

TREASURY HAS LARGEST DEFICIT

Not Since Days of the War Has It Been So Low; Financial Review

BY MAY WOOD-SIMONS

The treasury deficit for November is \$9,215,000 and for the fiscal year from July 1 to December 10 is \$58,835,568, and it is estimated that the treasury that the deficit for the whole fiscal year ending June 30, 1909, will not fall below \$115,000,000, which will be the largest deficit ever incurred since the days of the civil war.

There are only two ways before congress in which the deficit may be overcome; one is by increasing revenue and the other by decreasing expenditure.

Gradual Tightening Down In nearly every line of industry there are signs of a gradual tightening down that would indicate that practically no improvement can be looked for from three to six months.

Whether the cause, and wherever the responsibility, the railroads have been purchasing rather less since the election than they did before. Rail orders have been negligible and orders for cars practically so.

Decrease in Railroad Earnings Railroad earnings may be the explanation of this condition. In the fourth week of November the gross earnings of twenty-five railroads, as reported by the Wall Street Journal, are \$11,205,524, a decrease of \$282,357, or 2.4 per cent from the same week of 1907, when the country was already in the midst of the panic.

For the month of November the gross of the twenty-five roads was \$38,132,723, a decrease of \$271,691, or 0.7 per cent from October, 1907.

Improvement Seen Disappears President Bedford of the Corn Products Refining company, and a director of the Standard Oil company, says: "The improvement in business we observed several weeks ago has entirely disappeared. November was the worst month we ever had, and December was no better."

The American Car and Foundry company reports that its net earnings for the quarter ended October 31 aggregate \$694,000, against \$2,775,000 for the same period last year.

Iron Ore Shipments Iron ore shipments from the Lake Superior district this year will aggregate a total of about 26,000,000 tons, which is an increase of 8,400 tons, or 32.5 per cent, over the same period last year.

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HAFT ELECTS A NEW PRESIDENT Port au Prince, Haiti, Dec. 18.—Gen. Antoine Simon, the leader of the revolution in Haiti that resulted in the flight of President Nord Alexis from the capital, and who made his triumphant entry into Port au Prince eleven days ago, was unanimously elected president of the republic by the Haitian congress yesterday.

REBATE SOARS CAUSES OIL OFFICIAL TO GIVE UP \$9.90 Minnesota, Dec. 18.—"Rebate" has such a terror striking sound to Standard Oil officials that they simply refuse to take money when it is thrust upon them.

Electricity Copper Declines Sales of electrolytic copper were made this week as low as 14 1/2 cents a pound, a decline from the recent current selling price. The demand continues light and no large buying is anticipated this week.

ALADDIN AND HIS WONDERFUL LAMP



TRUSTS' AID AT HELM OF STATE

Philander C. Knox, Big Corporation Lawyer to Succeed Secretary Root

Washington, D. C., Dec. 18.—The great family of corporation lawyers is not to lose the secretaryship of state. It is to pass from one corporation lawyer, Elihu Root, to another corporation lawyer, Philander C. Knox. It is stated here that Mr. Taft has tendered Knox the position of Secretary of State in his tentative cabinet, and that Knox has decided to resign his seat in the senate in order to accept the place.

Started as District Attorney From this time on until 1906, when he entered President McKinley's cabinet, he was one of the most noted corporation lawyers in Pittsburgh. Senator Knox began his cabinet career under President McKinley, shortly before the latter was assassinated, having been drafted to fill the place of John William Griggs of New Jersey, resigned. With the accession of President Roosevelt to the White House he was chosen to continue in the cabinet his appointment being confirmed by the senate Dec. 15, 1901. He resigned the attorney generalship June 30, 1904, to accept his Pennsylvania senatorship appointment, which was tendered by the senate, left vacant by the death of Matthew S. Quay, Dec. 6, 1904, and is at present serving in the senate and is at present serving a term which expires in March, 1911.

Knox's Professional Career Philander Chase Knox was born at Brownsville, Pa., May 6, 1853. He graduated from Mount Vernon college, Ohio, in 1872, and subsequently took the degree of LL. D. at the University of Pennsylvania in 1905 and at Yale in 1907. His career at the bar began in 1875. He became assistant United States district attorney for the western district of Pennsylvania in 1876 and held it for a year. He then entered the practice of law, in which he was engaged constantly until his selection as attorney general by President McKinley during the early months of his second term, which was interrupted by his death.

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DULUTH SOCIALISTS WAR ON RED LIGHT DISTRICT

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) Duluth, Minn., Dec. 18.—War has been declared by citizens of this city living in the neighborhood of St. Croix avenue against the "Red Light" district that has settled there. Meetings have been held, and the result is the adoption of a set of resolutions protesting against the dives. These resolutions will be handed to the mayor of Duluth at an early date.

STUDENTS RISE TO AID REFUGEE BODIES IN AMERICAN INSTITUTIONS ARE ORGANIZING TO DEFEND RUDOWITZ

USE THE PETITION On page 4 of this issue of the Daily Socialist will be found the official petition of the defense league. Add the name of your school, college, seminary or university to it as possible.

CONFETTI BOMBS USED IN ATTACK Roy Knabenshue, in Airship, Blows Up Los Angeles With Paper Explosives

Los Angeles, Dec. 18.—That a fleet of airships in time of war could work incalculable damage to the enemy's country was demonstrated last night, when Roy Knabenshue, the aeronaut, "attacked" Los Angeles in his airship and demonstrated how easily it would be for a hostile air craft to wreck this city or any other in the country.

Bombs Are "Death Dealing" Knabenshue was armed with bomb-paper bags full of confetti—which he dropped on the heads of the thousands peering through the darkness. Only once was his presence made known before the bombs were exploded on the crowds about the city hall.

First Bomb Near City Hall The start from Chutes park was made shortly after 10 o'clock. The big airship sailed easily away and was lost in the darkness. A heavy wind was blowing and rain was threatening. The darkness made the night an ideal one for the attack. About twenty minutes after the start was made the first bomb was dropped near the city hall.

As Innocent as Washington The faculty at Illinois is as determined as the students. Prof. E. J. Wiley, speaking of the matter today, said: "Rudowitz is no more guilty than George Washington and all our revolutionary forefathers. It is the duty of every student in this university, of every student in every institution of learning in America, every citizen in the United States, to see that justice is done in this case."

THIRTY SPEAKERS FOR RUDOWITZ Committee Meets at Hull House and Lists That Number The speakers and halls committee of the Political Refugee Defense League met last night at Hull House and listed thirty speakers for use at the various meetings to be arranged for during the winter.

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The student bodies in the colleges and universities of America are organizing in defense of Christian Ansoff Rudowitz. The lead was taken yesterday by the students of the university of Illinois, assisted by members of the faculty.

Announcement was made at chapel and in the class rooms that a mass meeting of the students and faculty would be held on Friday night in the university auditorium for the purpose of preparing an appeal to the president in behalf of Rudowitz, and a call to be sent to the student bodies of every school, college, seminary and university in the country, calling for a national college organization to take up the fight at once.

Students Criticize Decision The decision of United States Commissioner Mark A. Foote is severely criticized by the students and faculty of the Illinois university, as well as by the people of Chicago and Urbana.

The initial step toward student organization was taken by the Cosmopolitan club, a club which has both faculty members and students on its rolls and which has organizations in nearly every large university and college in the country. A call has already been sent out from Urbana to the Cosmopolitan clubs. This call is in advance of the general call to all student bodies, which is sent out on Friday night.

Petition to Roosevelt The petition to the president, prepared by the Political Refugee Defense League of America, will be endorsed at tomorrow night's meeting and the signatures of practically the entire student body and faculty will be appended to the petition at this meeting.

Each college fraternity, each debating society, each literary society or social club will prepare appeals to be sent to the living alumni of those organizations. These alumni organizations are expected to affiliate with the students in bringing pressure to bear on the president on behalf of Rudowitz.

As Innocent as Washington The faculty at Illinois is as determined as the students. Prof. E. J. Wiley, speaking of the matter today, said: "Rudowitz is no more guilty than George Washington and all our revolutionary forefathers. It is the duty of every student in this university, of every student in every institution of learning in America, every citizen in the United States, to see that justice is done in this case."

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NEW PEON WITNESSES TO SEAL GLUCOSE MEN'S FATE

Publicity Caused by Federal Inquiry Stirs Up a Veritable Hornet's Nest

GRAND JURY BUSY TODAY

Body Is Told of Conditions of Slavery Inside Stockade at Argo, Ill.

