

BLOW SAFE IN APPEAL OFFICE

Documents Bearing on Trial of Socialist Editor Stolen at Girard, Kan.

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.)

Girard, Kan., Jan. 6.—The safe in the office of the Appeal to Reason, the big Socialist weekly paper, was blown open last night with nitro-glycerine and valuable documents bearing on the case of the managing editor, Fred D. Warren, who is under indictment by the government, were stolen.

The documents had been collected by Warren's attorney, Clarence Darrow of Chicago, at considerable expense, and were to be used in defense of the editor, who is to be tried at Fort Dodge for the alleged offense of sending through the mails "scurrilous, defamatory and threatening language."

The case grew out of the kidnaping of Haywood and the officials of the Western Federation of Miners. Warren offered a reward for the kidnaping of ex-Governor Taylor of Kentucky, who was living uncaptured in Ohio, although wanted in Kentucky.

Although considerable money was in the safe, it was not touched. Only the documents bearing on the trial were taken.

CONGRESS TAME AS PET KITTEN

Washington, D. C., Jan. 5.—Members of congress are very sensitive to the mention of the word "secret service" since President Roosevelt declared flatly that the action curtailing the efficiency of the branch of the treasury service was an aid to criminals and criminals only. Even the indignation stirred in the breasts of several statesmen, and the next administration will occupy exactly the same ground as the present one does on this subject.

CHINA'S POLITICS ALARMS BRITAIN

London, Jan. 6.—The dismissal of Yuan Shi Kai by the prince regent of China is causing no little anxiety at the foreign office. Dispatches received from Sir John M. Jordan, the British minister to China, intimate that foreign interests are in danger. The British government is in constant communication with its minister regarding possible representations to the Chinese government.

SAYS SCHOOLS TEACH RUBBISH

New York, Jan. 6.—Harold E. Corst, whose brother, Sir Eldon Corst, succeeded Lord Cromer as British agent in Egypt, and whose father, the Rt. Hon. Sir John Eldon Corst, was twice minister for education in conservative cabinets, is an English just to the extent that he believes America will take on with his new idea about one generation before his home land, and he is here to let America get a start on old England if it wants to.

The idea is that all education taught by modern systems in Anglo-Saxon lands and some others is bunk and rubbish. Mr. Corst knows this idea is revolutionary, but he is going to begin demonstrating this idea to America on Jan. 27 when he is to lecture under the auspices of the League of Political Education in Berkeley, Calif.

LEVATED STRUCTURES BE PAINTED PLEASINGLY

Minor improvements in the appearance and management of the elevated structures are to be inaugurated as a result of the painting of the loop managers yesterday.

It was decided to paint the loop some pleasing color as advocated by the property owners in the streets the structure occupies. There was great diversity of opinion as to the proper color.

WAYS OF CHRIST NOT LIKE TRADE

Stenographer Says Business Makes It Impossible to Live as Jesus Did

Cleveland, O., Jan. 6.—"You can't live as Jesus would and be an employe of a large Cleveland business house," was the conclusion of a girl stenographer in a downtown wholesale store yesterday.

Sunday she attended the mass meeting of young Christians at Epworth Memorial church. She was one of the 1,500 who stood up, promising to live as Jesus would for the next two weeks. Two days of the experience convinced her of its impossibility in Cleveland business life.

Christ and Business Clash
"It can't be done by an employe," she said. "The employe himself might carry the morality of Jesus into his business if he chose. The case is least my employer—doesn't. And it is suicidal for the employe to attempt it. Christ's morality and business tact clash."

Objects to Typewriting Life
"And when I type the letter I must tell the lie. Jesus wouldn't be implicated in the lie. He would refuse to write it. If I did that I would lose my position."

Physician to Live as Christ Would
Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 6.—Dr. T. Percival Gerson and his wife have decided to live as they believe Christ could live if he were on earth. They have given up their home with all its luxuries and have established a new home with only the necessities in the way of furniture, clothing and food.

DOCTOR FINISHES WALK TO MINNEAPOLIS, 420 MILES
Minnesota, Minn., Jan. 6.—Dr. Alfred Owre arrived in Minneapolis yesterday from Hudson, Wis. He has been on the road from Chicago nineteen days and has averaged nearly twenty-six miles a day.

200,000 IDLE FREIGHT CARS
Despite reports of growing business and betterment of industrial conditions throughout the country, Arthur Hale, chairman of the bureau of car efficiency of the American Railway association, yesterday disclosed the startling fact that there are more than 200,000 freight cars lying idle in the yards of the American railroads.

This statement of surplus cars in the railway service was made by Mr. Hale in a talk to the members of the Chicago branch of the American Railway Association on October 20, 1907, said Mr. Hale. The car shortage throughout the country was on the average \$6,000 a day. This shortage has now disappeared, and it is believed that the surplus of cars is now being used.

FINDS A SERUM TO CURE PLAGUE

Consumption Will Be Conquered if New Discovery Proves Effective

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 6.—According to official announcement, the greatest discovery in the war against consumption since the finding of the tubercle bacillus by Koch is made public. This is a discovery announced by Dr. Randle C. Rosenberger, biologist and holder of the chair of bacteriology at Jefferson Medical college, that the tubercle bacillus germ can be readily found in the blood long before it reaches the lungs.

Disease Easily Treated
By Dr. Rosenberger's discovery consumption, from the greatest scourge of modern times, is alleged to dwindle down to the easiest treated diseases in existence.

Viruses to Make Immune
By the discovery, it is alleged, an antidote will be injected that will render the human organism immune to consumption. Work upon this virus is now in progress. The hope of its perfection is not a distant one, it was confidently said.

Tuberculosis Cost in New York
Albany, N. Y., Jan. 6.—Considered from an economic standpoint, the annual cost of tuberculosis in this state is estimated by the state board of charities in a statement given out today to approximately seven millions, which includes the value of workers prematurely lost to the state.

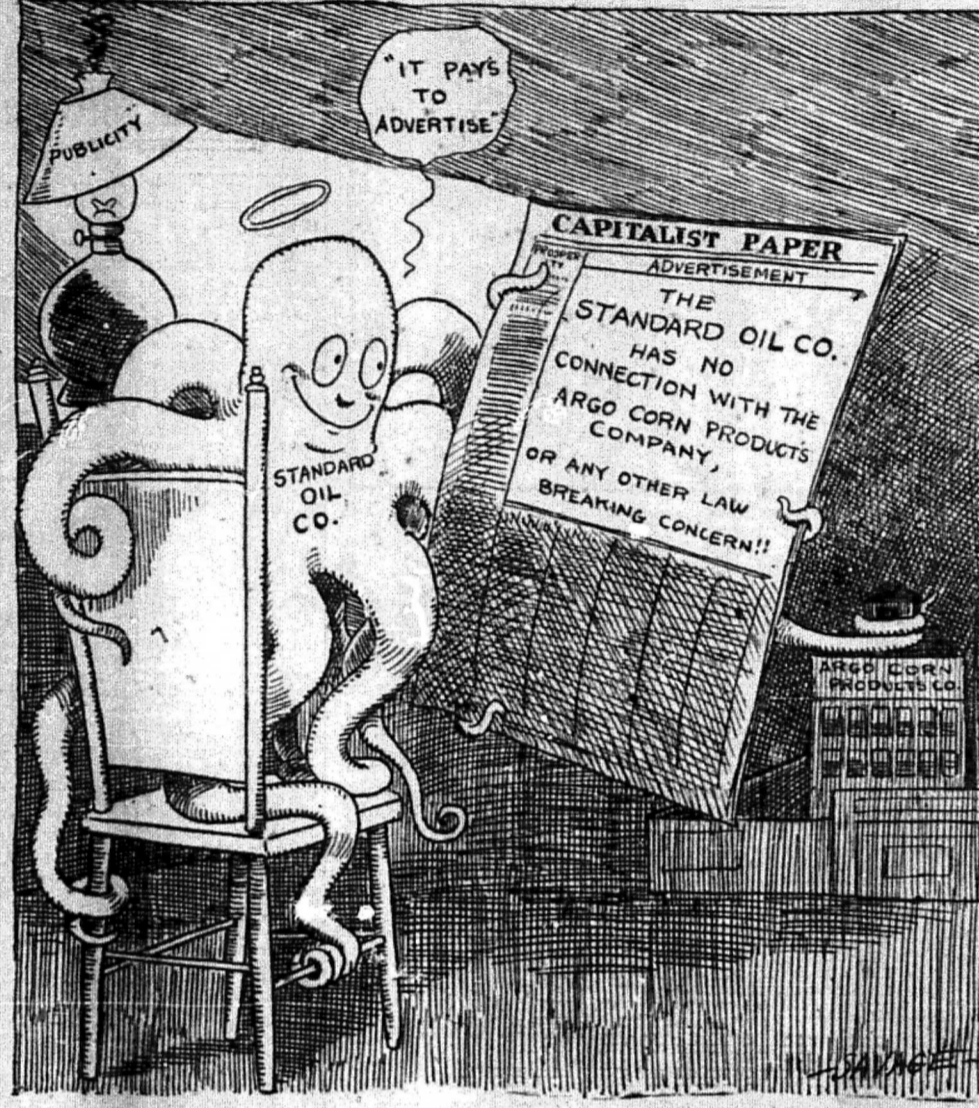
Makes Damaging Admissions
The fabric of the defense's case was badly torn when Thornton Hains, under sharp cross-examination by the state's attorney, made many damaging admissions. His jaunty manner quickly disappeared in the fire of the prosecutor's interrogations, and several times he admitted that he could not remember the minor details of the same testimony he had given yesterday.

MRS. MAYBRICK TO WED AGAIN

Mrs. Florence Maybrick, whose five-year imprisonment in English jails attracted attention throughout the world and finally ended by her being pardoned in 1904, is again to marry, according to telegrams from Atlanta, Ga. The man to whom she is engaged, according to the Atlanta reports, is Charles L. Wagner, secretary of the Atlanta Lyceum bureau.

HOODOO THIRTEENTH CAR WRECK REPEATS THIRD TIME
Mount Vernon, Ill., Jan. 6.—Official reports just filed show that Dec. 11 is a fatal day for the Wabash, Chester and Western railroad. On that day for three consecutive years the company has had the same train wrecked at the same place. In each instance the wreck has been caused by the thirteenth car in the train leaving the track. No one has ever been injured in any of these wrecks, which have happened at a small place named Poland.

KEEPING IT OUT OF THE LIGHT



THORNTON HAIN'S MEMORY FAILS

Cross-Examination Causes Him to Forget Happenings Before Tragedy

Flushing, N. Y., Jan. 6.—New lights were thrown on the relationships of William E. Annis and Mrs. Claudia Hains in the trial of Thornton Jenkins Hains yesterday, when the defendant, under examination, declared that several years ago, in Marblehead, Mass., he became aware that Annis and Mrs. Hains had stopped at the same hotel. Questioned by Justice Crane, Thornton Hains said he never spoke of the relations between Mrs. Hains and Annis to Captain Hains, and had remained silent on the matter until last spring.

