched the roots up."

AN INDICATION

"The dark lantern flashed through the flat. Then came the gleam of a revolver. 'Hands up!' hissed the head of the family. 'You're a burglar.' 'You're a burglar,' gasped the intruder, as he faced the cold steel.

THANKS TO THE BURGLAR.

"What have you stolen?" "Your wife's pud dog." "H'm. Er—if that's all you may sneak out quietly."

No Competition

He—Young Noodles is one of the happiest of my boys. She—How so? He—He is in love with himself and has no rivals.

Things, Not Space

Mrs. Frink was a trusting soul, and rarely questioned the opinion of others about matters concerning which they were supposed to be informed.

ANATOMICAL

"What is so very good about them?" "Inquired her son, for whom the shoes were intended. 'What the salesman said that you could walk further in them than in any others without getting tired, and I said that you couldn't walk very far now on account of your knee, you know, and he said he would find a way for the same distance. So I bought them and here they are. Save the string, please.'"

Looking for Revenge

"Dear," said the young wife, "I just can't wait to tell you what I've got for you as a birthday present."

Another Brand

"I suppose you realize the danger of fire," said the man who tries to benefit people.

Christianity is Socialism

In the correspondence column of March 1, Theo. Caldwell writes on the discussion of religious subjects by the Marxist papers.



TO THE EDITOR

Things Getting Worse? I read with interest the review of Morris Hillquit's much-lauded 'text book' on Socialism, which appeared in your Tuesday's issue.

The book is published by the well-known publishing house of Macmillan. It speaks well for the prominence which Socialism has attained in recent years, but unfortunately, shuts out many of our poor Socialists from its superior influences—who sit at the feet of knowledge but have not the price to pay.

It is interesting to note that on the very first page of this chapter (opening chapter) the old objection that Socialists claim that things are getting worse all the time is denied with the statement—'and be quotes from the author: 'We have reached a state vastly superior to all conditions of the past...'

It is a pity that Mr. Hunt should not be accommodated, since plenty of material there exists. As up to date, however, no such objection has made its appearance, I therefore object to Mr. Hunt to a thorough debate on that subject; in the sense of which I'll engage to prove that the single tax theory itself is based on false premises and that so-called logic by which Henry George supported it is mere sophistry.

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Against Vaccination. Organized labor and organized mothers in Massachusetts have made their protest against vaccination. Calf-pox vaccination is proved to be useless, does not protect from small-pox. Vaccination causes the spread of many diseases, even consumption.

Christianity is Socialism. In the correspondence column of March 1, Theo. Caldwell writes on the discussion of religious subjects by the Marxist papers.

Socialism Gains in Indiana. Your copy of the 12th Inst. of this year carries 'The Great Fear,' as good as it can be. Chapter V, 'The Social Party,' is rich and reeking, I agree with K-Rays that all Socialist papers should concentrate on joining the organization and paying dues.