CAN YOU HELP?

All those who have direct evidence as to peonage at Argo are requested to communicate with the Daily Socialist or directly with the district attorney's office in the Federal building. The evidence must be either personal experience or the things which were seen to happen to men whom the person giving the evidence can name.

A grand jury probe which will result in indictments that will stagger the financial world of Chicago and New York will begin this afternoon at 2 o'clock, when the peonage case against the Pattee-Truitt Commissary company, agents of the Corn Products Refining company—the International Glucose trust—will be laid before a federal grand jury by Assistant District Attorney Childs and Legg. Childs was of counsel to the government in the famous case as the result of which the Standard Oil company was fined \$29,000,000 for rebating.

A United States deputy marshal left the federal building shortly after noon today to serve subpoenas against the timekeeper now on duty, the chief clerk and others at Argo. These men will be brought before the grand jury this afternoon at 2 o'clock in the afternoon in the office of the Pattee-Truitt Commissary company at Argo.

New Witnesses Appear The publicity given the crusade against the Corn Products Refining company resulted this morning in flooding the offices of the secret agents of the government with a corps of additional witnesses.

State Deputy Marshals were kept busy serving the extra subpoenas which were issued when new witnesses made important statements to Special Agent Hobbs, whose activity on behalf of the government has made the grand jury probe possible. One of the little rooms of the secret service division of the department of justice was kept continually busy and was filled with witnesses.

So large did the bulk of this new testimony become that it was found necessary to continue the hearing before the grand jury from 9 o'clock this morning until 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Important testimony was taken of the shipment of carpenters from the city of Louisville under alleged false promises.

To Conf. with Bonaparte Great activity was evidenced in the district attorney's office all morning and until the opening of the grand jury this afternoon. District Attorney Conner with Attorney General Bonaparte at Washington on the Argo case.

Indictments are secured this afternoon, and the evidence seems conclusive. The government will push the case in the government service and in no start the work has been aided by the very best men at the command of the department of justice. Hobbs is an agent of over twenty years' experience in the government service and is not a man likely to be fooled by weak evidence. Statements have been taken in his presence and strict attention paid to the rules of evidence. This matter in documentary form and covering over forty closely typewritten pages, has been turned over to the office of the district attorney.

A Mass of Evidence It will be taken before the grand jury this afternoon and a mass of evidence covering the points given in the Daily Socialist yesterday and this morning will be presented to the grand jury as the basis for true bills against the responsible persons.

The evidence points the finger of responsibility at H. A. Bishop, George E. Chamberlain and the members of the Pattee-Truitt Commissary Co.

Forecast Made Up from Statements in the Daily Socialist Office The federal grand jury is today considering the peonage evidence against the persons which are connected with the erection of the plant of the Corn Products Manufacturing company at Argo. All this evidence, in the form of the original statements, as in the hands of the Daily Socialist. Under agreement with the federal authorities, however, the Daily is bound to withhold the witnesses' names. The following forecast of this evidence is made up from the above mentioned statements:

One witness will testify that men who were indebted to the Pattee-Truitt Commissary company were not allowed to leave the stockade till their indebtedness was liquidated. He will say that the guards at the gate were furnished with a list which gave the numbers of the late arrivals who were consequently in arrears on the payment of their employment fee. This witness held a responsible position at the plant. He will state that the food furnished to the men at the \$5 a week table occupied by the laborers was unfit to eat. He will state that he personally boarded at a better table and that he knew Chamberlain and Bishop personally and that he went to Chamberlain and told him that the living conditions at

the plant were inhuman, and the food vile. Chamberlain took little or no notice of this complaint. Dig Way to Liberty Another witness will testify that he saw men who had been refused permission to leave the plant digging under the fence, and that they were crawling out. Other witnesses will bear this man out in his statement. Another witness will state that he arrived one night about 5 o'clock and, finding out what the conditions were, determined to leave. He tried to leave at the gate the next morning. He was refused. He waited till evening and then climbed the fence, at a point where it had been informed the wire had been cut. He will state that some man with "wire cutters" had severed the barbed wire in several places and that this knowledge was passed from man to man in the laborers' gangs. He will say that the information was used in aiding some to escape. He will say that some man left a ladder in one corner of the stockade and that this ladder aided many men to climb to liberty. Another witness will testify that he was told that he was in debt to the company and that he could not leave the plant, and that he with several others climbed the fence. Food Makes Men Sick Another witness will say that the food furnished at the plant was of a wretched quality and that men became sick after eating it for some time. He stated that the sanitary arrangements were bad and that the guards were often brutal. Other witnesses will tell of the brutality of the guards who are acting under the orders of Alvin Flynn, thought to be a relic of the "exposed" men, under the leadership of Gov. Folk, then district attorney, which sent several prominent men abroad and placed several aldermen under sentence. Under the order of the crumbling fortress which followed Folk's activity it is said Flynn left St. Louis for healthier climes. He was later a house detective, then did some work for a government until 2 o'clock in the afternoon till his St. Louis record was brought to light, and was dropped suddenly from the government payroll. Man Brutally Clubbed A witness will say that he saw a man brutally clubbed. Another witness will tell the grand jury that hundreds of men escaped from the conditions of peonage by climbing over the fence and braving the barbed wire entanglements. A witness will tell that there was a list kept in the commissary store giving the names of men in debt to the commissary company and that these men were not allowed to leave the grounds till this debt was liquidated out of the men's pay. Another witness, if asked, will say that the doctor in attendance at the plant was there only one hour a day and that the rest of the time there was a young assistant. That this assistant was the only medical man in a camp where nearly 2,000 men were employed. The statement will be made that for these medical services each man at the plant paid 40 cents a month and that some of these men when sick were sent to the county hospital for free treatment. Did Not Know of Fee Another witness will testify that he was employed at the plant and was not informed till he had passed the gates of the stockade that he was indebted for the payment of a \$2 fee. He found this out when he tried to leave. He was prevented by a guard and later climbed over the fence. Many of the witnesses will state to the grand jury that they had not been informed of the required payment of a fee till they found themselves behind the stockade at Argo. Some had only learned it on their determination and attempt to leave, when they were informed that they were not to leave the plant. Others will testify that there was a bulletin board which showed the numbers of such men as were square with the company and those who were not. This information was used as a basis for allowing or not allowing men to leave the plant gates. A pass is presented in evidence which reads: Lake Construction Company; Pass bearer through the gate; and return; Pattee-Truitt Com. Co.

Witnesses to the number of twenty were scheduled to appear before the grand jury and give clear and direct legal evidence of the existence of peonage. Washington, D. C., Dec. 18.—Something of a flurry was caused in diplomatic circles yesterday over reports that Venezuela had declared war against Holland. The reports had their foundation in the dispatch which came to the state department from Caracas, saying that the government had declared a state of war. It was soon pointed out, however, that this announcement was based on Vice President Gomez's declaration that the country is in a state of defense because of Holland's act in seizing the coast guardship Alexia. Officials interested in the situation proposed to see an act of difference between a "state of war" and a "state of defense," taking the position that it is a case of "distinction without a difference." A renewal of the demonstration against the administration of President Castro would not be surprising to the state department. Skeptical About Outbreak Berlin, Dec. 18.—The members of the entourage of President Castro of Venezuela, who has been in Berlin for several days, still maintain an attitude of skepticism regarding the outbreak at Caracas against the president. Maracaibo Angry at Holland Willemstad, Caracas, Dec. 18.—According to letters just received from Maracaibo there was a demonstration in that city three days ago against Holland. The members of the city council were supported by a big crowd. All the stores belonging to Germans in Maracaibo have been closed. U. S. Fleet Explores Philippines Manila, Dec. 18.—The Asiatic fleet, commanded by Rear Admiral Giles B. Harber, sailed today on a cruise among the southern islands of the Philippines. It will return January 3.

Feast of Champagne and Chicken Given Newspaper Reporters at Argo

Beaming, in spite of the fact that he is under the fear of a federal indictment, H. A. Bishop, manager of the Lake Construction company, one of the concerns involved in the charges of peonage, played the host to eight newspaper men at the plant in Argo last night. After an elaborate dinner, during which champagne flowed and thick juicy steaks and roast chicken vied to tempt the palate, Bishop showed the newspaper men those parts of the plant which he wished them to see.