Admits She Disgraced Home
The defendant said: "She was moaning, 'Oh, somebody kill me. I have ruined my home and disgraced my children.'"
Mr. Hains said that he met Annis once on his boat at Marblehead in 1902.

Art Trust Cry is Raised Now
A rule made by the authorities of the Chicago Art Institute which limits the entries to the February exhibition to the work of artists now living in Chicago has raised the cry of an art trust on the part of former Chicagoans who are now living in other cities, but who wish to exhibit next month and run chances of selling some of their work. Barred from the exhibition proper several artists have secured space for a private display of their work.

Magnates Get Together and Will End Competition in the Nickel Shows
New York, Jan. 6.—A consolidation of interests of moving picture material manufacturers and operators, embracing capital aggregating \$15,000,000, and crowding out of the business nearly 50 per cent of the moving picture places now in existence, went into effect five days ago. The merger was the culmination of a fight that has been raging in moving picture circles for years.

UBERCULOSIS COSTS N. Y. STATE \$65,000,000 YEARLY

New York, Jan. 6.—Considered from an economic standpoint, the annual cost of tuberculosis in this state is estimated by the state board of charities, in a statement given out yesterday, to approximately over \$65,000,000, which includes the value of workers prematurely lost to the state.

Moving Picture Trust Formed

Will Delay Findings

The Pattee-Trait Commission's report on its investigation of the peonage charge and which is now engaged in probing the best trust will not announce its findings for some time yet. Under the law the government attorneys cannot predict what the finding will be.

Form a Patents Company
As a result of the merger it was agreed to form the Motion Picture Patents company. The company took over all the patent rights of the Edison, Biograph, Armat, Jenkins, Pross, Vitograph and Campbell companies. These patents include everything pertaining to the moving picture operation and projection.

BIG SHAKE-UP AT ARGO PLANT

Expose by Daily Socialist Causes the Dismissal of Several Officials

As a result of the expose initiated by the Daily Socialist and taken up by the United States department of justice on information laid before the authorities by this paper, the Pattee-Trait commissary company has lost the contract for the feeding of the employes at the Corn Products Refining company plant at Argo.

Will Delay Findings
The shake-up at Argo followed a prolonged conference between President E. T. Bedford of the Corn Products Refining company, Frederick T. Fisher, secretary of the same concern, in company with William J. Calhoun and James Sheehan, western counsel for the Corn Products Refining company. Or that morning, last Thursday, several minor officials were called to answer for the conditions at Argo.

Will Delay Findings
It is expected that the federal grand jury which investigated the peonage charge and which is now engaged in probing the best trust will not announce its findings for some time yet. Under the law the government attorneys cannot predict what the finding will be.

LIFE OF CASTRO IS IN BALANCE

London, Jan. 6.—A dispatch from Berlin says Dr. James Israel has issued a bulletin that President Castro of Venezuela has had a serious relapse and grave fears are entertained as to the outcome.

THOUSANDS WAIT IN JOBLESS LINE

Newspaper Locality Is Daily Besieged by an Army of Starving Unemployed

The much vaunted "prosperity" which was to come, first immediately after the election of Taft were elected, and then, owing to some trouble with the spring plug, immediately after Christmas, seems to have had a tire or two punctured on the way, and it may now be necessary for the press agents of the "good times" to explain that they meant Washington's birthday, or the Fourth of July, or some other election, possibly that of Taft four years hence.

Women in Line, Too
There are even girls in the crowds, and many cheated women, looking for stenographers' jobs or some place where they need scrubwomen or household help. They each and all have the necessary money. With many of them it is the last penny, and blank checks written on many of their faces as they sit on the curb stones or stand against the walls of buildings in the alleys.

PLAN TO SEND JOBLESS AWAY
Secretary Straus Asks Low Railroad Fares for Unemployed
It seems that an effort will be made to get the unemployed on the move. The government and the railroads, it is said, are trying to arrive at some scheme to switch the army about and let them see the country, but the railroads are afraid of violating the Hepburn act.

PLAN FOUR BIG SEA FIGHTERS
Washington, D. C., Jan. 6.—A general policy of increasing the strength of the navy will be revealed in the consideration of the building of four great battleships of a type even larger than that of the Dreadnaught, and eight submarine torpedo boats of great speed and weight of armament.

WIND INSTRUMENTS OF ALL NATIONS AT A CONGRESS
(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.)
Bayonne, France, Jan. 6.—The wind instruments of all nations are gathered here for the International Congress of Wind Instrument Players will hold its biennial meeting here on May 29, 30 and 31 of this year.

WIND INSTRUMENTS OF ALL NATIONS AT A CONGRESS
The tuba and the ram's horn, the reed pipe and the French horn, the trumpet and the bass, the pipes of France and the pipes of Sawney MacGregor, the saxophone and the umpah-umpah, the slide trombone and the Irish tom-go-go-frum-me; the accordion, all the brass winds and the wood winds of all the ages will assemble to the melody and things on this wonderful occasion.

14,000 OF DECADE VICTIMS BURIED

Quicklime Will Be Used on Bodies Still Under the Ruins at Messina

Messina, Italy, Jan. 6.—Earth shocks continue here, although they are diminishing in intensity. At night, especially, they are frequently felt. The fires in the city also are being gradually extinguished. Thirty thousand rations were distributed yesterday. The official figures compiled thus far show that 14,000 bodies have been buried in four cemeteries, that 8,000 refugees have left the city and that 9,000 persons still remain here.

Instead of excavating in an endeavor to find the bodies buried beneath the ruins, it has been proposed that every house in which it is believed persons are buried shall be covered with quicklime.

Reggio Damage Not So Bad

The correspondent has made a visit to Reggio and carefully inspected the town. It has been found that the number of persons killed there and the damage done to property is much less than at Messina. Only the central section of the city was damaged. About 5,000 troops are working there. The official figures place the wounded at Reggio at 2,000 and the refugees at 7,000. The number of dead in the ruins is not known.

Reggio has been practically evacuated except for the troops, and the marines from two British warships are causing the populace to evacuate. Villa San Giovanni, which is considered to have been the center of the earthquake, the bay of Reggio is strewn with broken boats and other debris. Numerous persons still living were taken today from beneath the ruins, while the voices of children could be heard from the ruins for aid. Within a few days the rescue work at Reggio will have ceased. Then the tottering buildings will be razed and the bodies that have not been buried will be buried.

Work to Rescue Chaplain

The work of rescue at the home in Messina of the British chaplain Hulatt—or, to be more exact, the piles of ruins which had been his home—was extremely pathetic. The rescue party through heroic efforts had succeeded on Saturday, Jan. 2, in reaching a portion of the ruins from under which came groans, indicating that one or more of the inmates of what had been his home were yet living. The fact that fresh vigor into the men and they worked heroically, but although they continued in their efforts until late into the night no success was won.

Work was resumed at 4 o'clock today with the men fell to their task with a vim, feeling certain that Mr. Hulatt, his wife and four children were alive beneath the debris. Only one of the latter had been found, and was lying in lamentation. Still the rescuers, among whom were a number of sailors, persevered.

Rescuers Are in Great Peril

Evening fell, and at 8:14 p. m. there was another, distinct shock of earthquake, which rendered the situation to those who were endeavoring to give succor extremely dangerous, as the tottering ruins, caused and increased mentally to collapse as they buried them with the victims already there.

Crews of Foreign Ships Help

The Associated Press had the first correspondent in the field at Messina. He found a condition of utter confusion existing. The first shock of earthquake virtually had thrown down the entire city. The Italian soldiers were everywhere, and in a state of demoralization, waiting for the ruins to be cleared. The crews of British, French, German, American, Italian, Russian and other ships, numbering from three to fifty men, were sent to the aid of the survivors of the crews from the Russian and British warships, which worked valiantly, especially was this true of the Russians.

Escape of Stuart K. Lupton

Stuart K. Lupton, the American vice-consul, was in his room at the Hotel Victoria when the building was demolished. Wearing only his trousers and carrying his shoes and his overcoat in his hands, he, gripped his way along the quay, knee deep in water, to the American consulate. On the way he met a woman and a man, both naked, and instinctively laid his overcoat over the shoulders of the woman. He continued in a state of daze until he established himself on a British ship in the harbor. Later he again came ashore and raised the American flag on the new consulate in a damaged building, one of the few remaining structures in the outskirts of the city. Then Mr. Lupton began an industrious search for Americans.

Declares State of Siege

Rome, Italy, Jan. 6.—A royal decree was issued last night placing the Messina and Reggio earthquake districts in a state of siege. Gen. Mazzini is placed in command. The decree says: "Considering that the catastrophe in the Messina and Reggio regions has created a situation under certain circumstances identical with, and under other circumstances graver than, that of war, and considering it an urgent necessity immediately to provide for suppressed public services and the establishment of order, and public safety, and considering that ordinary jurisdiction has ceased, it being impossible to reorganize it immediately, a state of siege is proclaimed in the commune of Messina and the district of Reggio in Calabria. Gen. Mazzini is appointed royal extraordinary commissioner, with full powers."

Messina Will Be Rebuilt

Sig. Orlando, minister of justice, speaking last night of the rebuilding of Messina and voicing also the opinion of Premier Giolitti, said: "Messina will grow again, independently of the effort to revive it, as there is a convulsion of nature which has destroyed Messina. It is also a law of nature which holds it there for twenty centuries, an open book to the sea, the center of dominating commerce and a strong city. Messina is an absolute necessity to the life of the island; she has reason for existence. At this moment, when it seems that Messina has

YANKEE FLEET IS ON THE WAY TO MESSINA



New York, Jan. 6.—The American battleship fleet, which has just passed through the Suez canal on its way round the world, will upon coaling hasten to the aid of the earthquake sufferers in Southern Italy. The ships will, they say, carry stores of supplies and well-disciplined sailors and marines who will be able to render splendid assistance to the Italian authorities in relieving distressed. Ambassador Griscom after consulting with the Italian government cabinet, a request to Washington for the fleet to hasten to Messina. One great difficulty which confronted the Italian authorities was the restoration of order. The starving and lawless sojourners who were left after the earthquake that it was necessary for the king to send troops from other parts of the country and put the section under martial law.

been destroyed. Sicily lacks an essential part. Twenty centuries of history cannot be destroyed.

Praise for Soldiers and Sailors

Referring to the soldiers and sailors, the minister of marine said: "They are worthy of the greatest praise. For example, Commander Ciano of the cruiser Piemonte lost many of his relatives, but he took command of his vessel, which was the first to carry survivors to places of safety. Another officer of the 'Mimosa' arrived here, having asked the permission of the king to get on board the Vittoria Emmanuel, a small baby girl, the only surviving member of a family of nine, whom he had saved. The king gave permission and said the officer what he was going to do with the child. He replied: 'Give her as a sister to my two little sons.'"

Yankton Starts for Messina

Port Sulu, Jan. 6.—The American scout cruiser Yankton left here this morning for Messina with medical supplies and provisions on board for the earthquake sufferers. She carried also a number of doctors. The Connecticut, the flagship of Rear-Admiral Sperry, the Vermont, the Kansas and the Minnesota, arrived here from Suez last night. They will sail from Naples as soon as they have taken on coal. The necessary supplies of fuel probably will be put on board today. The itinerary of the fleet is being modified in consequence of the earthquake, but the details of the new program have not yet been announced.

Carries Supplies Free

New York, Jan. 6.—While the work of collecting funds for the earthquake sufferers in Italy continues in this city and throughout the country generally thousands of pounds of relief supplies leave this port today on the Hamburg, American liner Hamburg, which begins her voyage for Naples this afternoon. The supplies which are to be carried free of charge were loaded on the vessel yesterday and last evening, the company asking no questions whatever and waiving all bills of lading. In view of the announcement that the Hamburg-American line will transport free of charge today a limited number of passengers, it is feared there will be complications if a crowd of Sicilians gathers bent on returning to the scene of the earthquake.

Quake FELT IN PENNSYLVANIA

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 6.—Residents of this city and the surrounding territory were aroused yesterday by what appears to have been two well-defined earthquake tremors. The tremors, which seem to bear on the contention of scientists that shocks would be felt in this country following the Sicilian earthquake, were felt at 2:32 and 4:22 o'clock in the afternoon.

Two Shocks Recorded on the Seismograph at Swarthmore College

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Note Holders, Attention!

All persons holding notes against the Workers' Publishing Society (the Chicago Daily Socialist) who are willing to exchange them for bonds are requested to send them in at once authorizing the exchange.

IS YOUR NAME HERE?

The following persons holding notes against the Workers' Publishing Society are requested to send their present postoffice address to the Chicago Daily Socialist at once, as the management is unable to reach them with information they should have:

SOME NEEDS

We need the advertiser. You need the goods he has to sell. Buy his goods and tell him of the work of the Daily Socialist Purchasers' League is doing to help him get trade. Let us know what he thinks of the plan, and if favorable we will send a solicitor to get his ad. Tell him plainly that it is your intention to discriminate in favor of those merchants who are friendly to your paper. See enrollment blank for membership to the Daily Socialist Purchasers' League on another page.

WORLD TRAVELERS RELEASING CHICAGO

European Socialists Studying Industrial Conditions Make Tour on Foot

International Socialism is tramping around the world, looking for information on economic questions at first hand. The International Socialism in this instance is represented by one German, one Italian, one Frenchman and one Englishman, who have set out from their respective countries, met in New York, and started to make a tour of the world on foot.

For European Propaganda

The purpose of the "world-hike" as they now call it, being Americanized, is to gather information for the propaganda of Socialism in England, Italy, Germany and France. The men making the tour are: Adolph Bauer, leader of the Genoa, Italy; Adolph Schneider of Hanabruicken, Germany; Alf. Wilkes, delegate at large from England, and Silvio Ortigas of France.

The world-hikers have tramped Europe, visiting New York, Chicago, taking their time along the way to investigate industrial conditions, both on the farms, in the mining centers and the great cities at first hand. They have been down in the heart of the earth at Wilmersdorf, Berlin, where they have seen the slavery of the breaker boys at first hand and studied the eke-out workers at Connellsville, Carnegie and Pittsburg. They have been among the tramps on the East Side in New York. They have talked with the employing farmer in several states as well as with his employe. They have spent weeks in the gas and oil regions of Indiana and have talked with the miners about the foundations upon which Standard Oil is built.

Sunny South Next Study

From Chicago they purpose tramping southward toward New Orleans thence they will go northward to Denver, and through Utah to San Francisco thence up the coast to Seattle and from that port to Japan where the tramping will be renewed. In the world-hike they propose to give Chicago some special glances, while Siberia will be ignored as dangerous to Socialist tourists. Through near and farther India, Egypt, Turkey and Europe, the trip will extend, ending at the headquarters of the International Socialist News Bureau in Brussels.

Disappeared Eight Days Ago

Lindahl disappeared eight days ago. He vanished so suddenly that no explanation could be offered, save that he had been spirited away or killed. The case was reported to the police of the West Chicago avenue station, and a description of the man was sent to every station in the city, but so far nothing has been learned of his whereabouts.

Warned Not to Prosecute

Warnings of assault had been made to Lindahl and he was ordered to drop the case. He continued the prosecution, supported by his employers. The alleged robbers, whose names are Patrick Kane and Dennis Buckley, were held to the grand jury and were awaiting trial on bonds. The robbery occurred at West Thirty-fifth street and Ashland avenue.

Never Reached His Home

At 6 o'clock the same evening Lindahl left the home of a friend named Anderson, saying he was going home at once. He never arrived and his wife is still waiting for him. Three months ago Lindahl suffered another experience with robbers. He was held up near his home, beaten and robbed of his day's receipts.

Wife Thinks He Was Killed by Robbers He Was to Prosecute

Gustav Lindahl, 353 West Huron street, has mysteriously disappeared, and his wife declares today that she believes him a victim of foul play, in order that he might not be able to prosecute further two men who robbed him on November 24. Firm in her belief, Mrs. Lindahl, with emotion, at her county morgue this afternoon to look over the bodies there and endeavor to identify the corpse of her husband.

HUSBAND SLAIN TO SHIELD CRIME

While the detectives were searching for the robbers Henry Miller's saloon at 825 Blue Island avenue was visited by a gang of three holdup men, who made a better haul than that made by the men who help up Kaprilla. Miller was back of the bar at 10:30 when the trio entered. "What you have, gentlemen?" inquired the saloon-keeper. "We-e-ll," drawled one of the men, pretending that he was puzzled as to the kind of beverage he wanted to order. "Well, have this."

FREMONT'S SON IN TROUBLE



CRIME IS RIFE; POLICE AT SEA

The crime wave is running high in Chicago today and the police do not seem able to cope with it. Highwaymen and holdup thugs who robbed two victims in the Hinman street police precinct have thrown the residents of that district into a state of fear and the police are seeking to obtain some clue to the identity of eight men who are responsible for a night's carnival of crime. The two victims are Henry Miller, a saloonkeeper at 825 Blue Island avenue, who was held up in his own place of business and made to disgorge \$188 at the point of revolvers, and Henry Kaprilla of 117 West Nineteenth street, who was robbed of \$8 while on his way home.

Robbed of His Wages

Both robberies occurred when the victims believed themselves perfectly safe and protected by the police of the district. Kaprilla was waylaid at West Nineteenth and Rockwell streets at 8:30 o'clock last night, just as he was going home with a part of his week's earnings. He had hardly passed the corner when he was surrounded by five thugs and ordered to "give up." In words that left no doubt in his mind that the highwaymen meant business he was told that resistance would only mean a good beating. So the helpless victim submitted. The robbers took \$188 a watch and chain and disappeared in the darkness. The victim reported his loss to the police of the Hinman street station.

Police Search While Robbers Act

While the detectives were searching for the robbers Henry Miller's saloon at 825 Blue Island avenue was visited by a gang of three holdup men, who made a better haul than that made by the men who help up Kaprilla. Miller was back of the bar at 10:30 when the trio entered. "What you have, gentlemen?" inquired the saloon-keeper.

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Gustav Lindahl, 353 West Huron street, has mysteriously disappeared, and his wife declares today that she believes him a victim of foul play, in order that he might not be able to prosecute further two men who robbed him on November 24. Firm in her belief, Mrs. Lindahl, with emotion, at her county morgue this afternoon to look over the bodies there and endeavor to identify the corpse of her husband.

Disappeared Eight Days Ago

Lindahl disappeared eight days ago. He vanished so suddenly that no explanation could be offered, save that he had been spirited away or killed. The case was reported to the police of the West Chicago avenue station, and a description of the man was sent to every station in the city, but so far nothing has been learned of his whereabouts.

Warned Not to Prosecute

Warnings of assault had been made to Lindahl and he was ordered to drop the case. He continued the prosecution, supported by his employers. The alleged robbers, whose names are Patrick Kane and Dennis Buckley, were held to the grand jury and were awaiting trial on bonds. The robbery occurred at West Thirty-fifth street and Ashland avenue.

Never Reached His Home

At 6 o'clock the same evening Lindahl left the home of a friend named Anderson, saying he was going home at once. He never arrived and his wife is still waiting for him. Three months ago Lindahl suffered another experience with robbers. He was held up near his home, beaten and robbed of his day's receipts.

HUSBAND SLAIN TO SHIELD CRIME

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Mayor Busse you ought to see the fine overcoats I am now selling at 10.00 yes, I can fit fat men like you Tom

IF YOU ARE SICK

Advertisement for Dr. Edward Koch's medicine, claiming to cure various ailments and offering a free trial.

Advertisement for Dr. Edward Koch Institute, offering free medical consultations and treatments.

Advertisement for J. H. Flanagan, a tailor located at 71 E. Washington St.

Advertisement for 'The Dream of Debs' by Jack London, published in the Socialist Review.

Advertisement for 'The Struggle for Existence' by Walter Thomas Mills, A.M.

Advertisement for 'The Chicago Daily Socialist' and its book department.

Advertisement for real estate for sale, located at 180 East Washington Street.

Advertisement for business personal services, including a co-operative colony.

Advertisement for sewing machines, including a list of models and prices.

Advertisement for free homesteads in the western states.

Advertisement for the First National Grocery Co., located at 58 Wabash Ave.

CANUCKS GIVE FOE A TUSSEL

Socialists Fight Brilliantly in Toronto Campaign; Simpson Re-elected

BY GORDON CASCADEN (SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST) Toronto, Can., Jan. 5.—James Simpson was elected to the board of education in the municipal election Friday, and other members of the Socialist ticket received a strong vote. Owing to property qualifications the Socialists were unable to nominate candidates for the board of control and board of aldermen. James Lindahl, candidate for mayor, polled 1,735 votes, and James Simpson, candidate for member of the board of education, 8,322. The vote polled by the party's other candidates for the board of education was: F. Frost, 1,665; Wilfred Gribble, 1,053; P. H. Saugster, 765.

Reporter Elected to Office

James Simpson has been a member of the board of education for several years. He is a newspaper reporter, a vice president of the Dominion Trades and Labor congress, and one of the best known labor men and Socialists in Canada. The party made a strong campaign in this city, issuing 80,000 copies of the address of the party to labor, an extract from which reads as follows: "It surely needs no elaborate argument to prove to you that existing conditions are unjust and that the worker is despoiled of the larger portion of the wealth he creates. You are daily having the knowledge brought home to you by bitter and painful experience. You know that employment is uncertain, that few can be sure of a job from day to day."

Labor Conditions Famine Like

"If there were famine, war or pestilence in the land such conditions would be inevitable and might be borne with patience. But war, famine and pestilence are not the cause of our suffering and want in the midst of plenty. We hear the bitter cry of the hungry child in a country where barns and elevators are brimming with the yield of a bountiful harvest, and stores and warehouses overflowing with the products of mechanical industry. "There is a glut of every form of material wealth, of all the commodities necessary to comfort and luxury, but those who have labor and want are without the means of supplying their wants."