'MODEL PLANT' EXHIBITED

With great volubility he told of the various model features and invited commendation on the conditions presented to view. He pointed to the high fence surmounted by barbed wire and he said that it was for the purpose of defending the company's property from theft. Flashed with the cheering champagne, eight bottles of which were opened, according to one present, Bishop lost all sight of the fact that the very appearance of the fence showed that it was made to keep men in confinement.

Shows Beauties of Plant

In the most ingenious and engaging manner he told of the many beauties of the plant. He led the newspaper men down Chamberlain and Flynn avenues. He showed the men the double rows of bunk houses and impressed them with the "fact" that everything had been maligned by the investigators for the government.

Bishop was not kind enough to invite "the Daily Socialist" representative to the champagne feast. It was awfully impolite of him not to do so. After all the places he had taken the newspaper men to the grand jury, Bishop should have known that.

GLUCOSE MEN SQUIRM IN VAIN Facing Penitentiary, Officials Enter Only General Denials

On the files of Attorney General Bonaparte in Washington, credit is given to the Daily Socialist for calling the attention of the district attorney's office definitely to the conditions at Argo. Defiant at first, the officials on the job at Argo are falling all over themselves to make sweeping denial of the charges.

Under a law of indictment for violation of a law whose infraction means one to five years in the penitentiary or a fine of \$1,000 to \$5,000, or both, these officials are putting general denials against the clear and specific evidence which has gone before the federal grand jury. They are stating that the food on which men contracted dysentery and cholera is healthy.

Inspectors Were Fooled

They are stating that they opened their gates to the inspectors from the state board of health, from the Illinois Free Employment office and from the office of the state food commissioner. These company officials charge a labor union conspiracy and tell of the model open shop they ran. They even say that they received the O. K. of the men who investigated the plant. They state that the district attorney's men are invited to visit the plant now and see if the conditions are as stated. While the state officials were caught off their guard, because their visit had been tipped off to the company, and "found" that conditions were all right, as the company officials say, the district attorney's office did not announce its investigation beforehand and so got the goods.

VENEZUELA IS TO FIGHT HOLLAND

The investigation was not known to the officials at Argo for some time after there was evidence in hand which convinced the United States department of justice, on the word of trained secret service men and practical attorneys, that there was a clear case. The investigation became known to the people at Argo. It is thought, through the efforts of a man who presented himself as a witness and who told a story which could seem to indicate that he was bonafide. Proof, however, is in the hands of the investigators that this man was an informant.

Regular Penitentiary

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Manager Bishop Shows the Press Men Just What He Wants Them to See

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Skeptical About Outbreak

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INDIA PATRIOTS AS 'ANARCHISTS'

English Papers in India Construe Simple Accidents Into Outrages

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) Calcutta, Dec. 18.—The English in India are still "feeling things." Among the things which they are "feeling" is "anarchy and sedition" in the movement for local self government in India.

"Terrible Bomb" Outrage? The authorities circulated a story to the effect that there had been a "terrible bomb" outrage and assassination, which turned out to be nothing more nor less than a citizen dozing in his hammock was struck in the head by a stone thrown by a small boy in the street.

"Another daring outrage by the political desperadoes who have of late been so much before the public is reported. It is evident that every effort is being made to silence, either by terror or death, the witnesses in the various state trials now going on. One of the witnesses for the Crown at All-India was Chandra Das. Recently he might some person or persons who went to his house in Cornwallis street. The would-be assassin was armed with a dagger with which he meant to put Das out of the way. The first man who came out of the house door received the weapon in his chest. This was not Sarat Das, but a relative of Das, who was living in the house. The man now lies in a serious condition."

Ridiculous Story Discredited. This account was so ridiculous that even the Empire, which is a government sheet, was compelled to print the facts in the case, which were as follows:

"On the 29th October Hemendro Kripto Roy, a mica engineer, an utter stranger to Calcutta, came from up country and set up with Suresh Chandra Das of Calcutta police at No. 1 Rajbari lane. While he was having his afternoon nap in an open window about 3 p. m. in the same day he was struck by a stone suddenly thrown by some one of the boys playing in the street. On being struck Hemendro fell on the floor bleeding, and was taken to the thana and thence to the hospital, where, on his wounds being dressed, he was immediately discharged."

PAVEMENT RULE ENFORCED ONLY WITH SMALL OWNERS? Complaint is made that the sidewalk ordinance passed a few years ago concerning old wooden sidewalks and compelling people to lay stone or cement walks upon their property has inflicted a great hardship upon poor workmen, while certain corporations are allowed to do as they please.

The official in charge of the sidewalk department at the city hall says that most freight sheds and warehouses have wooden platforms or walks around them, as stone or cement is too solid for dumping heavy freight upon, and that the place mentioned has had several new walks in the last few years. He says that nothing but the heaviest material is allowed in the walk there. He refers the Daily Socialist informant to the figures showing that in a city where the sidewalks are more than a contractor would charge, claiming that the city does better and cheaper work.

Additional Subsidy Provided. In addition to this special subsidy of 10,000 francs, an additional subsidy of 1,000 francs, to be divided on a proportional basis by the city and administered by the city itself, is set aside for charitable organizations which maintain special bureaus for the assistance of unions.

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HAMMERSTEIN CALLS IT HIS "TEMPERAMENT"



Miss Frances Lee, the beautiful and ambitious young woman who accuses Oscar Hammerstein, the noted impresario, of failing to keep an alleged contract to make her a grand opera star, has revived her case and sued Hammerstein for \$100,000 damages. She has produced some tender letters which she alleges the manager wrote to her during the years they were on friendly

terms and while, according to her position, she was firmly and fondly believing that some day she would outshine Melba, Lahti or any of the world famous prima donnas attached to Mr. Hammerstein's opera staff. Hammerstein, who possesses a rare sense of humor, frankly says he was very fond of Miss Lee and that the letters were only the expressions of his temperamental nature.

Belgian Unions Given Subsidy. Liege Makes a Progressive Move to Aid Industrial Organizations of City

(SPECIAL TO THE DAILY SOCIALIST.) Liege, Dec. 17.—On motion of Seliger, Socialist, an annual subsidy of 10,000 francs has been voted to the labor unions which maintain benefit societies in conjunction with the unions. This annual subsidy is to assist the unions in caring for their unemployed members during the winter.

Appointment of Subsidy. The subsidy is to be apportioned as follows: Six thousand francs to be equally divided among all the societies which have benefits.

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SENATE LETS GO HOT POKER END

Has Ordered Air Information About Panama Scandal Returned Unread

Washington, D. C., Dec. 18.—The senate has just given a beautiful exhibition of the gentle art of letting go of the hot end of a poker. It has ordered all the information concerning the Panama situation to be sent back to the various departments whence it came without even giving it a cursory glance. A few days ago the senate thought that it wanted to know something about Panama. It was quite certain that Panama was a scandal. It demanded information both by question and, through the undercurrents which reach the press, by indirection.

Get Information Desired. It got the information desired and it got it hot of the griddle, together with a scolding message bristling with "shorter and snifter" words. Now the senate sees that it did not really want that information about Panama at all, that said information to be expunged was de trop, and that to have to go all through it would be very fatiguing to the truth seeking gentlemen of the upper body.

Hold Up Donnelly's Job. In executive session of the senate, when the various presidential appointments were confirmed, it was agreed to hold up the nomination of Samuel R. Donnelly to be public printer for a long enough period to inquire what became of the other public printer, whose appointment was confirmed by the senate last spring. And, anyway, it was good to let Mr. Roosevelt know that he had to have the senate in his business, even if it did set to use "unhappy words" about that body and the rest of the congress in his message.

Ask Proof of Roosevelt. Washington, Dec. 18.—By unanimous vote the house of representatives yesterday adopted a resolution presented by the special committee of five calling on the president for proof of his charge in his message, was being great, an investigation by the secret service agents.

Strong Report Against Evil. A commission of investigation, which has been studying the question for some time, has made a very strong report against the lotteries and their evil effect upon the French people. The report declares that next to drink the lotteries are causing more misery than any one thing in France, because it is almost invariably the very poor, who cannot afford to gamble away their meager earnings, who support the schemes of chance.

Charitable Being's Methods. It is declared that when a charitable organization is given permission to conduct a game of chance it almost invariably evades the law, goes to some of the big lotteries, secures a number of tickets at reduced price by private agreement, and then sells these lottery tickets at their face value, thus getting a rake-off from what is known as the lottery trust.

ANTI-SPITTING CAMPAIGN AMONG NEGROES STARTED. Tuskegee, Ala., Dec. 18.—The inauguration of an anti-spitting campaign among the members of the negro race as a preliminary step in the fight against tuberculosis was decided upon yesterday at the third day's session of the National Negro Anti-tuberculosis congress, in session here. It was also decided to appeal to the railroads to prevent the filthy and dangerous ex-pertoration of passengers in coaches.

FATHER AVENGED, BUT SON MUST DIE HIMSELF TODAY. Springfield, Ill., Dec. 18.—"I killed Thomas Brady because I believed and now believe he killed my father," declared Frank Bryant, who is under sentence to be hanged today in the county jail here and to whom Governor Deneen has refused a reprieve.

FATHER ALLEGED FORGER, WHO WAS THOUGHT DROWNED. Princeton, Ind., Dec. 18.—Henry F. Agar, former secretary and treasurer of the Princeton Milling company, who was reported drowned in the Wabash river twenty-three months ago, and over whose alleged death \$30,000 of insurance is in litigation, has been arrested in Harrison, Tex., and confessed his identity. After his disappearance Agar was charged with forgery and embezzlement, amounting to \$20,000. He was a member of the Indiana legislature in 1905.

ITALIAN, AFTER MRS. GARY WITH OLIVE, THOUGHT INSANE. New York, Dec. 18.—An Italian who is under observation as to sanity, confined in the psychopathic ward at Bellevue hospital, is believed to have had a fancied grievance against Mrs. E. H. Gary, wife of the head of the United States Steel corporation. The man was arrested last night after following Miss Mary Bousler into a Harlem department store. In one hand he held a club and in the other a newspaper clipping with a picture of Mrs. Gary. He looked alternately at the picture and at Miss Bousler, and when she became frightened and asked him what he wanted the man replied, "To kill you."

STARVING MAN CRAWLS INTO BARN AND IS FOUND DEAD. Starvation caused the death of an unidentified man whose body was found in a barn in the rear of T. E. Munson's cigar store, 146 Wells street, yesterday afternoon. This was disclosed by an autopsy. The victim of starvation had been dead several days and the face had been gnawed by rats. It was ascertained from the initials on the man's jacket that he had been an inmate of one of the Dunning institutions. An effort will be made by employees at Dunning today to identify the body.

NO MODERN HOME is complete without electric light. The added comfort and cleanliness, combined with numerous appliances that make housekeeping a pleasure, available with no other form of illumination, can now be had for small cost, based upon the low rates now in effect. Call Main 1280 for particulars.

Commonwealth Edison Co. 139 Adams Street

MAY GET A CABINET JOB



Politicians who profess to be familiar with Mr. Taft's cabinet plans expect Colonel John S. McCook, a well-known New York lawyer, to be offered a position. He belongs to the famous "John Jay" family and earned his title in the civil war. President McKinley offered a cabinet place to McCook, but it was declined.

FOE NOW FRIEND OF SOCIALISTS

Attorney Who Once Prosecuted Them Believes the Cause Is Admirable

"The Socialist party is the greatest agency for the preservation of constitutional rights that we have ever had the pleasure of coming in contact with."

This statement was made by William Donovan, prosecuting attorney of South Haven, Mich., who has become interested in the Rudowitz trial.

The first time that Donovan came in contact with the Socialist party in its fight for constitutional rights was in 1907, when L. W. Hardy and G. T. Fraenkel were arrested at the annual picnic of the Socialists in South Haven, that year, for speaking on the street to a large crowd of people who were roughly handled by the sheriff and a bunch of hired men, and thrown into cells.

When seen as a visitor at the county office of the Socialist party yesterday, Donovan was very frank in his praise of Socialists.

"The Rudowitz case," he said, "has interested me very much and when I saw what a determined fight was being waged on his behalf, I determined to find out who it was that stood behind him opposing the case."

"I finally discovered that the Socialists were the fighters, and it brought me back to me that 'free speech' case I prosecuted in my home city two years ago. That time, by a perusal of the constitution, I became convinced that the Socialist was right, and I am now more convinced than ever. I admire their courage."

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4% Improvement @ Refunding Bonds, Amount \$50,000. --Payable, Dec. 1st, 1912--Interest Payable Annually.

The Workers' Publishing Society, publishers of the DAILY SOCIALIST, are about to issue \$50,000 of 4 per cent improvement and refunding bonds.

The proceeds of these bonds are to be used for the purpose of enlarging and improving the Daily Socialist and for paying off the present mortgage indebtedness of the Publishing Society, it being expressly provided by the Trust Deed through which the bonds are to be secured that at all times an amount of bonds at least equal in amount to the outstanding indebtedness secured by prior mortgages shall be reserved exclusively for the redemption of such indebtedness.

The undersigned Board of Directors, recently elected, wish to impress upon those interested in the welfare of the Daily Socialist that a united action resulting in the quick disposal of the whole issue of bonds will be much more effective as an assistance to the Daily Socialist than slow action. By the supply of a few thousand dollars at a time little more can be accomplished than a slow and gradual improvement, at considerable loss. By quick action and an immediate supply of ample funds it will be possible not only to clear off all debts, except current accounts, but to make the paper so attractive and to increase the circulation to such an extent that the monthly deficit will be wiped out, and that profitable progress thenceforward may reasonably be expected.

It should be understood by those who have saved money that by investing a portion of it in Daily Socialist bonds they will NOT put the money beyond their own reach for four years. These bonds are made payable to bearer and can be as readily transferred as money itself, and the management of the Daily Socialist will make it its business to assist those who at any time may desire to sell their bonds in finding a purchaser, by advertising without charge, and by personal efforts.

Now, Comrades, we will not tell you that these bonds are as safe, commercially speaking, as United States bonds or good first mortgages on real estate. But we believe that they offer a REASONABLY SAFE INVESTMENT to put a part of your savings into.

If you will do this, and do it quickly, your money will not only be safer than in many a bank—safer than in many a home bought on the installment plan—safer than in most any small business you might go into—safer than in most any mine or stock venture, but we know, and YOU KNOW, that it will help the cause that is as dear to you as perhaps life itself; that it will help to make life richer, purer and sweeter; that it will help to secure to the Socialist movement of America that which it has been lacking—a really powerful daily paper.

In view of this cause, in view of the demonstrated loyalty of the constituency of this paper, in view of the fact that we can count on the continued support of at least 30,000 determined men and women, an asset more valuable than goods and chattels, a living force greater than many a large financial or commercial institution can count on, with a constantly increasing margin of safety and later on of profit, as the number of subscribers and advertisers increases—in view of all this we feel abundantly justified in recommending to you the investment of a reasonable part of your savings in these bonds, and we promise you that we shall do the best our limited powers will allow, not only to make it pay, but to make it count in the struggle for righteousness and justice, for better manhood, womanhood and childhood, for life, and for life more abundant.

Comrades, we count on you! Act now!

BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE WORKERS' PUBLISHING SOCIETY. J. O. BENTALL, CARL STROVER, CORINNE BROWN, A. M. SIMONS, S. A. KNOPFAGEL, GEORGE KOOP, B. BERLYN.

Pocket Library of Socialism

- Sixty Booklets Explaining the Principles of International Marxism Socialism. 1. What is Socialism? 2. The Evolution of the Class Struggle. 3. The Social Party of America. 4. The Social Party of America. 5. The Social Party of America. 6. The Social Party of America. 7. The Social Party of America. 8. The Social Party of America. 9. The Social Party of America. 10. The Social Party of America. 11. The Social Party of America. 12. The Social Party of America. 13. The Social Party of America. 14. The Social Party of America. 15. The Social Party of America. 16. The Social Party of America. 17. The Social Party of America. 18. The Social Party of America. 19. The Social Party of America. 20. The Social Party of America. 21. The Social Party of America. 22. The Social Party of America. 23. The Social Party of America. 24. The Social Party of America. 25. The Social Party of America. 26. The Social Party of America. 27. The Social Party of America. 28. The Social Party of America. 29. The Social Party of America. 30. The Social Party of America. 31. The Social Party of America. 32. The Social Party of America. 33. The Social Party of America. 34. The Social Party of America. 35. The Social Party of America. 36. The Social Party of America. 37. The Social Party of America. 38. The Social Party of America. 39. The Social Party of America. 40. The Social Party of America. 41. The Social Party of America. 42. The Social Party of America. 43. The Social Party of America. 44. The Social Party of America. 45. The Social Party of America. 46. The Social Party of America. 47. The Social Party of America. 48. The Social Party of America. 49. The Social Party of America. 50. The Social Party of America. 51. The Social Party of America. 52. The Social Party of America. 53. The Social Party of America. 54. The Social Party of America. 55. The Social Party of America. 56. The Social Party of America. 57. The Social Party of America. 58. The Social Party of America. 59. The Social Party of America. 60. The Social Party of America.