Several propositions were submitted to referendum at the election, and, owing to the large vote cast by the city of 300,000 inhabitants will have hereafter only 119 bars. This was the most conspicuous issue offered for referendum. Of the Socialist candidates all were elected. The candidates were: James Simpson, reporter; Frost, a pattern-maker; Gribble, a carpenter; and Saugster an attorney.

LYNCHING MOB IS DEPIED BY 'BAD LANDS' SHERIFF

Ogallah, Neb., Jan. 6.—Under heavy guard Lafayette Dale, also known as John Harry Dale Smith, charged with murdering Volney Davis on the prairie east of here in October last, reached here from Denver last night and was safely lodged in jail. Learning that a mob had formed here to lynch Dale, Sheriff H. with his prisoner, left the train at Burke, Neb. where they started for this place in a swift automobile. During the trip Dale lay in the bottom of the machine, while the sheriff and several deputies sat in the seats with hands on their weapons. At the outskirts of the town a messenger met the sheriff and informed him that 2,000 people were waiting at the jail and that many were urging summary punishment for his prisoner. As the sheriff's party approached the mob Sheriff Dale ordered the chauffeur to go through the crowd, and with both footing the automobile proceeded, the train at Burke, Neb. where they started for this place in a swift automobile.

Fear for Oregon Family

Portland, Ore., Jan. 6.—Uneasiness is felt for George F. Russell, his wife and little daughter, who are in Italy. The last heard from the family was from Naples. Mrs. Russell's father was Sylvester Pennoyer, former governor of Oregon. The Daily Socialist gives news which is usually suppressed by the capitalist press.

MARKETS

WINTER WHEAT—Ready to go higher. Sales, 10,000 bu. No. 2 red, car lots, 84¢; No. 1 red, 85¢; No. 2 hard, 81¢; No. 1 hard, 82¢; No. 1 southern, 83¢; No. 2 southern, 84¢; No. 1 white, 85¢; No. 2 white, 86¢; No. 3 white, 87¢; No. 4 white, 88¢; No. 5 white, 89¢; No. 6 white, 90¢; No. 7 white, 91¢; No. 8 white, 92¢; No. 9 white, 93¢; No. 10 white, 94¢; No. 11 white, 95¢; No. 12 white, 96¢; No. 13 white, 97¢; No. 14 white, 98¢; No. 15 white, 99¢; No. 16 white, 100¢; No. 17 white, 101¢; No. 18 white, 102¢; No. 19 white, 103¢; No. 20 white, 104¢; No. 21 white, 105¢; No. 22 white, 106¢; No. 23 white, 107¢; No. 24 white, 108¢; No. 25 white, 109¢; No. 26 white, 110¢; No. 27 white, 111¢; No. 28 white, 112¢; No. 29 white, 113¢; No. 30 white, 114¢; No. 31 white, 115¢; No. 32 white, 116¢; No. 33 white, 117¢; No. 34 white, 118¢; No. 35 white, 119¢; No. 36 white, 120¢; No. 37 white, 121¢; No. 38 white, 122¢; No. 39 white, 123¢; No. 40 white, 124¢; No. 41 white, 125¢; No. 42 white, 126¢; No. 43 white, 127¢; No. 44 white, 128¢; No. 45 white, 129¢; No. 46 white, 130¢; No. 47 white, 131¢; No. 48 white, 132¢; No. 49 white, 133¢; No. 50 white, 134¢; No. 51 white, 135¢; No. 52 white, 136¢; No. 53 white, 137¢; No. 54 white, 138¢; No. 55 white, 139¢; No. 56 white, 140¢; No. 57 white, 141¢; No. 58 white, 142¢; No. 59 white, 143¢; No. 60 white, 144¢; No. 61 white, 145¢; No. 62 white, 146¢; No. 63 white, 147¢; No. 64 white, 148¢; No. 65 white, 149¢; No. 66 white, 150¢; No. 67 white, 151¢; No. 68 white, 152¢; No. 69 white, 153¢; No. 70 white, 154¢; No. 71 white, 155¢; No. 72 white, 156¢; No. 73 white, 157¢; No. 74 white, 158¢; No. 75 white, 159¢; No. 76 white, 160¢; No. 77 white, 161¢; No. 78 white, 162¢; No. 79 white, 163¢; No. 80 white, 164¢; No. 81 white, 165¢; No. 82 white, 166¢; No. 83 white, 167¢; No. 84 white, 168¢; No. 85 white, 169¢; No. 86 white, 170¢; No. 87 white, 171¢; No. 88 white, 172¢; No. 89 white, 173¢; No. 90 white, 174¢; No. 91 white, 175¢; No. 92 white, 176¢; No. 93 white, 177¢; No. 94 white, 178¢; No. 95 white, 179¢; No. 96 white, 180¢; No. 97 white, 181¢; No. 98 white, 182¢; No. 99 white, 183¢; No. 100 white, 184¢; No. 101 white, 185¢; No. 102 white, 186¢; No. 103 white, 187¢; No. 104 white, 188¢; No. 105 white, 189¢; No. 106 white, 190¢; No. 107 white, 191¢; No. 108 white, 192¢; No. 109 white, 193¢; No. 110 white, 194¢; No. 111 white, 195¢; No. 112 white, 196¢; No. 113 white, 197¢; No. 114 white, 198¢; No. 115 white, 199¢; No. 116 white, 200¢; No. 117 white, 201¢; No. 118 white, 202¢; No. 119 white, 203¢; No. 120 white, 204¢; No. 121 white, 205¢; No. 122 white, 206¢; No. 123 white, 207¢; No. 124 white, 208¢; No. 125 white, 209¢; No. 126 white, 210¢; No. 127 white, 211¢; No. 128 white, 212¢; No. 129 white, 213¢; No. 130 white, 214¢; No. 131 white, 215¢; No. 132 white, 216¢; No. 133 white, 217¢; No. 134 white, 218¢; No. 135 white, 219¢; No. 136 white, 220¢; No. 137 white, 221¢; No. 138 white, 222¢; No. 139 white, 223¢; No. 140 white, 224¢; No. 141 white, 225¢; No. 142 white, 226¢; No. 143 white, 227¢; No. 144 white, 228¢; No. 145 white,

STUTTGART VOTE NOW IS 29,600

Social-Democrats Lead All Other Individual Parties and Have Six Seats

RY J. B. ASKEW (Special European Correspondent.) Stuttgart, Dec. 22.—In Wurtemberg the landtag has been occupied discussing the question of religious education in the schools. The Social Democrats moved a resolution in favor of the secularization of the schools, but this was rejected by a vote of all the bourgeois representatives with two exceptions.

Figures That Are Eloquent The vote was as follows: Social Democrats, 129,500; National Liberals, 91,200; Conservatives, 42,042; Center, 22,483; People's party, 4,372.

One voter distinguished himself by voting a list which contained names from all parties. In Baden active preparations are being made by our comrades for the coming landtag elections, and everywhere Social Democratic candidates are being put up. It is to be hoped that the Social Democrats will be victorious in Baden as they were in Stuttgart last Sunday, and proved conclusively that they are by far the strongest of any of the individual parties in Stuttgart.

Lehmann Was Readopted

In the meantime, however, it seems that the revisionists, who are unfortunately in a minority in the parliamentary group and on the executive for Baden, tried to prevent Lehmann, who was one of their few opponents on the budget question in the Socialist parliamentary group in the landtag, from being re-elected as a candidate, but without success.

The German conservative organ, the Post, has discovered that the very language talked by people is hostile to the interests of the employers. Thanks to the fact that we talk of workers, meaning thereby wage workers, this paper thinks that public opinion looks on labor as solely a characteristic of the wage workers, and ignores the fact that other classes are also wage earners. The Post naturally ignores the exceedingly unpalatable fact for themselves—that the so-called intelligent—the intellectual workers, engineers and so on—have recently begun to show signs that they are no longer content to remain mere slaves of the capitalists.

Capitalists Getting Nervous The article shows, however, how nervous the capitalists are becoming, and how necessary they find it to be on any given day to make their position to a certain degree plausible, but they will not find that possible in an age when the growth of the united company system has reduced the capitalist to the mere parasite.

In this connection I have often wondered why the German conservatives should have been split into two factions, one of which describes itself as German conservatives and the other as free conservatives. The difference dates back to the sixties, when a section of the conservatives found it more convenient to be able to back the government through thick and thin than to be impeded by no longer content as the old brutal Prussian squires still cling to.

Kaiser Has Incipient Madness?

It is said that William II is much depressed, and it is suggested that this may be a sign of incipient madness. An organization of Socialists has been founded in Rustingen (Oldenburg).

Frankfort-on-the-Main a resolution has been accepted by the shopkeepers to close at 8 o'clock in the evening. A resolution to limit the hours of the attendants to 8 o'clock was rejected.

In the districts where the big estates of the Junker aristocracy are to be found the agricultural population tends to decrease rapidly. The people are tired of being treated far worse than beasts, which is especially marked in districts where cattle and horses are bred and cared for to a high degree, while the men who do the work are wretchedly paid and housed in cabins, which are only ventilated because they are open to wind and rain.

Capitalists Get Good Dividends

It is interesting to note that despite the crisis—despite the terrible distress among the workers—the dividends which go to the capitalists remain at a very respectable height.

The brewery in Culmbach, Bavaria, pays 20 per cent; a machine factory, also in Bavaria, pays 12-14, and so on. Something to know that some one won't starve. For the workers the prospect is somewhat sea-sy.

In fact, there has rarely been a year, perhaps, when unemployment was so widespread.

The Saxon municipality of Plauen is said to have adopted the Social Democratic daily as the organ for the official announcements of the council. Whether it is to be the only organ or not is not said, or whether that only means that it won't be passed over, as has hitherto been the case, and in the case practically everywhere in Germany. That is not said, but the conservative press is furious over the change.

The Professor Quiddé Remains The bourgeois DeLacret, Professor Quiddé, a few years ago made a great sensation by his book "Calligula," an attack on William II, has recently proved his loyalty to Democratic principles by moving for a special exemption of the Bavarian royal family from taxation.

RUSS REFUGEES STIR DENMARK

Attempt to Railroad Eleven Back Into Czar's Clutches Arouses Ire of Danes

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) Copenhagen, Jan. 6.—Denmark is aflame at the open attempts being made by the czar to railroad political prisoners from this country back to Russia. A storm of indignation is sweeping from one end of the country to the other following the arrest of eleven Russian refugees who are admittedly members of the revolutionary committee which formerly operated at Vindau, in Courland, during the life of the Baltic republic.

Alberti in Touch with Czar? The eleven men were arrested under the Alberti regime, and the arrests would seem to indicate some agreement between that shady "financier" and the Russian czar by which in return for monetary compensation, political refugees would be handed back without question by the Danish government, in which Alberti was at the time a very important factor.