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Clearance Sale 20 Per Cent Off on ALL SUMMER CLOTHING and MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS. WE AIM TO PLEASE. 1562-1564 W. 22d Street, S. E. Cor. Troy St. Senator Gaylord Lectures-- MAKE DATES NOW. Address 781 42d St., Milwaukee, Wis. Don't forget that the Daily Socialist Book Department is open for business on Sundays from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Send notices of your union meetings to the Daily Socialist. Advertise in The Daily Socialist.

BATHHOUSE JOHN IN CLONCH OF LAW

Two Are Arrested at New Orleans for Violating the Anti-Racing Measure

New Orleans, La., Dec. 15.—As a result of an attempt to inaugurate a test of the so-called Locke anti-racing law at City Park race track yesterday, several turkmen were arrested and affidavits were made against others.

Is Enticed From Her Home by a Stranger; Scores in Search for Her

Aroused by reports that pretty Lillian Wentzoff, 17 years old, and popular in the neighborhood of her home, 4377 Laflin street, is being held in white slavery after having been enticed from her home by a stranger man, a dozen detectives were detailed today to make a city wide search for the young woman.

Four Horses in Race

There were four horses in the race, which was at a quarter of a mile. Malcolin, Billy Strong, Mayveilla and Mr. Knapp were the starters. In the betting on the race yesterday, the favorite was held at 4 to 5, while the other horses were held at 2 to 1. No attempt was made to interfere with the betting until the race was run, and as soon as the result was announced and an attempt made to cash the bets the police became active.

LEAGUE MAY STOP WORLD SERIES

New York Report Says Post Season Games Not to Be Killed

New York, Dec. 15.—A report is current among major league men that the world's series may be abolished next year. It was said yesterday that when the magnates meet for the schedule sessions in Chicago in February a determination will be made to get a motion through to do away with the series.

GRIFITH TRIES TO GET CHANCE

New 'Red' Manager Wants Baseball Star at Cincinnati

Clark Griffith, the new manager of the Cincinnati Reds, spent an hour on Wednesday with President Charles W. Murphy of the Cubs, trying to get Frank Chance to play for the Reds in Cincinnati. Fine chance. Manager Griffith didn't really try to get the Cub manager, but he said he'd. If he said he'd probably Charles Murphy came back with that amount of return of his about not trading Chance for the entire Cincinnati team. Griffith is content of a first division team.

'SYCAMORE CYCLONE' AND ERNE

Johnny Thompson Wants to Fill McFarland's Place Dec. 23

Johnny Thompson, the 'Sycamore Cyclone,' wants to fill Packey McFarland's place against Young Erne at New Orleans Dec. 23, now that Packey is called off the match because of Erne's detestation in the matter of weight. The bout was originally to be a catch-weight affair, but at the last moment Erne wanted the scales 123 at the called off the match because of Erne's detestation in the matter of weight. The bout was originally to be a catch-weight affair, but at the last moment Erne wanted the scales 123 at the called off the match because of Erne's detestation in the matter of weight.

RURE WADDELL FRACTURES KIBS

Star Pitcher Falls Down Stairs While Clerking at Hotel

Sparta, Ill. Dec. 15.—George Edward (Rube) Waddell, the St. Louis Browns' star pitcher, fell down stairs at the hotel here last night and fractured two ribs, according to physicians who made the examination.

Canon to See Yukon Fair

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 15.—Speaker Cannon will attend the opening of the Alaska-Yukon exposition, June 1 next year. His former acceptance of an invitation is the first made by any member of the national administration.

'BATHHOUSE JOHN' IS GRANTED A JURY TRIAL

'Bathhouse' John Coughlin, the first ward alderman accused of assaulting Linnard A. Fry, photographer for the Record-Herald, at the First Ward Gemmill's court today and obtained a jury trial and a transfer of his case to Judge Newcomb, sitting in the Criminal court.

Although the post-statesman-fashion model had declared that the case was not important enough to warrant his coming any attorney other than himself, he changed his mind at the last moment and retained the services of Robert E. Cantwell, who was prominent among those at the bell which caused all the trouble.

CHARL GOWE; MAY BE WHITE SLAVE

Is Enticed From Her Home by a Stranger; Scores in Search for Her

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Disappearance Is Mysterious

Mystery surrounds the disappearance of Miss Wentzoff and no one has been found who has seen her since she left home in company with the stranger. Tuesday evening a young man, who was a stranger to the family, called at the house. The parents had never seen him before, and Miss Wentzoff apparently did not recognize him.

Left Home with Stranger

His story threw up suspicions, and Miss Wentzoff left the house with the stranger. She never reached the home of the girl friend mentioned by the man and none of the girl's friends has seen her since.

People Were Enthusiastic

Enthusiasm of the people is keyed to a high pitch, and their reception to the sultan and his entourage is an evidence of the deep interest taken by Turkey in this first step toward constitutional life.

THOUSANDS CAME IN FROM SURROUNDING TOWNS AND VILLAGES AS WELL AS FROM MORE REMOTE PARTS OF THE EMPIRE, AND ALMOST THE ENTIRE LOCAL POPULATION TURNED OUT TO WITNESS THE CEREMONIES.

Constantinople, Turkey, Dec. 15.—With the meeting of the first ottoman parliament today Turkey formally breaks from the despotic rule of centuries. Sultan Abdul Hamid, who granted the constitution last July, providing for this assembly, paraded through the city today at the head of an elaborate cortege to open the first session of the body.

Sultan Drove in State

The sultan left Yildiz palace in a state coach at 11:30 o'clock to drive to the building adjoining the ministry of justice and facing the great square of the sultan. The sultan's entourage, a distance of five miles, had been swept and spread with fresh sand for the passage of his majesty.

Thousands Came in from Surrounding Towns and Villages as Well as from More Remote Parts of the Empire, and Almost the Entire Local Population Turned out to Witness the Ceremonies.

These are the preparations made every time the sultan leaves Yildiz, and particularly when he attends the Semanlik. Every regiment in Constantinople was out under arms and lined up along the route of the procession to guard the progress of the sultan.

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SULTAN OPENS TURK ASSEMBLY

Second Ottoman Parliament Convened; First Session Held 30 Years Ago

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THE HUSTLERS' COLUMN BY A. W. MANCE.

AS TO CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

Christmas is pre-eminently children's day. As we look down the vista of history and corridors of time since the angels are alleged to have hovered over a rude cradle and sung "Peace on Earth and Good Will to Men," whether under slavery, feudalism or capitalism, it is the one day that humanity has made a fairly successful attempt to be decent and fraternal in their relations with each other.

I dropped into the county headquarters yesterday and found County Secretary Fraenkel in a state of ecstasy. What do you think was the cause of his rejoicing? Well, he had just unpacked a box that had arrived from his home in Germany which was full of beautiful Christmas presents for his first-born baby, and the great, strong, fighting secretary was as sentimental as a school girl in her first love affair.

I suppose you are all wondering by this time what all this has to do with the Hustlers' column. Well, what I want to get at is this: The Daily Socialist, our first-born English-speaking daily, has hung up its stocking and is wondering what Santa Claus will do when he comes to it.

If all who love the Daily will just remember it is a member of their family and just as deserving and much more in need than the other members of the family, that stocking will be full.

Now, Santa, don't forget!

SANTA CLAUS AT THE DAILY

"TOYS," "TOYS," "TOYS," "FREE," "FREE," "FREE." A toy for every subscription to the Chicago Daily Socialist a child sends in. No time "limit," no "contest" for "toys." In addition to this, there is a contest for ten cash prizes which closes Monday, Dec. 21, 1908, as previously printed in this column.

Comrade, are your children in on this? If not, urge them to canvass your neighborhood at once, as this effort will benefit your child and the Daily at the same time. Just think, there are 20,000 comrades in Chicago with at least that many children, and if each child would send in but one subscription there would be forty thousand added to the circulation of the Daily.

But don't depend on the other fellow, as this result can only be obtained through each taking the initiative. So if your heart is in the work and the "paper," at least do this much to give expression to your pent-up consciousness. Use attached subscription blank or any other at hand, and if you want more send postal to PREMIUM EDITOR, 180 Washington St.

WE ARE AFTER IT

One of the creditors of the Daily Socialist who holds in the neighborhood of \$4,000 worth of notes has offered to cancel them on the condition that we sell \$5,000 worth of bonds from Dec. 15 to the first of February, as previously reported in this column.

Here is the report to date:

- S. Goldbarth, Chicago \$10.00
O. H. Muller, Virmen, Texas 10.00
S. P. Simonsen, Chicago 10.00
John Vormohr, Cincinnati, Ohio 10.00
Total \$40.00

We will publish the names of purchasers, with amount, together with the total, from time to time.

HUSTLERS' BULLETIN BOARD

P. P. Winer, Brant, Mich., renews his subscription and says: "I have been a reader of your excellent paper for about eight months and have noted with pleasure the steady improvement in its general make-up and am much pleased with it. It is by far the best daily paper I know of. I desire to become a member in good standing, but not here in the country we have no organization yet."

Alex. McAlone, Dubuque, Iowa, sends in two new subscribers to the Daily Socialist and says: "I will send names for Publicity Fund later, but will send for one week ahead of one day. I believe this will bring the best results."

Freeman Knowles, Davenport, S. D., renews his subscription to the Daily Socialist and says: "I will keep the lantern's head above water, but I must help the Socialist in the lantern case out."

J. F. Mitchell, Crestline, Kan., sends in two new subscribers to the Daily Socialist and says that he hopes he will be able to double them in your enterprise.

Eugene Crane, Tulsa, Okla., sends in four new subscribers to the Daily Socialist and says that he hopes he will be able to double them in your enterprise.

J. E. Agnew, Dowagiac, Mich., sends in \$5 to the Daily for to renew his subscription and says: "Use the reminder where it will do the most good."

A. C. Ely, Columbus, O., renews his subscription to the Daily and says: "I wish I could get you more, but circumstances will not permit."

Miss Amy O'Brien, Springfield, Mo., orders a copy of "Beyond the Black Ocean," by Rev. T. McGrady, from the book department.

S. A. Pettit, Marco, Fla., renews his subscription to the Daily and says: "I wish I could get you more, but circumstances will not permit."

TWO CHURCHES IN FLAMES; POLICE SEEK A PYROMANIAC

A mysterious pyromaniac is blamed for two fires which burst out simultaneously in two churches within a block of each other at an early hour today, doing damage amounting to more than \$1,000, and detectives from the office of Fire Attorney Frank J. Hogan are in search of the culprit.

At 3:30 a. m. today fire was discovered in the basement of the Thoburn Methodist Episcopal church building, 4535 Paulina street, and hardly had the firemen responded to an alarm turned in by a policeman from the Enclosed station than a second blaze was discovered in the basement of the Irexel Park Presbyterian church, Marsfield avenue and West Sixty-fourth street.

Careful inquiries in the neighborhood made by officials of the fire department and by the police failed to throw any light on the mysterious fires. The churches are not known to have any enemies, so far as was learned, and no one was seen lurking about the buildings.

WIRELESS DISPATCHES IN A TANGLE; RIVALRY THE CAUSE

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 15.—Because government wireless messages have been intercepted with near here two rival associations of youthful investigators may have their wireless experiments curtailed. The wireless warfare between the two organizations has seriously interfered with the dispatch of government messages and as the result a federal investigation is promised.

The wireless societies have members in all of the cities about the bay, and the rivalries between them have been intensified by the fact that they send every night greatly annoy the regular operators and seriously hamper the work of the station on Mare island, the mariners, Coast Island and other nearby points. Most of the wireless messages are transmitted at night and it is at this time that the students of aerial telegraph conduct their experiments.

Advertisers get results in The Daily Socialist.

DEATH STARTS TONG WAR ANEW

Body of Slain Chinaman Is Found With Queue Tied Around His Neck

The first death in the long expected war of the tongs in Chinatown has occurred, and Chu Chin Ching, 109 Custom House place, is the first victim. He was found in his place of business last night about midnight strangled by his own queue, which was wound tightly around his neck.

Suspect Hip Sing Tong

The method of the strangulation would seem to point to the fact that his death was the work of the Hip Sing Tong, the organization of small merchants fighting the great Chicago Merchants' association, which has a monopoly of Chinese export trade, and which is the most powerful mercantile organization in the world.

The war of the tongs in Chicago, which promises now to break forth with redoubled fury, is of very remote origin. When the On Leong Tong, as the Chinese Merchants' association is called, first monopolized all the trade from China in America, there were many small merchants in San Francisco who were "frozen out." These small merchants organized what is known as the Hip Sing Tong, and the result was the long series of murders and open street conflicts in San Francisco, before which the police were helpless.

Highlanders' Association Organized

The Chinese Merchants' association organized what was known as the Highlanders' association to fight the Hip Sings. When the earthquake came the Chinamen were scattered all over the continent, but the fight still went on in the other part of the country, which the murderers had still enjoyed in San Francisco, however, did not wait there and two Hip Sing were hanged in Philadelphia and four in Boston, while in the latter city there are four more awaiting death.

These drastic measures in the other cities drove the Hip Sings to Chicago, where their first act of warfare was the killing of a man named Lung, a member of the On Leong Tong.

Hip Lung Killed Assault

Hip Lung promptly killed his assailant and after a legal battle in which he was defended by Attorney Patrick H. O'Donnell, he was acquitted. The stranger, of the Chu Chin Ching is expected to start the war of the tongs in Chicago. A South Clark street will be a regular battleground for the next few months. The police here, as in San Francisco, are practically helpless on account of the absolute secretiveness of the Chinamen.

CARRIES LETTER TO 'SANTA'; CHILD IS KILLED BY CAR

New York, Dec. 15.—Carrying in his hand a sealed envelope addressed to "Mr. Santa Claus," an unidentified boy about 11 years old was killed by a third avenue car near Fifty-second street, Brooklyn, yesterday evening. The letter was not opened, but is being held for the coroner.

DRAG ALLEGED MURDERER FROM JAIL AND LYNCH HIM

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 15.—Elmer Hill, charged with the murder of Mamie Wood in Adair county, was dragged from jail and lynched by a mob of about 100 men last night, carried four miles to Greasy Creek, and there hanged from a tree. The body was discovered this morning.

Socialist News

Local Martine Ferry, O., which has been waging an active campaign, is livelier than ever. The Socialist party in Ohio is realizing the necessity of energetic work and are hammering away more strenuously than heretofore. The annual increase in the vote has not discouraged the party, but has rather increased their confidence.

Agitation Pot Boiling in Ohio

Almost every local in Ohio reports a harvest of new members since election. All agree that the time is ripe for the development of a new party. Local Hamilton reports 100 subscribers to the Daily Socialist and 100 more to the Progressive Journal of Education.

An Answer to a Pessimist

The state secretary of Ohio received a letter from a pessimist who had written in a dejected manner on the result of the election and the smallness of the vote. In reply he said: "The future of the Socialist party in Ohio is not in the hands of the pessimist. It is in the hands of the workers. The state has twelve available speakers and 100 more in the future. The time is ripe for the development of a new party. Local Hamilton reports 100 subscribers to the Daily Socialist and 100 more to the Progressive Journal of Education."

Ohio to Be Bent Organized

A move is on foot to make the Ohio Socialist party a more active organization. The state secretary of the Socialist party of that state has been visiting in every county and is endeavoring to get every class-conscious worker under his jurisdiction. The plan is simple and all that will be needed is the combined effort of the workers. The state office has literature of all kinds on hand and will gladly send any quantity of that to any address sent to the office.

Fourth Annual Ball

GIVEN BY THE Workingmen's Circle, BRANCH 65 At Wicker Park Large Hall, 501-507 West North Ave. ON SUNDAY, DEC. 20, '08. Tickets 25c. A PERSON 20 per cent of receipts to go to Red-writer Dimes Fund.

Stockholders, Attention!

All persons holding notes against the Workers' Publishing Society (the Chicago Daily Socialist) who are willing to exchange them for bonds are requested to bring them in at once authorizing the exchange.

IS YOUR NAME HERE?