The men were arrested and taken to Copenhagen, and were just on the point of being sent back to Russia when the Socialists of Copenhagen found out what was in the wind. They immediately started a protest.

At this time came the Alberti disclosures, and the consequent overthrow of that regime; then for a time the matter was allowed to rest.

It has now been revived with renewed vigor, however, and the Socialists in the Rigsdag are leading the fight for the freedom of the imprisoned men.

Russians Fill Danish Offices

It is openly charged by the Socialists that a number of Russians in the secret service of the czar have been given positions on the police force of various cities of Denmark, and that the sole work done by these men is to make reports to the czar concerning Russians who have fled to Denmark from Russia.

So strong is the protest here, and so vigorous the public campaign, that the government has promised to dismiss all Russians from the police force or government service.

It is supposed that following the storm which the eleven arrests have aroused, the Russian government will move more carefully in demanding prisoners from Denmark.

LABOR CONFIRMS BODINE REPORT

The report of W. L. Bodine to the board of education that 15,000 school children were going to school hungry every day, has been confirmed by O. E. Woodbury in a report to the Carpenter's District Council of Chicago and vicinity. The report will be ready for distribution Thursday.

Following the report of Superintendent Bodine and subsequent action by the Chicago Federation of Labor in ordering an investigation to be made by the school committee, the Carpenter's district council took the matter up and appointed Woodbury to conduct an investigation and make a report. It is said to do this the council has expended about \$500.

It is said that the investigation has been extensive and that it especially deals with the charitable institutions. Woodbury reports that the charitable institutions of the city and the county are unable to relieve the distress, and that the matter is considered so important that it will be printed and sent to every union in the city, to the county board, the board of education and benevolent societies. It promises to be interesting to the readers of the Daily Socialist and further details will be published as soon as the report is received.

WIFE OF O. T. ANDERSON DIES AFTER A LONG ILLNESS

Julia H. Anderson, wife of O. T. Anderson, who has a wide acquaintance among the Socialists of Chicago and who is a former employe of the Chicago Daily Socialist, died yesterday after an illness covering a long period following a nervous breakdown.

The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family residence, 5333 Princeton avenue.

Mrs. Anderson was born May 17, 1875. Besides a widow, one child, a girl of about 7 years, survives.

MUSIC HALL PLAYERS TO AID EARTHQUAKE VICTIMS

When the public press gets out to stir up the public strange new thing is evolving. The latest is open air performances conducted in two de luxe automobiles, for the benefit of the Italian earthquake sufferers, by performers from the Olympic Music Hall.

The idea of the performances in public places in the automobiles is the open air performances in the automobiles, but you will merely be permitted to buy the Chicago Daily Socialist, the other English papers, the Bohemian, Slavonian, Polish, German, Norwegian and Flatheads papers at prices to suit yourself, and the girls in the troupe will see to it that the price which suits will be somewhat higher than the regulation penny.

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LECTURE AND PICTURES TO SHOW NORWEGIAN STRUGGLE

MILK IS TO BE A RARE LUXURY

A lecture on Norway, that promises to be the best of its kind ever given in the United States will be given by Benjamin Blegsum, traveling lecturer, in Wicker Park hall, 567 West North avenue, tomorrow evening at 8:15. It will be the first of two lectures entitled "Norway I" and "Norway II," and will cover practically all that is worth seeing in the southern portion of the "Land of the Midnight Sun."

In point of instructiveness and entertainment for both school children and their elders, these lectures are declared by critics to be unsurpassed. They will be illustrated by a series of colored slides and ten series of moving picture films in each lecture—10 all 2000 slides and nearly 3,000 feet of film.

The lectures are of especial interest to Norwegian, Danish and Swedish Socialists in America, in that the views shown depict graphically both the social and industrial life of that northern nation. The pictures tell their own story of how the workingmen and their elders, these lectures are declared by critics to be unsurpassed.

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HINDU AGITATORS TO BE DEPORTED

Government Organ Boldly Urges Step to Kill "Free India" Movement

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) Calcutta, Jan. 6.—Following its summary laws, the English government has already laid the way for wholesale deportation of Hindu agitators without trial. This Russification of India is raising a storm of protest from the Hindu element of the population and, so far from decreasing the unrest throughout India, bids fair to bring matters to a crisis sooner than even the leaders of the Free India movement had expected.

Deportation Boldly Urged The pleas of the English government are being made public in the usual way, through the covering press. The Englishman, the government organ, is advocating wholesale deportation boldly, alleging that this is necessary under the summary laws, because where the accused agitators are brought to trial "Hindu and Mohammedan witnesses cannot be depended upon to tell the truth on the witness stand."

The Bengalee, the Nationalist paper, is out with a scathing editorial on the subject, which reads in part as follows: "The Englishman has surpassed himself. It has long and in its own way, interesting record of absurd suggestions and puerile insinuations to its credit in the couple of paragraphs on the situation in yesterday's issue which fairly beats all that went before. Let the reader think we are indulging in exaggeration, we shall quote from our contemporary himself: "We avow our firm conviction," he says, "that wholesale deportation at the present moment is the best way of dealing with the case."

Police Suspects Referred To "Wholesale deportation of whom? Presumably of all those whom the police or the executive government suspect. But we shall let our contemporaries proceed: "Meanwhile let the law-makers get to work and devise a simple plan that will succeed in substituting prompt justice for the dialectical display of mental acuteness; let them sweep away such technical absurdities as are now being daily paraded before us and set a direct incentive to the suppression by force or by guile of the testimony of innocent witnesses."

"And when the legal machine is ready, we have no objection to bringing back some of the nation's guests from the sea to figure for a while in the dock before entering upon more lengthy sojourn in less pleasant confines."

Trial to Follow Deportation "Is this not truly magnificent? Not only is the trial to follow deportation, but the law itself and the procedure according to which the trial is to be held are to be framed after the men have been fairly out of the way."

The agitation against the proposed deportation has already spread to all parts of the country. Deportation without trial may take place under the new laws, but it is doubtful if in the present temper of the masses the English government will care to irritate the people to this extent.

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TROOPS FIRE ON MOBBS IN INDIA

YOU WANT TO HELP THE DAILY?

Calcutta, Indis, Jan. 5.—The religious riots between Mohammedans and Hindus have taken a more serious turn again, requiring the active intervention of British troops today at Titagarh, who fired upon the Hindoo mob.

Then why not join the D. S. P. L. ? And after you have joined don't forget to make good by patronizing those merchants advertising in the Daily.

You don't know just who are our advertisers? A list will be found on another page in the Purchasers' league department.

Out this list out and put it in the envelope with your membership card.

Always carry this list and card and have all purchases correctly entered by Daily advertisers.

Return your D. S. P. L. membership card to us after purchases amounting to \$20 or more are entered.

NOTE TO NEW SOCIALISTS READ SOCIALIST BOOKS Nearly 1,000 described in our new free catalog. The "Question of the Hour." All pamphlets and leaflets at lowest prices.

WILSHIRE BOOK COMPANY CLEMENS AVENUE 781 200 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK, N. Y.

The Daily Socialist is the best advertising medium considering the price.

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4% Improvement @ Refunding Bonds, Amount \$50,000. --Payable, Dec. 1st, 1912--Interest Payable Annually.

The Workers' Publishing Society, publishers of the DAILY SOCIALIST, are about to issue \$50,000 of 4 per cent improvement and refunding bonds.

The proceeds of these bonds are to be used for the purpose of enlarging and improving the Daily Socialist and for paying off the present mortgage indebtedness of the Publishing Society, it being expressly provided by the Trust Deed through which the bonds are to be secured that at all times an amount of bonds at least equal in amount to the outstanding indebtedness secured by prior mortgages shall be reserved exclusively for the redemption of such indebtedness.

The bonds will be issued in denominations of \$100, \$50, \$25 and \$10. It is hoped that as many as possible will purchase bonds of the larger denominations in order that the minor bonds may be left for purchase by those who cannot afford to purchase the large bonds.

The undersigned Board of Directors, recently elected, wish to impress upon those interested in the welfare of the Daily Socialist that a united action resulting in the quick disposal of the whole issue of bonds will be much more effective as an assistance to the Daily Socialist than slow action. By the supply of a few thousand dollars at a time little more can be accomplished than a slow and gradual improvement, at considerable loss. By quick action and an immediate supply of ample funds it will be possible not only to clear off all debts, except current accounts, but to make the paper so attractive and to increase the circulation to such an extent that the monthly deficit will be wiped out, and that profitable progress thenceforward may reasonably be expected.

It should be understood by those who have saved money that by investing a portion of it in Daily Socialist bonds they will NOT put the money beyond their own reach for four years. These bonds are made payable to bearer and can be as readily transferred as money itself, and the management of the Daily Socialist will make it its business to assist those who at any time may desire to sell their bonds in finding a purchaser, by advertising without charge, and by personal efforts.

Now, Comrades, we will not tell you that these bonds are as safe, commercially speaking, as United States bonds or good first mortgages on real estate. But we believe that they offer a REASONABLY SAFE INVESTMENT to put a part of your savings into.

If you will do this, and do it quickly, your money will not only be safer than in many a bank—safer than in many a home bought on the installment plan—safer than in most any mine or stock venture, but we know, and YOU KNOW, that it will help the cause that is as dear to you as perhaps life itself; that it will help to make life richer, purer and sweeter; that it will help to secure to the Socialist movement of America that which it has been lacking—a really powerful daily paper.

In view of this cause, in view of the demonstrated loyalty of the constituency of this paper, in view of the fact that we can count on the continued support of at least 30,000 determined men and women, an asset more valuable than goods and chattels, a living force greater than many a large financial or commercial institution can count on, with a constantly increasing margin of safety and later on of profit, as the number of subscribers and advertisers increases—in view of all this we feel abundantly justified in recommending to you the investment of a reasonable part of your savings in these bonds, and we promise you that we shall do the best our limited powers will allow, not only to make it pay, but to make it count in the struggle for righteousness and justice, for better manhood, womanhood and childhood, for life, and for life more abundant.

Comrades, we count on you! Act now!

BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE WORKERS' PUBLISHING SOCIETY. J. O. BENTALL, CARL STROVER, CORINNE BROWN, A. M. SIMONS, S. A. KNOPFNADEL, GEORGE KOOP, B. BERLYN.

By Insisting Upon Purchasing Union Stamp Shoes

You help better Shoemaking Conditions You get better Shoes for the money You help your own Labor Position You abolish Child Labor

Do not be misled by retailers who say: "This shoe does not bear the stamp, but is made under Union Conditions."

This is false—No shoe is union made unless it bears the Union Stamp.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' UNION 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass. JOHN F. TOBIN, Pres. CHAS. L. RAINE, Sec.-Treas.

THE ENCYCLOPEDIA OF SOCIAL REFORM If you cannot afford but one book in your library this is THE book. In fact it is a whole SOCIALIST LIBRARY.