The following persons holding notes against the Workers' Publishing Society are requested to send their present postoffice address to the Chicago Daily Socialist at once, as the management is unable to reach them with information they should have:

- Tony Blue
Geo. H. Newman
A. W. Cronin
Aug. Nelson
E. J. Griebel
Geo. A. Babin
George Osmoog
Fred A. Wilson
W. J. Patterson
John J. Honer
Dr. J. L. Higby
M. Murray
W. J. Patterson
John J. Honer
R. E. Brown
Wm. Deane
J. R. Walker
Mrs. Cypalim
A. W. Stepp
Mrs. Cypalim
C. C. North
Mrs. Cypalim
L. J. Page
G. H. Anderson
J. G. Brady
Mary Kuhn
J. G. Brady
Mrs. Cypalim
M. S. Wagner
Stephanos Co. Local
C. Klogman
Chas. B. Hendry
A. L. Curtis
John J. Honer
Amelia Shook
Mrs. M. L. Morris
Thomas Shook
C. F. Karman
D. Albrecht
Mrs. Cypalim
A. F. De L. Walker
B. Blumenberg
Herman Koller
Brooklyn, N. Y.
E. B. Hallard
John J. Honer
A. E. Krieger
John J. Honer
New Brighton, Pa.
Neal H. Nye
J. A. Phillips
A. G. Patterson
D. P. Curran
Chris. Saters
David J. Thomas
John J. McLean

Subscription and Advertising

RATES OF THE Chicago Daily Socialist

Advertising Rates. Ten cents per space line for display. Discount for time and space. Classified, 5 cents per line.

Terms of Subscription

BY CARRIER IN CITY OF CHICAGO. Daily, per week, in advance, 50 cents. Order by postal card or telephone. When delivery is irregular make complaint DAILY BY MAIL IN ADVANCE.

One year, \$1.00. Three mos., 50c. Foreign, 1.50. Postage paid in the United States outside of Chicago City, Illinois, and Canada and Mexico.

All subscriptions should be addressed to Chicago Daily Socialist, 180-182 East Washington street, Chicago. Notify office promptly of failure to receive paper. Bundle rates—At the rate of 5 cents per hundred for any number of copies per day. Full rates for local bank checks outside of Chicago, unless 10 cents is added for the postage.

NOTICE—The expiration date opposite your name on the yellow label indicates the date of expiration of your subscription. If you would not miss an issue, then renew at least 10 days before expiration, and mark your order "Renew."

IF YOU ARE SICK

Write me for FREE ADVICE. No matter what your trouble may be, write and tell me all about your case. If your doctor has failed to cure you, or if you are suffering from any chronic disease, I will cure you. My methods are SURE, QUICK, and PAINLESS. Write me at once.

Ten Specialties

Stomach Trouble, Cough, Asthma, Kidney and Genital Diseases, Skin Diseases and Surgery. I have in consulting specialists, each an expert in his specialty.

FREE Full Week's Treatment

FREE Full Week's Treatment FREE Sent With My Diagnosis. It will cost you one cent to have a careful diagnosis of your case. All you have to do is write me at once in confidence for the information you want and before you can be cured. THIS INFORMATION IS FREE TO YOU. Write me at once.

ANCIENT SOCIETY

There had been previous studies of the past before the day of scientific investigation. By LEWIS H. MORGAN, LL.D. 279 pages price \$1.50, postpaid.

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PRESIDENT ELIOT ON LAWLESS WEALTH

President Eliot of Harvard university recently declared that lawlessness is rampant in America and deprecated particularly what he called the "practice of corporations and business men of manufacturing statutes with the premeditated intention of committing wrongs."



CHARLES F. JOHNSON

He declared all forms of violent law breaking was so prevalent that a state constabulary should be maintained in every state under a strict military discipline.

Dr. Eliot was speaking to a vast audience in Carnegie hall before the Civic Forum.

"It is time," he said, "that the American people realized that a government that cannot secure order, tranquility, and immunity from criminal violence does not deserve the term 'civilized'."

A little later he declared our protracted criminal trials, with their unreasonable technicalities, their ingenious metaphysical defenses, and their travesties of justice constituted an increasing danger.

"But a far worse form of lawlessness," he went on, "is the violation of the law by rich corporations. A common thief is an outlaw and his exploits do little harm by way of example even when they succeed. The dishonest promoter, on the other hand, does not necessarily become an outlaw, and when he succeeds he is apt to stimulate others to like iniquities. The ruin he works is widespread."

"A peculiarly deliberate form of lawlessness is exhibited when corporations, foreseeing they shall shortly wish to commit an illegal act, procure beforehand protection against prosecution by means of legislation, apparently innocent, but really designed to intrude their control of the trust institutions, speculative and immoral officials, or to procure protection against criminal violence not yet perpetrated, but to be perpetrated."

As an instance of what he meant by this, the speaker cited the fifty-sixth section of the New York insurance law, by which policy holders in insurance companies are considered to bring suit against the company without the consent of the attorney general.

Dr. Eliot included in the category of a special interest in the matter they will have the suffrage if they desire it. But at present I think most of them are lukewarm; I find some actively for it and some actively against it."

Here he touches a vital point—the real reason why so little headway has been made in this country—not a great many women seem to want the franchise, and many are lukewarm. Why is this so? The answer would open up too large a subject to be considered here and now; it needs a whole chapter to itself.

The women of Illinois may now vote for University trustees. Some argue that it is not worth while to give time and attention to such a trifle, and prefer to wait for the whole loaf. Others hold that this is at least an opportunity to prove that women would vote if they had the right.

In speaking of our recent election, I heard two Socialist women say they other managing the home and children. It is a beautiful picture he draws, but unfortunately under present conditions it is a "pipe dream." It is based on the assumption that all women can easily secure husbands "earning enough" to keep the home.

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"HOW MY SON SASHKA STOLE A HORSE"

(Told by a Cossack Colonel)

BY ERNEST POOLE

Only twelve years old! And so devilish modest he never told me a word! But three days after that a note came to my barracks. The director of Sashka's school wanted to see me quick, so I went next morning. I'd never been there before, but I'd heard of the school when I was a boy, so now I had to smile when I saw the director—a thin old boy with a long face of just skin and bone; he couldn't grow the first hair of his hair on his head, there was a shining bald patch right down the middle—though I could see he was ten years younger than I was.



"A THIN OLD BOY."

He was still busy with his jaws, trying to scoop in air. At last he got some; his voice didn't need much, it was as thin as a chimney. Then he crooked out his chest and that made his waist all the thinner. I grinned and thought, "How quick my black horse would jolt the stomach clear off of him! But I said nothing—only smiled to show I was a good fellow, and make him feel more easy. 'Sir,' he squeaked, 'Don't be so familiar, sir! I—I called you here because I have expelled your son—expelled! Him, sir—from school!'"

"Good!" I cried. "I'll do him good. I'll send him back to the steppe where he belongs. He's a bold fellow, he'll make a fine soldier for the Czar. It's a pity he's so fat. In just what he don't want."

"Don't be so rude, sir!" He stamped his foot. The director got crazy. He stamped around the room and squawked, "I will take this to court—to court, court, court!" like an old hen who has just laid an egg.

I began to get tired. I said, "Shut up, brother, or you'll get your share of my nagakak." I grabbed his bony, wrinkled shoulder. "Quiet, little dog, old boy." His shoulder jumped slower and slower and at last was quiet. Then I dropped him, and sat way up on the back of his velvet chair. I couldn't help it. I liked the little devil and I wanted to tease him.

"Now," I said, "Business! What's my brat been doing?" At this his eyes got strong again. They gleamed and showed his teeth. He looked up at me sternly with his fists clenched.

"You son, sir, is a thief!" He snapped off his words like a hen pecking corn. "My son a thief!" I shouted, jumping down. "No, sir! A Cossack may be bold, he may kill—but a thief, never!" The director grinned like a little shrew.

"Please—please—my fine, strong colored! Please—please? What do you call a boy who sneaks into a barn at midnight, breaks four iron bolts, steals two fine horses and sells them—all before morning?" "Eh? Eh?" "At midnight! How many bolts? Four?" The director rang for the groom. He then stood and smiled with tight lips. "Outrageous!" he kept saying to himself. "Outrageous!" He seemed to be feeling better every minute. At last the groom came in.

"Ivan, please explain how those horses were stolen. This gentleman is a detective, come to track out the thief!" At this I leaned over and whispered, "What a wicked, wicked fellow! He got red, but the groom heard nothing—only shook in his big boots at the word 'detective'."

ed his narrow, little foot. His voice cracked. "I am the director!" "And I am a colonel of the czar! And I'll make you smile if it takes horses and devils to do it!"

The thin man got white, his jaws shut so tight I was afraid they'd break, his knees worked like scissors. God! but he was mad. He shouted for his

fat pig of a servant, pointed to me and then at the door.

The pig jumped over and tried to collar me, but I just scooped back into my coat and then I showed him what a nagakak feels like! (Note—A nagakak is a leather lash with iron wire inside a dash of iron nails.) The pig lay right down and howled. He'll remember me for quite a time.

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The Daily Socialist Purchasers' League

MAY WOOD-SIMONS, President. MRS. NELLIE ZEH, Organizer and Secretary. J. O. BENTALL, Treasurer. CHARLES W. GREENE, Manager.

IF NOT, WHY NOT Have you explained the D. S. P. L. plan to your merchant yet? You may depend upon it that he will be interested, especially if you tell him that it is your intention to direct the trade of all your comrades and friends into the store of some merchant in your vicinity who will give an ad to the Daily.

Let us know what he thinks of the plan, and, if favorable, a solicitor will call upon him, explain it more fully and get his advertising if possible. Tell him frankly that it is your intention to discriminate in favor of those merchants who are friendly to your paper.

Fill out blank below and return with optional membership fee of ten cents. THE DAILY SOCIALIST PURCHASERS' LEAGUE. 180 Washington Street.

I hereby pledge myself and family to purchase from merchants advertising in the Chicago Daily Socialist goods in the following lines, and to approximately the following amounts, provided such stores are satisfactory to me:

Clothing—\$..... per month, or \$..... per year. Hats—\$..... per month, or \$..... per year. Shoes—\$..... per month, or \$..... per year. Men's Furnishings—\$..... per month, or \$..... per year. Furniture—\$..... per month, or \$..... per year. Groceries—\$..... per month. Meats—\$..... per month. Cigars and Tobacco—\$..... per month. Total—\$..... per month.

Early purchase (any line)—\$..... Signed (write plainly)..... Full name..... Address.....

ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS. Do you inclose Initiation Fee (10 cents)?..... Socialist Party member?..... Of what ward branch or local?..... What merchant do you prefer?..... Are you willing to have your name published in the Daily?..... Remarks.....

By Insisting Upon Purchasing Union Stamp Shoes You help better Shoemaking Conditions You get better Shoes for the money You help your own Labor Position You abolish Child Labor

Do not be misled by retailers who say: "This shoe does not bear the stamp, but is made under Union Conditions." This is false—No shoe is union made unless it bears the Union Stamp.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' UNION 246 Summer St., Boston, Mass. JOHN F. TOBIN, Pres. CHAS. L. BAINE, Sec.-Treas.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY listing various services such as Lawyers, Tailors, Bakers, Physicians, and Stationers.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

ROOSEVELT ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE

BY CARRIE JOHNSON TRILLER. It seems to me no question at the present moment holds such absorbing interest for women as that of the suffrage for women. In several countries it is an accomplished fact. In England the women are on the eve of victory. The women of the United States—what of them?

Recently two meetings were held by women in New York City on the same day; one for and one against woman suffrage. The latter group of women listened to the reading of a letter from President Roosevelt, and that is worthy of our consideration, not because it was written by the strenuous "Teddy" man who would like to dictate to women how many babies they should bear—but because there is in it "food for thought" for all women interested in gaining "equality before the law" and equality in the right to shape and administer the laws.

If the letter is correctly reported, it begins by saying: "Personally I believe in woman's

FOR HOME DRESSMAKERS

Another apartment is fitted up in the good old way of our grandmothers. Coal, wood and coke are used to heat the rooms as well as to cook and wash. Oil lamps are arranged for light, the water is drawn from a pump and carpets are tacked on soft pine boards. Classes in household science have charge of the apartments. Careful account is to be kept of the expenses for lights, the preparation of all the foods and the discharge of all the other domestic duties.

Mrs. Mary A. Lamont is said to be the only railroad switchwoman in New England. It was she who a few weeks ago threw the switch that connects the main line of the Boston & Albany railroad with the new track between Jamesville and Webster Junction. Mrs. Lamont sends and receives all the railroad telegrams at her station and tends the switches besides.

Mrs. Curie, co-discoverer with her husband of radium, has just been appointed chief professor of physics in the scientific department of the university of Paris.

Miss E. Marion Wade is the first woman to be appointed by the Boston board of health as bacteriologist and chemist. She was an honor graduate in the department of physical and natural science of Trinity University, Toronto, in 1894. She then entered the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, where she took a special course in air, water and food analysis. During the summer of 1907 she took another special course at the Harvard Medical School.

When any man takes it upon himself to point out the proper sphere of woman he must take all these conditions into consideration: The woman's labor outside the home adds their pittance to the small earnings of the father. Other women never marry because, forsooth, men are paid so little they fear to take upon themselves the burden of a family.

To anti-suffrage women—there are a few—I wish to suggest that since you do not want "votes for women," seeming to believe that women could keep the home in order, you would, you might at least adopt "homes for women" as your war cry.

To other women, I would say, that, since it seems to be the consensus of opinion that if the women of the United States or any very large majority of them should really come to want the right of suffrage for themselves they would ultimately get it, we marshal our forces as rapidly as possible and proceed to make such demands by their law that it will not be necessary for us to "rush congress" or go to jail, nor to wait till our grandchildren are in their second childhood. We can do it! Are you ready?

Woman's Progress Mrs. Richard Sophris was the oldest woman to cast a ballot in the recent election in Denver, Colo. She is in her ninety-eighth year, has perfect control of her faculties and declares that she is proud of being able to vote as a full fledged citizen of the country.

Miss Laura A. Hecox has tended the light in the Santa Cruz, Cal., lighthouse for the past 27 years. During all that time the light has never gone out at night. Miss Hecox is quoted as declaring that she finds the life of lighthouse keeper neither lonely nor monotonous.

Mrs. Mary Carr Moore and Mrs. Allen H. Carr of Seattle are preparing to give a suffrage vaudeville. The libretto was written by Mrs. Harrison and the music by Mrs. Moore. Mrs. Moore has already published several popular songs.

Miss Harriet S. Hayward of Brockton, Mass. is the first woman to be elected by a county in Massachusetts to preside at a county teachers' association. She is the primary supervisor of schools in Brockton, and the Plymouth County Teachers' association, over which she was selected to preside, is one of the largest bodies of the kind in the state. The meeting is said to have been the best ever held.

Unemployed Women Problem



WORK SEEKERS AT THE MUNICIPAL NOTICE BOARD.

Paris is attempting to solve the problem of the unemployed women by erecting notice boards on which are placed free of charge announcements of situations wanted. Every type of employment is announced in this way by the municipality.

suffrage, but I am not an enthusiastic advocate of it because I do not regard it as a very important matter."

Recently, when a few of the latest additions to the ranks (Madame Melba, for one) were under discussion, one woman said she was "waiting till the movement got big and then she would join, too."

Unfortunately, her name is legion. It is such an easy matter to let a few do the hard work and the many wait to share the victory. "Nothing succeeds like success."

LADIES SEMI-PRINCESS DRESS. Paris Pattern No. 2695. All Sizes Allowed. Made up in Navy blue serge, this is an attractive little model for an every-day dress. The turn-over collar is trimmed along the edge with black silk moirai braid, a band of similar braid being used in a band over the shoulders and at the lower edge of the high-sitting sleeves. The waist and skirt are all-sleeves. Under a narrow belt of the material, and the dress closes down the center-front with six small serge-covered buttons, or black satin buttons may be used, if preferred. A small pocket ornaments the left breast, and the removable chemise is of all-over cream-colored lace. The back of the dress has a princess seam that gives long graceful lines to the figure. The pattern is in 1 piece—28 to 44 inches bust measure. For 36 bust the dress requires 9 1/2 yards of material 27 inches wide, 4 yards 26 inches wide, 3 yards 24 inches wide, or 4 yards 24 inches wide; as illustrated, 1/2 yard of all-over lace 22 inches wide, 1/2 yard of contrasting material 26 inches wide, and 1/2 yard of edging, width of lower edge of skirt about 3/4 yards.