There is more matter in it than in almost any other fifty Socialist books combined. It has over 1,200 pages of matter, and it does not tell the same thing over and over as would fifty different Socialist books.

It will furnish just the facts that every Socialist speaker wants to know. It tells the Socialist vote in each country, the number of representatives in state and local bodies, papers published and other forms of activity.

There are articles on all social movements written by experts in the fields covered. It gives biographies, with present address, if living, of all persons prominent in the Labor, Socialist, or Reform movement.

It does a thousand other things that no other work does, and that you want done for you.

It is up to date, condensed, well arranged, printed and bound. Price, \$7.50, Postpaid.

Order from THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST, 180 Washington Street, Chicago.

Cuba and Mexico Lands

If you are tired of small wages and a hand-to-mouth life, and as a farmer, are weary of small gains and long hours, let us tell you about what Cuba or Mexico offers you.

A few hundred dollars ready cash will actually make you independent in a few years—four or five. Comrades have put the best to these schemes, and you can rely on square treatment in every detail.

There is an application in English, French, Spanish and Italian. Also a map of the land, and a list of the names of the agents who will take you to the land.

COMRADE STOCK & REAL ESTATE AGENCY 84 N. 7th St., Chicago.

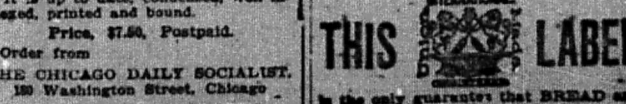
DR. SAMUEL H. WIENER R. 3 Schiff Bldg. 271 W. 12th St. EYES TESTED FREE GLASSES \$1.00 UP



DR. JOSEPH LISTER CO. P-6, 22 Fifth Avenue, Chicago.

Gentlemen: I am troubled with... (Name Your Ailment.) Please send me, absolutely free, your full dollar treatment for same, and also your book which tells how men can treat themselves successfully at home.

Name..... State..... Address—P. O. State



MARCH OF PERSIAN REVOLUTIONISTS



PERSIAN REVOLUTIONISTS IN TABIS, FOLLOWERS OF SATTAR KHAN

Sattar Khan, the revolutionary leader in Persia, has just been joined by the mountain bands from the Demavend and Astarabad regions...

TWO PROLETARIAN VIEWPOINTS

BY LEWIS G. DE HART

Smith and Brown are mechanics who work in the same shop, side by side. They both make the same wages, both live in rented houses, read the same capitalist newspaper...

fact they hold all their possessions to be the common property of their 'set'.

The change that has come over the Doukhobors is not due to the imprisonment of their crazy leaders but to the influence of the Doukhobor Naestias Verigin, who kept his head over the government maps as Verigin.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Advertisement for Business Directory listing various professions: Lawyers, Opticians, Typewriters, Meats and Groceries, etc.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

"A COMPOSER WHO IS A WOMAN"

"When was there ever a woman composer?" Nobody in America need now ask that question. Every girl of this generation who ever studied music...

Chicago Women at Work

After their long rest the Socialist women of Chicago came together Monday evening for the first meeting of the year.

New Member of National Socialist Woman's Committee

The election of a new member to the National Socialist Woman's committee to take the place of Marguerite Prevey...

For Home Dressmakers

Advertisement for a sewing pattern: LADIES' NINE-GORED SKIRT. Paris Pattern No. 2667. Includes an illustration of a skirt.

Doukhobors in Canada

The last report of the Canadian Interior Department, just issued, gives an encouraging picture of the progress the Doukhobors are now making.

The Music Room at Dusk

BY ARTHUR STRINGER. Are these her songs that note by note still drift like gently wings...

FOR SOCIALIST TOTS



A GEOGRAPHY LESSON FOR CHILDREN

(Grown-ups with neither time nor inclination for thinking are cautioned not to read it.) BY KITTEE SPARGO HULSE. Hamilton, seeking Rachel, found her at the foot of the stairway leading to the rustic bridge...

Big Money Here

We are now offering stock in a WHEAT BUYING and SELLING company (monthly Societies) which is a very profitable investment...

A FINE PLAN TO HELP THE DAILY

Without the Outlay of One Cent. Send orders for coal to Chicago Daily Socialist. We receive commission and the consumer pays the regular price, C. O. D.

Chicago Daily Socialist

Advertisement for Socialist Cigars: While Reading Socialist Literature. BARNEY BERLYN'S BEST. Includes a list of cigar prices.

Organized Working Women in Germany

BY HANS FEHLINGER. In the unions not affiliated to the Federation had on December 31, 1917, 15,152 female members, making a total of 163,111.

MARCH OF PERSIAN REVOLUTIONISTS



PERSIAN REVOLUTIONISTS IN TABIS, FOLLOWERS OF SATTAR KHAN

Sattar Khan, the revolutionary leader in Persia, has just been joined by the mountain bands from the Demavend and Astrabad regions and is now reported on good authority to be marching on Teheran to compel the shah to restore the constitution or else abdicate.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

"A COMPOSER WHO IS A WOMAN"

"When was there ever a woman composer?" Nobody in America need now ask that question. Every girl of this generation who ever studied music, from the child of eight to the staid nun in the convent, must have had in her heart one idol—Chaminade. And Chaminade, for the first time in her life, has visited the United States this winter.

TWO PROLETARIAN VIEWPOINTS

Smith and Brown are mechanics who work in the same shop, side by side. They both make the same wages, both live in rented houses, read the same capitalistic newspaper—and one of them reads another kind—each saves as little as the other, and, in fact, except for their individual methods of thinking, are very much alike.

fact they hold all their possessions to be the common property of their sect.

The change that has come over the Doukhobors is not due to the imprisonment of their crazy leaders but to the great influence over them of one man, Nastasia Verigine, who kept his head when most of the leaders were going crazy and giving the government no end of trouble.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Advertisement for Business Directory listing various services such as Lawyers, Opticians, Typewriters, and more. Includes names like Stedman & Solke, Carl Strover, and others.

Doukhobors in Canada

The last report of the Canadian Interior Department, just issued, gives an encouraging picture of the progress the Doukhobors are now making. It will be remembered that 9,000 of these Russian refugees found new homes in the Canadian Northwest eight years ago.

The Music Room at Dusk

Are there her songs that note by note Still drift like ghostly wisps Above the harp where ghosts of sound Still fret the haunted strings?

Chicago Women at Work

After their long rest the Socialist women of Chicago came together Monday evening for the first meeting of the year. The Woman's Branch, the Socialist Women's Committee, the Woman's Socialist League and party members not affiliated with special women's organizations, all united in an earnest, enthusiastic manner to plan for the women's meeting in the Garrick theater.

New Member of National Socialist Woman's Committee

The election of a new member to the National Socialist Woman's Committee to take the place of Marguerite Prevey, who resigned from the committee, has resulted in the election of Theresa Malkiel of Yonkers, New York. The Woman's committee is especially fortunate in the election of Mrs. Malkiel, who is both a Socialist and a member of the trade union movement.

For Home Dressmakers

Advertisement for a sewing pattern book titled 'LADIES NINE-OURED SKIRT'. It includes a drawing of a skirt and detailed instructions for making it, such as 'Made in sweep length and with an inverted plait or in habit style at the back'.

FOR SOCIALIST TOTS



A GEOGRAPHY LESSON FOR CHILDREN

(Grown-ups with neither time nor inclination for thinking are cautioned not to read it.) BY KITTIE SPARGUR HULSE. Hamilton, seeking Rachel, found her at the foot of the stairway leading to the rustic bridge, surrounded by a group of deeply interested children, and apparently engaged in the childish occupation of dipping water from a saucer with a spoon and pouring it back into the saucer.

The Giant

BY D. IRVING DIBSON. Draw ye closer to me, children, And a story I will tell Of a real living giant Who in Russia still doth dwell. There he dwells to eat his victims Who are children of the light, And he shoots them, burns and hangs them For their love and truth and right.

Organized Working Women in Germany

BY HANS FEHLINGER. A steady increase in the number of female workers in nearly every line of industry has been taking place in this country, and their competition with men growing; few skilled workmen can be sure that some years hence their skill may not be pitted against a woman plus a machine.

Table showing the number of women members and annual increase in Germany from 1900 to 1907. Columns include Year, Number of women members, and Annual increase in percentage.

Of the total membership of the federated unions the women represented in 1904, 3.4 per cent, in 1901 3.5 per cent, in 1902 3.5 per cent, in 1903-1904 4.8 per cent, in 1905 5.5 per cent, in 1906 7.0 per cent, and in 1907 7.3 per cent.

Big Money Here

We are now offering stock in a WHEAT BUYING AND SELLING COMPANY. Socialists, which by strictly scientific methods operate in the wheat market. No guesswork. No speculation.

A FINE PLAN TO HELP THE DAILY

Without the Outlay of One Cent Send orders for coal to Chicago Daily Socialist. We receive commission and the consumer pays the regular price.

Chicago Daily Socialist

Table listing prices for various goods such as Hocking Valley Lump, Brazo Block, Indiana Lump, etc. Includes prices per ton and per hundred.

SMOKE SOCIALIST CIGARS

While Reading Socialist Literature BARNEY BERLYN'S BEST Are now to be had at this office. A new ordering literature order a sample box of these cigars: Good Berlyn Cigars, Box of 25, 50c.

THE CHICAGO DAILY SOCIALIST

Entered as second-class matter Dec. 22, 1887, at P. O., Chicago, Ill., under act of March 3, 1879.
 Issued by the Workers' Publishing Society, 110-112 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.
 Business Telephone, Main 4418. Editorial Telephone, Main 3208.

The publication of a signed article does not mean endorsement by the Daily Socialist of opinions expressed therein. Include postage for return of unused manuscripts.

Russian "Justice"

The first condition of an extradition treaty is the existence of a system of trial for those extradited that assures some semblance of justice. The United States would not make an extradition treaty with some tribe of Soudanese savages.

A treaty is in the nature of a contract based upon something approaching uniformity in methods of criminal procedure. Now, while American courts leave much to be desired in their treatment of some alleged criminals (trade union officials, for example), yet there is nothing comparable to the conditions existing in Russia.

No other country claiming to be civilized would issue such an order as the "secret document" published in the Daily Socialist yesterday. This order placed the military above the civil authorities under all conditions. It provided that "all disorders should be immediately suppressed at first appearance of troops, regardless of the number or standing of the victims." The whole order breathes a spirit of ferocious barbarity that would disgrace any savage tribe.

The demand that every bullet must find a victim, and that commanding officers will be held to strict account if the number of killed and wounded does not equal the number of cartridges used stands unparalleled for bloodthirsty officialdom, save as it has been equaled in similar orders by the same authorities. It must be remembered that this order does not stand alone. Many similar ones have been secured by the revolutionists, with the same terrible demand of a victim for each bullet, and other details that almost stagger imagination.

The fact that such orders as these are still issued gives the lie to the claim made by the attorneys for Russia in the Rudowitz case that the revolution had been crushed two years ago. It also gives the lie to the claim that if Pouden and Rudowitz are sent back to Russia they will receive a "fair trial."

To send them back is simply to deliver them over to a firing squad with instructions to account for every bullet.

A country which maintains an extradition treaty with such a nation becomes an accomplice in its crime, is reduced to its barbaric level.

ABROGATE THAT TREATY.

Plans for the Future

The next four years will be historic ones in the progress of the Socialist movement. Never were such opportunities offered. Never were such duties imposed upon those who recognize those opportunities.

At the last meeting of the national executive committee of the Socialist party, this situation was the one important topic for consideration. It was generally felt that a thorough overhauling of the methods of propaganda, agitation, education and organization was desirable at this time with a view to ascertaining in what way, if any, these methods can be improved. After a discussion occupying the larger portion of two days it was decided that further consideration should precede any action. In the meantime, as has already been announced in the National Bulletin, the following subjects were assigned to the respective members of the committee for special investigation and report at the next meeting, to be held January 22d:

- John M. Work—"Organization."
 - Carl D. Thompson—"Study Courses in Socialism."
 - A. H. Floaten—"Conduct of Public Meetings."
 - Morris Hillquit—"Literature."
 - A. M. Simons—"The Socialist Press."
 - Victor L. Berger—"Trade Unions."
 - Carl D. Thompson—"Propaganda Among Farmers."
 - J. G. Phelps Stokes—"Campaign Methods."
- The Daily Socialist believes that the best thought of the entire Socialist party may well be devoted to these subjects during the few weeks that remain before the next meeting of the national executive committee. The better to secure the expression of this thought we invite our readers to send in communications, NOT TO EXCEED FIVE HUNDRED WORDS IN LENGTH, upon any ONE of these subjects. Longer articles will have small chance of publication. Shorter ones will be more desirable and effective. Anyone wishing to treat more than one subject can send additional letters, but do not attempt to write general treatises.
- What is wanted are short, effective suggestions drawn from personal observation or experience.
- The Daily Socialist will also discuss each of these subjects editorially. In so doing considerable use will be made of the facts and suggestions brought out in the consideration of these matters before the national executive committee. This, of course, does not imply that the committee in any way agreed upon anything that will be presented here, or that it is in any way responsible for statements made. A great many suggestions were presented for consideration, and some of these and such others as may occur will be offered for the wider consideration of the tens of thousands of readers of the Daily Socialist.

Every time the lid is pried off any portion of capitalism a stench arises. Just now noses are being held in the neighborhood of Pittsburgh. Before that it was Philadelphia and San Francisco and New York. Judging from the large number of samples the whole mess must be rotten.

If the Socialists were to insist on cutting off the connection which exists between the Standard Oil company and the Corn Products company they would be accused of "discouraging individual initiative."

In spite of all the hue and cry about a world-wide charity, less money has been contributed to the Italian earthquake sufferers than would build a modern warship.

Servia's parliament is known as the "Skupatchina."

The population of Canada is now about 6,500,000.

THE POOR, POOR OWNERS OF AMERICA

BY ROBERT HUNTER

Edward H. Harriman wrote a letter the other day to the American Mining Congress. He said "railroading is a poor business."

It was a kind of bread-line letter, appealing to the almsgiving instinct of the American people. He wants us to be more generous in our treatment of the railroads.

He thought freight charges ought to be increased, so that the railroads might yield a fair return to the men, women and children of this country whose savings are invested in that industry.

He thought the people desired to treat all interests fairly. And, in order to awaken sympathy, he almost admitted that the railroads were walking around on their uppers. "Even the farmers," think of it, he declared, "even the farmers make more than the transportation companies."

Well, now, Edward, let's talk this over a little. The people of the United States have been fairly generous to the railroads. For instance, they have given them over 200,000,000 acres of land. That amounts in acreage to more land than was included in all the thirteen original states.

We gave you as much land as we took from King George, and after giving it to you, you called it the savings of men, women and children invested in the railroads, and you made us, and now make us, pay interest on that.

Don't you think that a little grasping, Edward?

If that land had been given to farmers, 2,000,000 of them might have had a hundred acres each.

That is more farmers, in fact, than actually own 100 acres in this United States.

In other words, we were more friendly to the few thousand who own the railroads than to the several million who work for a living.

But, overlooking that little matter, let us figure out the comparative prosperity of the railroads and the farmers.

The United States census gives the value of all farm property in the country at \$20,000,000,000. Poor's Manual gives the value of all railway property at over \$17,000,000,000.

In other words, all of the farms, farm houses and barns, cattle, etc., in the country are worth little more than your precious railroads.

There are over ten million actual workers on the farms who toil day in and day out to make their property pay them even a bare living.

On the other hand, there are less than 200,000 stockholders, owning the railroads of the country, who do not toil to make their property yield them a living.

In other words, it appears that about 200,000 railroad owners own as much property as ten million farm workers.

Do you really believe then that farmers are more prosperous than the owners of the railroads?

There is some pretty poor farm property over the country, some very wretched houses in which hard working people live. The barns, roads, fences and bridges are in bad condition, and altogether the average farmer does not seem to be overly prosperous, while most of the stockholders in the railroads seem to be very prosperous, as many of them live in very handsome estates in the country.

The general impression seems to be that the owners of the railroads are doing fairly well, all things considered.

But let us look at facts again. Two hundred thousand stockholders in your railroads own about as much property as ten million farmers; but you say these stockholders only make 4 per cent on their property, while the farmers make 3 per cent.

Four per cent on the value of the railroads would mean roughly about \$700,000,000 a year.

The farmers, you say, make 3 per cent on their property, which means that they make \$1,800,000,000 a year.

In other words, 200,000 stockholders, doing nothing at all, make more than

one-third of all the farmers in the country, working all the time. To put it another way, 10,000,000 farm WORKERS on an average make \$180 a year clear, and 200,000 IDLERS on an average make \$3,600 a year clear.

And you must remember, Edward, that the 200,000 who own your railroads also own the coal, the oil, the sugar, the beef, the harvester and the other trusts. They not only make \$700,000,000 out of the railroads each year, but many, many more millions out of all other great industries each year also.

As a matter of fact, Edward, you know these figures as well as I do, but it seems that you prefer to beg for more rather than tell the truth.

You know that millions of workers in your industries, and millions more on the farms INVEST THEIR LIVES in producing wealth, while your stockholders invest only their savings, even when they do that.

Thirty or forty millions of workers in this country are now engaged investing their labor and their lives piling up untold riches for the 200,000 idlers whom you plead for.

And now you come to the workers and ask them to be more generous to the idlers? Doesn't that seem a bit queer?

As a matter of friendly advice, I would suggest, Edward, that you leave well enough alone. Too much begging might make you a suspicious character, and the people might some day seize you and make an examination of your pockets.

And if that day should ever arrive the thirty or forty millions might discover that they work and own next to nothing, and your 200,000 friends idle and own everything. And the people might get mad.

They might even utter some such Socialistic words as these: "Don't give another penny to those idlers and beggars. We're making paupers of them. Offer them work, and he who will not work, neither let him eat."

How would you like the millions who toil to say that to you and your 200,000 friends, as you now say it to them?

DUTY OF THE TRADE UNIONIST

BY W. H. WISNER, GENERAL ORGANIZER OF THE UNITED GARMENT WORKERS

We are engaged in a struggle for fair conditions for the workers. To better the condition of the workers is the sole aim and object of the trade union movement. With that object in view we have formed our voluntary associations, and we support them. But the mere payment of dues and upholding the hours and wages in our respective crafts does not make union men of us by any means. It is ridiculous to pay nine or twelve dollars per year toward the support of a labor organization, and then spend fifteen or twenty dollars a week to counteract the good accomplished by the organization. There is a far greater work for us to do. There are thousands of child slaves in the sweatshops of our great cities, in the mills, mines and factories in all sections of our country.

In every town we find the underpaid female worker, striving to keep body and soul together on the mere pittance accorded to her by some grasping slave driver, who seeks to coin gold out of the misery and suffering of his employees.

The sweatshop slave, working long hours in the vitiated atmosphere of the human rat hole he calls "home" and "shop," and which is made to serve in that dual capacity, joins the women workers and the child slave in a plea to you, for not sympathy, not charity, but for aid in securing justice, in restoring the God-given right of happy childhood, of blessed womanhood, and independent manhood to those who are

unjustly deprived of their rights, and coupled with their plea a dire menace is ringing in your ears.

Little ones of children four years of age and upward are toiling in the sardine canneries of Maine, in the so-called home workshops of our great cities, in our mills and factories everywhere.

I have seen boys eight years of age working twelve and one-half hours at night work. What kind of men and women do you think these children will be if they live to reach that state? Do you expect them to be well developed physically, morally or mentally, when you have deprived them of the right to that development?

I know of manufacturers who pay women as much as 24 cents per dozen for making shirts in the so-called home workshops. I have known women who worked from 5 a. m. till 7 p. m., six days of the week, and who have then received five dollars for their week's work. Do you expect women who work under such conditions to preserve sufficient morality to inculcate the principles of purity and right living to the rising generation? If you do, you are expecting too much.

The convicts in the prisons of nearly all the states are being used to further degrade the American worker. Only recently in Alabama they were used to break the strike of the Mine Workers. Before proceeding to condemn Alabama too strongly, let us look around home. Here in Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Indiana and Maryland they have been used for

years to drag down the molder, the garment worker, the cigar maker and the stonecutter. These states are not alone in that nefarious practice. Only three states of this union are free from that blot. The advocates of that system claim that they are reducing taxation by continuing it. And every taxpayer in Pennsylvania, is being taxed to supply some manufacturer with cheap labor, free rent, free power, free machinery and exemption from taxation. Manufacturers employing free labor in this state are being taxed to provide their business rivals with all the accessories to successfully compete with them. The remedy for these conditions is in your hands. Will you use it? If you persistently refuse to purchase articles produced under these conditions you will put an end to these conditions.

Your only safeguard against the unfair labor conditions and against the disease breeding product of the sweatshop is in insisting on the union label on every article you purchase. Whenever you purchase an article without the union label, you are helping the oppressors of labor. When you insist on the union label on your purchases you are doing your part toward making this world a better place to live in than you found it.

No labor organization will permit its label to be used on the product of any manufacturer unless all of his product is made in clean, sanitary workshops, fairly paid adult labor and with equal pay for equal work to both sexes.

THE CANNY SOOT

Scotsmen are noted for their cannyness, and a story told by a Lancashire commercial traveler, who was up in Aberdeen a few days ago, shows that the men of the Tweed are still worthily upholding their reputation. The traveler in question was asked by a prospective buyer to subscribe to the prize fund for the local golf tournament.

He parted with five shillings, and as he was interested in golf he remarked that he would like to be kept informed of the progress of the tournament, so that he could look out for the result.

"Oh," said the cinner, as he picked up the five shillings and placed it securely in his pocket, "ye neednae do that. The tournament was held last Saturday."

This was rather a staggerer for the latest contributor to the prize fund, but he retained curiously enough to inquire who had proved the happy winner.

The guileless solicitor for subscriptions was quite undaunted, however. "The winner?" he said, coolly. "Oh, just mae!"

Announced by the Chairman. Last winter a gentleman was advertised to sing at a charity concert in an English town, presided over by a local city councillor, a self-made man. The first song was "The Owl" (Stephen Adams). On rising to announce it the chairman was informed that the singer had not arrived. A fact that he duly notified to the audience.

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X-RAYS

BY JOHN M. WORK

The capitalists grab at every cent in sight. They get men to work for them at the lowest possible wages, without regard to the comfort or welfare of the men and their families. They frequently compel their employees to work in vile and unhealthy quarters where their lives are threatened by disease and their wives and children sometimes lose their only support from that cause. They employ women and children and press them through the same process of dehumanization. They build hovels and tenement houses in the most undesirable places and rent them to the workers. They take care not to have these hovels and tenements too close to their own mansions on the broad and beautiful avenues. They do not want to defile themselves by too close contiguity with people who earn an honest living. They contribute to the campaign funds of all political parties that will accept their bribes. They influence legislators with money, flattery, intimidation or perquisites, and get passed such laws as are in their interest and rejected such as are not. They treat poor men as inferiors and regard themselves as the lords of creation. Besides hiring the shrewdest lawyers in the land, they bring extraneous influences to bear upon the courts, and they rarely fail to get the decisions they want. They unconcernedly indulge in extravagant luxury and vain ostentation, while men and women and children with human hearts and souls and feelings and longings actually die of starvation, and while millions of others live upon the ragged edge of poverty, destitute of all the refining and ennobling influences of life.

They do all these things because they have the power. They have the power to do them because they own the industries which the workers have to use in order to live.

The remedy is the collective ownership and operation of the industries. And that is Socialism.

But we cannot blame the capitalists. They monopolize the good things because we permit them to do so.

Private ownership of the industries enables them to hold possession of the capital of the country and wrest from the toiler most of the value of his labor.

Whenever we see fit to abolish private ownership of the industries, that exploitation will cease. We will get the full value of our labor. We will guarantee ourselves a chance to earn a living. Involuntary poverty will be a thing of the past.

We have only ourselves to blame. If we lived in a country where the workman had no vote, it might be otherwise. But in this country the average workman has as many votes as a capitalist. The workmen can bring exploitation and poverty and economic uncertainty to an end whenever they wish. They can do it by voting for the collective ownership of the exploiting industries; by voting the Socialist ticket.

If you don't vote the Socialist ticket, quit growling. You are getting what you voted for.

MARK A. FOOTE, "ARBITER OF INTERNATIONAL LAW"

BY F. SCHOLL

"Say," shouted the Syracuse Kid, "follow members of the Hinky Dink Bar association, I propound to you a problem of weight. Here you and I have been riding on engine pilots and blind baggages, and have been behind the bars in many comfortable and uncomfortable jails. (Loud applause.) I lament the wasted years. You will lament and cry over the time you have wasted and the beer you have spilled when I tell you what I have in my mind." (Groans of "This ain't no mission.")

"Follow members of the bar, during that time we might have been United States commissioners, with our names in the public prints and on the treasury records of the noble Russian czar. (Cheers.)

"Any enterprising young man can start as elevator boy or janitor in a federal building. Some day you step on a senator's feet and make a clever retort. Then you carry a precinct. Soon they send you to the eighth floor, where the good political workers are, and maybe you get to be a clerk and carry law books and absorb law, just by rubbing the book covers with your fingers.

"Then your boss dies and you step into the judicial, or near-judicial, ermine. Then you sit and look wise and make a noise like a real lawyer or judge. (Cries of "Stop your kidding!")

"Say, you fellows," said the Syracuse Kid, "look at Mark A. Foote. Why he ain't even a member of Hinky Dink's Bar association. He never injured his fine, native intellect by acquiring a legal education. Not he. He was a clerk and thumbed law books and had the habit of looking wise, and he got the job. It's a good one at that. There is no reason why me and you can't get it."

"He could no more sit on the bench at the Harrison street station and send any of us to 'str' as 'vags' than me or you could. His specialty is international law. When he gets a great criminal lawyer and a university professor who drafts treaties as a pastime, why then Mark A. Foote is just shined. He thinks of dear, good, old, kind Nicholas over there in Russia, and utterly unmindful that his foe depends on pleasing that gentle monarch, he just throws it into that array of legal talent. Why he just shows them that any court clerk knows more than men who have given their lives to the study of law. It's just inspiring to see his judicial eye flash and his mustache curl at them.

"The way he looks wise would shame any owl with a conscience.

"So, fellows, from now on go around and if possible hunt in the rotunda of the federal building and you will find a job there. If there is no janitor's place vacant, they may put you on the bench or anywhere else in the building, providing you have the Hinky Dink Bar association behind you. It matters not if you are able to read or write, just so long as you give the 'right' decisions." (Cries of "Send the Syracuse Kid to congress.")

OUT OF THE DESERT

BY W. B. NICKERSON

The mountains of the west have blotched out a crescent moon and a glittering sky stretches over the desert. Off in the south gleam the lights of Colorado Springs, and except when furious winds sweep down off the Rampart range, tearing at my door and rattling my windows, filling the air with dust and gravel, it is very still.

The telegraph sounds clicks at intervals and a call comes over the 'phone from a desert "starve-out" to block for 11 or clear 32.

The night wears away and light breaks over the desert horizon in the east, and in the west the bald summits of the Rockies flush with the sunrise glow for a few moments, then grow commonplace and ugly.

Miles of fine, broad streets lined with prosperous-looking residences of the recent architectural type extend out from Colorado Springs and end abruptly in the desert.

One notes the broad porches, screened from the northwest winds, and upper porches, used for sleeping purposes in the summer. Even now in December in the bright sunshine of these clear days it is not unpleasant on the porches.

Notwithstanding the sunshine and fine clear weather, one is surprised to find much mental depression here. In the ten days I have been here there have been three suicides, not due to dependency over ill-health. One was that of a young girl out of work and out of money.

With all the apparent prosperity evidenced in these pretentious homes I am told by one in a position to know that many people are losing their property by foreclosure on all sides, and other wage earners, are paying from 15 to 25 per cent per month on loans, with no hope of relief ahead. This man tells me that more than half his time in his office is taken up by people in dire want, asking for help to assist them over some impending disaster, either threats of loan sharks or dispossession of property.

It is the old heart-breaking tale everywhere. From mountain gulches, from the plains of Kansas, from the fertile valleys of Iowa and Illinois, and from the cities, the wail of a people oppressed past endurance by a competitive system that has failed utterly to work out anything but universal disaster, suffering and death.

In the northern part of India sheep are used as beasts of burden.

The average number of Alpine accidents has trebled in fifteen years.

The goals of life are rarely reached; The hopes of life are vain. I set about to get a watch And only got a chain. —Browning's Magazine

We should just now lay special stress on the fact that Socialism offers us a more forceful and a more effective remedy, and the dissolution of our civilization need not be involved in its application, but only Mr. Hubbard's conception of what constitutes our civilization—the divinely ordained powers that now oppress us and which deny us the right of free speech and free assembly in Colorado.

Some New Books

Socialism and the Family. By H. G. Wells. The Ball Publishing Company, cloth, 68 pp., 50 cents, net. For sale by Daily Socialist.

The new convert to Socialism often thinks he has just "discovered" it and proceeds to "improve" it. Old Socialists recognize these symptoms and know that they will in the majority of cases, soon disappear. They have lasted longer than is common with H. G. Wells. He is still "discovering" and "reforming" Socialism. In this essay he thinks it necessary to constantly sneer at the Socialists who came before him and from whom he gets his ideas, and to explain how outgrown they are. Having done this he proceeds to elaborate his own new and original ideas and, lo and behold, he says nothing that cannot be found in that first and most orthodox of Socialist publications the "Communist Manifesto." If he had left out his sneering and his cheap attempt to show his own originality he would have produced a much better book. As it is he has written in excellent and entertaining literary style about the best thing that has been said on the subject of Socialism and the family. He shows that the present family is in process of disintegration, that the relationship has been commercialized, that because of "race suicide" it is falling to perform even its biological function of race continuance, and that all this is due, not to any attack upon the family by Socialists, but to the inherent character of capitalism.

Of the Socialist positive proposals he says: "Socialism . . . propose to raise women to an equal citizenship with men. It proposes to give a man no more property than a woman has in a man. To stupid people who cannot see the difference between a woman and a thing, the abolition of the private ownership of women takes the form of having 'wives in common' and suggests the Corroboree. It is obviously nothing of the sort. It is the recognition in theory of what in many cases is already the fact—the practical equality of men and women in a civilized state. It is quite compatible with a marriage contract of far greater stringency than that recognized throughout Christendom today."

He further suggests that the mother be paid for each of the children she brings into the world, sufficient to maintain them. "So the monstrous absurdity of women discharging their supreme social function, bearing and rearing children in their spare time, as it were, while they earn their living by contributing some half mechanical element to some trivial industrial product, will disappear."

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Scotsmen are noted for their cannyness, and a story told by a Lancashire commercial traveler, who was up in Aberdeen a few days ago, shows that the men of the Tweed are still worthily upholding their reputation. The traveler in question was asked by a prospective buyer to subscribe to the prize fund for the local golf tournament.

He parted with five shillings, and as he was interested in golf he remarked that he would like to be kept informed of the progress of the tournament, so that he could look out for the result.

"Oh," said the cinner, as he picked up the five shillings and placed it securely in his pocket, "ye neednae do that. The tournament was held last Saturday."

This was rather a staggerer for the latest contributor to the prize fund, but he retained curiously enough to inquire who had proved the happy winner.

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When on parade the people think He is a millionaire. But things look different in his room Could they but see him there. —Baltimore American

Servia's parliament is known as the "Skupatchina."

The population of Canada is now about 6,500,000.

IF THEY ONLY KNEW

"My dear," said young McBride to his wife, "when I come home, you know, I always kiss you."
 "Certainly love. That is a proper way to show your affection."
 "Exactly. Now, when I come home and there happens to be a lady here calling upon you, am I to kiss you before her?"
 "Mr. McBride," interrupted the gentleman's wife, sternly, "you are not to kiss the other lady at all. I never heard of such a thing."
 "Who said anything about kissing the other lady, I should like to know?"
 "I didn't."
 "Didn't."
 "Didn't."
 "What did you say, then?"
 "I wanted to know if I ought to kiss you in the presence of the other lady."
 "Then why didn't you say so?"
 "I did."
 "Didn't."
 "Didn't."
 "What did I say, then?"
 "You wanted to know if you were to kiss me before the other lady, and I said you weren't to kiss the other lady at all."
 "Oh, well, let's kiss each other."
 And here ended the first quarrel.

BEGINNING THE QUARREL

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DISILLUSIONMENT

The goals of life are rarely reached; The hopes of life are vain. I set about to get a watch And only got a chain. —Browning's Magazine

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